

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

WM. B. HAMILTON,
(Late CHILDS & HAMILTON),

MANUFACTURERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

BOOTS & SHOES,15 & 17 FRONT STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.**THOMAS LAILEY and CO.,**
IMPORTERS

AND

Wholesale Clothiers,

DEALERS IN

AMERICAN RUBBER CLOTHING.

WAREHOUSE:|

6 FRONT STREET WEST,
TORONTO.

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

SESSIONS, COOPER & SMITH,

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

35, 38 & 40 FRONT STREET WEST,

Toronto, Ontario.

JAS. COOPER.

J. C. SMITH.

KING & BROWN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

NO. 27 FRONT ST., TORONTO.

Our fine lines are now made as follows:—Men's in two widths, B. & C. sizes and half do.; Boys' in two widths, B. & C. sizes and half do.; Ladies' in seven widths, AA, A, A½, B B½, C & C½ sizes and half do. Straights and Rights and Lefts; Misses' in two widths, B & C sizes and half do.; Childrens in two widths, B & C sizes and half do. Rights and Lefts and Straights. Each boot is stamped on bottom and lining with our name, width and size. AA, very narrow; A, narrow; A½, slight medium B, medium B½, Full medium C, wide, C½ very wide.

J. D. KING.

CHAS. BROWN.

H. A. NELSON & SONS,

IMPORTERS OF

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BROOMS, BRUSHES & WOODEN WARE

of every description.

56 & 58 Front Street West,
TORONTO.91 to 97 St. Peter Street,
MONTREAL.

effect, or perhaps we should say cause, of those of G. P. Mitchell & Co., Halifax; and a prominent French Canadian house in groceries is freely talked of on the street and in the papers. Money amongst the retailers, and for general circulation, is unquestionably scarce, and it is hard to get for any speculative purpose. Our banks, however, are very reasonable with people who have any back-bone, and do not refuse discounts, unless to discourage renewals, or to prevent kite-flying, two crusades in which we ought to wish them all success.

A PRESS-TELEGRAM, in very poor taste, and to the following effect, comes from Ottawa:—"The Ottawa assignees appointed are Messrs. F. Clemow, W. Fingland and D. S. Eastwood, the former a pronounced Conservative, the second a Reformer, and the third a political hermaphrodite. There is a good deal of disgust here among the supporters of the Government at the nature of the appointments." Possibly the writer of the above would like to have the American system, so often denounced by prudent observers as fatal to good administration, adopted in Canada, and have all officers and functionaries of law, of order, and of civil service changed at every change of Government, to harmonize with the political colour of the Cabinet

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

TO THE TRADE.**HUGHES BROTHERS**
SHOW THIS WEEK

- 4 Cases Worsted Coatings.
- 1 Case New Corsets.
- 1 Case Ribbons.
- 1 Bale Striped Prints.
- 1 Case Linens.
- 1 Case Small Wares.

(Per Cargo Express.)

Stock well assorted. Orders carefully filled and promptly shipped. Terms Liberal.

HUGHES BROTHERS,
62 YONGE STREET.

Toronto July, 1875.

FALL 1875.**JOHN ROBERTSON, SON & CO.,**

Offer complete stock in

**DRESS GOODS,
WINCEYS,
BLACK LUSTRES,
STAPLES,**

Ready for the inspection of Buyers visiting this market.

JOHN ROBERTSON, SON & CO.,
24 & 26 Wellington Street West.

of the day. We refuse to think that Messrs. Fingland and Clemow will make any the worse Assignees because one chances to be liberal and the other the reverse in politics. We even think it quite possible that a gentleman who professes to be a neutral politically, may be a good officer for the post he is to fill, if he has, as we know Mr. Eastwood to have, sufficient business experience, a good record, and the needed ability.

OIL MATTERS IN PETROLIA.

(From our own Correspondent.)

PETROLIA, Aug. 23rd, 1875.

A few new wells going down in the west near the well lately struck by Van Alstyne, which was said to be doing over 200 barrels per day. At any rate it was good for 100. It was very full of gas, and used to suddenly flow. Last week it took a flowing spirit, and the oil was forced through the tube used to supply the boiler with gas as fuel; this ended in the entire destruction of the derrick and engine house by fire. It is being rapidly rebuilt.

The building of Laney's new refinery, and the resuscitating of two old ones makes, the London Oil Refiners Association matters mixed, and they may decline to go on by way of rent, but in any event they are so strong within themselves that they can and will control the market, and make things blue with other small refiners. The refineries that are being placed against them are mere speculations, not with a view to better the market or assist the crude oil business, but to draw blood if possible from the Association. The price of crude has not changed, being \$1.25 by the crude Association and from 80 to 85c. outside.

Refined 24½c. by car load lots.
Business here very dull.

year he knew their failure was inevitable. The amount of goods, of which no account can be given, is very large, and additional complication is given to the winding up, from the firm having adopted a new method of book-keeping last January.

THE feeling in Montreal this week is one of unusual excitement, not to say apprehension. Much of this is needless, and much of it is the result of a rumor that the Directors of the Jacques Cartier Bank are each and all to be summarily "put through" for their share of the bank's liability to the Government, a heavy sum to be sure, and that disaster will overtake the whole of them. But the unreflecting public do not stop to consider that there is some return to be expected from the bank's assets, and further that the Government is not likely to be summary in pressing people in their position. These considerations modify the situation somewhat. Apart from this, however, there are matters justifying some uneasiness: a house in the iron and machinery line has failed, and has embarrassed others. At least one wooden and one iron manufacturer have got extensions.

THERE is some commotion in the leather trade. First, a weak shoe house named Laurin & Co. got into difficulties and were compromised with, much to the indignation of others in the same trade. Then an old concern, and presumably a good one, Rolland & Son, stopped, and professed poverty to the extent of \$40,000 deficit. Now, two very respectable leather houses have suspended, and one of these will likely affect some tanners and others in Quebec. It is very easy, on the strength of these facts, to start rumours, and to get believers in them, all which affects sales, prevents confidence, and tends to restriction by the banks. The grocery trade is not without its stir in this direction. James Mitchell, a considerable operator in West India goods, has assigned, his troubles being the