Easter Hymn

CHRIST is risen! O the wonder! Rending bands of death asunder, Rising to glory yender!

Silently as morning breaking Came the wonderful awaking Christ again His Godhead taking,

In the stillness of the morning, Angels heralding no warning, Though the world's new light was dawning.

Ere sunrising, one came seeking, She whose heart with pain was recking, Tears her pallid cheeks bestreaking.

Last she saw Him faint and dying; Stark and cold her Lord was lying, Ere she left Him, weeping, sighing.

Lone the stood in tearful wonder; Whom had rent His tomb asunder? Who so vile the grave to plunder!

She, amared, her watch was keeping, Blinding mists her vision steeping: "Woman, why art thou a-weeping?"

Was the startled woman chary? Was she in her answering wary? What a change when He said, "Mary!"

Once the pitcous supplication, Now the glad ejaculation, "Master!" in rapt adoration.

No more mocking, no more scourging, Priest and mob the soldiers urging, While the rage of hell was surging.

Crown of thorns no longer wearing, Cruel taunts no longer bearing, Nails no more His body tearing.

Majesty and gracious sweetness Join in Him with perfect meetness, God and man in full completeness!

Lord Jehovah ! low before Thee, Ransom'd by Thee, we adore Thee;
Glory in the highest! Glory!

—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Father's Come Home.

How eagerly the little girl in our picture leaps to fasten the marigold blossom in her father's button-hole, and how pleased both father and mother l ok at this mark of her love. There is no happier sight on earth than that or the horsest, hard-working man finding rest from toil in the bosom of his family.

His brow is wet with honest sweat; He carns whate'er he can; He looks the whole world in the face, For he owes not any man.

Easter.

BY MLLA A. SMALL

Dawn of a sacred, glorious day, Freighted with hope so aweet, We hall Thy advent with delight, With joy Thy coming greet.

In thought we visit Palestine,
And see the guarded tomb
Where Jesus lay, while soldiers grave
Watched through those nights of gloom

The morning breaks! Exultant morn!
For with its coming gray,
Angelic hands have sought the tomb,
And rolled the stone away.

Then from its portals dark and grim, Triumphing o'er His foce, Revealing His divinity, Our Saviour, Christ, aross.

Blest Easter morning, hail to thee! For to our hearts ye bring Sweet memories of a risen Christ, Our Prophet, Priest, and King.

Arisen! Arisen! let all the bells
Of earth their music awell
In loudest strains of melody, The joyous news to tell.

Christ has arisen! This Easter day He lives, enthroned on high, Sharing the Father's majesty, No more for man to die.

We fain would crown this risen Christ, And reverently pray hat we with Him in hope may rise At the last Easter day.

The Camp Meeting.

Tue great event of the season on the Burg Royal District, of which Fairview, at the time of which we write, formed a part, was the District Camp-meeting. This had been in the early meeting. This had been in the early days of Methodism a most potent institution in those parts. In those times meeting-houses, or even schoolhouses, were few and far apart, and the ca:ap-meeting was made a grand rallying place for all the settlers far and near. Two famous camp-meeting preachers were Elder Case and Elder Metcalfe, in their early prime, and marvellous were the scenes of religious revival and spiritual power which they witnessed, and in which they took part.

To the young folk the occasion cffered very special attractions—the charm of a change from the regular routine of life; the charm of kindred youthful companionship, and the excitement of picnicking for a week or more in the woods.

Around an area of about half an acre were a row of rough board buildings or tents, as by a rather bold metaphor they were called. These consisted, for the most part, of only one room, the principal use of which was as an eating-room by day and a sleep-ing-room by night. Between the religious services relays of hungry people would fill every corner, and at night the board tables were removed, and quilts and curtains divided it into two sleeping apartments. The same articles turnished the doors and windows, so that if not tents exactly, these "lodges in the wilderness" still possessed to the imagination of their occupants quite an oriental character, as was becoming to a "feast of tabernacles.

The kitchen arrangements were in the rear of each tent, beneath the shadow of the trees, or perhaps of a booth of boughs. They consisted chiefly of open fires with a cross-piece at the top, from which hung the kettles for boiling water for the tea and coffee, the making of which was the chief culinary operation of the camp.

The preacher's tent differed little in character from the others, except that before it was a platform elevated about a yard from the ground. Along the front of this ran a flat board by way of desk; at the back was a long bench—the whole making a pulpit large enough to accommodate a dozen men. The room in the rear was occupied by one enormous bed, greater than the Great Bed of Ware or than the iron bedstead of Og, King of Bashan. But it was generally pretty well filled with clerical occupants on such occasions, and with the aid of plenty of straw and buffalo-robes was by no means uncomfortable.

In front of the preacher's stand were rows of plank benches, resting on sections of saw-logs set on end, and the ground was plentifully strewn with straw. At the four corners of this area were four elevated platforms about six feet high, covered with earth, on which at night were kindled fires of pine knots for lighting up the camp, which they did very efficiently.

The camp-meeting began on Friday evening of the first week in S ptember. All day long teams continued to arrive,

*Condensed from "Life in a Parsonage," by W. H. Withrow, D.D. Price 50 cents. Methodist Book Rooms, Toronto, Montreal, and Halifax.

laden with bedding, household stuff, and provisions. With much innocent hilarity the farmers' boys unloaded the waggons, and the girls and matrons unpacked the boxes and set their houses in order for their ten days' encampment in the woods. Lawrence Temple had a tent of his own, and Edith exhibited in its dainty ourtains and in the pictures on the wall, the same refined taste that characterized her little parlour at home.

"What a cosy nest of a piace you have here," said Mrs. Manning, as, with her friend, Mrs. Marshall, she made a brief call, "I declare it's as pretty as a picture."

"What does she want with all them jimoracks out here in the woods," said her ascetic companion, as they walked away. "A prayer-meeting won't be any better for all them pictures on the wall."

"I don't know but it will," replied Mrs. Manning, "if they help to put people in a pleasant frame of mind," She was evidently unobservant of the contrary effect which they seemed to have had upon her friend.

As the darkness fell, the pealing strains of a huge tin trumpet,—like an Alpine horn, some six feet long,—blown by stentorian lungs, rolled and re-echoed through the woods. Soon, from every tent and lodge, the occupants were streaming toward the auditorium—only that was not what they called it, it was "the evenin' preachin'." The fires were kindled on the elevated stands which soon blazed like great altars, sending aloft their ruddy tongues of flame, brightly lighting up every-thing around, changing the foliage of the trees above them apparently into fretted silver, and leaving in deep Rembrandt-like shadow the outskirts of the encampment and the surround-

ing forest.

In the evening a very large congregation was assembled, and seemed full of expectancy. The preacher for the occasion was the Rev. Henry Wilkinson—a fiery little black-eyed, blackhaired man-a perfect Vesuvius of energy and eloquence, pouring forth a lava-tide of impassioned exhortation and appeal. When warmed up with his theme, he reminded one, says Dr. Carroll, of nothing so much as "a man shovelling red hot coals." The effect of the sermon was electrical. Shouts of "Amen!" and "Hallelujah!" were heard on every side, and also sounds of weeping and mourning.

The general impression on the community, made by the camp-meeting, may be inferred from the remarks of Bob Crowle, a notorious scape-grace, famous for all manner of wicked and reckless exploits is disturbing previous camp-meetings and other religious services. He was conversing with Jim Larkins, the keeper of the Dog and

Gun Tavern in the village, who stood by, a sinister observer of the proceed-

ings.
"Why, bless my eyes," exclaimed that individual, "if that ain't Bill Saunders a-roarin' like a bull o' Rashau, there at the mourner's bench. Well, wonders will never cease. as soon expect to see you there as Bill Saunders.

"You've often seen me in a worse place," said Orowle, "and where I had better reason to be ashamed of myself than Bili Saunders has. I guess he won't spend so much of his earnings at your bar; and that'll be a good thing for his wife and kids."

"Why, you aint jined the temper ance, has you, Bib?" asked Jun, in real or affected dismay. "You'll be goin' for'ad to the mourner's bench yourself, I reckon." This was said This was said with an intensely contemptuous sneer.

"Well, if I did, it would be nuthin' to be ashamed of," replied Crowle "If a man's got a soul, I don't see why he shouldn't try to save it. I've served the Devil long enough, and what have I ever gained by it? I've spre d away a good farm and drinked up a small fortune-most of which has gone into your till, Jim Larkins. I'm thinking it was about time I was turning over a new leaf."

At this moment the vast assemblage were singing a hymn of invitation, the reliain of which rang sweetly through the forest aisles-

"Will you go? Will you go? O say, will you go to the Eden above?"

Edith Temple had been a not uninterested observer of the collequy between Crowle and Larkins. She knew who they were from having seen them at the Fairview church. Yielding to an irapulse for which she could not account, she walked toward Crowle and stopped before him still singing-

"O say, will you go to the Eden above?"

There was an irresistible spell in the thrilling tones of her voice and in her appealing look.
"By the help of God, I will," said

Crowle, with a look of solemn resolu-tion in his eye and taking her proffered hand he followed her to the altar for prayer.

It was certainly very noisy in that prayer circle. Strong crying and sobs and groans were heard, and tears fell freely from eyes unused to weep. Poor Saunders, the village black-

smith, who was also a zealous patron of the Dog and Gun, had indeed a terrible time of it. He was a large and powerful man, and as he wrestled in an agony of prayer, the beaded sweatdrops fell from his brow, and the veins stood out like whipcords on his forehead. His weeping wife—a godly woman and loving consort, but bearing on her cheek the marks of a citto blow received from her husband in a drunken bout-though kinder man ne'er breathed when he was soberknelt by his side trying to comfort him and to point him to the Saviour, who had been her own support and solace during long years of trouble and sor-row. At length, with a shout of deliverance, he sprang to his feet and exclaimed:

"I've done it! I've done it! I've done it! I've given up the g og forever! I thought I never could; the horrid thirst seemed raging like the fire of hell within me. But I vowed to God I'd never touch it more, and that very moment it seemed as if the Devil lost his grip upon my soul, the evil spirit was cast out, and God spoke peace, through His Son, to my troubled

"Oh! Mary," he went on, "I've been a bad husband and a bad father, but by God's grace we'll be happy

A great shout of praise and thanks giving went up from the people, and few eyes in the assembly were unwet with tears.

Amid the general joy poor Crowle seemed forgotten. He remained with head bowed down, but his mind, he said, was all dark, not a ray of light

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