POOR DOCUMENT

New Advertisements.

Dry Goods.....Dever Bros.
Plumbing.....R. C. Macredie.
Teas & Coffees.....B. Yerxa & Co.
Photo Artist.....J. Harvey.
Watchmaker.....J. D. Fowler.
Pink Pills.....Dr. Williams Med. Co.
Excursion.....C. P. R.
Tags, Bill Heads etc....."Globe"
Anodyne Liniment.....I. S. Johnston.
Weak Men.....Erie Medical Co.

FREDERICTON GLOBE.

The FREDERICTON GLOBE is published every Saturday from the office, Sharkey's Block, and mailed to any address in Canada or the United States for One Dollar per annum, in advance.

Advertising.

Advertisements such as: Wanted, Lost, Found, Houses to Rent, Etc., one dollar first insertion, 25 cents each subsequent insertion. Local Notices ten cents per line first insertion, 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Births and Marriages fifty cents each insertion.

Contracts for yearly advertising furnished on application.

All communications business or otherwise to be addressed to FREDERICTON GLOBE.

Fredericton Globe.

A. J. MACHUM, Publisher and Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, N. B., JUNE 6, 1891.

SIR JOHN A. McDONALD.

The attention of every person of all creeds and parties throughout the Dominion has been centered on the deathbed of the Premier, Sir John A. McDonald during the last week and more, and there is general regret expressed by everybody, be he a political enemy or friend of the great leader, that he should be thus stricken down. There is no denying the fact that Sir John has proved himself a leader of rare tact and judgement at times of emergencies. Who will be his successor is now agitating the minds of the people. It has been put forward from some quarters that the death of the Premier necessitates a change in the Cabinet and consequently those appointed to office must go back to the people for re-election. The idea does not seem to carry with any degree of argument. Were there a disruption in the government, as at present constituted, there would appear some ground for thinking that such a course would be necessary, but, as the members of the Cabinet are in strict harmony or so thought to be, there is no reason to believe that the mere changing of the portfolios, as might be the case, would require that the members so appointed to these offices would have to go back for approval to the people. The governor general would according to precedent call on some member of the government to reconstruct the Cabinet. If the Cabinet can hold together then the reconstruction of it does not require that the people shall be asked their approval, which has already been given. Several cases might be quoted where death has carried off men of high political standing, premiers particularly while in the prime of their usefulness. For instance Mr. Percival, who was Prime Minister of England in 1812, was entering the House of Commons and was assinated by one Bellamy. Then Mr. Huskinson who was killed by a railway accident in the early part of his political career and was considered as one of the great commoners and forth coming ministers. In 1827 George Canning died as Premier. He was one of the greatest orators that England ever produced; the whole country went into mourning in a figurative sense, but the nation survived the shock. Then again in 1851, or thereabouts, Sir Robert Peel while riding up Constitutional Hill near the Green Park, London, fell from his horse and was killed, he then being Prime Minister, after having accomplished by a single act during his Parliamentary career the greatest benefit to the working classes by the repeal of the Corn Laws which gave and is still giving the cheapest food supplies that any nation at this day enjoys. Yet the world went on as usual; other statesmen came up and men from both parties have been found equal to any emergency.

However able a man Sir John has been as a political tactician no doubt the future historian will be able to bring to light some of the great good accomplished for Canada under his long administration. It is not becoming at the present time for the journalist to say more than express a passing sorrow of the hour.

The City Council did a wise thing in refusing to allow the use of the council chamber for police court purposes. In no city of any pretensions whatever would such an idea be entertained for a moment. If the council chamber were used for such a purpose it would become almost unfit for its present purpose in a very short time, as the audiences who attend our police court trials are not always of the most refined type; and consequently the floor and other surroundings of the chamber would soon begin to look dirty and shabby. The enlargement of the present quarters will answer the purpose nicely, and the decision in this respect is a wise one.

Madame Ramsdell is still at the Royal Hotel, and will, as long as she remains in the city, call on the ladies during the day and be pleased to receive callers in the evening, from 7 until 10. The ladies should all avail themselves of this opportunity to procure anything that they may require in hair goods, of which she has a large and varied assortment. The Madame makes a specialty of ladies and gents wigs. Switches from 75c. up.—Adv.

MIRACLE OF MODERN DAYS.

Hamilton Produces One of the Most Remarkable Cures on Record.

"Totally Disabled," Yet Cured.

Hamilton Times, May 27th, 1891.

One of the most remarkable cures in the history of medicine has just been effected in this city and the fame of it is fast spreading throughout the land. Over four years ago Mr. John Marshall, then employed as manager of Mr. J. C. Williams' coal oil refinery works here, sustained a fall, which at the time was not thought to be serious. He doctored but his trouble grew worse and contracting cold after cold upon his other trouble he was compelled to give up work entirely. His troubles developed into ataxy, a nervous disorder, held by medical authorities to be incurable. For four years Mr. Marshall has been an intense sufferer. He lost the use of his legs entirely and could not raise himself from a chair except by the use of a crutch and a stick. Though there was power in his legs there was no feeling. They were like dead weights, cold as ice and not susceptible to feeling. He could take his heavy stick and hammer the flesh until the sound of blows filled the house. During the course of these years no less than fourteen leading physicians of this city treated him. Sometimes two or three of them were in attendance at once. All agreed that his disease was incurable. Mr. Marshall went to Toronto for electrical treatment, at a heavy expense, but received not the slightest benefit. He tried every patent medicine that was recommended to him, yet without getting any aid. The "suspension" treatment was resorted to, and he was suspended by means of appliances around his neck and under his arms from the ceiling of the barn, but got no relief. Electric belts and appliances of an endless variety were tried, and thoroughly tried, too, but all resulted the same way—they left Mr. Marshall just as they had found him. At one time twenty pins were run right into the flesh of his leg. He barely felt two of them; the others he did not feel at all. His flesh was cut into with a knife and he felt not the slightest pain, and so he went on until the 13th day of April last, every remedy suggested by any one being tried, and hundreds of dollars spent upon patent medicines, to say nothing of doctors' bills.

Mr. Marshall was a member of the Royal Templars of Temperance. He was passed by the physicians of the order as totally disabled for life. The chief medical examiner passed him, and he was paid the $1,000 paid by the Order in cases of total disability.

A day or two ago a Times representative called upon Mr. Marshall at his residence, No. 25 Little William Street. The door was open, and upon knocking a strong steady step was heard. Mr. Marshall opened the door and received the reporter cordially. He walked without either crutch or stick and looked the picture of a sturdy fine man. He conversed freely of his case, as did Mrs. Marshall who came in later. "Five weeks ago," he said, "I could not raise my foot or bend my leg. As for walking without a stick or crutch it was impossible. I had seen an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pins, and as they were especially recommended for nervous disorders, I resolved to try them. I had what the doctors called Locomotor Ataxy. I had not walked for almost four years. My wife said, 'Oh, what's the use of trying another patent medicine?' but I tried the Pink Pills. I had not used one box before I began to feel the effects. The feeling came back to my right leg first. After using them two weeks I was able to walk up to Mr. C. J. Williams' place on McNab street, over a mile and a half from here, and back. I had got nearly home when my left leg gave out, and I nearly went down. I had to stand and rub the leg for several minutes. Then it felt as if a thousand pins were running in it. That was the blood beginning to circulate in the legs that had been dead almost four years. From that time it has steadily improved. Now you see how I am. (Here Mr. Marshall arose and walked briskly around the room without artificial assistance.) I have used absolutely nothing but the Pink Pills and taken cold baths as directed on the boxes. To-day I walked to the market and back—a three mile walk. I have lived in Hamilton for 30 years and am well known. Hundreds of people stopped me on the streets. Some of them stopped me to see if it was really John Marshall. Hundreds of people have been here to see me. Among them came several physicians who attended me. One of them, and the one who did the most for me, said, 'Well, you are the first cure in 10,000 cases.' I can tell you of a bank messenger in this city who has not walked as straight in 25 years as he has this last week. He took Pink Pills on my recommendation. Scores more in this city are trying them and quite a number in this vicinity have been benefitted."

Mr. Marshall is gaining strength rapidly and expects to be back to his work before long. He grows more enthusiastic in talking of Pink Pills and he has good reason to, for his is a remarkable salvation. Since beginning to use the remedy he has regained lost flesh and now weighs more than he has for nine years. He has not an ache or pain, but is conscious of a delicious feeling of healthy life in his legs.

The remarkable case noted in the above article from the Hamilton Times, conclusively proves that the proprietors of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have in no way over-stated the merits of their remedy. Pink Pills are a never failing blood builder and nerve tonic, and are equally valuable for men or women, young or old. They cure all forms of debility, female weaknesses, suppressions, chronic constipation, headache, St. Vitus dance, loss of memory, premature decay, etc., and by their marvellous action on the blood, build up the system anew and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow complexions. These pills are sold by all dealers or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box) by addressing the Dr. Williams Medical Co. Brockville, Ont.

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

Running Comments on Passing Events.

Sundry Ebullitions in Prose and Rhyme.

How the Domestic, Social and Literary World is Wagging.

It is interesting to note that whilst the little King of Spain, Alfonso XIII.; celebrated his fifth birthday last month, the ages of his three closest companions in the nursery total up to 160 years. The Countess of Peralta is at least 90, and was the head governess of little Alfonso's father very many years before the miniature monarch was thought of. Once every fortnight the son of a duke of high degree is commanded to play with his sovereign—otherwise little Alfonso finds his merriment with the trio of 160 years.

It is told of Sir Richard Webster that as he was driving in a hansom to the Law Courts, another cab ran foul of his. On alighting Sir Richard gave the cabman his card, in case he was wanted as a witness.

The case came on in due course, and Sir Richard, coming into court, was asked to take a seat near the bench. The verdict was in his cabmans favour. When Sir Richard went out there stood cabby waiting for him.

"Jump in, sir," he said; "I'll drive yer anywheres. I knowed it 'ud be all right when I saw yer up there a-squarin' of the beak!"

"Mrs. Littlun (as her husband enters): "Hush! Baby's asleep."

Mr. Littlun: "But that's the only time I have a chance to be heard."

A clergyman tells this story: I had been asked by one of our brethren to take part in a service at his church. I was to preach the sermon, and came prepared with one of my most striking ones. Just as I was mounting the pulpit steps, however, the pastor whispered in my ear:—

"I thought you ought to know that this is a funeral service."

You may imagine my feelings. They must have been something like Dr. Depew's when, at the inauguration of a college, he found himself expected, on ten minutes' notice, to deliver the historical address. However, I had a little time to collect my thoughts. It was a memorial service, not a funeral, and I must do the deceased brother justice. I started, and talked my best for a quarter of an hour; then I stepped down. As I did so, the pastor who had informed me of the nature of the service approached me. He seemed somewhat embarrassed, but he shook my hand warmly.

"It was a good sermon, sir," he said.

"Yes," I replied; for, to tell you the truth, I thought so myself, considering the circumstances.

"It was a good sermon," he repeated, "but—but——"

"Well?" I asked.

"But it wasn't a brother that died; it was a sister."

There stood in the dock a big, burly artisan, a regular Hercules in point of stature, brought up on a charge of assault with intent to do grievous bodily injury.

"Prisoner," said the Judge, "have you engaged anyone to defend you?"

"What's that? I don't want anybody . . . . Come on, any half-dozen of you!"

The most common form of color-blindness is that which makes the person affected unable to distinguish between red and green.

Cats as Clocks.

Everybody knows that cats can see in the dark, but the reason they can do so is because of the peculiar construction of their eyes. You may have noticed that in a moderate light the pupil or black part in pussy's eye is small and oval shaped, while in the full glare of light it becomes narrow. Now, in the dark, it expands to a circle, and nearly fills the eyeball.

This peculiarity of a cat's eye is turned to account in a curious manner by the Chinese. The Abbe Huc relates that when he was travelling in China he asked his attendant what time it was. The man went over to a cat that was quietly basking in the sun, and, examining its eyes, told the Abbe that it was two hours after noon, and on being questioned how he knew that, he explained that the pupils of a cat's eye were largest in the morning, and that they gradually grew smaller as the light increased, till they reached their minimum at noon; that then they began to widen again, till at night they once more became large.

The good Abbe was filled with admiration for ingenuity of a people who could use cats as clocks. But it must be admitted that this way of telling the time of day is rather a loose one, and could be trusted in very clear and serene weather, but temporary gloom or the darkness of a storm would sadly derange your four-footed clock and put it all wrong.

A Lover of The Antique.

Mrs. Limoges is very bric-a-brac in her tastes, but is not very ready to pay her bills. The other day the groceryman called:

"Can I see Mrs. L.?" he said to the servant.

"What do you want?"

"I've got a bill here for some groceries she bought last month."

"Only a month old?" asked the girl in surprise.

"Ain't that old enough?"

"No sir, it is not. Mrs. Limoges, I'd have you know, is a lover of the antique, and should she see a bill only a month old she would have a fit of nervous prostration."

"Well, that beats everything. When shall I come?"

"Oh, some time in the future. The older the bill gets the better; but don't you ever dare to come here with any of those vulgar new bills, that the stains of time have never touched," and she slammed the door in his face.

All the Latest Styles of

PhotoS

—AT—

HARVEY'S.

Studio, - 164 Queen Street.

W. H. GOLDEN,

Has now on hand a large and well assorted stock of

CONFECTIONERY,

TO SELECT FROM.

Fine Chocolate Creams and Mixtures,

Ice Cream and Milk Shake.

A quantity of Flowers for Sale. Orders taken for Boquets and Wreaths at this store.

All who may favor me with their orders for any of the above lines will be promptly attended to.

W. H. GOLDEN,
198 Queen Street, Fredericton.

LATEST.

One of the Largest and Best Assorted Stocks of Millinery in all the leading Shapes and Materials to be found in the City is at

MISS HAYES'
Millinery Establishment
QUEEN STREET.

Among the Latest American Bonnets are found "The Bouquet Paris" and "Bougival." For Misses, the "Exquisets" take the lead.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11th.

MISS WILLIAMS.

Fashionable Millinery

OPP. POST OFFICE,
Queen Street, Fredericton.
April 18th, 1891.

C. C. GILL,
Painter and Decorator

SIGN PAINTING
A SPECIALTY.

Tinting in Oil or Water Colors, Papering and Graining.

☞Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to.

SHOP AND RESIDENCE:
59 BRUNSWICK ST.
Fredericton, June 7.

KITCHEN & SHEA,

PHŒNIX SQUARE,

Plumbers, Gas Fitters and Tinsmiths,

And Workers in all kinds of

SHEET METAL.

Speaking Tubes, Stoves and Furnaces fitted up at short notice.

mporters and dealers in stamped and pressed Tinware.

Iron and Lead Pipe and Fittings always on hand.

Houses Fitted up with Hot and Cold Water.

Prices Moderate and Satisfaction Guaranteed. Telephone, No. 176.

Fredericton, N. B., May 2.

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH,
MASON,
Plasterer and Bricklayer,
SHORE ST., NEAR GAS WORKS,
FREDERICTON, N. B.

☞Jobbing a specialty.
Workmanship first-class.
Prices Satisfactory.

Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 28.

SUTHERLAND'S
WATERPROOF
Dressing!

It is an Oil Preparation made expressly for Calf, Kip, Grain, and all Waxed Leathers.

It Renders all Kinds of Leather

THOROUGHLY WATERPROOF.

Boots dressed with it are not effected by snow-dew, fresh or salt water.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

N. C. SUTHERLAND,
Queen Street.
Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 28.

N.Y.

NEW YORK
Steamship Co.

The Pioneer Line

Will Resume Operations on Tuesday, May 19th,

With their New Steamship

"CITY OF COLUMBIA,"

(1900 TONS.)

The most complete and elegant ship on the Eastern Atlantic coast.

This Fine Steamship will then Leave

SAINT JOHN FOR NEW YORK,

Via Eastport, Me., and Yarmouth, N.S.

Every FRIDAY at 3 p. m.

(STANDARD TIME.)

Return Steamer will leave NEW YORK from Pier 40, East River, Pike Street, every Tuesday at 5 p. m.

Freight on through bills of lading to and from all points south and west of New York, and from New York to all points in the Maritime Provinces.

CHEAP FARES AND LOW RATES.

All tickets entitle holders to stateroom berth and meals.

For further information address

N. L. NEWCOMB, Gen. Manager,
63 Broadway, New York.

J. H. SHERMAN, Agent,
N. Y. S. S. Co's wharf, rear of
Custom House St. John, N.B.

A Stylish, Reliable and Complete

—LINE OF—

Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's Shoes.

As Ever was Shown in the City.

☞The prices will Suit you at

NELSON CAMPBELL'S,
178 Queen Street.

A LAW.

(L.S.) To Regulate the use of Bycicles and Trycicles on the Public Streets.
(COPY.)
(Signed) T. CARLETON ALLEN, Mayor.

BE it enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of Fredericton as follows:—

1. No person shall ride or drive any bycicle or trycicle upon or along any of the public streets or highways in the City of Fredericton, unless the bycicle or trycicle riden or driven shall be provided with and have attached thereto a bell or gong, hung or placed in such a manner as to emit a continuous alarm or sound, while the machine so ridden is in motion, and unless such machine have attached thereto if driven after sunset, a lantern in addition to the alarm bell, such lantern to be so arranged as to throw a clear light for a distance of at least twenty feet ahead of the machine, while in motion. Any person riding or driving any such bycicle or trycicle contrary to the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penolty not exceeding Ten dollars for each offence.

2. No person shall ride or drive any bycicle or trycicle upon any of the sidewalks, pavements, or foot-paths within the said City, except for the purpose of crossing the same, under a penalty not exceeding Ten dollars for each offense.

3. So much of a law entitled "A Law relating to streets, roads, and highways passed the third day of August last, as is inconsistent with this law be and the same is hereby repealed.

Passed, and enacted this 5th day of October, A. D. 1886.

(Signed) CHAS. W. BECKWITH,
City Clerk.

5—6 2-ins.

Notice of Sale.

TO the Heirs of Robert Bustin, late of the Parish of Stanley in the County of York, deceased, Elizabeth, his wife, and all others whom it may concern:—

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale, contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the Thirteenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty Nine, and made between the said Robert Bustin and Elizabeth, his wife, of the first part, and Timothy McCarty late of Fredericton in the County of York, deceased, of the second part, and duly recorded in Book H 4, pages 674, 675 and 676 of York County Records, there will for the purpose of satisfying the money secured thereby default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at public auction on

Friday, the Twelfth Day of June,

next at twelve o'clock, noon, in front of the County Court House in the said City of Fredericton, in the said County of York, the lands and premises mentioned and described in said indenture of mortgage as follows:—

"All that certain lot piece or parcel of land, "situate, lying, and being on the Northeast "side of the Nashwaak River about four miles "above the Cross Creek, in the Parish of "Stanley in the County of York and Province "of New Brunswick, and bounded as follows, "to wit: Beginning on the bank or shore of "the said Nashwaak River in the easterly "angle of lot number twenty-two, deeded to "one Thomas Boulter, thence running by the "magnet north, 47 degrees east, seventy-five "chains of four poles each to the rear line of "the Williamsburg Settlement lots, thence "along said rear line north, 43 degrees west, "thirteen chains and fifty links to lot number twenty-four, thence south, 47 degrees "west, seventy-five chains or to the Nashwaak River above named, and thence along "the bank or shore of the same down stream, "thirteen chains and fifty links, or to the "place of beginning, known as lot number "twenty-three and containing one hundred "acres a little more or less."

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements, privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in any way appertaining.

Dated the third day of April, A. D., 1891.

PIERRE A. LANDRY,
Executor of Mortgagee.

BLACK, JORDAN & BLISS,
Solicitors.

Fredericton, N. B., April 11th—8 ins.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

GEO. W. SCHLEYER

PHOTO. ARTIST,

will take all Checks or Tickets sold by MR. LOCKWOOD and his Agents that have not been presented for Sittings as yet, the arrangement having been made with Mr. Lockwood for an extension of TIME for the next

TWO MONTHS.

☞All persons holding any of the above Tickets will Call and Secure Sittings at once.

GEO. W. SCHLEYER, Photographer.
Fredericton, Feb. 21st, 1891.

DEVER BROS.

JUNE 6TH, - - - 1891.

New Goods for Men and Boys Wear.

Scotch and Canadian Tweeds. Laced Shirts in White and Colors.
Unlaundried Shirts, All Sizes.
New Ties, New Socks in Merino and COLLARS AND CUFFS.

DEVER BROS.

June, 6th, 1891.

R. C. MACREDIE,

PLUMBER,

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Queen Street, - Opp. County Court House.

SPRING, 1891.

OH! SAY!

Do you want any Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Crockery or Silver Plated Ware for fitting up your home this spring?

If so, you can do well by calling at McNALLY'S, 152 and 154 Queen Street.

We are selling a good many lines at Greatly Reduced Prices.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN WINDOW SHADES!

Large Consignments of New Goods arriving almost daily.

Have you seen our $27.00 Walnut Parlor Suits. It is a marvel of cheapness. Better quality of Parlor Suits and Chamber Suits, correspondingly Low.

Custom Work made up to order on Short Notice.

All kinds of Household Goods in abundance now in stock.

Thirty New Children's Carriages just arrived, to accomodate the ladies.

Satisfaction guaranteed to every customer.

JAS. G. McNALLY,

152 and 154 QUEEN STREET.

Fredericton, N. B., April 4.

Watches and Jewelry

F. J. McCAUSLAND,
Opp. A. F. Randolph & Sons.
Fredericton, N. B., June 7.

1891.

NEW PAPER STORE

MY SPRING STOCK OF

Wall Papers

Is now Complete in all Grades.

CEILING DECORATIONS AND WINDOW SHADES A SPECIALTY.

Call Early while the Variety is Large.

EDWIN B. NIXON,
Sphann Building, Queen St.

P. S.—Samples sent to all parts of the country on application.

Fredericton, N. B., April 4th.—1 yr.

Queen Hotel.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

J. A. EDWARDS, Prop.

FINE SAMPLE ROOMS
IN CONNECTION.

ALSO:

First-Class Livery Stable.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

Late Importations
—AT—
OWEN SHARKEY'S.

A large stock suitable for spring and summer trade, comprising in part:

Ladies Dress Goods, in Cashmeres, Henriettas, Plain and Fancy Stuff Goods, in all the latest styles and shades.

Prints, Sateens, Drilletts and Ginghams, a choice variety and moderate prices.

Also, Jersey Jackets, Parasols, Gloves, Corsets, Laces and Hamburgs.

Men, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Men's Suits from $4.50 to $15.00.

Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Cork Screw Cords, Pantings.

Shirts, Collars, Ties, Hats, Caps, Underclothing and Gents' Furnishings.

Tickings, Towelling, Damasks, Shirtings and Flannellets.

Wool, Tapestry and Hemp Carpets, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Door Matts.

Room Paper, Trunks, Valises and Satchels.

I respectfully invite inspection of the above, when you shall find our prices as low as the lowest in the trade.

OWEN SHARKEY,
Fredericton, April 25th.