dealer. More than 90 per cent of all new cars sold to dealers in Canada are financed by these companies, and this represents a very large part of their business. Other important segments are appliances, furniture and other major durables. In 1964 finance companies accounted for approximately 70 per cent of sales finance credit to consumers, and 90 per cent of instalment credit to business. Together, they held about one-sixth of the total consumer credit outstanding at the end of 1964.

The finance companies expressed the view that "the single most important public policy issue surrounding the field of consumer credit is the manner in which the finance charge is disclosed to the consumer." They maintain that the present method of expressing the cost in dollars and cents is "the most meaningful disclosure of finance charges, from the consumer's standpoint." Armed with this information, they say, the consumer can make "an intelligent and reasonable choice, not only between a purchase on a cash or credit basis, but also among the various competing sources of credit which are available to him." They firmly oppose the idea of requiring disclosure of an annual interest rate or charge for credit. It is argued that to focus attention on the interest rate "may confuse the consumer and provide opportunities for exploitation by some unscrupulous retailers." The finance companies take the stand that, "Legislation enforcing interest rate disclosure would be a disservice to the Canadian consumer."

Their answer to those who believe that use of consumer credit may be excessive, is education in the proper use of credit. This they consider to be one of their own important functions, a function which they are trying to fulfil by co-operation with "high schools, universities, newspapers, radio, television and Better Business Bureaus throughout the country."

RETAIL DEALERS

Like the associations representing the money-lending business, each of the two organizations of retailers is made up of members with more or less a community of special interests. Consequently, their points of view do not always coincide. Nevertheless, they have a common interest — shared, as mentioned above, with the finance companies — in maintaining the high and increasing volume of retail sales, a growing proportion of which are credit sales. Both associations of retailers affirm that they believe in full disclosure to the consumer of what they consider to be the information best suited to enable him to make his own choice of credit purchase.