

Imports of TCL products also rose in 2010, up \$322 million to \$16.0 billion. As with exports, gains were widespread, with only 4 of the 19 major categories that make up this group posting declines over their 2009 levels. Gains were small across the group, with leather articles registering the largest increase, at \$90 million. Similarly, losses were small, with imports of woven apparel down the most, at \$113 million, followed by furskins at \$11 million.

Imports from China were up the most (\$177 million), followed by Cambodia (up \$63 million), Poland (up \$48 million) and Mexico (up \$36 million). At the same time, imports from the Netherlands were down the most, at \$48 million, followed by India (down \$44 million).

With exports rising by \$347 million and imports up by only \$322 million, the trade deficit for TCL products improved marginally (down \$24 million) to \$11.6 billion in 2010.

Consumer Goods and Miscellaneous Manufactured Products¹⁵

Exports of consumer and miscellaneous manufactured products fell by \$2.2 billion in 2010. All of the decline was attributable to special provisions, in particular to reductions in unclassifiable exports (generally these are low-value export transactions and confidential commodities), repairs, and goods of U.S. origin returning to the United States without transformation. Once these special provisions are removed from consideration, exports of the remaining consumer and miscellaneous manufactured products increased by \$303 million, with some 85 percent of the advance attributable to furniture and bedding, which rose by \$259 million last year.

Seats, other than barber and dental seats, led the gains for furniture exports as they rose by \$307 million in 2010. The principal export category was "parts for seats," which accounted for 94 percent of all exports of these products. The main destination for exports of seats was the United States, which accounted for some 90 percent of the overall shipments abroad.

Exports of toys, games, and sports equipment, the next largest subcomponent, also increased last year, up \$34 million. A \$107 million gain in articles for funfair, table or parlor games was mostly offset by declines in toys, sporting goods, and other entertainment articles, which fell by \$47 million, \$31 million, and \$11 million, respectively.

Imports of consumer and miscellaneous manufactured products were up \$1.1 billion last year, with just under 40 percent of the gain attributable to special provisions. After taking these special provisions into account, imports of consumer and miscellaneous manufactured products were up by \$664 million. Furniture and bedding accounted for the increase, up \$780 million last year; all other major subcomponents that comprise this group registered fewer imports last year than in 2009.

All subcomponents of furniture and bedding registered increased imports in 2010: seats and their parts accounted for just over half the increase, with miscellaneous furniture and lamps and lighting fixtures accounting for another 30 percent of the overall increase.

Articles for funfair, table or parlor games registered the largest decline in consumer products, down an overall \$211 million in 2010. A \$303-million decline in imports of these products from China was behind the decline.

¹⁵ HS Chapters 66, 67, and 91 through 99.