

The Man who tries, and fails, succeeds.

# The Acadian.

The man who succeeds without trying, fails.

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS.

VOL. XXXVI.

WOLFVILLE, KINGS COUNTY, N. S., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1917.

NO. 21

## THE ACADIAN.

Published every Friday morning by the Proprietors, **DAVISON BROS.**, WOLFVILLE, N. S. Subscription price is \$1.00 a year in advance. If sent to the United States, \$1.50.

Newspapers from all parts of the country, or articles upon the topics of the day, are cordially solicited.

**ADVERTISING RATES.** \$1.00 per square (2 inches) for first insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Contract rates for yearly advertisements furnished on application. Advertising notices for one line first insertion, two and a half cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

**RULES.** Copy for news advertisements will be received up to Thursday noon. Copy for changes in contract advertisements must be in the office by Wednesday noon.

Advertisements in which the number of insertions is not specified will be continued and charged for until otherwise ordered.

This paper is mailed regularly to subscribers until a definite order to discontinue is received and all arrears are paid in full.

Job Printing is executed at this office in the latest styles and at moderate prices. All postmasters and news agents are authorized agents of the ACADIAN for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, but receipts for same are only given from the office of publication.

**TOWN OF WOLFVILLE.**  
C. S. FITCH, Mayor.  
W. M. BLACK, Town Clerk.

**OFFICE HOURS:**  
9.00 to 12.30 a. m.  
1.30 to 3.00 p. m.  
Close on Saturday at 12 o'clock.

**POST OFFICE, WOLFVILLE.**  
Office hours, 8.00 a. m. to 8.00 p. m. On Saturdays open until 8.30 p. m. Mails are made up as follows:  
For Halifax and Windsor close at 8.00 a. m.  
Express west close at 8.30 a. m.  
Express east close at 4.00 p. m.  
Kentville close at 5.45 p. m.  
Reg. letters 15 minutes earlier.

**CHURCHES.**  
**BAPTIST CHURCH.**—Rev. N. A. Harkness, Pastor. Sunday Services: Public Worship at 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School at 3.00 p. m. Mid-week prayer-meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30 p. m. Social and Benevolent Society meets the third Thursday of each month at 8.30 p. m. The Missionary Society meets on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month at 3.45 p. m. All seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—Rev. G. W. Miller, Pastor. Public Worship every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 9.45 a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. Services at Port Williams and Lower Horton as announced. W. F. M. S. meets on the second Tuesday of each month at 8.30 p. m. Senior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Monday at 7.00 p. m. Junior Mission Band meets fortnightly on Sunday at 5.00 p. m.

**METHODIST CHURCH.**—Rev. F. J. Armitage, Pastor. Services on the Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 o'clock, a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.45. All the seats are free and always welcomed at all the services. At Greenfield, preaching at 3 p. m. on the Sabbath.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND.**  
**St. John's Parish Church, of Horton.**—Services: Holy Communion every Sunday, 8 a. m.; first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. Missionary Society meets on Wednesday at 7.00 p. m. Special services in Advent, Lent, etc., by notice in church. Sunday School, 10 a. m.; Superintendent and teacher of Bible Class, the Rector. All seats free. Strangers heartily welcome.

**St. Francis (Catholic).**—Rev. Father Donahue, F. F. Mass 9 a. m. the second Sunday of each month.

**THE TABERNACLE.**—During Summer months open air gospel services—Sunday at 7 p. m., Tuesday at 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Splendid class rooms, efficient teachers, men's bible class.

**MASONIC.**  
**St. George's Lodge, A. F. & A. M.** meets at their Hall on the third Monday of each month at 7.30 o'clock.  
H. A. FICK, Secretary.

**ODDFELLOWS.**  
**OPPERUS LODGE, No. 92,** meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in their hall a Harris' Block. Visiting brethren always welcomed.  
H. M. WATSON, Secretary.

**TEMPERANCE.**  
WOLFVILLE DIVISION 8, of T. meets every Monday evening in their Hall at 8 o'clock.

**FORESTERS.**  
Court Blomfield, I. O. F., meets in Temperance Hall on the third Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m.

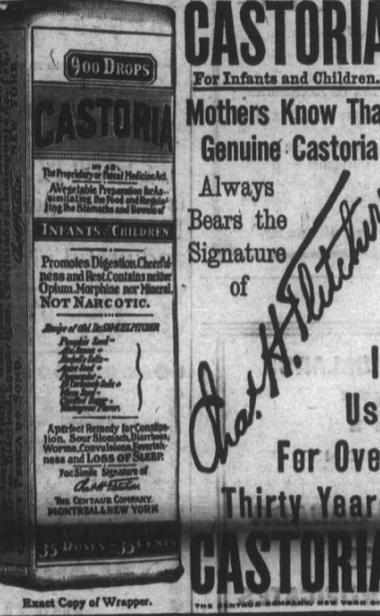
**COAL!**  
Acadia Lump,  
Albion Nut,  
Springhill,  
Inverness.  
A. N. WHEATON

What's in a name?  
Ask the cooks who use



**PURITY FLOUR**  
"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD"

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always Bears the  
Signature  
of  
*Dr. J. C. Watson*  
In Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**



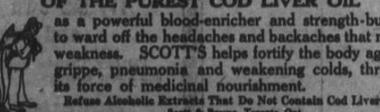
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

**Come! Be a Man!**  
There's woe an' murder o'er the sea,  
There's blood bein' spilt for you an' me;  
Braw hearts are sad, but still guid lad  
Ye siver need!  
There's women greet for them that's gone  
An' wither a mourn for mony a son;  
But still ye stay, ye stay, ye stay  
The precious hours  
There's broken hearts that's winna heal,  
They're broken by the ruthless steel  
That robs the war' o' a' its best,  
Can ye an' hear?  
There's mony a braw deed that's done,  
An' mony a hard-earned fecht that's won,  
Tae save the fies' ye love the best,  
Dae ye no' care?  
There's wark left yet for ye tae dae  
It's the big fecht across the sea  
It's just the place for men like ye.  
Come! Be a man!

Wife—This is the third time you've come home drunk this week.  
Hub—Don't be so p-pe-simistic m' dear. You should think of the four nights I came home sober.

**FEWER PEOPLE GROWING OLDER**  
The Public Health Service reports that more people live to the age of forty years to-day, but from forty to sixty years mortality is increasing from degenerative diseases in the U. S. Thousands of well-informed men and women to-day are learning the true value of

**SCOTT'S EMULSION**  
OF THE PUREST COD LIVER OIL  
as a powerful blood-enricher and strength-builder to ward off the headaches and backaches that mean weakness. SCOTT'S helps fortify the body against grippe, pneumonia and weakening colds, through its force of medicinal nourishment.  
Refuse Alcoholic Extracts That Do Not Contain Cod Liver Oil.



**FOXES**  
TRAPPERS—Get More Money!  
A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 86-87 WEST 42ND ST. NEW YORK, N. Y.

**Reasons For Not Worrying.**  
(From the U. S. Public Health Bulletin)  
The birds build nests for the protection of their young against the weather; the foxes dig holes for security against foes; the squirrels lay by stores of nuts against the coming of winter; the dogs bury bones against the day when bones will be scarce. These are the manifestations of a normal protective instinct arising from an experience of many, many generations. So far as is known, though, to the birds, the foxes, the squirrels, the dogs, the dog does not worry about the coming of winter, the fox does not fret because he only had one hole in which to hide; no squirrel ever died of anxiety lest he should not lay by enough nuts for two winters, instead of for one; and no dog ever lost any sleep over the fact that he didn't have enough bones laid aside to provide for his declining years.

This protective instinct is also present in the human mind, to the individual and the nation. In order for man to store up and lay by, to gain advancement either in honor or material things, it is necessary that he take some forethought of the morrow, but just so soon as he carries this beyond the normal point the mental process becomes an exaggerated and abnormal one. The normal protective instinct is stimulated by a normal fear of those events which are reasonably sure to happen in the future unless means are adopted against them. The moment that this fear becomes abnormal or exaggerated it overstimulates this protective instinct, and to no good purpose because it results in worry. The worry continues long after the necessity for the normal stimulus of fear has passed, with the result that there is an impairment in mental power and a disintegration of the nervous forces. In other words, the mental machine has been running idle and at the same time delivering no propulsive power. In fact, worry is an abnormal state.

Not all worry is preventable, but for the most it can be avoided. Most of our fears are overblown and as a rule, if we meet our troubles day by day as they come without worrying about them before they arrive or fretting over them after they have passed, we shall be able to meet them with a clear head and a steady hand. The health of a man is really maintained by using them out by doing nothing. Usually the relief from worry rests with the victim of this unhappy habit himself, but sometimes the real cause are not the ones which seem to explain the condition, and we must go deep into our lives or have the assistance of those who are skilled in unravelling mental processes.

**Specific For Bronchitis.**  
The turpentine used in Dr. Chase's Syrup of Licorice and Turpentine is not the ordinary commercial article, which is little used because of the unpleasantness of taste, but is specially extracted from tamarac and spruce gum and so combined with other valuable ingredients as to be at the same time pleasant to use and wonderfully effective in the cure of affections of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs.

**When Cooking Meats.**  
When boiling ham, place a plate beneath it to keep it from sticking to the bottom of the kettle. Trim off the rind, rub brown sugar into it and brown the ham in the oven before serving.  
Save scraps of fat and skim all of the grease from the top of gravies and soups. Bring slowly to a boil and strain through a fine-wire sieve. Use for frying purposes.  
Do not mix mutton or lamb fat with other fats. Melt in a pan, and add a pinch of salt and a little boiling water to cause the sediment to settle. Strain and turn into molds. Mutton fat makes the best of cosmetics for chapped and bleeding hands.  
To make a tough steak tender place it on a deep platter and sprinkle it with three tablespoons of vinegar or lemon juice and two of olive oil. Turn it several times and let it soak two or three hours before broiling.  
Fried meats should not be given to young children. A child of 2, or over should be given at least two ounces of meat, fish or poultry, except on days when an egg is eaten. It is important to teach children to chew meat thoroughly.  
Broiling and roasting are the best methods of preparing tender meat for children. Tough meat should be chopped before it is broiled.

**Keeping Up With Father.**  
It was a Pike County woman who lidded a note to the teacher concerning the punishment of her young hopeful. The note ran thus:  
"Dear Miss—: You rite me about whippin' Sammy. I hereby give you permission to beat him up any time it is necessary to learn his lesson. He is just like his father—you have to learn him with a club. Pound nole into him. I want him to get it and don't pay no attention what his lather says—I'll handle him."

**Callers**  
Of course they will take a cup of tea, and naturally you are anxious it should be "just so."  
Put your faith to KING COLE next time, and see how well it will serve you.



"You'll like the flavor"

**War Work in Prisons.**  
The annual report of the Prison Commissioners for England and Wales shows a very large decrease in the prison population. In the year 1914 there were 114,283 prisoners under sentence, but in 1915 the number fell to 64,165, presumably because the army had absorbed a large proportion of the criminal population. Serious crime, indeed, was never so infrequent as at present.

One of the most notable effects of the war on the prison population has been that the receptions are now for the most part confined to the physically and mentally weak. The percentage of strong, able-bodied men is comparatively small.  
Throughout the year the manufacture of war stores has been conducted in prisons with unabated vigor. The number of inmates engaged on war work averaged 5,000 per day. In spite of the rapid and unprecedented fall in the prison population, the output of work was maintained by an extension of the hours of labor, by various emergency regulations calculated to increase the individual output, and by the keen desire of the prisoners to do their utmost.

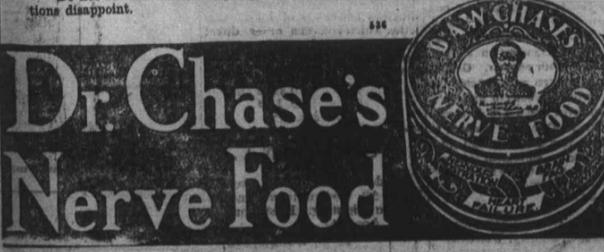
An old lady who had been intruded to a doctor, who was also a professor in a university, felt somewhat puzzled as to how she would address the great man.  
"What do I call you 'doctor' or 'professor'?" she asked.  
"I am a doctor," he replied.  
"And I am a professor," she said sweetly, "but in this case I call you 'doctor'."

**Hysteria**



**ABOUT** the first thing the victim of nervous collapse does is to cry. With ebbing nerve force all control is lost, and in this helpless, hopeless condition confidence disappears and discouragement takes its place.  
Because sufferers from nervous disorders are often strong and healthy in outward appearance they frequently get little sympathy from their friends or from doctors who do not understand nervous diseases.  
If there is ever a time when sympathy is needed it is when the nerves give way. But you must have more than sympathy if you are to recover your nervous energy. The feeble, exhausted nerve cells must be nourished back to health by the use of such treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.  
This food cure is so gentle and natural in action that it admirably suits the delicate condition of the exhausted nervous system, and at the same time is wonderfully potent in restoring vigor and strength.  
A little patience is necessary in order to build up the nervous system so far run down, but as headaches disappear, digestion improves, and you rest and sleep better you will be encouraged to continue this food cure until restoration is complete.  
50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.  
Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

**Dr. Chase's Nerve Food**



**Control of Epidemics Amongst School Children.**  
(ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH, NOVA SCOTIA)  
The fact that young people are more susceptible to most of the infectious diseases than adults makes it necessary that particular attention should be given to them when an epidemic threatens or prevails.  
The fact that the massing of children in the schools affords a special opportunity for the spread of disease should be considered in connection with the further fact that when children are so massed it is possible to keep them under practically constant observation.  
Experience has shown that epidemics are most easily prevented or controlled if schools are not closed, but if instead, a system of daily medical inspection is instituted.  
Success in preventive work depends upon the following factors:  
1. Early detection of the first case or cases.  
2. Strict isolation and quarantine of patients until the infective stage is passed.  
3. Isolation of contacts until the period of incubation is over.  
4. A determined effort to detect and isolate carriers, mild and typical cases, and cases in the earliest stage of illness.  
5. A determined effort to locate "missed cases" and isolation of such, as well as isolation of contacts with such, for the period which may be indicated.  
The expense incurred by such a practice may be largely and perhaps completely offset by the saving of school money, which are often reduced when an infectious disease becomes prevalent in a community.  
In combating an epidemic amongst school children, the school nurse may play a very important part. She can be of great assistance to the examining physician, can aid in supervising the isolation of infected children and the practice of preventive measures in their homes, can ascertain the cause of absences from the school and in this way perhaps new foci for infection; and can in many other ways prove of much value.  
In the case of a disease which is communicable by direct contact with the patient, such as diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, etc., the school nurse may have thus acquired immunity. In this way a considerable group will doubtless be found requiring little supervision. Similarly the use of the Schick test will prove useful in discovering those who should have special supervision when diphtheria is present.  
Of course medical inspection should include not only the school children, but teachers and janitors also.

**How The War Started.**  
The following amusing explanation as to how the war started is given in the British-American:  
The Czar Prince was having a nice little chat with his father and apropos of nothing, said, "Father, who started this war?" "I know," said the father, playfully, "but I won't tell."  
"Did cousin George start it?" persisted the youth. "No," said his father. "Did cousin Nicholas?" "No," said papa. "Did Francis Joseph?" "No," said the old man. "Well, who did then?" "I'll tell you, son. You remember Teddy Roosevelt came out of Central Africa and called on me several years ago and I showed him our magnificent army; I showed him our great and glorious navy; I showed him our Z-pops and the submarines and the gas bag; and Teddy slapped me on the back greatly surprised and said, 'Hi, my boy, you can lick the whole world,' and, like a damn fool, I believed him."

**The Habit of Greediness.**  
Children are, as a rule, greedy little mortals, and it is much to themselves, or servants while eating, are apt to bolt their food, instead of masticating it properly; thereby sowing seeds of dyspepsia and other ills, which may cause years of terrible misery, pain and expense later on in life.  
Therefore, it is always best—even if it causes a little inconvenience and a little extra work on the part of the parent—to see that the child is eating and behaving in a proper way.

**Newspaper Staff of Three.**  
EDITED BY CONTRIBUTORS  
The London Gazette has probably the smallest staff of any newspaper in England. This organ of the Government publishes Orders in Council, military and naval appointments and promotions, statistics of cattle diseases, honours lists, and notices of bankruptcy.  
Since the war the number of supplements to the London Gazette, published twice a week, has risen from two or three a year to a daily issue. In spite of this increase the staff still consists of a superintendent and two assistants. The paper is edited by its contributors. Each Government office sends its quota of information directly to the contracting printer, who returns the proof to each office for revision.  
**Not a Matter For Prayer.**  
In a certain town where two brothers are engaged in a flourishing retail coal business, a series of revival meetings were held and the elder brother of the firm was converted.  
Four weeks after his conversion the brother who had lately "got religion" endeavored to persuade the other to join the church. One day, when the elder brother was making another effort, he asked:  
"Why can't you join the church, Richard, as I did?"  
"It's all right for you to be a member of the church," replied Richard, "but if I join who's going to weigh the coal?"

**Sleepless Nights With Eczema.**  
Mrs. Link, 12 Walker St., Halifax, N. S., states:—"After three years of miserable torture and sleepless nights with eczema, and after trying over a dozen remedies without obtaining anything but slight temporary relief, I have been perfectly and entirely cured by using Dr. Chase's Ointment. After the third or fourth application of this grand ointment I obtained relief, and a few boxes were sufficient to make a thorough cure."

All Philadelphia newspapers now selling at one cent have increased their price to two cents, beginning Jan. 30th. The high cost of newspaper paper and other materials entering into the making of a newspaper is given as the cause for the increase.