

which it flows. And on the other hand, when the Wind opposes its Current, it lessens its Velocity and keeps out the Water proportionable in this Case as it forces it in the other. — And this Deponent saith, that the Consequences appearing to him to arise from these two indisputable Facts (as this Deponent apprehends and believes the same to be) are, first, That if *Hudson's Bay* were an Inland Sea, and had no other Supply of Water than what it receives through *Hudson's Streights* (which, according to the Trial made by Captain *Fox*, is spent at *Cary's Swan's Nest*, where the Tides rose but six Feet when he try'd the same, as appears by the Journal publish'd by him) there would be no higher Tides or Currents in *Hudson's Bay* than what are found in the Inland Seas abovemention'd, or at most, not one half so high as upon this Deponent's Trial thereof, as aforesaid, they appear'd to be; for this Deponent cannot conceive how it is possible that a Tide rising but six Feet at *Cary's Swan's Nest*, should, after flowing some hundred Miles further from the Place from whence the Eastern Tide is suppos'd to come, rise to the height of 17 Feet, as it was found to do near *Cape Dobbs*, unless it met with another Tide from the Northward or Westward. — And, Secondly, North-west Winds producing the highest Tides in *Hudson's Bay*, makes it evident to this Deponent, that the extraordinary Increase of Water occasion'd thereby, is brought from another Ocean lying to the Westward of the said Bay, and cannot come from the *Atlantic Ocean*, as those Winds would in such Case oppose it, — and which also may be further illustrated and confirm'd by a parallel Instance arising on the Eastern Coast of *England*, where North-west Winds make greater Tides than Easterly Winds do; and (as has been generally agreed) from the same Cause, *to wit*, that the great Ocean from