February, 1878.

(From the Canadian Naturalist, Vol. VIII. No. 7.) NOTES S. S.

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SCOTTIS'H DEVONIAN PLANTS.

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(Read before the Edinburgh Geological Society, 20th Dec. 1877, D. Milne Home, Esq., LL.D.. President, in the chair.)

Since the publication of my Memoirs on Devonian Plants, in the Journal of the Geological Society of London and in the Reports of the Canadian Geological Survey, I have watched with some interest the progress of discovery in the Devonian Flora of Scotland, and desire now to make a few remarks on new and critical forms, and on opinions which have been expressed by workers in this field.

Previously to the appearance of my descriptions of Devonian plants from North America, Hugh Miller had described forms from the Devonian of Scotland, similar to those for which I proposed the generic name Psilophyton; and I referred to these in this connection in my earliest description of that genus.* He had also recognized what seemed to be plants allied to Lycopods and Conifers. Mr. Peach and Mr. Duncan had made additional discoveries of this kind, and Sir J. Hooker and Mr. Salter had described some of these remains. More recently Messrs. Peach, Carruthers and McNab have worked in this field, and in the present year † Messrs. Jack and Etheridge have summed up the facts and have added some that are new.

The first point to which I shall refer, and which will lead to the other matters to be discussed, is the relation of the characteristic Lepidodendron of the Devonian of Eastern America, L. Gaspianum, to L. nothum of Unger and of Salter. At the time when I described this species I had not access to Scottish specimens of Lepidodendron from the Devonian, but

^{*} Journal Geological Society, London, 1859.

^{&#}x27;† Ibid, 1877.