

WESTERN CANADA FACTORY: 787 NOTRE DAME AVENUE, WINNIPEG

that a circular letter be sent to all the Unions advocating Herd Law all the Verar round. At a meeting held on August 88, it was unanimously decided to pass a resolution requesting the govern-ment to take immediate action to act on the report of their committee on the Pork Packing Plant. At a general meeting held on October 9, a vote of sympathy was accorderd to those who had suffered by the disastrous prairies fire and a subscription list was opened on their behalf.

for and a subscription list was opened on their behalf. The following by-law was adopted to assist in the local work of the Union. Any member wishing to introduce any amendment or addition to existing by-laws shall submit a draft thereof to the secre-tary at any general meeting for considera-tion at the next general meeting. The officers wish to place on record their regret at the resignation of T. G. McPher-son, to whose energy and persevernee the Union owes so much, also of Messrs-Shaw and Berridge from the Directors and G. E. Goodall às secretary-treasurer, and wish to express their appreciation of the active help given by these members to the Union, especially the latter. During the past year this Union held a picnic and sports on July 1, and a dance on December 30, 1909, and both events proved very successful. It is intended to make both annual events. In con-clusion it is hoped that every member-will constitute himself a committee for the panel durthering the interests of the Union and of the whole of the United Farmers of Alberta. THOS. B. GOODALL, President CHAS. W. HARRINGTON, Sceretary-Treasurer

Report of the Tring Union Harvest Dance held on November 26, 1909. This dance was held at Tring School house and was a great success. It was well attended and everyone had a most enjoyable time. The net preced

The net proceeds amounted to \$24.25 and this was handed over to the secretary to be placed to the credit of the Union.

IRVINE SEED FAIR

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IRVINE SEED FAIR The second annual Irvine Seed Fair of an January 20, while not so largely been hoped, was still a decided success for of crops this year seemed to warrant of the option of the Board of Directors for option of the Board of Directors that the entries would be very numerous, for option of the Board of Directors that the entries would be very numerous, that the entries would be very numerous, that the entries would be very numerous, that the stated option of the judges, however, that the lack of quantity was how only a quality that would be hard to beat a quality that would be hard to beat any fair. Mr. Wooley's Turkey world mention, scoring 03% points out of a possible 100. Mr. Wooley also harder, here fail Reye and Tartar King Oats, here hibits worthy of mention were the entibility worthy of mention were how of a fully worthy of mentio

Wheat, K. P. Becker, Red Fife, and J. G. McLeish, Champion of England Garden Peas. It is expected that a number of these will be shown at the Provincial Seed

McLeish, Champion of England Garden Pess. It is expected that a number of these will be shown at the Provincial Seed Pair. The judges provided by the Dominion Seed Branch were all that could be desired and after the judging was concluded about fifty people listened to the able and inter-esting addresses by these gentlemen. During the addresses Wm. Keefer occu-pied the chair and discharged the duty in an able manner. Hugh MacKintock of Macleod spoke on the subject of Noxious Weeds. Thos. H. Woolford, of Cardston, spoke on Seed Selecting and breeding. Alfalfa Culture, The Subpacker and the Cultivation of the Young Crop.

Question Drawer

This department of the Guide is open to all readers, and it is hoped that they will take advantage of it. All questions relating to the problems of the farmer of Western Canada will be answered in this department. Write questions on one side of the paper only, and send only one question on one sheet of paper. Join is making this department of the greatest value.

COMPANY AND ASSOCIATION

Subscriber, Sask.—Are the Grain Grow-ers' Association and the Grain Growers' Grain Company one and the same com-pany: If not, who is at the head of the Grain Growers Grain Company?

Grain Growers Grain Company? Ans.—These are two separate and dis-tinct institutions. The Manitoba Grain Growers Association and the Saskatche-wan Grain Growers Association are or-ganizations of the farmers of the prov-inces for the purpose of securing legis-lation towards the improvement of con-ditions and also to improve the social and moral life of Western Canada. The Grain Growers' Grain Company is a farmers' company, in which the stock is held by farmers of the three prairie provinces. The company is a commercial one, handling farmers grain and does not in any way take on the functions

of the association. T. A. Crerar is president of the company. $\oslash \ \oslash \ \oslash$

NO WEATHER DEMURRAGE

NO WEATHER DEMURRAGE P.H.J., Alta.-When a farmer is load-ing a car and the weather turns stormy so that it is not a fit day to be out, does he have to pay demurrage for that day? Ans.-The law provides for payment of demurrage after 24 hours. The law makes no provision for foul weather but the railway company might.

000 KILLING THISTLES

Will some of our readers please tell a subscriber what, in their experience, had been the best method of killing Canadian thistles.

RAILWAYS RESPONSIBLE

H.B., Sask.—We have a set of public scales owned by the Grain Growers. If a car load of grain weighed over these scales, on reaching Winipeg, was found to weigh less than at time of loading, could owner of grain make railway put up for shortage?

Ans.-Yes. provided the scales are correct and absolute proof can be given of the quantity of grain placed in the car at time of loading.

SHIPPING RING

Can any of our readers tell an enquiring subscriber how to manage a "Shipping Ring?"

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We have been asked at times why it is our "Question Drawer" does not deal with matters outside the grain trade. We have stated several times that the Question Drawer is open to all readers of The Guine to ask questions regarding any subject of interest to western farmers. If there are other subjects upon which the readers of The Guine would like information, they should send in their questions.

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COLLECTING MACHINERY AC. COUNTS L.N. Sask — A farmer in Saskatchewan owing a bill to an implement firm, met the collector of the company in his local town on November 30, and offered to pay \$100 on his account. The collector did not know if his firm would agree to accept that payment, but promised to notify the farmer later on. In the meantime, he secured the farmer's signa-ture to a bill of sale for the \$100, the agent aying that he would give the farmer time to hold his grain until the prices were more favorable. On December 16, the implement company at the said local town, where the farmer marketed his grain, to make all checks and orders for the farmer's grain payable to them (the implement company). The im-plement company did not notify the armer whether they would accept his \$100, but held all his grain and stopped him drawing any money from the ele-vator company. The farmer has stopped shipping. The bill of sale which the signed it, Novenber \$0, 1900. Its such procedure legal, and can the elevator company garnishee grain for implement firms?

Ani.—It does not appear what the farmshee grain for implement firms? Ani.—It does not appear what the farmer conveyed by the bill of sale, but we conclude that the bill of sale, was of his grain. The consideration in the bill of sale, we presume, was \$100. We regret that the facts are not more clearly set out. The date when the bill of sale was given is not stated. The fact that it was anti-dated would not invalidate it. It is not shown what extension was given for the payment of the balance of the amount due the com-pany. If no extension was arranged, we presume the full amount was due. The company could not hold the bill of sale and take the benefit of it without acceeding to the arrangement of such extension, if any, made by the agent, nor could they hold the proceeds of the grain put into the elevator beyond \$100. without attachment proceedings.

