by us to the Pruffian monarch. The spirit of this treaty was on our part the very fame with that which dictated the Rushan: Both were meant to keep the French out of Germany. For altho' the Russ would in case of a rupture act directly against Prussia, yet it is evident that if the apprehension of this event would have fo far operated upon the Prussian monarch as to render him averse from a French invasion, as he certainly would have been, p. 94, France would as certainly not have attempted one in the fyftem at that time fubfifting, without encouragement and affiftance from him. But the encouragement refused by Prussia was supplied by the Empress-Queen.

This unnatural conjunction of the two houses of Austria and Bourbon, seemed, as it well mght, an impossible event. And without it, the peace of Germany would have been preserved by the treaty of Westminster: whereas a compliance from us with the Austrian scheme, would render war in Germany and a French invasion unavoidable. For, p. 8, no man can be fo wild as to think that France would permit the Empress-Queen, even unassisted by us, to recover Silesia; and weaken if not destroy that power whom she contributed to raise at the expence of her best blood and treasure, as a rival to the house of Austria in Germany; had not her