imber land, or supplying al growth to lf acres, per exclusive of

horth part of ther with the aggregate of nes as large as

that cuts one own and Teml being too far port of wood, w done in the ss will furnish road annually.

New Ipswich, tural resources, the road. It is ,000 bushels of the starch facwenty-two cents to West Townst, and the avernis business.

on is also well ent transport of \$6,750 annually. nearly the same have much unimr brick making, the contemplated

e we in Canada?

Have we no farms which grow 1000 bushels of potatoes each? no saw-mills cutting 1,000,000 feet per annum? The writer knows one establishment in Canada which cuts more than 40,000,000 feet annually. There is a large growing trade along the whole extent of our frontier in this article,—which we can produce *ad libitum*, and the whole value of which is from labour applied here. Our exports of sawed lumber to the United States will probably double, i. 1849, those of any former year, amounting to more than one hundred millions of feet :\*—Railroads alone will bring out the distant reserves of this article.

Have we no facilities for brickmaking, or do we still continue to import bricks from England as we did a few years since? The truth is,—men have starved upon the richest soils and in the finest climes, as in India, Ireland, or Mexico, while the children of the "Pilgrim Fathers" have grown rich from their granite, their wood, and their ice:—they see "sermons in stones," and wealth in shoepegs at two dollars a bushel. The chief elements of the extraordinary success of the Americans are szich as we in a great measure possess, although we have obtained them too recently to have yet experienced their effects, viz., the control of our own trade,—and facility of association,—hitherto hampered by legislative requirements at every step.

The habit of association in New England (for there it has become a *habit*, as we trust it will soon be here), is the prominent instrument in their prosperity. In a mistaken love of sole proprietorship (in imitation of the wealth of the Mother Country), we either do not move at all in a promising enterprise, because the investment is beyond our reach, or we place our necks in the halter by borrowing to such an extent, that the first "pull up" invariably produces strangulation. If we would but contemplate the almost illimitable powers of association for manufacturing or commercial purposes, compared with the largest individual efforts, we would be forced to acknowledge the existence within ourselves of a mine of wealth and power, unheeded now, but which, if relieved from

• Norz.-The mills in the City of Ottawa alone can export more than 200 millions of feet per annum.