

The Angelus in Spain.

The Angelus in Spain has thus been beautifully described by a Protestant traveler: "At sunrise a large, soft-toned bell is thrice tolled from the tower of the Cathedral summoning all the inhabitants, wherever they are or however occupied, to devote a few moments to the performance of a short prayer in honor of the Blessed Virgin, called the 'Angelus Domini.' At mid day and again at the close of the evening, the bell thrice tolls again. To a foreigner it is curious and not uninteresting to observe the sudden and fervent attention, which is paid in the streets, within and without doors, in the Alameda, on the river, by everybody, high and low, the idler and the laborer, infancy and old age, to this solemn sound. The loiterers in the promenade are suddenly stopped, and each group repeats within its own circle the consoling prayer. The politician breaks off his argument, the young men are abashed in their gay discourse, and take off their hats, the carriages are all drawn up, all the worldly business and amusements are forgotten for three minutes, till the cheerful tinkling of lighter bells announces that the orison is over."—*Catholic Review.*

A Chinese Horror.

A Canton correspondent sends this account of a terrible disaster in a country town about fifty miles from Canton, which occurred early last month, and resulted in the loss of nearly 2,000 lives. A band of robbers made a raid on the village of Kam Li, in the Shin Hing district. They first levied a tribute of several thousand taels on the priests of the temple. The latter had just received large offerings from the people, who were celebrating a holiday with a dramatic entertainment under a big shed temporarily erected in front of the temple. The angry robbers applied torches to this shed, and the people in a panic rushed into the temple for refuge. The main entrance of the temple, which was of wood, caught fire from the fierce heat of the burning shed, and over 1,400 men, women and children were either burned, smothered or trampled under foot. Most of the fatalities resulted from suffocation, as a strong wind drove the smoke into the temple. At the time of writing the roll of missing numbered 1,940, and it may be that some of these were burned beyond recognition. The disaster is the worst that has occurred in South China for several years.

A New Version of an Old Tale.

The present Columbian times have recalled to public memory the biography of Christopher Columbus as it was written by a school-boy in the Midlands, Eng., twenty years ago. The master told the boys to write each a short essay on the great navigator, and the following is the only one that has withstood the ravages of the tooth of Time. We give it complete: "Columbus was a man who could make an egg stand on end without breaking it. The King of Spain said to Columbus, 'Can you discover America?' 'Yes,' said Columbus, 'if you will give me a ship.' He had a ship, and sailed over the sea in the direction where he thought America ought to be found. The sailors quarrelled, and said they believed there was no such place; but, after many days, the pilot called to him, and said, 'Columbus, I see land.' 'Then that is America,' said Columbus. When the ship got near, the land was full of black men. Columbus said, 'Is this America?' 'Yes, it is,' said they. 'I suppose you are the niggers?' 'Yes,' they said, 'we are,' and the chief said, 'I suppose you are Columbus?' 'You're right,' said he. Then the chief turned to his men and said, 'There is no help for it: we are discovered at last.'"

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

1893.  
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We beg to tender our thanks to smokers for their hearty appreciation of our efforts in the past to furnish them with the Highest Grade Goods consistent with prices charged, and to assure them that no effort will be spared to continue to cater with ONLY the CHOICEST the market of the world affords. Our brands this year will be found even BETTER THAN EVER. Our name is a guarantee of the best value at lowest prices.

We buy no CHEAP tobacco. Quality at any price is our motto, not quantity at the lowest prices. We do not manufacture CHEAP cigars. Our goods are High Grade. Cost no more to the consumer than Cigars of greatly inferior quality that are persistently foisted upon the public by some dealers for the sake of additional gain.

When you ask for our brands "Cable Extra," "Kicker," "Mungo," "Madro E. Hijo," "El Padre," "La Cadena," and "La Flora," Clear Havana Cigars, the cream of the Havana crops, you secure yourself against inferior value.

Those dealers, who state they are "just out," or don't handle them, or have better value, etc., are the ones who are not satisfied with a reasonable profit.

By insisting upon having our brands you protect yourself.

With best wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year,

We beg to remain,

Very gratefully yours,

S. DAVIS & SONS.

TORONTO POSTAL GUIDE. During the month of January, 1893, mails close and are due as follows:

	Close.	Due.
G. T. R. East	a.m. p.m. 6.15 7.45	a.m. p.m. 7.15 10.20
O. and Q. Railway	8.00 8.00	8.10 9.10
G. T. R. West	7.30 3.25	12.40pm 7.40
N. and N. W.	7.20 4.10	10.15 8.10
T. G. and B.	6.50 4.30	10.45 8.50
Midland	7.00 3.35	12.30pm 9.30
C. V. R.	6.30 4.00	11.15 9.55
G. W. R.	a.m. p.m. 12.00 9.00	a.m. p.m. 2.00 7.30
	6.15 4.00	10.30 8.20
	10.00	
U. S. N. Y.	6.15 12.00	9.00 5.45
		4.00 10.30 11.00
U. S. West States	6.15 10.00	9.00 7.20
	12.00	

English mails close on Mondays at 10 P.M., and Thursdays at 7.15 and 10 p.m. The following are the dates of English mails for January: 2, 5, 9, 12, 16, 19, 23, 26, 30.

N.B.—There are branch post offices in every part of the city. Residents of each district should transact their Saving Bank and money Order business at the local office nearest to their residence, taking care to notify their correspondents to make orders payable at such branch post office.

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THE MARKETS.

TORONTO, January 18, 1893.

Wheat, fall, per bush.....	\$0 65	0 69
Wheat, red, per bush.....	0 64	0 66
Wheat, spring, per bush....	0 61	0 62
Wheat, goose, per bush....	0 58	0 60
Barley, per bush.....	0 43	0 47
Oats, per bush.....	0 31	0 33
Peas, per bush.....	0 55	0 56
Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs....	8 25	8 75
Chickens, per pair.....	0 40	0 50
Butter, per lb.....	0 22	0 24
Eggs, new laid, per dozen....	0 27	0 30
Parsley, per doz.....	0 15	0 20
Turnips, per bag.....	0 30	0 35
Cabbage, new, per doz.....	0 40	0 50
Celery, per doz.....	0 50	0 00
Onions, per bag.....	0 90	1 00
Lettuce, per doz.....	0 15	0 00
Asparagus, per doz.....	0 40	0 00
Radishes, per doz.....	0 20	0 00
Carrots, per bag.....	0 40	0 50
Potatoes, per bag.....	0 75	0 85
Beets, per bag.....	0 60	0 65
Apples, per bbl.....	1 00	2 00
Hay, timothy.....	8 00	10 00
Straw, sheaf.....	7 50	8 00

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

TORONTO, Jan 17.—The seasonable weather has stimulated our business somewhat; the local enquiry to-day was active, prices were steady with an upward tendency, and about everything was sold out early.

CATTLE—Prices for the best lots of cattle have ranged from 3½ to 3¾ per pound, and a few selected animals sold at 4c. Four lots were purchased for shipment to Montreal; they averaged between 1,050 and 1,070 lbs, and sold at 3½ per pound. A lot of 20, averaging 1,075 lbs, sold at 3¾; a lot of 21, averaging 1,000 lbs, sold at \$32.50 each; a lot averaging 950 lbs, sold at \$31 each; a lot averaging 1,050 lbs, sold at \$40 each; a lot of 17, averaging 1,080 lbs, sold at \$33 each; and a mixed lot of 13 sold at an average of 3½ per pound. Prices were very good for good cattle and steady for medium and inferior.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—A few less than 150 came in, and as the supply was so small prices were strong but unchanged at from \$3.50 to \$5 each for bunches of lambs with which were mixed a few sheep. The demand for sheep is at present nominal, as are also prices. Lambs are wanted.

CALVES—Only a few odds and ends came in that sold on private terms, which means generally prices so low that neither buyer nor seller care to state them. Good calves are wanted and will realize well.

HOGS—The only department of the live stock trade in which there is any life just now is among the hogs, and here business begins to hum, and whatever is brought along goes. As barely one hundred hogs were sent in this morning the trading was soon over, as everything sold at once. For the best hogs on the market \$6.75 per cwt. was easily obtained, and plenty more would have gone at these figures; stores brought \$6.25 per cwt; and rough sold easily at from \$5.60 to \$5.80 and even \$6.

Neatness in Girls.

Neatness is a good thing for a girl, and if she does not learn it when she is young; she never will. It takes a great deal more neatness to make a girl look well than it does to make a boy look passable. Not because a boy, to start with, is better looking than a girl, but his clothes are of a difference sort, not so many colors in them, and people don't expect a boy to look as pretty as a girl. A girl that is not neatly dressed is called a sloven, and no one likes to look at her. Her face may be pretty, but if she is not neat, her looks are spoiled and will go for nothing.

C. P. LENNOX, L.D.S.

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Paid Policy-holders, - - \$2,250,000

NEW BUSINESS FOR 1892 IS WELL IN ADVANCE.

OF THAT FOR 1891 OR ANY PREVIOUS YEAR.

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Antiquity of the Celtic Race.

The Irish is undoubtedly one of the most ancient, if not the most ancient, nationality in Western Europe; and an eminent writer, not an Irishman, Thebaud, goes so far as to say that the race preceded that of every nation now on the face of the earth, with the exception of China. However, if the Irish are in point of time behind the Celestials, it is certain they are ahead of all modern European nations. All these date their origin from various periods between the fifth and twelfth centuries, but not even the most confirmed sceptic can doubt that at the time of the introduction of Christianity Ireland had reached a very high standard of pagan civilization, that she was governed by institutions similar in nature, but much more perfect to those Cesar found in Gaul, and that her literature had attained a height of undoubted merit. That all these had long obtained is equally certain, and the treasures of the Royal Irish Academy prove beyond doubt that real objects of art in gold and precious metals adorned dwellings of the Irish chiefs are yet the Latin tribes had gathered on the Alban hills, and while Greece was wrestling with her heroic barbarism.

Under the divine influence of Christianity pagan expansiveness and pagan love of adventure were converted into zeal and indomitable ardor which characterized the missionary of Christ. Scarce fifty years since Patrick breathed his last and Ireland was a missionary nation. With all the impetuosity of her nature she threw herself into this Christian work. Bands of pious missionaries unceasingly left her shores. They have left their mark in almost every land in Europe. Mid the frozen drags of Norway and Iceland, by the fatal shores of Trebbia, in the gorges of the Appenines, and on the plains of Lombardy, near the summit of Mount Jura, and by the waters of Lake Constance, among the Alemannic tribes by the borders of the Rhine, and in the depths of Saxon forests, the Irish monastery arose, the Irish monk was heard to chant, and the rules of Columbkille and Columbanus were observed. Celtic ardor revived the world; and it seemed as if Celtic genius were to rule it. Her learned men were eagerly sought after in the schools of Europe, and Europe in turn flocked to the Universities of Durrow and Armagh.

An Archbishop Now.

During the late war a priest approached the commanding officer of the Federal troops that had fallen back after a sharp skirmish with the Confederates, and requested a pass to get out beyond the lines.

"There are," said the Father, "a number of wounded soldiers in the camp beyond."

"But," said the commander, "the pickets of both lines are at close quarters, and you may be shot."

"It is my duty to administer to the spiritual wants of the wounded," replied the priest with much firmness and persistence, "and danger is a secondary consideration."

The commander, with eyes full of admiration, called an orderly and gave directions, to have the priest conducted to the Federal pickets. There he was left to take his course alone into a deep wood full of the enemy and full of dangers. He had advanced but a few hundred yards when he was halted and several rifles presented to his breast.

A few words along with the presentation of the Federal pass lowered the guns, and rebel soldiers became his escorts to the camp hospital, where he gave administration to the forsaken wounded soldiers.

This simple priest was the present distinguished prelate, Archbishop Gress, of Oregon.—*Church News.*

If you wish to end your undertakings happily, learn how to give yourself up to them without desiring any return to yourself.—*St. Ignatius.*

Rev. H. B. Harrold of Pawtucket, R. I., has been designated to succeed the late, Father Daly as curate at St. Lawrence Church, New Bedford, Mass. Father Harrold was born in Pawtucket, R. I., Dec. 5, 1866. His college life was spent at St. Michael's College, Toronto, Canada. His ordination for the priesthood took place at Grand Seminary, Montreal, Canada, on Dec. 17, 1892.

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