Northwest Review

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SATURDAY, APRIL, 15, 1905.

Calendar for Next Week.

APRIL;

16-Palm Sunday. Commemoration o Blessed Joseph Benedict Labre.

- 17-Monday in Holy Week.
- 18-Tuesday in Holy Week.
- 19-Wednesday in Holy Week. 20-Maundy Thursday.
- 21-Good Friday.
- 22-Holy Saturday.

IMMIGRATION RETURNS FAVOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS

Mr. J. F. Tennant, Manitoba Government Immigration Agent at Gretna, close to the boundary line, writes us under date of the 7th inst.

"For your information I give you a comparative statement of immigration coming from the United States for the month of March, 1905. You may have perhaps noted that certain Winnipeg newspapers have insinuated, through the correspondence admitted for publication in their columns, that the 'school question had deterred immigration from the United States to the North West Territories,' and further, that 'farmers were ready to sell their holdings and leave the country over it.' "

"Well, if the figures I am about to give constitute a determent of immigration let us hope that the agitation on the school question will be kept up; for, apart from the necessary result of such a discussion upon all fairminded men of either political party, who will thereby be brought to recognize the rights of the minority to follow the dictates of their conscience, here is the statistical proof of the extraordinary increase of immigration in March, 1905, as compared with March 1904."

In order to bring the following tables within the compass of a newspaper column, we here note, onee for all that the first line represents the returns for March, 1905, the second, the returns for March, 1904, and the third line, the difference between the two, which is, with one slight exception, always in favor of 1905.

Total

392

Adults		
Males	Females	Children
268	126	316
104	82	206
	**	****
164	44	110

318 Stock Horses Cattle Sheep Swine CarLots 1122 567 53 244 443 235 69 108 779 332 82-16136

In the above tables it will be noticed how the only difference that favors 1904 is 16 swine. This is certainly a rehappy coincidence -that in a public discussion where the arguments and caricatures of our opponents are often so extremely hoggish, the only creatures that seem to be deterred by the agitation are a few pigs.

Mr. Tennant continues:

"The total value of importations by settlers coming from the United States into the Canadian North West Territories, and making a free entry of their goods in the Canada Customs ports of entry on the International Boundary Line, outside of all those who entered in bond destined to clear the Customs at inland ports of entry, like Winnipeg Portage la Prairie, Brandon, etc., was \$202,197 for the month of March, 1905, as against \$68,541 for the month of March, 1904. This shows a gain of \$133,656, very nearly three times as

COURAGEOUS STATESMANSHIP

The subjoined editorial remarks of the "Casket," in its issue of March 30, are so fully in accord with our own views

that we gladly subscribe to them here. "Three weeks ago," writes the farseeing editor of our Antigonish contemporary, "we feared that the educa-

remedial legislation, but when the court in the Empire declared they had an undoubted grievance, it was plain that they need never more look for redress to the Federal Parliament once them. Their only hope in the future was to forestall any attempt to deprive them of their rights. This is exactly what the courageous statesmanship of Sir Wilfrid Laurier has now done for them. The Act of Parliament which has made Manitoba a Province proved open to misconstruction on the question of separate schools. The Privy Council told the minority that they had misconstrued it in supposing that it guaranteed the continued existence of their schools. We, on our part, believe yet as we believed then, that it was the Privy Council which was guilty of misconstruction. At all events we do not wish such a dispute to occur again and the only way to prevent it with absolute certainty was that adopted by the Government in drawing up the Autonomy bill for Alberta and Saskat-

THE SCHOOL QUESTION

The following article, from the Chicago The following article, from the Chicago Daily News of February 1, 1904, will be found very opportune just now when the principle of religion in schools is so fiercely attacked. Our Chicago contemporary said:-

Discussions now carried on in various Catholic organizations of laymen an+ Catholic organizations of laymen and public utterances and writings of priests on the position of Archbishop city, vigorous,y combated by various in statement and so unambiguously Protestant bodies, are bringing the sub- worded that to review it is a positive ject to the fore with inereasing earnest-

Jesuit priests have taken up the discussion of the proposition involved in the controversy, as have priests of the Benedictine order, the Resurrectionists congregation and other religious orders. An answer to the critics of the archbishop and the Church was made by the Rev. T. E. Sherman, S.J., the Jesuit, a few days ago in a lengthy statement which has been sent broadcast. To-day the director of the American League of the Cross and the oldest and best known Jesuit educator in this country, the Rev. James M. Hayes, S.J., who is now at St. Ignatius college, has come forward with a statement with reference to the situation and outlining the Catholic Church position on the public schools. Voicing the sentiment of the Catholic laity and clergy in the controversy, the Rev. James M. Hayes in his statement a copy of which was given out to the Daily News, sets out the following:

"In reply to an alleged severe arraignment of the present public school system by His Grace the Archbishop of Chicago, series of resolutions and statements have been given out by ministers of different denominations, and among these a set by the Chicago Baptist Ministers' Association.

Answer to the Baptists

ed to be in the confidence of the Government we referred to its policy as niggardly and precarious. We are happy to say that our fears have not been justified. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has stood to his guns in the face of assaults which might have made him doubt whether it would not be wiser to retreat. The only difference between the bill as it first read and the bill as amended is that the latter makes it clear that in order to draw public moneys, the separate schools must in all respects conform to the requirements of the law. Whatever others may have thought we have always believed in certificated teachers and Government inspection wherever State aid was sought and we welcome those provisions for the schools of the new Provinces because we believe they will raise and uphold the standard of efficiency. As to Mr. Borden's speech, we scarcely know what to say of it. It is an elaborate constitutional argument better suited to the law courts than to the House of Commons. If it proved its case it would destroy all guarantee for the rights of religious minorities outside of Quebec and Ontario, and make them what the Ottawa 'Citizen' calls them in the Northwest "Squatters on other people's land." It is true they are told that they have the protection of country refused to grant them that protection in a case where the highest their rights had been wrested from

would merely express my admiraton for the unhesitating spirit of loyalty to honest conviction implied in it. In re-Quigly on the school question in this gard to the second one, it is so precise ject to the fore with an increasing earnest pleasure even to one who, like myself, disagrees in toto with its contents.

"The charges denied by this second resolution are that the system is 'godless,' that it is 'un-American,' that it is 'unfair to Catholics.' Let us consider each charge separately. beginning with the last mentioned.

"Is the present public school system unfair to Catholics? Bearing in mind that rightfully or wrongfully it is mainly on conscientious motives that Catholics base their objections to the system, the answer may perhaps be given in words of non-Catholic Authorities.

Quotes Judge's Opinion

"Judge Waterman of Boston about

share of benefit.' "In the first of their resolutions the matters now stand the non-religionist Baptists Ministers' Association set forth party are, in some of our states, oppres-,We affirm our confidence in our public sors.' The non-religionist exacts moschool system and our loyalty to it.' In ney from the religionist for the purposes the second resolution it is stated: 'Re- of a common education, and then refuses solved that we deny the charges that the religionist any voice or influence tional clauses of the Autonomy bill were the system is godless, un-American and in the management of that education. to be amended so as to render them of unfair to Catholics.' In the third re- For me, a religionist, believing that a little value. Even a week ago relying solution the Baptist Ministers most emccertain moral culture should be joined ed jurist in Massachusetts, as 'oppres-

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charges to be 'undemocratic' and 'un-American' as well as 'unwarranted.'

"In regard to the first resolution, I

a dozen years ago, when stating the strong legal and constitutional objection to the grievance at that time, as now, protested against by Catholics, uses the following editorial language in Waterman's Journal: 'It would certainly seem to be an act of tyranny on the part of the majority to tax the minority for the support of schools which they honestly think are doing more harm than good, from which they cannot derive their full

"In 1880 a California state council of Congregational clergymen convened in San Francisco, adopted a carefully prepared report touching the school question. The spirit of this report may be seen from the following extract: 'As upon reports in newspapers which seem- phatically declare the making of such to all moral culture: believing indeed,

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the two cannot by any possibility be separated; believing that the absence of positive moral culture is a culture in MANUFACTURER, - - WINNIPEG immorality, just as the absence of certain elements in the atmosphere leaves it poisonously noxious for me. I can pay but can have no say; there must be two taxes and only one voice.

Refers to College President

"In December 1888, the Rev. J. B. McMichael, D.D., the scholarly president of the Protestant institution, Monmouth College, Illinois, expresses himself very frankly on the subject.

"After commenting on a then recent plaint of President Porter's that 'the tide is now setting strongly toward the complete secularization of our public educational system,' the Rev. Mr. Mc-Michael continues: 'Such schools do not provide an education such as the church requires, and therefore she must educate her own children. . . . She only asks that she be not robbed of her resources by taxation and compelled to support an atheistic system that robs her hearthstones and her altars of her

sons and daughters.' "Now it seems to me that if a system characterized as 'tyranny' by an honor-(Continued on Page 5.)

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