in the past, the article by Dr. Adami upon the Dominance of the Nucleus was published in our last month's issue in advance of its publication in the columns of the *British Medical Journal*. Even if we do not entirely agree with the wisdom of a rule, we desire to conform to it whilst it is in force.

The profession of medicine in Prince Edward Island has lost its leader in Dr. F. P. Taylor, who died at Charlottetown on the 17th of September, 1906. Dr. Taylor had practised in Charlottetown since the year 1879, and won for himself the regard and affection of the profession and of the public. He was an accomplished physician and a skilful surgeon. He was well known also to the profession in Montreal, where he was in the habit of making frequent visits.

In the account of the proceedings before the Pathological section of the British Medical Association at Toronto published in this number the following paragraph should have been inserted:—Professor J. J. Mac-Kenzie, of Toronto, gave a lantern demonstration of the changes produced in large arteries by his pupil Harvey as a result of painting the outer coats of the artery with a silver nitrate solution. In one case they had obtained definite bone formation in the adventitia.

The experiment of conducting a hospital without a medical superintendent has proven a failure at the Kingston General Hospital, and the governors have decided to return to the former system. The plan of having a lady superintendent and a medical board did not work with any degree of satisfaction.

Dr. John L. Todd, a graduate of McGill, who is well known for his researches on Sleeping Sickness in the Congo States, has had the Order of Leopold conferred upon him by the King of Belgium.

RECIPROCITY WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

At the last meeting of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Province of Quebec the first step towards reciprocity with Great Britain, in the matter of medical degrees, was formally made.

It appears that, during the July meeting, a letter was read from Donald Macalister, President of the General Medical Council of Great Britain, which had been addressed to a private individual having no official connection with the College.