

On the suggestion of the President, Dr. Clark added to his motion the words, "and this clause refers to section 23, sub-section 2, of the Ontario Medical Act."

The motion was then carried.

BURSARIES FOR STUDENTS.

Dr. DANIEL CLARK moved,

That three bursaries of \$60, \$40, and \$20, respectively, be given at the final examination to those three students who obtain the highest marks in any four subjects which may be decided upon by the Council.

Dr. AIKINS thought it would be well to conserve their funds if they were going to enter on a building project.

The PRESIDENT pointed out that the Council had not the power to establish competitive examinations.

Dr. CLARK withdrew the motion.

The Council then adjourned till one o'clock.

VISIT TO THE HOSPITAL.

At one o'clock several of the members of the Council drove to the General Hospital, and were received by Dr. O'Reilly, the resident medical officer of the institution.

On the Council reassembling at the City Hall,

The minutes of the proceeding session were read and confirmed.

Dr. BETHUNE presented the

REGISTRATION COMMITTEE'S REPORT,

Which recommended that Dr. Nevitt, Dr. Comfort, and Dr. Chaffey be allowed a special examination at the same time as that of Dr. Bomberry.

The Council went into Committee of the Whole on this report.

Dr. W. CLARKE entered a protest against the principles of special examinations as being derogatory to the profession generally; he held that those who wished to practise should go before the Board in the usual way.

Dr. CAMPBELL agreed with the remarks of the last speaker, but he moved that Dr. Nevitt be placed upon the list.

Dr. CLARK maintained his objection on the ground that special examinations were illegal, and were not contemplated by the Act, and

therefore, could not be recognized by the profession.

A desultory discussion followed, during which Dr. Clark quoted the Medical Act in support of his argument, *i.e.*, that candidates for admission to practise must go before the full Board for examination. He held that such an examination was a *sine qua non* to the admission to general practice.

Dr. BERRYMAN held that some charity should be extended to those who wished a special examination, and he strongly argued in favour of that privilege being granted.

That section of the report was finally adopted.

Several questions as to the admission of graduates of Lower Canadian Medical Colleges to practise in Ontario were discussed, notably the case of Dr. Fresette, who sought to be admitted by passing the final examination by the Board in Ontario.

Dr. CAMPBELL supported the claim of Dr. Fresette.

The application of Dr. Fresette was refused unless he chose to comply with the terms of the Ontario Medical Act.

The report was discussed in Committee of the Whole, Dr. Macdonald in the chair.

On Dr. Campbell assuming the Presidency of the Council,

Dr. GRANT then moved, seconded by Dr. McLAUGHLIN,

That it is the opinion of the members of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario that the matters pertaining to medical education should, as far as possible, be reduced to one uniform basis for the entire Dominion in order to simplify rules and regulations and set aside any Provincial jealousies which may exist, and thus make our profession a unit from the Atlantic to the Pacific; also that in consultations the greatest possible latitude should be extended to professional gentlemen of well-recognized ability in the neighbouring Republic, thus exercising that known liberality which is in keeping with the progress and scientific advancement of the present time.

He moved the present resolution to place on record his conviction that the best interests of the medical profession would be subserved by the formation of a "Dominion Board," in order to simplify the work of the profession.