

*Actinomya* was preoccupied by Meyer. On page 628 Mr. Ulrich says:—"A new name is therefore necessary for the Silurian genus, and it gives me much pleasure to propose *Whiteavesia*, after Prof. J. F. Whiteaves the successful palæontologist to the Geological Survey of Canada.

H. M. AMI.

WHITEAVES, J. F. --*Descriptions of two new species of Ammonites from the Cretaceous rocks of the Queen Charlotte Islands. Can. Rec. Sci. pp. 421-426, Pl. VII, figs. 1, 1 a, and 2, 2 a, and 2 b. Montreal, October, 1893.*

As the title indicates, Mr. Whiteaves here described two new species of Ammonites from British Columbia. The precise locality from which the specimens are said to have been collected is Skidegate Inlet, Q. C. I.

These specimens were communicated to Mr. Whiteaves, by Dr. C. F. Newcombe of Victoria, B.C., curator of the Natural History Society of British Columbia, but were collected at Skidegate by Mr. James Deans, formerly assistant to the late Mr. James Richardson of the Geological Survey of Canada, who visited those Islands in 1872.

The two species described by Mr. Whiteaves are as follows:—

Pl. VII, figs. 1, 1 a. *Olcostephanus* (*Astieria*) *Deansii*; Pl. VII, figs. 2, 2 a, 2 b. *Hoplites* *Haidaguensis*. These two forms, which as Mr. Whiteaves says "are clearly referable to the family of Stephanoceratidæ of Neumayr," are "nearly related" to two other forms from "the Neocomian of France" viz: *Olcostephanus Jeannotti* d'Orbigny, sp., and *Hoplites sinuosus*, d'Orbigny, sp., respectively. An excellent plate accompanies the paper, prepared by Mr. Laurence Lambe, and drawn on stone by Mr. O. E. Prudhomme.

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