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NINTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 9, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

A BIG EXPRESS CO. DEAL.

THE NEW ARRANGEMENT ON THE G. T. R. WEST OF TORONTO.

The American Express Co. Turns over that Portion of its Business to the Canadian Express Co.—The Lines Included in the Shuffle.

MONTREAL, Aug. 8.—The express business over the Grand Trunk Railway lines in Ontario west of Toronto has hitherto been divided between the American Express Company and the Canadian Express Company, an arrangement resulting in extra cost on matter passing over both sections, as each company charged their local rate.

The Grand Trunk Railway have for some years been desirous of consolidating the service over their lines and have now completed an arrangement by which the American Express Company turn over that portion of their business referred to to the Canadian Express Company, who will, in consequence, add about 150 offices to their list and increase their mileage over 1000 miles.

The new lines of the Canadian Express Company include the main line from Suspension Bridge to Detroit, the line from Fort Erie to Glencoe, the Hamilton and Northwestern, the Toronto and Hamilton, the London and Sarnia, the London and Port Stanley, the Wellington, Grey and Bruce, the London, Huron and Bruce, the Brantford and Tilsonburg and the Welland and Allanburg branches.

The fruit gardens and the produce centres of Ontario, the fishing stations of the Georgian Bay, Lakes Huron, Erie and Ontario will now be on the lines of the Canadian Express Company which, in connection with the Intercolonial Express Company operating in the maritime provinces, reach every city and nearly all the towns and principal villages in the five eastern provinces.

THE WALKERTON TOURNAMENT.

First Prize Taken by the Dominion Organ and Piano Co.'s Band.

WALKERTON, Aug. 8.—The tournament of the 32nd Battalion Band held here to-day was a splendid success. The weather was fine, and over 6000 people were on the grounds.

The Dominion Organ and Piano Co.'s Band of Bowmanville took first prize, $300, with 347 points; Massey Band of Toronto, second prize, $200, 326 points; Berlin Band, third prize, $100, 308 points. The judges were Mr. Hiscott of London and Mr. Carry of Kingston.

The second class bands will compete to-morrow.

AN ADDITION TO THE UNIVERSITY.

A $45,000 Building is Being Erected for Biological Study.

Building operations in Queen's Park this year are remarkable for two large undertakings, the Parliament building and the new establishment in connection with the Biological department of Toronto University. The latter is a handsome structure of red and gray Credit Valley stone, having an eastern frontage of 125 feet, and extending 73 feet to the rear. The elevation is 74 feet from the basement floor. The new building will contain four stories, in which every opportunity and convenience will be given for study in botany, chemistry, and the various other departments of biology. The style of architecture is pure Norman, and all modern improvements in appliances are supplied. Special consideration has been given to the claim of female students, separate laboratories and rooms being fitted up for their use. The roof will be of slate and the basement floor of concrete brick. The building will cost $45,000, exclusive of turn shing, and when completed will rival any similar institution on this continent. Both the main entrance s open on Queen's Park. The building will have a tower of 74 feet in height, ornamented with terra cotta finishing.

The architect is Mr. D. B. Dick of Toronto, and the principal contractor Wm. Lionel York.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Improvements Which are Being Effected at a Cost of $20,000.

The improvements at the Normal School are being pushed on rapidly by the contractor, r. H. Martin of 371 Muter-street. They consist o the removal of the old mansard roof, the addition of a new story in which will be placed several class rooms and a large central room for drill and calisthenics and for occasions when large assemblies are held. Conveniences, which have hitherto been situated on the outside, will be placed in the basement, and an entirely new system of drainage inaugurated. These changes will require a considerable time to complete and will cost about $20,000. The sanitary arrangements will be as perfect as skill and experience can make them, and every precaution has been taken to prevent fire and to provide escape should it occur.

How Smallpox Is Introduced.

Dr. Bryce has received a copy of a letter from Dr. Edward Clark, Health Officer of Buffalo, to Dr. Balch, Secretary of the State Board of Health. It explains that smallpox was introduced into Buffalo by an emigrant from Prussian Poland, where smallpox has been raging. The Pole brought a lot of woolen shirts with him, and hung them up in a house in the Polish part of the city, and in two weeks there were four cases in the house. Up to Aug. 3 there had been fourteen cases and two deaths. The sixteen physicians attached to Buffalo's health department were put at work in the Polish quarter, and it is confidently expected that the disease will be stamped out.

Large stock of Refrigerators at cost. Must be sold—Strathern's, 203 Yonge-street.

From Police Blotters.

John Downs is a prisoner in the Agnes-street station on a charge of assaulting James Lewis.

Minnie Mame is the complainant in a charge of assault preferred against Edward J. Nicholson, a prisoner in Agnes-street police station.

Rev. Father Egan of Thornhill, who is at present in Ireland, has promised to bring back with him a stout Irish blackthorn for each of the members of the Toronto detective force.

Sergeant Detective Reburn went on his holidays yesterday.

Local Thieves Enjoy Themselves.

York-street last night, according to the detectives, was thronged with drunken local thieves. It was evident some big haul had been made somewhere, and the officers have got the idea that they were enjoying themselves on the $200 stolen from Mr. Henry Simons at the Parkdale station on Tuesday night.

Escaped from the Asylum.

Miss Bym, aged 32 years, for the past two years an inmate of the Toronto Asylum, escaped from that institution at an early hour on Monday morning, and so far no trace of her whereabouts has been discovered. The police were not informed of the escape until last night, which they consider rather late. Miss Bym came from Ontario County, and her friends are greatly exercised over her disappearance, as she was suffering from suicidal mania.

Refrigerators, cheapest in the city, at Strathern's, 203 Yonge-street.

Gold on the Yukon.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 8.—From Victoria, B. C., The Pioneer Press learns that news was received to-day from William Ogilvie, who left here a year ago last June with Prof. Dawson to survey and explore the northern country in behalf of the Dominion Government. Prof. Dawson returned but Ogilvie proceeded north from Chilcat, Alaska, and wintered on the Yukon. On reaching Yukon overland Ogilvie explored it for about 700 miles. In September he camped for the winter. In March he left for the Mackenzie River, which he will explore, and then proceed across the country to Winnipeg, where he expects to arrive in November. There were seventeen miners who came out with $3000 worth of dust and others had more. Forty Mile Creek, a branch of the Yukon, is a scene of great activity. Gold which is coarse is taken from the banks, and bars of the silver. Work can only be carried on two months of the year at most.

Proposed Water Tournament.

A water tournament is proposed by the residents of the Island, east, centre and west, in aid of the Sick Children's Hospital. A meeting to make the necessary arrangements in connection with the sports is called for to-morrow evening at 7.30 at "Monreith," west end.

The Indian Titles Case.

Hon. Oliver Mowat has telegraphed to Acting Attorney-General Hardy that judgment in the Indian Titles case will not be given till November.

OPPOSITION DEVELOPING.

Manitoba's Contract with the Northern Pacific Severely Criticised.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 8.—Opposition is daily developing to the terms of the contract with the Northern Pacific. The Free Press says that a different arrangement for free trade in railways to that expected is outlined in the contract which prohibits the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba road, the only line at the boundary in a position to compete with the Northern Pacific, from securing running powers over the Red River Valley road, notwithstanding all other roads are allowed running powers. The competition seems more apparent than real. If no other companies rush in to fill the vacuum it would look as if we were inviting a second monopoly.

The Call says it is rumored that the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba will take over the Emerson branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway and reduce the time between St. Paul and Winnipeg to fifteen hours, which is two hours less than the Northern Pacific can possibly make.

Pasteur of Paris has sent specimens of a poison to exterminate Australian rabbits to the Northwest farmers with the idea of destroying gophers. It has operated excellently and it is expected his remedy will destroy the pest.

To-day was observed here as the civic holiday.

VIVE LA COMMUNE.

Riotous Scenes at General Eude's Funeral —Conflicts with the Police.

PARIS, Aug. 8.—At the funeral to-day of Gen. Eude, the ex-Communist who dropped dead while addressing a body of strikers on Sunday, 15,000 persons marched in front of the hearse bearing the remains. They wore bouquets of red immortelles. M. Basley, member of the Chamber of Deputies, was present and he and M. Rochefort were greeted with cheers and shouts of "Vive la revolution" and "Vive la commune." The procession started at 11 o'clock. Louise Michel marched after the hearse and a brigade of police headed the procession. Large bodies of workmen and strikers followed quietly. The waiters and hairdressers in the line were noisy and demanded that the red flags which were carried covered be unfurled. The crowds along the route shouted "Vive la commune" as the hearse passed.

When the procession reached the Boulevard Voltaire three red flags were unfurled. A commissary of police attempted to seize one, when some one in the crowd fired a revolver at him, but the bullet went wide of its mark. Another commissary was beaten with sticks. M. Rochefort was set upon by an anarchist, who handled him quite severely. The police seemed powerless before the menacing attitude of the mob. The gendarms made a charge in front of the Prince Eugene Barracks, striking in every direction with the butt ends of their muskets. They succeeded in releasing the police, who had been surrounded by the mob, and captured the red flags.

When the procession arrived at the Mairie of the Eleventh Arrondissement a revolver was fired and a bomb thrown close to the police station, but the bomb did not explode. The police reserve left the station and charged upon the crowd with drawn swords wounding and taking into custody many persons. The procession continued on its way to the cemetery but grew smaller as it proceeded. A number of orations were delivered at the grave amid cries of "Vive la commune," and "Vive la revolution." The gathering then dispersed. The police did not oppose the display of red flags in the cemetery.

THE LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET.

Lord Salisbury Speaks on Irish and Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The ministers were banqueted by the Lord Mayor this evening. Replying to the usual toast Lord Salisbury said that the great curse of Ireland was poverty. The Government was not able to diminish poverty or to enrich men, but it could enable men without interference to enrich themselves. The Government had been successful in lessening the tyranny which an association exercised over the Irish people and had increased the sanctity of contracts. If the Government of Ireland, he declared, were administered with the same judgment and firmness as now for a few years longer the liberty and prosperity of the country would be restored.

In Egypt, Lord Salisbury said, the expectation of the Government had been exceeded. When Egypt should be able to deal with her foes without help Great Britain would gladly leave that country absolutely. As to Bulgaria he hoped that the statesmen of the continent were being convinced that it would be best to leave her to herself. He believed that the Emperor of Germany appreciated the value of peace, especially to Germany. Nothing, he believed, was more desirable for the peace of the world than that the policy of Russia should become more parallel with the policy of Great Britain. All that had occurred in Europe recent y had been in the direction of peace and England's efforts were always in the same direction.

ODDFELLOWS AT BARRIE.

A Big Demonstration—Meeting of the Grand Lodge—Exhibition Drill.

BARRIE, Aug. 8.—To-day Barrie has witnessed one of the biggest Oddfellow demonstrations ever held north of Toronto, the occasion being the meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. The town is handsomely decorated and excursions from all points brought in a large number of visitors in addition to the 500 Oddfellows now here. The display of the Patriarchs Militant branch of the order was a sight long to be remembered. Cantons are here from Bowmanville, Peterboro, Toronto, Hamilton and Newmarket, and bands from Peterboro, Newmarket, Beaverton, Stayner, Collingwood and Barrie.

The first session of the Grand Lodge commenced this morning, previous to which addresses of welcome were delivered by Mayor Ross on behalf of the town and Bro. Fred Marr on behalf of the Barrie Oddfellows.

The session lasted till noon, and in the afternoon a monster procession proceeded through the town to the exhibition grounds, where an exhibition drill by the cantons took place. A lacrosse match was played between Barrie and Bradford, the former winning three straight games, an interesting program of races, etc., was carried out.

In the evening a procession of illuminated boats on the bay and a fine display of fireworks ended the day's proceedings.

For Cigarettes B.C. Cigarette Tobacco has no equal. 246

FIRES OF A DAY.

A Flour Mill and Residence at Wingham Totally Destroyed.

WINGHAM, Aug. 8.—Hutton & Carr's flour mill and Mr. Jackson's residence were burnt to the ground about 3 o'clock this morning. The fire started in the mill. There was about 4000 bushels of wheat in the mill, besides a quantity of flour. The loss is estimated at about $35,000 on the mill and $3000 on the dwelling. There was $8000 insurance on the mill and $4000 on the contents.

The Millbrook Schoolhouse Burnt.

MILLBROOK, Aug. 8.—A fire broke out in the public school building here at 12.30 this morning, and consumed the building. This is the second fire that has occurred in this building, one taking place last week. Both were evidently the work of an incendiary. Loss $5000. Insurance in the Western, $2000 on the building; in the Fire Insurance Association, $430 on the contents.

The Deadly Rattlesnake.

GODSDEN, Ala., Aug. 8.—Last Saturday three little girls, daughters of Warren Long, who resides near Sand Mountain, went into the woods to pick berries. Their long stay caused a search to be made, and the children were found lying near a large rattlesnake. Two of them were dead and the third died soon afterwards. They had all been bitten in several places.

BADGERED AND WORRIED.

HOW CANADA HAS BULLIED THE UNITED STATES.

Mr. Evarts' Attack on the Fisheries Treaty —The New York Senator Caught Nodding—His Speech to be Concluded To-day.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The Senate resumed the consideration of the Fisheries Treaty today, and was addressed by Mr. Evarts (Rep., N. Y.) in opposition to its ratification. In his opening remarks he spoke of the treaty as being wholly incongruous with the just position of the two countries and with the attitude to be maintained between them.

Discussing the point as to whether it was the duty of the Senate to give its aid in bettering, in modifying, in amending a so-called faulty treaty, he admitted that it was undoubtedly true it had come to be a habit of the Senate to do so, but said the amendments to this treaty would go, so to speak, backward. There would not be a change of this or that purpose, or this or that clause.

As to this treaty leading to war, he said he had not heard a breath above a whisper from the United Kingdom or any of its departments in power and authority that a rejection of the treaty would be cause for umbrage. The nearest of anything in the shape of a definite statement was the reputed reply of the Secretary of State as to what would follow the rejection of the treaty, that then chaos would come again.

Referring to the debate on the treaty, he said that on the Democratic side it had been redolent with the odors of denationality, not of nationality, and he asked: "Is it true that our enemies are in our own households? Is it true that arguments and illustrations which would not be whispered above the breath in an English parliament are here easily slipped from the tongue and rolled as a pleasant morsel under the tongue?" The most noticeable circumstance in the debate was the position of the Democratic party. It showed a geographical division as well as a political division. It was that noticeable fact that should first attract the attention of the American people and that would most attract the attention of the people of Great Britain, but it would not frighten the people of this country and would not deceive the people of Great Britain. The people of Great Britain knew perfectly well when the patriotism of the American people was touched there was but one response from the heart of the people at large. Whatever commissary was beaten with sticks, whatever perturbation might be effected by political adhesion or by party necessity, the people in their plenary capacity would judge for the United States and not argue for England.

Mr. Evarts went on to discuss at length and with much particularity the details of the treaty and the whole history of the fisheries controversy. He declared that the system of "worrying" was always brought into play by Canada whenever the United States asserted its fishery rights, and Canada asserted its contravention in order to bring the United States to a departure from the fishing interests to the trading and commercial interests, and that the United States had thus been worried into the reciprocity arrangement in 1854.

He said that at every stage when the Dominion of Canada had undertaken to enforce the bay or headlands doctrine the British Government had declined to sustain it. Canada, he said, had been on the philosophy of Hudibras, not by force of carnal reason but of indefatigable reasoning. What Canada had always been after was reciprocity and free markets. He ridiculed the idea of reciprocity between the illimitable markets of the United States and stinted consumption of Canada and was reminded by Mr. Gray (Dem., Del.) that under the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854 the balance of trade had been on the side of the United States, that is, the United States had sold more to Canada than it had bought from Canada.

He was asked by Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.) whether he also thought that the United States had been worried and teased into the treaty of 1871 as well as that of 1854, and said he was just going to enter on that question.

At this point, however, on the suggestion of Mr. Frye that the day was hot and that the Senator claim, are coming in abundance. hours, Mr. Evarts ceased speaking and postponed the remainder of his speech till tomorrow.

MARY WEBB'S EMBARRASSMENT.

He Places His Estate in Liquidation to Prevent a Sacrificial Sale.

Mr. Harry Webb was the last man whom Toronto people would expect to hear of getting into financial difficulties. He has been carrying on a prosperous and growing confectionery and catering business at 447 Yonge-street and his finely appointed premises indicate how successful he has been in business. He is known to be well-to-do.

The cause of Mr. Webb's embarrassment comes from outside his business altogether. He had been for some time past largely interested in real estate in Manitoba and Toronto, and he has also an interest in a Northwest railway enterprise. A payment of $18,000 came due a few days ago in connection with a real estate mortgage and the mortgagee not having ready funds to meet it a foreclosure was sought by the holders of the mortgage. Mr. Webb refused to allow the property to come to a sacrifice sale and in order to prevent it placed his estate in liquidation. He expects a surplus of about $50,000. His business is running on as usual.

Business Disasters at Montreal.

MONTREAL, Aug. 8.—Grant, McConkey & Co. grocers, have assigned with liabilities of $13,591.

J. E. Clermont, proprietor of the Rivoli Restaurant, has also assigned, with liabilities of $2400.

Goldsmith's Poems.

To me more dear, congenial to my heart, One native charm than all the glare of art. He had evidently noticed Shannessy & Hill's hotos at 258 Yonge-st. 624

The Story of a Missing Hand-cart.

The other evening the faithful hand-cart of Editor Patrick Boyle of The Irish Canadian disappeared from the back yard. Detective Charles Slemin was instructed to look the matter up. Within 48 hours this astute officer located the cart in the hallway of The Orange Sentinel office. The abiding place of the missing two-wheeler greatly amused Mr. Boyle. His Worship Mayor Clarke and Mr. Boyle met on the street the next day. Both of them laughed heartily over the incident. It is said they are laughing yet. But Mr. Boyle can't understand, up to the present writing, how in the name of William the Third his hand-cart got around to the office of The Orange Sentinel.

At Niagara-on-the-Lake.

The hop of Saturday evening at the Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara-on-the-Lake, will be under the patronage of the Toronto Yacht Club. The tennis tournament will take place Aug. 21 and following days, terminating with a ball on Saturday evening, Aug. 25. There will be special rates to tournament players by steamboats and at the hotels. A special extra hop will be given on the evening of Toronto's Civic Holiday on Monday. The Chicora leaves Niagara-on-the-Lake at 8.30 every morning for Toronto.

Fine Watch Machinery.

E. Beeton, watch specialist, opposite the Post Office, has over $500 worth of delicate machinery for making or duplicating any part of a fine watch. 246

He Was Very Sleepy.

The Police Commissioners yesterday fined a fourth-class constable attached to the eastern division fifteen days' pay for sleeping while on beat. There were three charges against him, all occurring on the same night. For the first offence he was fined two days' pay, for the second three days' pay, and for the third ten days' pay.

A Small Boy's Big Find.

Yesterday morning a small boy rushed into the City Clerk's office with a bundle of papers, which he said he had found on Melinda-street. On examination the papers proved to be tax bills, to each of which were attached certified checks for payment, all signed by Mr. Kerr, of the firm of Kerr & Bull. The aggregate value of the checks was $900. The papers were handed over to Mr. Kerr.

[illegible] Gun [illegible] The American analyst. Sold by all druggists and confectioners, 5 cents.

THE DOMINION'S GREATNESS

Alarms a U. S. Senator—Absorption of One Country by the Other Predicted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The Herald's Washington special says: Senator Cullom feels that the time is coming when Canada's presence on our northern border will be a standing menace to our peace and prosperity. The Illinois Senator is not an alarmist, nor is he at all given to sensationalism. He is, on the contrary, one of the most clear-headed and conservative men in public life. But he thinks we have reason to fear Canada's growing greatness, both from a numerical as wel as a material standpoint.

"It was for this reason," said Senator Cullom yesterday, "that I introduced my resolution on Friday last to investigate and report upon the number of railways in this country which are owned or indirectly controlled by the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways. I think when the facts become known it will surprise some of our people to learn how much of the carrying trade to this country is diverted from its legitimate channels through these foreign agencies. Already I am told nearly fifty per cent. of the merchandise brought from China and Japan to America is carried by a line of subsidized English steamers to Vancouver Island. There it is transferred to the Canadian Pacific Railway and carried as far east as practicable, and then reshipped to its destination by American lines. All this is working an injury to our transcontinental railways, and it ought to be remedied. These steamship and railway lines can underbid us.

"They are subsidized by the British Government, and if they can divert our commerce from its regular channels they propose to do it, until they have driven us out of the market, when they will remain masters of the situation. More than this, their influence with certain lines of American railways, mainly, I suppose, because of their large interest therein, is such that they are able to freeze out new enterprises of this character which might otherwise come into competition with them. This, it strikes me, is carrying their impudence a little too far. It is these and kindred facts which we propose to thoroughly investigate. If Congress does not adjourn soon our investigation will be necessarily postponed until next spring. I think we ought to begin at Halifax and continue a trip along the Canadian border to San Francisco, gathering all the information we can regarding the matter under consideration."

"Why is it, Senator," queried the correspondent, "that you are afraid of Canada, with its meagre population of five million people which we can overshadow with our sixty millions of people?"

"It isn't the present," continued the Senator, "it is the future. I am convinced England is doing everything she can to build up the Dominion of Canada. How long, you will it be, think you, before Canada's five million people will become twenty-five million? Our interests are diametrically opposed to each other. Sooner or later they will clash, and when they do, trouble will follow, for it is not in the nature of things that we can live in harmony forever. When that time comes Canada must either absorb the United States, or we must absorb Canada, and I leave you to judge which of the two will be done."

THE TROUBLED LABOR MARKET.

Complications Which are Surrounding the Plumbers' Strike—Other Disputes.

Yesterday morning the plumbers and steamfitters held a joint meeting, arranged pickets and other details of the dispute.

There are about 20 steamfitters on the strike roll, and it is alleged that those who did not come out yesterday will join the moment they have finished the jobs they are now engaged on. The reasons given by the steamfitters for striking are mainly that they are at present compelled to work with "scab" plumbers, and that in several cases they have been asked to do plumbing work. They claim that under these circumstances, and in view of the fact that their fellow-workmen have exhausted every means to secure a peaceful settlement of the dispute, they were compelled to come out.

The pickets are slowly but surely fetching in the new arrivals, several of whom were enrolled by the union yesterday. Funds, the strikers claim, are coming in abundance. From Kansas City, Mo., the Western Union Company yesterday delivered to Mr. Allison of No. 4 Walton-street $75 in gold, said to be the gift of three Torontonians who are settled there.

The "boss" plumbers met in their rooms last night and took up the consequences the fitters' strike had taken none of the steam out of them. They say the strike was known to be on its way, thanks to the loose way in which some of the men in Messrs. Bennett & Wright's, Keith & Fitzsimmons and other firms have not struck, and so had time to do so. Men are already coming after the strikers' places, and several were engaged yesterday. They also affirm that they are prepared for any new move and will succeed in the fight, they win so confidently that they will not have similar troubles in a hurry again.

The Bricklayers' Union met in Dufferin Hall last night, enrolled several new members, took over $300 in contributions, read letters from the Canada Union of victories for their union, arranged all details of their excursion to Hamilton on Aug. 18, and decided to hold a special meeting on Aug. 15 to consider afresh the case of the plumbers.

The Masons' Union, in large numbers, met in Temperance Hall last night, passed a resolution condemning the importation of foreign hired labor by "boss" plumbers, and pledged monetary and moral support to the striking plumbers.

The executive of the Builders' Laborers' Union have summoned a special meeting for next Tuesday to deal with the plumbers' strike.

There seems to be no longer any doubt that the plasterers, the lathers and the plasterers' laborers will strike in every case where a "scab" has been put on the job where members of these unions are at work.

Owing to certain owners and captains of vessels not paying the scale fixed on at the opening of the season, trouble appears to be brewing between the members of the Sailors' Assembly K. of L. and the vessel men. When the season opened it was agreed that $1.25 was to be the pay per day and $1.50 for vessels going through the canal. The men allege that there are cases where this agreement is not adhered to; hence the trouble. Several meetings have been held and unless matters are settled there is a likelihood of a strike on certain vessels.

The twelfth week of the cigarmakers' strike finds masters and men in as apparent good spirits as they were when the trouble began The men comfort themselves with the certainty of a victory, and the bosses are pleased at the way their stock is being reduced, whilst the masters who have given the rise are overwhelmed with orders.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The Bond-street Bible Class have donated $25 for a cot in the Sick Children's Hospital.

The contracts for the erection of the College-street Baptist Chapel have been let. The total cost will be $34,000.

Damage to the amount of $150 was yesterday done by fire at a shed in Lippincott-street, owned by Thomas Andrews.

A more thoroughly advertised exhibition in Canada cannot be found than the Battle of Sedan. Every stranger in Toronto visits it, while all citizens have been there more than once.

The third excursion in connection with the Fresh Air fund took place yesterday. Eight hundred children were carried by the Gertrude to the Island. Refreshments were supplied to the delighted youngsters.

A goodly number of members and friends of the Young Men's Prohibition Club went by the steamer Hastings on their annual excursion yesterday. Their destination was the Prohibition camp at Olcott, N. Y.

James Tilt, aged 18, living at 18 Alma-avenue and employed in Hamilton's Boiler Factory, Baystreet, had his left hand badly crushed by a sole leather roller yesterday. He was taken to the hospital and is doing well.

The police ambulance yesterday afternoon removed from the jail to the General Hospital the notorious Ann Buckley, confined in the former institution on a charge of intoxication. It is thought that Ann cannot possibly live.

Mr. C. W. Irwin of 35 Yonge-street, agent of the Niagara River Line, is advertising the very low rate of $10.50 to New York and return, via the steamer Cibola and West Shore Railway, allowing the privilege of a trip down the Hudson by daylight. 455

Through the kindness of Mrs. Monroe, the matron, who has just returned from a protracted tour, the children of the Boys' Home enjoyed a pleasant garden party last night. Music was provided by their own band and the pipers of the Caledonian Society. Many of the friends of the institution were present.

A FIGHT WITH THE POLICE

LIVELY SCENES ON THE BANKS OF THE DANCING DON.

The Officers from the Wilton-avenue Station Have a Rough Time While Attempting to Make Arrests—Six of the Gang Locked up—The Rescuing Party.

Persons on the banks of the Don witnessed a lively fight yesterday afternoon between the police and a gang of roughs, the result being the incarceration of six of the latter at the Wilton-avenue station. The names of the prisoners are John Carter, John Cuffe, Robert Campbell, Isaac Johnston, Walter Poulter and Robert Alaster. About 4.30 in the afternoon the gang were walking through Sumach-street, when Walter Poulter struck a boy named James McCutcheon, who was playing on the street. Policeman Veitch witnessed the assault and started to arrest Poulter and John Carter.

As soon as they saw the officer approach, the gang took to flight. Veitch made after Carter, while a citizen named William Birney ran after Poulter. The latter, as soon as he found that it was only a private citizen who was following him, turned on Birney and knocked him down with a blow on the head from a lather's hammer. Poulter continued his flight and made for the Necropolis. Meanwhile Cuffe and Campbell darted through Riverside Park and up the Jail hill to Danforth-avenue, where Policeman Quinn met them and captured both.

Seeing them safely deposited in the patrol wagon, Officer Quinn continued the chase after Poulter. He pressed the chase so hard that Poulter finally plunged into the Don and swam to the other side. Quinn followed in hot pursuit, cornering his man in the brickyards. He was about to put the handcuffs on Poulter when Alaster, who had found refuge in the same spot, threw himself on the officer and attempted to rescue the prisoner. Policeman Hamilton, who was in the vicinity, came to his comrade's assistance, but he had scarcely arrived on the scene when a crowd of men issued from the brickyards, and headed by Johnston, again attempted a rescue. The policemen were roughly handled, but they clung to their men all through. While the fight was in progress word had been telephoned to the Wilton-ave. station asking for assistance. Inspector Breckenreid, Sergeant Gregory and Policeman Patton were quickly on hand and restored order. In addition to Poulter and Alaster, Johnston was taken along to the cells.

Alaster and Poulter are charged with assaulting the police, and Johnston with attempting to rescue a prisoner. The other three will be asked to plead to a charge of disorderly conduct. On being taken to the station it was found that there was a warrant of twelve months' standing against Poulter for larceny.

THE FORESTERS' HIGH COURT.

Gratifying Reports to be Presented at the Terms Meeting.

The Independent Order of Foresters, High Court of Ontario, opens its annual session in Shaftesbury Hall this afternoon. Including the officers it is expected that there will be nearly 250 representatives present.

The officers of the High Court are: Wm. Griffith, Hamilton, H. C. R.; Geo. Proctor, Sarnia, P. H. C. R.; A. R. Milne, Kingston, H. V. C. R.; J. S. Hallett, Ottawa, H. S.; T. G. Davy, London, H. T.; J. W. R. Hickey, Bothwell, H. C.; Thos. Potter, M. D., Otterville, H. P.; Rev. H. A. Thomas, Alisa Craig, H. C.; Thos. Lane, Hamilton, H. S.; H. E. Williams, Cornwall, H. S. W.; W. Cruse, St. Thomas, H. G. W.; G. L. Dickinson, M. P., Manotick, H. S. B.; A. H. Dixon, Edmonton, H. G. B.; A. Aikman, London, H. M.; H. McDonald, Guelph, H. C.; J. W. Hamilton, Sarnia, H. M.; W. N. Werex, London, H. A.; and Thos. Webster, Paris, H. A.

The reports to be presented will show that the Ontario High Court is in a most flourishing condition and has had a very prosperous year. The Supreme Chief Ranger, Dr. Oronhyatekha of London, and other members of the Council will visit the High Court during the session.

The funds of the Order are now very nearly $100,000, and are steadily increasing. The great progress of the Order has made it necessary to open Great Britain, and for this purpose The World understands, Dr. Oronhyatekha will visit the Old Country at an early date.

B. & C. Cigarette Tobacco, 10c. package. 24

Ex-Chief Harrington Wants to be Reinstated.

STRATFORD, Aug. 8.— Ex-Chief of Police W. H. Harrington has written a letter to the City Council asking to be reinstated. Mr. Harrington tells the aldermen that he is leaving town on the same train as Mrs. Henry was "purely accidental," "Of this I can satisfy you by the best and only evidence that can be produced on the subject, Mrs. Henry now being at home living with her husband. I have a wife and family to support and I appeal to you not to damn my future prospects and place me in the unfortunate position of not being able to obtain employment in this my native county."

Now is your chance to get a good Refrigerator at Strathern's, 203 Yonge-street.

Grimsby Park Attractions.

The summer inhabitants at this delightful resort form one vast congregation and the occupations to a great extent consist of prayer and praise, song and service. Bathing, though not an essential feature of the day, is very largely indulged in by the disciples of Leander, who arrayed in quinn's $1.25 bathing suits disport in the limpid water.

Madre' Filio cigars exceptionally fine Superior to imported.

Death of a Veteran Actor.

The death is announced of William Davidge, an old and well-known actor. He died on Tuesday morning in the train at Cheyenne on his way to California. Thirty-five years ago he played in Toronto in old English farces such as "Paul Pry," "Poor Pillichody," "The Poor Gentleman," "Box and Cox," "To Paris and Back for 45," "Petticoat Government" and "Wandering Minstrel."

Parties visiting Hanlan's Point can get tea, coffee, hot water, also cakes, &c., at city prices. Bakery in connection, at Mrs. Burnam's.

United on that Point.

The World saw Mr. N. Clarke Wallace, M.P., yesterday and asked him how the Orangemen of Ireland stand on Home Rule.

"How do they stand?" replied the G. M. "Well, they are true to the flag of Britain and will fight to the last gasp against anyone who attacks the Union. The Orangemen of Ireland are united on that point."

Try "Athlete" cigarette tobacco.

A New Eastern Railway.

Mr. Thomas Malcolm, contractor for the Temiscouata Railway, which runs from Riviere du Loup to St. John's, N. B., has been in Toronto this week. He says the road will be completed and working in three weeks. The G. P. R. have a controlling interest in the road.

Smoke the old reliable brand, "Cable," over a quarter of a century in the market. Demand larger than ever.

No Pleasure Driving in Mount Pleasant on Sunday.

In consequence of the prevalence of Sunday pleasure driving in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, the trustees have decided to enforce a plan covering the case, and in future the gates will be closed to all vehicles on the Sabbath.

Have that umbrella of yours recovered with our silk, that is guaranteed not to cut.—EAST, 336 Yonge-street.

Rolled Down an Embankment.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug 8.—A mixed train on the Fairland branch of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago Railroad was thrown from the track this morning near Magnetta by a broken rail. The baggage car and the single passenger coach rolled down a thirty-foot embankment and every person in the car with one exception received injuries. No one was killed outright, but one or two will likely die.

The Iron Chancellor Pleased.

BERLIN, Aug. 8.—Prince Bismarck has expressed the greatest pleasure at the result of the meeting of Emperor William and the Czar, and says it will have the effect of establishing relations of confidence between them by means of which, as far as human calculation goes, peace lasting many years will be inaugurated.

Mother Graves, Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results.

ATTACK ON ST. NICHOLAS' HOME.

What Sister Gabriel and the Neighbors Say About the Orangemen.

About 9 o'clock on Tuesday night a large number of men and boys, wearing Orange regalia, and headed by a fife-and-drum band, marched down Church-street, and turned into Lombard. The band was playing "Protestant Boys," "Rise, Ye Sons of William," "Kick the Pope," and other tunes about the merit of which some diversity of opinion exists. The residents of Lombard-street are supposed to be almost unanimous in hostility towards this class of music, and, probably with a view to educate their taste up to a desirable standard, the musicians who favor the airs referred to think it no trouble to visit Lombard-street whenever they are out for a little practice. On Tuesday night, however, their visit was attended with demonstrations of a very objectionable character. The band, and the rank and file behind it, commenced an attack on the St. Nicholas' Home for Boys. They burst open a gate leading to the main entrance to the building, pulled up flowers from several flower plots, dragged one window shutter from its fastenings, and, bearing it to the sidewalk, smashed it in pieces. With two exceptions all the shutters within reach had lattices pulled out or broken. A rustic chair was taken from the front door, carried to the street, and broken into fragments. Nor yet were these evidences of extreme piety considered sufficiently impressive. The brave boys in the street poured volleys of stones on the building, but as nearly all the shutters were closed and fastened only two panes of glass were smashed. Then, with much shouting and cheering for the good work done, the mob formed into possession and marched away.

Yesterday afternoon The World called at the St. Nicholas' Home, and was received by Sister Gabriel, who is in charge of the institution during the absence of the Lady Superior. Rev. Father Rooney, V. G., was present discussing the affair, and announced his intention to visit the Mayor's office to-day. Sister Gabriel stated that at the time the attack was commenced the boys had been put to bed, and of the whole household only herself and another sister remained up. There were three other nuns in the building, but they were asleep. There was no provocation from the boys called for in the first place, for they were in bed; and even had they been up, and called out something insulting, their voices could not have been heard by those in the street, as there was so much yelling and shouting. "I was standing by a kitchen window on the third floor when a stone came through the glass and flew close to my head. After the crowd had gone away I went down stairs and found this as just as you see it." Mrs. Sheedy, who lives in the opposite side of the street, told The World that a piece of thick glass, thrown through the window, hit her daughter on the head, inflicting a severe cut. She thought it was the hooting of three or four little boys at the corner of Church and Lombard-streets that had provoked the Orangemen, and stated that some of the latter were dressed in uniform, and carried axes, while others looked like sailors and carried swords.

Mr. Foley, residing near the Home, said the naval cadets were in the crowd and that there were others who carried axes. Mr. Ryan, a neighbor, was positive that if the Home was a house of ill-repute it could not have received worse treatment. He also said that the O'Brien Fife and Drum Band, an association of little boys, had previously passed up towards Church-street, in the meantime trying to play "The Wearing of the Green." As soon as they reached Church-street they came flying back again with the Orangemen after them.

Mr. Carbary, manager at the St. Nicholas Home, returned to the house while the excitement was at its height. He saw a man breaking the rustic chair on the sidewalk, when another man called out to him, "Shame on you, Johnston, don't make a fool of yourself attacking a few ladies." Carbary says that the band present is known as the Derry True Blue.

Inspector Stark is investigating the affair.

A Synagogue Social.

The annual picnic of the Hebrew school in connection with the Richmond-street Synagogue was held yesterday at Long Branch. Ninety children attended, and with the parents, friends and members of the cong