

UNITED STATES.

From the Savannah Georgian, March 24.

VERY IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE FROM FLORIDA.

The steam packet Florida, Captain Hubbard, arrived last evening from Black Creek, via Jacksonville.

Col. Twiggs, of the 4th regiment infantry, Major Mountfort, of the 2d regiment artillery, and Major Lear, of the 4th regiment infantry, with Captain Marks of the Louisiana volunteers, were among the passengers. These Officers left Fort Drane on Saturday last, where Gen. Scott remained with the forces under his command. The whole army is in fine health and spirits, and in excellent discipline, and will be prepared to leave Fort Drane on or about the 25th inst. for the banks of the Outhla-cochee, (Gen. Gaines' battle ground). There Generals Scott, and Eustis, and Colonel Lindsay, with their immediate commands, are to unite—Gen. Eustis having moved on Saturday last from Volusia, and Colonel Lindsay being on his way from Tampa.

If the Indians do not comply with the terms of the Treaty, it is Gen. Scott's intention to make them do so peaceably, if they will, or forcibly, if necessary.

The Floridians, not in the field, are generally returning to their homes in the vicinity of Micanopy and elsewhere, expecting, as they have been assured, that the Indians will comply with their agreement with General Gaines.

General Gaines set out from Fort Drane on the 14th instant, on his way to Tampa, via Tallahassee and St. Marks.

General Scott arrived at Fort Drane on the day before.

The agreement made by General Gaines with the Indians, with the terms of which we are furnished by Capt. Marks, is to the following effect—that the Indians and their Chiefs should retire beyond the Withlacoochee, and there remain peaceably until the wishes of the Government are known—that commissioners would be sent by the proper authorities to express those wishes, and that the chiefs should assemble at any time and place, when and where they should be required.

Oseola, Jumper, Albeti Hajo, (Crazy Alligator) all Indians, with Abram (Principal Adviser of Micanopy) and Caesar, both Indian negroes, were present at the interview on the part of the Indians; and the officers who, at the request of Gen. Gaines, were present, were Capt. Hitchcock, of 1st regiment infantry, Capt. Marks of the Louisiana volunteers, and Adjutant Barrow of the same.

We understand that in consequence of some misunderstanding between Col. Twiggs and the Commanding General, respecting brevet rank, in the field, that Col. Twiggs will forthwith repair to New Orleans and resume his duties as Commandant of that station. Major Mountfort is also on his way to New Orleans, and Major Lear has received a furlough for the recovery of his health.

We sincerely regret that the army should be deprived at this time, of such gallant and experienced officers, who showed by their endurance of privations on their march from Tampa, and the alacrity with which they repaired to the field of danger, what the country could reasonably expect from them in action—if action with the enemy should indeed be necessary.

The general impression when these officers left Fort Drane was that the war was at an end. No hostile Indians have been seen by our army since Gen. Gaines left the Outhla-cochee. Most of the friendly Indians with Black Din, their chief, have returned to Tampa, deeming their services no longer necessary.

We regret to learn that Lieut. Izard survived his wound but five days.

We are informed by a gentleman just from Fort Drane, that the parley held between Gen. Gaines and Powell, on the 5th of March, was interrupted by the arrival of Gen. Clinch's mounted men, when it was made known to the Indians by Gen. Gaines, that no treaty could be made with them to remain in Florida, but that they would be required to remove west of the Mississippi. The Indians said they were tired of killing white men, and that they had lost many of their own men, and were willing to make peace, but they wished to remain in Florida. Miconopy, the head warrior of the nation, was down the river, and runners were sent to him but no answer was expected under five days. Our informant states that Miconopy has always declared he would rather die than leave his home; and does not think he will consent unless driven to the measure. The reported famine in Gen. Gaines' camp was without foundation, but some of the volunteers who had thrown away their rations were in want and three horses had been killed and part of them eaten, when Gen. Clinch arrived.

FOREIGN.

IMPORTANT FROM TEXAS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17.—The Schr. W. A. Turner, arrived yesterday, in 7 days from Matagorda. Through the politeness of Capt. Brookfield, we have obtained the particulars of the late siege by the Mexicans of San Antonio Behar, as ascertained at Matagorda when he left.

The besieging army was commanded by Generals Sesma and Coss. It consisted of 40 companies of infantry, numbering at an average of 60 or 70 men each; and of about 1500 cavalry under Polsalos—with 500 mules and baggage of all kinds. These were seen and numbered by Captain Dermot, of the Texian army, previous to the engagement. The Texians in the fort were infantry and some cavalry for foraging expeditions under the command of Colonels Bowie and Travers, numbering about 200.

The assault on the fort of Alamo, in the town of San Antonio, commenced about 3 P. M. on the 28th of February, the Mexican army hoisting a black flag aloft, as indicating no quarters. The garrison being well supplied with 18-pounders, planted on the fort, made them ply with dreadful effect, sweeping companies of the assailants before the shot. The Mexicans surrounded the fort on all sides; but on all sides were they saluted with its artillery. This continued till 7, P. M. when the Mexicans thought proper to evacuate the town, and retire to an encampment within two miles, after leaving 500 of their comrades slain before the fort.

The provisional government of Texas being informed of the contest, an immediate draft of one third of all Texians capable of bearing arms was ordered by the acting Governor. But so eager were the Texians in general for their prompt and certain triumph, that when the order reached Matagorda, not one third only but all able bodied citizens volunteered. Numerous companies were immediately on the march to San Antonio, to drive the Mexicans beyond the Rio Grande, or leave them on the field of battle. They will act on the offensive in their future operations.

We are happy to learn that Dr. Grant is not killed: he, Colonel Johnson, and another were saved. It appears that Grant and some 20 or 30 others had gone out on a scouting party, and had approached too near the invading army. They were immediately attacked by a column of the enemy; and only 3 escaped—Grant among the number, exhausted and almost naked; as he was closely pursued

by the Mexican cavalry. Yet this is the triumph so bombastically blazoned in the account of the gallant Nicholas Rodriguez, published in the N. O. Bee of yesterday. The document was genuine, but we "guessed" it was not authentic.

The Texians have abandoned Copano, and fortified Labadio or Goliad, higher up. There are now 700 men stationed there, well prepared with artillery and ammunition; and disposed to play checkmate with the wing of the Mexican army, under General Ulica, lately encamped at San Patricio.—N. O. Bee.

The young reigning Queen of Naples died on the 31st of January last, of a bilious fever.

COLONIAL.

LOWER CANADA.

POST OFFICE.—The House of Assembly have voted an address to the Governor, calling on him to direct legal measures to be adopted to oblige Mr. STAYNER, Deputy Post Master General, to reimburse the sum of £9,650 5s. 2d. currency, which that gentleman has received, since his appointment to office, for the transmission of newspapers and other printed papers by mail, and appropriated, without authority to his own private use and benefit!! The address is to be presented on Wednesday. Should the money be received, it will be divided between Upper and Lower Canada in the proportion belonging to each Province.—Montreal Vindicator.

An address has been voted requesting His Excellency to remit to Mr. Silas Horton Dickerson the sum of £50, being the amount of fines imposed on Mr. Dickerson by Mr. Justice Fletcher, for pretended contempt of Court.—*Id.*

The rumour of the recall of the Governor has died away in Quebec. It is probable that it was originally without any foundation.—*Id.*

BERMUDA, March 22.

The Racer captured on the 8th inst. in lat. 15, 46, N. long. 69, W. the Portuguese brig Vigilante, with 231 slaves on board. She was sent to Nassau, where the Slaves would be landed, if required by the Governor of the Bahamas.

H. M. Ship Champion captured on the 3d inst. the Slave Brig Reconiar, alias Taffra, pierced for 16 guns. The Reconiar was, after a long chase, during which her guns, anchors, boats, &c. were thrown overboard, run on shore on the East end of Cuba, and 230 of her Slaves forced on shore—thirty, principally women, were drowned, in attempting to land. The Brig was, however, got off, and with 188 Slaves taken into the Havana.

LEATHER! LEATHER!!

Just received, and for sale by the Subscriber:

40 Sides Neats Leather,
6 sides sole do.

1 dozen Calf skins.

Flour and Oatmeal will be taken in payment
March 30.

J. DAWSON.

AIR an cuir a mach ann an Gharic, bho cheanna gharid, agus ri bhi air an reic, le Seumas Dawson leabhar reiceadair ann am Pictou.

AINEAMANA URRAMACH CHRIOSD,
Le Ulliam Dyer.

Prish sia Tasdainn ceangailte, na Cong Tasdam, ann am bordalbh.

TO LET.

Entry Immediately.

THE Premises lately occupied by Mr. J. Romans as a SHOP and DWELLING.

For particulars apply at this Office.

Pictou, July 10, 1865.