

LABOR TROUBLE

Foreign Labor in

be Difficult

FINANCING

of Bills Should be Un-

essity of New Loan

Time.

Dowling.)
There is a point in negotiation between the and the Employers that I have already alluded to by the Unions at the Shef. also pointed out that the there to the Government on war munitions and two agreements are sub- a very important dif- other concession of prin- in the latter the Amal- ers have trusted the good to the extent of formally work during the period not yet given their formal ept on their behalf by amption of course is that bringing upon themselves rliament which is certain

ill labor, though un- the moment, imports into harvest of future trouble. each month that it is pro- the task of ultimately in or in favor of the skilled the unskilled and unskilled me very fine—obviously employers that this should of the unskilled workmen I tend to make the dif- the point of invisibility, will take this opportu- carrier for ever, and they

oyers with regard to ap- gers. Along the Clyde induce lads to enter the r offering rates of wages remuneration offered in certain cases being ible here seems impos- is made an excuse prentices, no remedy can- isions when peace is de- difficulties as arise will be when it ceases there is violent upheaval, just as strength and energy ought endeavor to reconstruct industry. It remains of blind faith of the men in be justified. But after the great strike in little to encourage the Little blame can there- if they make so further im a Government depart-

of another problem, regaining, which is worthy departure has just been th the financing of the e briefly recapitulate ward raising the neces- We had first the war as followed by an issue 0,000,000 at 3 per cent. Finally ically Treasury bills at 5, taken up in Lombard

practically comes to an buyer of three, six, and counter of the Bank of ar a varying interest at the Treasury. The pos- if it is worked scienti-

it will obviate the ne- or some time to come, -favorably upon the dis-

and it shows that the its financial-advisers is

BONDS.
anby Consolidated Min- any has sold to White. rtage 6 per cent. con- rving the privilege of ers at par. The bonds at par until May 1, 1923, to subscribe for a fair 1-3 of the par value of e of business May 15-

GOLD.
Guaranty Trust Co. has old from Holland, of an announced, making Dutch Government, and ing purchase of mili- ntry.

NOTES.
g price for the \$40,000- per cent. notes is 99 1/2 for the 3-year notes.

EUGENE R. ANGERS
ANGERS
SOLICITORS
20 St. Nicholas St.
removing from the
121-122 Coristine
t. Montreal.

NOT MANY NEW CAMPHOR FORESTS ARE DISCOVERABLE

Inasmuch as Formosa produced nearly 10,000,000 lbs. of camphor in 1912, it will be seen that the trend is a very important one to the country. In a recent official report, it is said that the future of the industry excites some apprehension, owing to possible exhaustion of the existing camphor forests.

The tendency to diminution has, in fact, been officially admitted. It is nevertheless claimed that present resources are sufficient to maintain an annual output of about 6,000,000 lbs. for 18 years, and that by then the aforesaid scheme will be far enough advanced for that quantity still to be produced.

In 1913 about 3,000 acres were planted with 3,800,000 trees, and, as the scheme is to be continued for twenty years, large additions will ultimately be made to the existing reserves.

It does not appear that many new camphor forests are likely to be discovered, as the tree does not flourish more than 4,000 feet above sea-level, so that the mountainous interior will probably contribute but little. Effort exerted is being made to render the method of production more efficient.

In addition to distilling from the leaves, an attempt is being made to utilize profitably the dwarf camphor tree, which ordinarily produces very little. It is also intended to increase the efficiency of the 7,000 mills established in the country.

LONDON MARKETS INACTIVE.

London, April 28.—Markets inactive but steadier. Consols 6 5/8. War loan 84 5-16.

| New York | 1 p.m. | Equivalent. | Changes. |
|-----------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Amal. | 107 1/2 | 77 1/2 | Up 1/4 |
| Aitchison | 107 1/2 | 102 1/2 | Off 1/2 |
| Can. Pacific | 107 1/2 | 174 1/2 | Off 1/2 |
| Erle | 29 1/2 | 28 1/2 | Off 1/4 |
| M. K. & T. | 12 1/2 | 11 1/2 | Off 1/4 |
| So. Pacific | 96 1/2 | 92 1/2 | Unch. |
| Union Pac. | 136 1/2 | 131 1/2 | Up 1/4 |
| U. S. Steel | 60 1/2 | 58 1/2 | Up 1/4 |
| Demand Sterling | 4.80. | | |

SPOT WHEAT UNCHANGED.

Paris, April 28.—Spot wheat unchanged from Tuesday at 181 1/2.

THE HOP MARKET

New York, April 28.—There were no additional sales reported from the Pacific Coast hop markets yesterday, and the indications are that growers might be willing to make concessions if they could get bids somewhere near their asking prices.

The quotations below are between dealers in the New York market, and an advance is usually obtained from dealers to brewers.

States 1914. Prime to choice 11 to 13, medium to fine 10 to 11.

1913-Nominal. Old olds 5 to 6.

German 1914—32 to 33.

Pacific, 1914.—Prime to choice 11 to 13, medium to fine 10 to 11.

1912-5 to 10. Old olds 6 to 7.

Bohemian 1914—33 to 35.

COTTON MARKET STEADY.

New York, April 28.—Cotton opened steady. May 10 1/2 off 1/2; July 10 1/2, off 1/2; October 10 1/2, off 1/2; December 10 1/2, off 1/2; Jan. 10 1/2, off 1/2.

New York, April 28.—Cotton market quiet and steady. The effect of British governments prohibition of cotton exports to many European ports is undoubtedly producing some selling. Liverpool reports a narrow market with no buying power. It is estimated that notices totalling 30,000 bales were placed yesterday for delivery May 3.

LONDON METALS.

London, April 28.—Spot copper £50 12s. 6d. off 1s. 6d. Futures £52, off 10s. Electrolytic £58, off 10s. Spot tin £163 10s. off 11. Futures £164 10s. off 11s. Straits £157, unchanged. Sales, spot tin 100 tons. Futures 90 tons. Lead £21 5s, unchanged. Spelter £64 10s. up 2s 10s.

CHICAGO WHEAT WEAK.

Chicago, Ill., April 28.—Wheat weak. There was further liquidation on favorable winter wheat conditions. Scattered beneficial showers fell in the east. Cables were easier.

Corn was easier with wheat. Advances as to the crop start are satisfactory. Oats barely steady.

JUTE STILL DULL AND NOMINAL.

New York, April 28.—Jute is still dull and nominal though this being the fast end of the season, there is little surprise expressed at the lack of activity. Interest now centre about the new crop prospects. Calcutta is making few offers. April Jute 5 1/2 bid.

CASH WHEAT OPENED EASIER.

Liverpool, April 28.—Cash wheat opened easy off 1/2 to 1 from Tuesday. No. 2 hard winter 13s 9d. No. 3 soft winter 13s 7d. Cash corn opened firm unchanged from Tuesday. American mixed 8s 6d. La Plata 8s 5d.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Public Building, Grand Central Station, P. Q.," will be received at this office until 4.00 p.m. on Wednesday, May 19, 1915, for the construction of a Public Building, at Grande Mere, P. Q.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of Mr. Charles Lafond, Architect, Three Rivers, P. Q.; Mr. R. L. Deschamps, Overseer, Central Post Office, Montreal, P. Q.; at the Post Office, Grand Mere, P. Q.; and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residences. In the case of firms the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an acceptance on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fails to complete the work contracted for, or if the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the best or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works.

Ottawa, April 26, 1915.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department—78936.

PULP BUSINESS IS BECOMING BETTER

Spring Bringing more Normal Conditions and less Nervousness is Evident

---April business Fairly Good

EXPORTS ARE SMALLER

Outside of the Better Tone, No Great Activity Characterizes the General Situation—Large Contract Placed by the Eaton Co.

Market conditions in news print, which have been rather quiet for some time, are improving, as the advent of spring brings more advertising to the newspapers, which are resuming the normal number of pages prevailing before the outbreak of war. There has been some price cutting going on and a few low quotations made, but a leading member of the trade stated this week that a better understanding all around would soon prevail, and quotations resumed that will be more equitable. The export returns for January, while they show a decided falling off in news print, chemical pulp and ground wood from the month of December, 1914, which was one of the largest in that year, are above the exports of January, 1914, which is regarded as a good omen for future business.

The reason, that December exports were so heavy, was owing to special Christmas numbers and extra editions. The amount of news exported in January was \$1,085,019, which represents a twenty-five per cent. decline from the previous month, but sixteen per cent. higher than in January, 1914. In the eleven months of the fiscal year ending March 31st, the complete returns not yet having been tabulated for the whole twelve months, the figures show Canada shipped abroad \$11,485,438 worth of news. Of this, the United States took \$9,850,719, being the largest customer of the Dominion, Australia took \$504,900 worth, New Zealand \$416,886, Great Britain \$155,782, and other countries combined \$457,370.

There are a number of inquiries for ground wood and prices remain about the same, water conditions on the other side of the line being good. In January, Canada shipped abroad \$239,758, as compared with \$457,883 in December, 1914, and \$265,750 in January, 1914.

The market for ground wood varies according to conditions across the line, and there is no branch of the trade subject to greater fluctuations. In sulphite pulp, the situation remains about the same but some predict that, owing to uncertain conditions abroad there is bound to be an increase in price in the near future. Exports of chemical pulp in January amounted to \$393,778, and for the eleven months of the fiscal year total \$2,823,823. Of this amount, the United States took \$2,655,070.

Mechanical pulp for the eleven months of the fiscal year total \$4,049,450, of which the United States took \$2,493,500, Great Britain \$1,485,550 and other countries \$70,400.

In the book and writing line, mills are fairly active and business has been picking up considerably. A number of spring catalogues have been issued which has tended to keep plants busy. Annual statements and reports have been published by banks, insurance and financial companies which has also helped things along in the better grade of papers.

Wrappings are in fair requisition and buying is somewhat brisker, now that the Easter holidays are over, as stocks, in many instances, had run quite low. There has been an increase in prices of glazed kraft of thirty cents per hundred to jobbers, while the demand for kraft generally is good.

It is understood that the T. Eaton Co., Limited, of Toronto and Winnipeg, who recently received bids for supplying that firm with brown and grey kraft paper for the coming year, have awarded the contract to the Brompton Pulp and Paper Co. of East Angus, Que. The contract calls for about seven hundred tons to be delivered as required. While the price has not been learned definitely, it is said that the figure for brown kraft was around three and a quarter cents and for grey about three and a half.

Wholesale houses report April business in several lines to be up to last year for the same month. Of course, orders are smaller, but travellers have been going after trade all the more diligently. Glassine and grease-proof papers, manufactured in Canada for the first time are now on the market, and are expected to replace the imported products which, since the war, have been largely shut off. In the rag and paper stock arena things are stationary. There is a fair demand for clean mixed papers, folded news and over issues. In other respects matters are moving steadily but no great activity characterizes the situation.

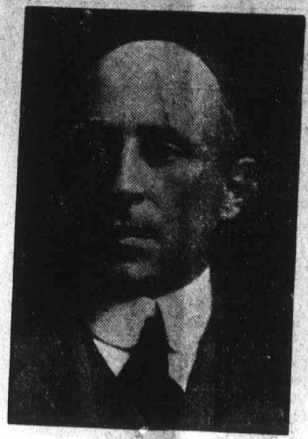
THE HIDE MARKET

hide situation yesterday.

The market for common dry hides was very quiet, with tanners holding aloof pending new developments. There were no sales reported and in the absence of transactions previous nominal quotations were repeated.

No changes were reported in wet or dry salted hides. City hides were quiet.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|--|--------|--------|
| Orinoco | 20 | 30 |
| Laguayra | 20 | 31 |
| Puerto Cabello | 20 1/2 | 30 1/2 |
| Caracas | 20 1/2 | 30 1/2 |
| Maracaibo | 31 | 31 |
| Guatemala | 31 | 31 |
| Central America | 30 | 31 |
| Ecuador | 24 | 24 |
| Bogota | 31 | 31 |
| Vera Cruz | 25 | 25 |
| Tampico | 25 | 25 |
| Tabasco | 25 | 25 |
| Tuxpam | 25 | 25 |
| Dry Salted Selected: | | |
| Payta | 20 | 20 |
| Maracaibo | 20 | 20 |
| Pernambuco | 20 | 20 |
| Matamoros | 20 | 20 |
| Wet Salted: | | |
| Vera Cruz | 17 | 17 |
| Mexico | 17 | 17 |
| Santiago | 16 | 16 |
| Cienfuegos | 16 | 16 |
| Havana | 16 1/2 | 16 1/2 |
| Sity slaughter spreads | 23 | 23 |
| Do, native steers, selected 60 or over | 19 | 19 |
| Do, branded | 17 1/2 | 17 1/2 |
| Do, Bull | 16 | 16 |
| Do, cow, all weights | 17 1/2 | 17 1/2 |
| Country slaughter steers 60 or over | 18 | 18 |
| Do, cow | 17 1/2 | 17 1/2 |
| Do, bull, 60 or over | 14 1/2 | 14 1/2 |



MR. CARL RIORDAN,
Vice-President Riordon Pulp & Paper Co., who is optimistic regarding the business outlook.

MILLION POUNDS OF FISH ARE SHIPPED EAST EACH MONTH

Over 9,000,000 Pounds of Fish Landed on West Coast in 1914—Improvement of Fishing Industry Has Been Steady—New Methods Being Used.

That the growth of the fishing industry in the coast waters of Northern British Columbia has shown a steady growth for the past three or four years, is a well-known fact, but few there are who know just how great this enlargement of trade has actually been. It may be a startling assertion to make, when it is said that over 9,000,000 pounds of fish made their way to the coast during the year 1914, but the figures are official. It has also been estimated that since the inauguration of "through" railway service from the Pacific Coast, over 1,000,000 pounds have been shipped east each month to the Prairie Cities, Chicago, Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, New York, etc.

For the year 1914, the catch was valued at more than \$5,000,000, and in the present year it will be larger and even more valuable. Many communities are now able to secure fresh sea fish for the first time and all markets obtain it fresher and in better condition than they have ever done. This shows a great deal of hard work and much unstinted labor.

During the course of developments, there has naturally been a centre of operations and for this purpose, Prince Rupert was chosen owing to its most convenient location. This is the centre not only of the deep sea trade, but of the salmon fishing industry which provides an annual revenue of over \$2,000,000. There are improvements being made in the service and manner of handling annually and further new methods are now planned.

ENGLISH WOOL MARKET QUIET.

Bradford, Eng., April 28.—(B. M. S.)—The wool market continues quiet. Spinners are taking goods off contract promptly, but little new buying is in evidence. Merinos are being neglected in anticipation of a softening in prices as August deliveries are now available at concessions of one penny. Aside from a moderate demand for 66s and 50s there is not much inquiry for crossbreds. The small stocks of English wool remaining are moving only slowly, but such sales as are made are at full rates. There is a little business going in mohair, but mohair spinners are still too busy with worsted yarns for army cloths to pay full attention to the development of their own trade.

In yarns for military cloths interest is confined to the French blue grays. Spinners have recently been asked to quote for substantial weights of these, and while some orders have been fixed up others are still open. As regards botany yarns spinners who are doing thick counts have already so much work on hand that they are reluctant to undertake more, though the opportunity is open. On the other hand, the demand for fine counts has fallen off somewhat.

WHEAT AND OATS DOING WELL.

Chicago, April 28.—Crop reports to western railroads, traversing Illinois, Iowa and the south say wheat and oats are doing well, but that rain is needed in Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky and Tennessee for pastures and meadows. Flowering for corn is well advanced and planting commenced. Mississippi and Louisiana corn and cotton planting is 50 per cent. completed. Indications point to average in rice and 10 per cent. above usual acreage in sugar. Rain is needed.

CROP BULLETIN.

Des Moines, Ia., April 28.—Iowa weekly crop bulletin says: Ideal conditions continued during the week for farm operation and growth of vegetation. Rapid progress was made in preparing ground for corn planting and considerable planting was done in the southern part of the state. Grass and small grains made good growth under effects of high temperatures and light showers, but a good soaking rain is needed to insure bountiful harvest.

PRELIMINARY CROP REPORT.

Minneapolis, Minn., April 28.—P. H. Peavey & Co. have a preliminary report on crops up to Saturday night, which indicates 10 per cent. increase in spring wheat, a decrease in Minnesota, and North Dakota compared with last year, and an increase in the two states of 13 per cent. in acreage, down to durum wheat.

COTTON FUTURES DULL.

Liverpool, April 28, 2 p.m.—Futures dull with prices at 4 1/2 and 5 points off. Sales 8,000 including 7,700 American. May-June 55 1/2; July-August 57 1/2; Oct.-Nov. 59 1/2; Jan.-Feb. 59 7/8.

ANOTHER LARGE STEEL ORDER.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 28.—The American Bridge Co. has received an order for 27,000 tons of steel to be used for subway construction in New York.

ORDER FOR STEEL RAILS.

Chicago, Ill., April 28.—Illinois Steel Co. has received an order for 2,000 tons of rails each from the Monon and Minneapolis and St. Louis.

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS.

Philadelphia, April 28.—Market opened dull and steady. Phila. Elec. 2 3/4. Lake Superior 7 1/2 off 1/4. Phila. Rapid Transit, 9 1/2 bid.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Boston, Mass., April 28.—Market opened firm. Butte & Superior 66 up 1/4. Granby 92 up 1/4. North Butte, 36 1/2 up 1/4.

MARCH EXPORTS UP; IMPORTS DECLINE

Total Trade for Month Amounting to \$110,540,998—Considerable Increase for Year

IMPORTS FOR YEAR SMALLER

Manufacturers' Exports Increased Nearly Double, as Did Agricultural Exports—Animal Products Also Higher.

Ottawa, April 28.—For the fiscal year, according to the statement of Canadian trade, just issued at Ottawa, is shown a grand total of \$1,078,172,240, as compared with \$1,112,562,107 for the previous year, a particularly good showing in view of the dislocation of the world's trade by the war, and the unfavorable economic conditions which prevailed before the war.

In the last month of the year a very decided improvement was noticeable, the trade total being \$119,540,998, as against \$92,887,053 in March, 1914.

Imports for the year amounted to \$557,364,363, and domestic exports to \$109,419,503. In 1914 the imports were \$633,564, and the domestic exports, \$431,589,658.

March imports which were \$54,520,229 in 1914, declined to \$40,858,179 in 1915, but the exports of domestic products showed a marked increase, the figures being \$26,701,026 in 1914, and \$45,118,922 in 1915. Imports of coin and bullion for the year were \$131,992,922, as against \$15,235,305 in 1914.

The statement to-day is particularly interesting in its reference to exports for the month of March, exports of manufacturers having increased from \$6,233,290 to \$15,600,790, agriculture from \$6,512,346 to \$12,438,145, and animal and mineral products from \$3,202,060 to \$5,471,249.

CALGARY PETROLEUM CO. ACQUIRES NEW OIL CO. AND INCREASES CAPITAL.

Calgary, Alta., April 28.—At the shareholders meeting of the Calgary Petroleum Company the acquisition by the company of the new corporation, the Calgary Petroleum Products, Ltd., and the winding up of the affairs of the original company were authorized. The new company is capitalized at \$1,500,000. The original company's capitalization was only \$150,000, which has all been subscribed and utilized and the reorganization is for the purpose of allowing the company an opportunity of raising fresh capital for development purposes.

Each \$10 share in the old company is exchangeable for 50 \$1 shares in the new. This leaves \$750,000 in new stock to be sold.

NEW YORK CURB.

New York, April 28.—Curb market opened about steady. Int.-Det. 9 1/2 to 9 3/4. Int.-Motors, 14 1/2 to 15 1/2. Anglo 18 to 18 1/2. Juncos, 16 to 16 1/2. American Zinc 39 1/2 to 39 3/4. N. Y. Transport, 14 1/2 to 14 3/4. Canadian Pacific not opened yet.

New York, April 28.—Curb market quiet and steady. Int.-Det. 9 1/2, up 1/4. N. Y. Transport, 14 1/2, off 1/4. Oil shares were neglected.

Stewart Mining quoted 1 1/4 to 1 3/4. Elec. Boat 8 1/2 to 8 3/4. pfd. 105 to 107. Chile Copper 2 1/2 to 3. Chile 78, 119 1/2 to 1 1/4. Int. Motors 15 to 16. Film 4 to 5. Juncos 15 1/2 to 3/4. American Zinc 39 1/2 to 19 1/4.

NEW YORK METALS.

New York, April 28.—Metal Exchange quotes tin firm, five ton lots 41 1/2 bid. Lead, 41 1/2 to 42. Spelter firm, spot, April 13 1/2 bid. May, 13 1/2 bid. June, 12 1/2. East St. Louis, 13 1/2 bid. Spot, April and May, 12 1/2 to 12. 50,000 pounds May sold East St. Louis, 13 1/2 and 50,000 East St. Louis sold 13.

BOVRIL COMPANY ATTAINING A REALLY STRONG POSITION

London, April 28.—When the Argentine Estates of Bovril was formed in 1909 a contract was entered into for large annual supplies of beef to the parent company till 1916-17 at a specified price.

That arrangement promised to be of mutual advantage, but owing to the greater cost of cattle, adverse conditions in Argentina and the uncertainties of the unexpired period, it was felt that the contract had become somewhat onerous for the Argentine Estates of Bovril—especially as that company was precluded from supplying other customers.

By friendly arrangement between the two companies the contract has been rescinded on fair terms, and, while Bovril will continue to be the chief customer of the Argentine Estates, the latter will not be debarred from supplying others.

The financial crisis in South America in the first half of 1914 and the later outbreak of war caused temporary withdrawal of credit facilities, but, as the chairman pointed out at the annual meeting, all such difficulties were surmounted, and the company seems to be attaining a really strong position.

FUTURES OPENED EASIER.

Liverpool, April 28.—Futures opened easier, 4 to 6 points off. At 12.30 p.m. the market was barely steady.

| | Close. | Dec. | Open. |
|-----------|--------|----------|-------|
| May-June | 5.63 | 5.63 | 5.57 |
| July-Aug. | 5.78 | 5.72 1/2 | 5.74 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 5.96 | 5.94 | 5.91 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 6.02 | 6.00 1/2 | 5.98 |

At 12.30 p.m. there was a fair demand for spots, prices easier with middlings 5.68d. Sales, 8,000 bales, receipts 14,000 bales, including 7,700 American.

Spot prices at 12.45 p.m. were: American middlings fair, 6.60d, good middlings, 6.04d; middlings, 5.88d, low middlings, 5.24d; good ordinary, 4.84d, ordinary, 4.54d.

N. Y. COFFEE MARKET.

New York, April 28.—Rio market unchanged. Stock 450,000 bags, against 227,000 last year. Santos unchanged, stock 718,000 bags, against 1,181,000. Port receipts 27,000 against 19,000 year ago.

Rio exchange on London 12 1/4d up 3-3/4d.

NAVAL STORES MARKET

New York, April 28.—There was a better inquiry for naval stores reflecting the weather which is now favorable for painting. The demand is particularly good for turpentine, which rules firm at the basis of 49c.

Tar is quiet and steady at the old basis of \$5.00 for kiln burned and 50c for retort. Pitch is repeated at \$4.00.

Rosins are well maintained with a fair export inquiry for Europe. The domestic inquiry is routine as the manufacturers are going slow for the present. Common to good strained is held at \$3.65.

The following were the prices of rosins in the yard: B, \$2.70 to \$3.80; C, \$3.70 to \$3.85; D, \$3.80 to \$3.90; E, \$3.90 to \$3.95; F, \$4.05 to \$4.00; G, \$4.00 to \$4.10; H, \$4.05 to \$4.20; I, \$4.05 to \$4.20; K, \$4.40; M, \$4.75 to \$4.85; N, \$5.00 to \$5.70; W G, \$6.00 to \$6.10; WW \$6.20 to \$6.25.

Savannah, Ga., April 27.—Turpentine firm 4 1/2c to 4 3/4c, sales 262, receipts 817, shipments 513, stock 20,061. Rosin firm, sales 2,936, receipts 3,030, shipments 3,669, stock \$1,929.

Quote—A, B, \$2.20; C, D, \$2.10; E, \$2.45; F, \$2.55; G, \$2.65; H, \$2.75; K, \$3.35; M, \$4.20; N, \$4.15; W G, \$5.60; WW \$4.70.

Liverpool, April 27.—Turpentine spirits 28s, Rosins common 12s.

THE PULP & PAPER Magazine of Canada

Edited by Roy Campbell, B.A., B.Sc.F.

The Leading Technical Trade Journal in the English-speaking Pulp and Paper World

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Published semi-monthly by
THE INDUSTRIAL & EDUCATIONAL PRESS, LIMITED
35-45 ST. ALEXANDER STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA