

# THE CHICAGO POST

EVERY THURSDAY.

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E. WOODWORTH, Manager.

## AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

—Sixty tons of butter were shipped from St. Albans in October.

—Nearly one thousand horses have been exported this year from Prince Edward Island to the United States.

—Potatoes are so abundant in some parts of England that they sell for £2 a ton, or less than half a cent a pound.

—The pleuro-pneumonia existing among Chicago cattle has been traced to Ridgeland, Ill., where cattle are said to be suffering from a disease similar to that existing in that place two years ago.

—At the Houghton Farm three semi-annual sale of pure bred Holsteins Eriksen cattle, Oct. 9th, 19th, 29th and heifer calves averaged \$70 each, and 20 three-year-old heifers and mature cows averaged \$160 each.

—Mr. Elbridge Cushman, President of the Plymouth County (Mass.) Agricultural Society, a farmer of Lakeville, is the corn king of New England. He crop the present year was 15,000 bushels of ears, all raised without hand hoeing and principally by horse labor, and at a cost below the price of corn in the market.

—The stock men of St. Louis have held a large meeting, and resolved that the manufacture of oleomargarine enhance the value of cattle from two to four dollars, and hope from 13 to 15 cents per head, and urging all friends of the cattle interest to memorialize Congress for a reduction of the oleomargarine tax for a repeal of all obnoxious prohibitory monopolistic features of the oleomargarine bill.

## Bale Verte.

—Mr. Edwin Brownell's schooner arrived on Tuesday from Uruguay, P. E. I., and is now discharging oats at the aboudeau.

—Robert Beckwith, Esq., Barrister, of Moncton, now lies seriously ill of typhoid fever, the residence of his father, Bate Verte Road.

—Barque "Hiawatha" is loaded and ready for sea. Capt. McKay will be accompanied by his wife and family across the Western Ocean.

—A right of way from Burton Road to the cemetery has been purchased from Robert Prescott, Esq., by the trustees of the Methodist Church, and work on same has already been commenced and is being rapidly pushed forward.

—While at the Upper Cape, Botsford, on Monday last, we had the pleasure of visiting Mr. Boliver Rowthorn's new shingle mill while in operation, driven by water power. The mill works splendidly and the shingles manufactured are acknowledged by competent judges to be of an excellent quality and as such demand ready sale. Mr. Rowthorn, who is not only one of the best practical farmers in Botsford, is also a man of genius and enterprise and is certainly to be congratulated for having in a very short time after the burning of Main's mill filled the gap and thus able at short notice to supply the increasing wants of a fast growing and thrifty farming district.

—The Canadian Pacific Railway has at present surveying parties at work locating a line from Algonquin Mills to St. John's. Marie with the object of being ready to commence active building operations by the opening of the spring season. The C. P. R. are making every effort to accommodate firms who have recently undertaken the work of opening the mineral resources of Lake Superior district. Copper mines near Sudbury are a great centre of attraction at present and a company has built two short branch lines to connect with these works and facilitate the shipment of ore.

—The Central Railway Company have made arrangements with Messrs. E. R. Raper, A. E. Killam and W. Wheaton for the construction of the road. Work has already been begun at the Norton end of the line, and will be commenced at the Fredericton end immediately. This is the substance of a statement made in one of the Fredericton papers, but another report says the contract has not yet been signed.

—Arrangements have been made for the establishment in the North-West of a training farm for boys and girls from the homes of Dr. Bernardo in England and Eastern Canada. The farm will be a block of about five thousand acres. The erection of the necessary buildings will be proceeded with at once, and the first party of boys brought out next spring.

—The hanging of the convicted anarchists at Chicago has been postponed for the present. The news was communicated to them Thanksgiving day, and they were overjoyed with joy. An anarchist at Chicago, on Sunday, attempted to kill his wife whom he supposed would appear as a witness against him.

—Two vessels were lost in a blinding storm on Lake Michigan. Monday, and three members of the life-saving crew, who went to the rescue, met their death.

—Twenty inches of snow has fallen in Vermont.

# CHICAGO POST

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 17.-NO. 30.

SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 863.

## The Curse of China.

The growers of opium in India are much alarmed over the rapid decrease in their exports to China. The poppy fields of the Flower Kingdom are driving the foreign produce from the market. There is a law in China forbidding opium raising, but it has been a dead letter ever since England, simply because she was deriving an annual income of \$6,000,000 from the tax on Indian opium, forced China to reopen her markets to the drug.

Opium growing for several years past has been rapidly increasing in China. About one-third of the cultivated land in Yunnan is now devoted to poppy raising. The Chinese describe the valleys of southwestern China as white with poppy blossoms. China is now raising about two-thirds of all the opium she consumes. Other foreign opium also is coming into competition with the Indian product. The Monamberg Opium Company is putting 50,000 acres of land in the low Zambesi valley into opium, and the African produce is already selling in the Shanghai market.

Meanwhile the curse of opium smoking, which weighs more heavily every year upon the people of China. One fifth of the population of Peking and Tientsin are opium smokers. It is said that 3,000 of the attaches of the Imperial palaces are victims of the terrible habit in spite of the fact that the Chinese government discourages the practice. There are a number of anti-opium societies, which are doing a work in China, similar to that of our temperance unions here. The Government has also established a large number of refuges, where victims of the opium habit may go for treatment. Sedatives, stimulants, and tonic are administered to cure them of the vice.

Great Britain herself is likely soon to suffer some of the evils with which she has helped to curse China. In parts of India the opium habit is making alarming progress among the natives. The Marquis Tseng called attention to the fact in a letter to the Anti-Opium Society of England the other day. He added that if Great Britain would put a stop to the exportation of opium from India, China would eventually stop the growing of opium within her territories. He said China was willing to cooperate with Great Britain in striking at the root of the evil.

There is more in a heap of coal than most persons are aware of. Besides gas, a ton of gas coal will yield 1,500 lbs. of coke, 20 gallons of ammonia water, and 140 lbs. of coal tar. Destructive distillation of the coal gives 69.5 lbs. of pitch, 11 lbs. of creosote, 14 lbs. of heavy oil, 9.5 lbs. of naphtha yellow, 6.3 lbs. of asphaltine, 4.75 lbs. of naphthol, 2.25 lbs. of alizarin, 2.4 lbs. of solvent naphtha, 1.5 lb. of phenol, 1.2 lb. of aniline, 1.1 lb. of anthracene, 0.77 lb. of toluene, 0.46 lb. of acetone, 0.14 lb. of benzene, 0.09 lb. of xylene, 0.09 lb. of toluene. From the last named substance is obtained the new product known as saccharine, which is said to be 230 times as sweet as the best cane sugar.

The Scientific American says: "If a bottle of the oil of pennyroyal is left uncorked in a room at night not a mosquito or any other blood sucker will be found there in the morning. Mix potash with powdered meal and throw into the rat holes of a cellar and the rats will depart. If a rat or mouse gets into your pantry stuff in its hole rag saturated with solution of cayenne pepper, and no rat or mouse will touch the rag for the purpose of opening a communication with a depot of supplies."

Henry Ward Beecher says that he has no sympathy with an eight-hour man who has a fourteen-hour wife. That is to say, there are some kinds of work which cannot be done in eight hours a day, and the woman, who should get the best, usually gets the worst of it. The men have not much to complain of in comparison with the women whose work is never done, and the ending of a day is something entirely unknown to them.

The spread of the cholera in the commercial town of Rosario, South America, creates great alarm. At Rio de Janeiro, Brazil and in the Republic of Paraguay. At Cordova seven new cases of cholera were reported Sunday. Congress has adjourned owing to the visitation of the dread disease. Cholera has also appeared at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil and in the Republic of Paraguay.

A smart damsel at Lapeer, Mich., was offered one cent per hill for digging potatoes, the expectation being that after a dozen or two hills had been dug the fair would stop, but Miss Kittie put on her gloves and threw out 500 hills before sundown, thus securing \$5.

At the funeral of a woman who died recently in Palmyra, N. Y., at the age of 104 years, the factious choir incurred the wrath of the mourners by singing "I Would Not Live Always." (Fact.)

It is estimated that between 3,000 and 4,000 horses are annually killed in Spanish bull-fights.

Mr. Gladstone never uses tobacco, but is a free drinker of port wine.

## How Science and Theology Differ.

Science, in the broadest sense, is simply that which may be verified; but how much of that which theology accepts and goes upon is verifiable by human reason or experience? This kind of evidence, which theology accepts, or has accepted in the past, is too much like that which led the old astrologer Nostradamus to predict the end of the world in 1886, because in this year Good Friday falls upon St. George's day, and Easter upon St. Mark's day, the very latest date upon which Easter can happen. Theology, for the most part, adopts the point of view of the poet, the point of view of the philosopher, fears, hopes, weaknesses, and shapes the universe with man as the center. It has no trouble to believe in miracles, because miracles show the triumph of the personal element over impersonal law. Its strongest hold upon the mind of the race was in the pre-scientific age. It is the daughter of mythology, and has made the relation of the unseen powers to man quite as intimate and personal. It looks upon this little corner of the universe as the special theatre of the celestial powers—powers to whom it has given the form and attributes of men, and to whom it ascribes curious plans and devices. Its point of view is more helpful and sustaining to the mass of mankind than that of science can be, because the mass of mankind are children, and are ruled by their affections and their emotions. Science chills and repels them, because it substitutes a world of force and law for a world of humanistic divinity.

Of all the great historical religions of the world, theology sees but one to be true and of divine origin; and all the rest were of human invention, and for the most part false masses of falsehood and superstition. Science recognizes the religious instinct in man as a permanent part of his nature, and looks upon the great systems of religion—Christianity, Judaism, Buddhism, Mohammedanism, the polytheism of Greece, Rome, and Egypt, etc.—as its legitimate outgrowth and flowering, just as much as the different flora and fauna of the earth are the expression of one principle of organic life. All these religions may be treated as "false" and untrue, but all true with reference to the need to which they administer. John Burroughs, in *Popular Science Monthly* for December.

"Canada Bill" said a confidence man the other day, "I was the greatest money man and cross-roader that we ever had in this country. He died at Senanton, Penn., and I remember his funeral very well. We went out to the graveyard with his body, and just before the coffin was being lowered into the grave one of the party broke out: 'I'll bet a hundred to fifty he's not in the box!' and there wasn't a man to take it. 'For,' said another, 'I've known him to get out of as tight places as that.'"

A Georgia paper publishes as truth the story of a Marion county farmer who became satisfied that he had a treasure. So he carefully baited a fishhook, tied a short line to it, swallowed the hook and tied the line to his buttonhole. Then he waited for a bite. By-and-by he thought he had one and yanked the line; the hook caught in his throat and he had to be dug out. He didn't catch the worm.

A Mr. Heron, of Manchester, Eng., took his life the other day by means of strychnine because his wife never gave him a birthday present. "If it had only been a penny cigar," he wrote to his inattentive spouse, "I should have prized it. I have struggled to find something or other on your birthday, but you always pleaded poverty."

Says the Maine Farmer: "The torch of temperance reform which is lighted all along the valley of the Kennebec, seems to be illuminating other sections of the State, and there is a general movement all along the line looking to a better enforcement of the prohibitory law."

At Comstock, Minn., a eight-year-old girl was driving home cows when a wolf attacked her. One of the cows rushed at the beast and tossed it in the air. A large dog also went to the wolf's assistance, and the cow and dog soon drove the wolf back into the woods.

It cost England and Wales over \$76,000,000 in 1884 to care for their paupers. "The one great cause underlying the whole of the matter," says one of the committee appointed to investigate the subject, "is the old, old story—drink."

Chester A. Arthur, during his sophomore year at Union College, was compelled to teach a village school for the slender remuneration of \$15 a month.

Our Queen has now, thanks to Princess Beatrice, the round number of thirty living grandchildren.

The recent blizzard in Montana caused heavy losses of live stock.

## Mons in labore et ridiculus mus.

THE MOUNTAIN.—A very interesting sociable was held in the Methodist church, Lutes Mountain, on Tuesday evening, the 9th inst. There were about two hundred persons present, and the occasion was most enjoyable one, indeed. Although the sociable was held in the Methodist church, and the object to raise funds for the support of the minister in charge, Rev. John Prince, yet it could not have been the success it was had not the Baptist friends residing in that section given their aid and presence—for they much to their credit, not only attended in large numbers, but brought with them baskets well filled with the choicest viands. Speeches were delivered by several gentlemen present, and the meeting was most ably presided over by Mr. John Roberts, Rev. Mr. Prince delivered quite a lengthy address, in which he congratulated the people not only upon the success of the meeting but upon the good Christian feeling existing among the different denominations living in the place. The proceeds amounted to the handsome sum of thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents. Mr. John McFarlane acted as auctioneer, performing his duties to the satisfaction of all, and realizing first-class prices for the baskets.

It is seldom that even the most enthusiastic writer of religious paragraphs finds such a happy combination of circumstances as the above exhibit in a religious way, the distinguishing doctrine of the day "much cry and little wool," and a desire to improve the occasion.

First then on this truly remarkable occasion, there were "two hundred persons present," and we all know the magnetism of numbers. And then the object was the most exalted, commanding the enlarged liberality of all, for the cause was that of religion, the support of the minister. Nor was that happy minister supported by his own people, but as became the loyal adherent of a Prince, he was strengthened by the presence of "the different denominations," and although it was a Methodist church, and not to have been expected yet to their everlasting credit the Baptist brethren came, nor were they alone, but came they empty. They came with baskets. Not here and there a solitary hamper, but in large numbers. Nor were the baskets more numerous than they were heavily laden; not with common food, but "well filled with the choicest viands." Why were we not there? Then, as was fitting, where there was much eating there was much speaking. The occasion was great, and several speeches were delivered, and a happy occasion—lucky day—"delivered quite a lengthy address," a Princes oration. And so we might for were there two hundred people there in his honour and all laden with gifts—gifts for him, gifts for the Prince to whom he belonged the apostle? Nor were the triumphs of the happy occasion exhausted by the meeting being most ably presided over, for the crown of the evening was the splendid success of the gifted auctioneer, the "realized first-class prices" on the numerous baskets of choicest viand. Happy Arcadia! All were satisfied; for did not the combined efforts of the noble two hundred, ably presided over, well feasted on choicest viands, realized first-class prices, and the flow of soul—did not the whole result in the princely contribution of—\$37.50! I'M TIRED!

"—Appropos of the slang phrase 'to paint the town red,' a well-known politician relates the following episode: Mr. B— represented a rural constituency in Congress, and he was wanted to be Senator. His opportunity came one day, and when found that his name had been balloted for in the Legislature, he left his farm and went to the State capital to keep his eye on things. When he left it was announced that he had triumphed in the contest, he rushed to a telegraph office, and in the mad enthusiasm of the moment sent this message to his family: 'Elected! Hoory! Paint my old home red!' The state of mind of the noble two hundred, ably presided over, well feasted on choicest viands, realized first-class prices, and the flow of soul—did not the whole result in the princely contribution of—\$37.50! I'M TIRED!"

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## A Monster Gun.

What must be considered the heaviest gun at present in existence has been just shipped at Antwerp for Italy. It was manufactured by Krupp, is 46 ft. long, weighs nearly 110 tons without the breech piece, and 118 tons 3½ cwt. with the breech. It arrived at Antwerp on a specially constructed carriage, 105 ft. long, and running on 32 wheels. It was at first intended to send the gun overland, but the St. Gothard railway and other Swiss railways objecting on account of its great weight, and fearing for their bridges, the weapon had to be taken to Antwerp, and thence forwarded to Italy by sea. Its ultimate destination is said to be Spiez, where it is to be mounted in one of the iron clad ports guarding that harbor.

—The production of gold and silver in the world during the year 1885, was: Gold, \$101,580,000; silver, calculated at its coinage value, nearly \$125,000,000.

## Cough Remedies

FOR SALE AT

Sackville Drug Store.

Sharp's Balsam of Morehouse; Adams's Botanic Cough Balsam; Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam; Allen's Lung Balsam; Ayer's Cherry Balsam; Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam; Wilson's Cough Balsam; Fellows' Balsam of Liverwort; Minard's Honey Balsam; Harrison's Tonic Balsam; Northrop & Lyman's Balsam of Aniseed; Baird's Balsam of Morehouse; Turlington's Balsam; Syrup of Spruce Gum; Bickley's Cough Syrup; Boschee's German Syrup; Sprung's Tar and Wild Cherry; Johnson's Anodyne Linctament; Robinson's Emulsion; Putnam's Syrup of Hypophosphites; Fellows' Syrup of Hypophosphites.

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Bate Verte, Oct. 18th, 1886.

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JUST RECEIVED:

200 Bbls. GOLDEN STAR, 250 "ANCHOR, 250 "WHITE CHOICE PATENT, 500 "ANCHOR, 375 "WHITE WING SUPERIOR.

ALL FOR SALE LOW.

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MONCTON, N. B.

## Coarse Salt.

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200 Sacks Coarse Salt.

FOR SALE LOW.

A. J. BABANG & CO.

MONCTON, N. B.

## Electric Soap.

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200 Boxes ELECTRIC SOAP.

For sale low by

June 23 A. J. BABANG & CO.

## MOLASSES.

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R. BARRY SMITH, Barrister, Solicitor and Notary, Main Street, - - Moncton, N. B.

D. J. WELCH, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c. Moncton, - - N. B.

A. D. RICHARD, LL. B., Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c. DORCHESTER, N. B.

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Builders' Materials ALWAYS ON HAND AND FURNISHED TO ORDER.

OXFORD, - - N. S.

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Since my connexion here, and for years previously in St. John, I have used

WOODILL'S & ERMER'S BAKING POWDER

and always found it a first-class Baking Powder.

ROBERT S. HYKE, Steward.

If you want a clean and easy shave, Just call on me at my saloon. At morning, eve, or afternoon, I'll cut and comb your hair with grace To suit the contour of your face; To you I'll give a good shampoo, The art of which is known to few. My scissors sharp, my hands keen, My shop is always neat and clean, And everything I'm sure you'll find To suit the taste and please the mind.

My needs are new and always sweet, And with them others can't compete. The ladies, too, I would invite, For I can trim their tresses right.

My beauty thanks I now extend To all my patronizing friends; And in the future I will try My very best to satisfy.

WM. KNIGHT, Sackville, Nov. 7th, 1885.

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