Greek.

- 1. Translate into English, Xen. Anab. I. 2 § 9, 10 and 3 § 1, 2.
- 2. Name the date of the Anabasis, and name and give the Geographical positions of the principal towns on the line of march from Sardis to Cunaxa. What were the Ἰωνικαὶ πόλεις mentioned in section 6?
- 3. State as accurately as you can the force of the prepositions in the following expressions:—(a) ἀπὸ τούτων τῶν χρημάτων. (b) ἀποπέμπει ἐπὶ τὴν ἀρχήν. (c) ἐσται ἐπὶ, with dative. (d) ἀφικνείτο παρὰ βασιλέως πρὸς αὐτόν. (e) ἐκ βασιλέως δεδομέναι.
 - 4. Explain the formation of the forms πλείους and μείζους.
- 5. (a) Parse the following verbs:—(1) $\tau a \chi \theta \bar{\eta} \nu a \iota$, (2) $\bar{\epsilon} \gamma \nu \omega$, (3) $\bar{\eta} \sigma \theta \dot{a} \nu \epsilon \tau \sigma$, (4) κατεθέμην, (5) $\bar{\epsilon} \pi \dot{\eta} \nu \epsilon \sigma a \nu$. (b) Decline the following nouns:—(1)ποιητής, (2) λόγος, (3) δώρον, (4) παῖς, (5) πόλις. Give the comparative and superlative of:—σοφός, μέγας and $\bar{\epsilon} \chi \theta \rho \delta \varsigma$. (d) Explain what is meant by temporal and syllabic augment and reduplication, respectively.
- 6. What cases follow the following prepositions severally; $\dot{a}\pi \delta$, $\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu$, $\kappa a \tau \acute{a}$ $\epsilon \dot{\epsilon} \varsigma$, $\dot{a} \nu \acute{a}$ and $\pi a \rho \acute{a}$?

Latin.

- 1. Translate into English Cæs. de Bell. Gall. I, chs. 15, and 45.
- 2. What is meant by Oratio Obliqua and Oratio Recta in Latin?
- 3. In the above extracts, construe: (a) Hoc response date. (b) Postere die.
- (c) Qui videant. (d) Quo prœlio. (e) Dies quindecim. (f) Iter fecerunt. (g) Quibus populus Romanus ignovisset.
- 4. Parse the following words, giving the Principal Parts of the verbs, and the Nominative Singular and Plural of the Nouns and Adjectives:—(1) Nuntiatum esset, (2) pedum, (3) repulsi, (4) vim, (5) mandarunt, (6) institutos esse, (7) sublati, (8) quinis, (9) sint erepturi, (10) dandos, (11) interpretibus, (12) inscientibus.
- 5. (a) Decline the following:—(1) Aeneas, (2) anima, (3) deus, (4) opus, (5) nix. (b) Compare: (1) brevis, (2) dives, (3) intus, (4) pulcher, (5) similis. (c) Write down the Perfects and Supines of:—(1) Juvo, (2) figo, (3) quaero, (4) fingo, (5) do.
- 6. (a) Distinguish between vereor ne and vereor ut. (b) Turn into Latin:—
 (1) He promised to come. (2) I hope to see him. (3) Both the king and his brother fought many battles.

Geometry.

N. B .- Answer any five.

- 1. Divide a line in medial section. (20)
- 2. Prove that the straight line drawn at right angles to the diameter of a circle from the extremity of it is a tangent to the circle. (20)
- 3. If a straight line touch a circle, and from the point of contact a straight line be drawn cutting the circle, the angles made by this line with the line touching the circle must be equal to the angles which are in the alternate segments of the circle. (20)