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EXSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF & DUMB

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIC

CANADA.



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the object of the Province in founding and amazining this Institute is to afford educational advantages to all the youth of the Province, one are, on second of dealyme, either purful or this markle to receive (natruetion in the common limits.

lands in leaf mutes between the agree of seven and menty not being deficient in intellect, and free true contagious diseases, who are found file intellect in the land province of Ontario, will be admitted as pupils. The regular term of instruction is seven years, with a vacation of nearly tree mouths during the souther of each year.

Parents grantless or France when are able to Parenta guardians or friends who are able to par will be charged the sum of \$30 per year for board. Tuition, books and medical attendence will be furnished free.

inal inutes whose parents, guardians or friends on transcer for TMF ABOUNT CHARGED FOR 8 con with a substrate page. Clothing must be runnished by parents or friends.

the present time the trades of Printing. tering and Slipemaking are the female publishes instructed in gene-iomestic work, Tailoring, Pressuraking, work huitting, the nee of the newing machine, i so h ornamental and fancy work as may be trailed. in trable

hujed that all having charge of deaf mule matter will avail themselves of the liberal time offered by the Government for their edu-ation and improvement

AT The Regular Annual School Torru begin merond Wednesday in September, she third Wednesday in June of each year rais atc, will be given upon application to letter or otherwise

R. MATMISON.

Superintendent

BRLLPVILLE. OFF

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The Children.

POUND IN THE DEAL OF CHARLES OF REAL

When the lessons and tasks are all ended.
And the school for the day is distributed title title ones gather around me.
To had me good slight and be kleed.
Oh, the little white arms that ender-to.
If neck in a tender embrace.
Oh, the suffer that are halve of beaven, Shedding sunshine and love on my face.

And when they are gone I at dreaming Of my childhood, to, kenely to last Of love that not beart will remember. When it wakes to the pulse of the just Ere the world and its warkedness made me A partner of source and sin. When the glory of God was about me, and the glory of gladness within

Ob, it least grows weak as a soman s, And the fountains of feeling will flow When I think of the paths, steep and stony When I think of the paths, steep and stony When the feel of the dear once must go Of the nomintains of sin hauging o'er them Of the tempests of fate blowing wild Oh, there is nothing on earth half as holy As the innocent heart of a child

They are shols of hearts and of households. They are angels of God in disguise. His soulight still elega in their free-es, His glory still beams in their eyes. Oh, those fruants from carth and from beaven. They have made me more manly and mild, And I know how Jesus could liken. The kingdom of God to a child.

Seek not a life for the dear ones.
All radiable as others have done.
Hot that life may have just as much rhadow.
To temper the slare of the sun.
I would pray God to guard them from evil.
hut my prayer would bound tack to myself.
All, a seryin may pray for a sinner.
But a sinner must pray for binnelf.

The twig is no easily bended.
I have benished the rule and the rist.
I have benished the rule and the rist.
I have taught them the goodness of knowledge.
They have taught me the goodness of fool.
My heart is a dangeon of darkness,
Where I shut them from breaking a rule.
My from is sufficient correction.
My love is the law of the school.

I shall leave the old house in the autumn. To traverse its threshold no more. All thow I shall sigh for the dear ones. That meet me each morn at the door I shall into the good night and the knees. And the grash of their innocent give. The group of the green and the flowers. That are brought every morning to me.

I shall must them at morn and at eve.
Their song in the school and the street I shall miss the low burn of their voices.
And the trainp of their delicate feet.
When the lessons and tasks are all eaded, this death says the school is dismissed.
May the little ones gather around me.
To bid me good night and be kissed.

-Chapten Dickera



The Most Beautiful Thing On Larth

BY AUGUSTA HANCOCK.

"Paint me a picture of the most beautiful thing on earth," said the rich man to the artist, and the artist went back to his studio wondering what could be the most beautiful thing on earth, and where he was to find it.

So he sat awhile and pondered, but all his poudering did not bring him nearer to the truth, and in the evening he went to a grand reception at the house of a very celebrated man.

"I shall see something beautiful there," he said, and he hurried through the streets to be in good time, so that he might find a subject for his picture. And the lights flashed, and music sounded gaily through the great rooms, but the artist didn't see anything that

was the most beautiful thing on earth. "There is the prettiest girl in the world," said a man near him.

And the artist's heart rejoiced, for now be thought, "I shall find the most beautiful;" but when he looked at the lovely Constance he saw only the cold ness of her blue eyes and the artificial curve of her full red lips, and he turned away disappointed and weary

The next day the artist went away agree together.

into the country, and wandered about the lanes and meadow-paths, in hope of finding the most beautiful thing on

"I am sure to see it here," he said to himself, as he passed a white cottage covered with creopers and gay with llowers

But he only saw the roses, and they were levely initeed.

"There are the most beautiful things on earth," said the artist, and he put out his hand to gather some of the critason red blossoms, but a sharp thorn ran into his fingers, so when ho drow them back they were wounded and stanned with blood.

"They are not the most beautiful, after all," said the artist; and he turned homeward again attent a tired heart.

Some weeks passed away, and the artist was busy with other pictures, so that he had no time to think about his painting of the beautiful. The cupty canvas stood upon an easel in his studio. One day, as the artist passed it on his way out, he said to himself that it would never be done.

He went down into the busy city on business-down among the narrow courts and streets, farther on still, where the subbeams forget to shine, and where the air was het and close, and everything was dark and iniserable. And when his business was done be quickly retraced his steps, glad to get away from such socces of poverty and want.

But, as he passed down a quieter court, the fragrance of mignonette greeted him, and, looking up, he saw on a little window-ledge a pot of the pretty, perfumed plant, and at the same moment, a sweet voice sounded from the open casement, and the artist, licaring it, forgot his weariness and his hurry, and went up the narrow, broken stairs, leading to the attic-room.

The door was half-open, and he caught a glimpso of the bare interior-the wretched, dreary room, whose only beautiful object was apparently the pot of inguouetto; but the owner of the voice was there, bending over a poor bed in the corner, on which lay the

wasted form of a dying clikl.

They were both children—beautiful, despite the paller that rested on the face of the younger and the deep sadness on that of her sixter. She was holding the thin hands in her own. She was speaking again, "Darling!" she said, oftly. "Darling! you are going home to where the star-flowers grow! The angels will carry you dear; so that you won't be tired any more! But, oh, darling! I love you so much, and you love me, and you will never, nover forget me, will you, dear?"

And the pale lips of the dying child muranred something.

The artist guessed that it was the sought-for answer for the suter laid her fair head down on the small pillow, and together they slopt—the sleep that was to end in death for one of them.

"I have found the most beautiful thing on earth," said the artist. love.

But he brought help very soon, and food and clothing for the little living sister, who was weeping for the child that had been carried home by the aught to rest, and then he took her with hun to his own bright home, and told her that she should hive with him and be his sunbeam and his little girl.

And when the rich man saw the picture the artist had painted—the two pale children in the lonely room, with the leace of Love on their calm faces—he remained looking at it for a long time. with tears in his eyes, and, whom he

turned away at last, he only said:

"For of such is the kingdom of heaven!"

Chance is the providence of adventur-

Flatterers and tearned men do not

The Letter From Home.

"I feel as though I had met a whole rounful of my old friends," said the girl who is trying—in spite of homesickness -to make her own way in the city. "I've just had a letter from Aust Louise. It isn't filled with her own aches and pains and trials and troubles. The house

pains and trails and troubles. The house nows is all here, but there isn't one cellish, whining word.

"She writes eight pages. See! She's mentioned most of the people and places. I'm interested in, and told me deceme of things! I wanted to hear about. I don't mean to say they're important things, but it is now to know the name. things; but it is nice to know the name of Cousin Carrie's baby, and to fearn that Etta Mayo is taking music lessons, and to have a description of the new minister's family, and even to hear that they've laid a new sidewalk over the

middy place above the post-office!
"Gossip? Perhaps it is, but it isn't
mean gossip. I wouldn't hesitate to
show it to any one who is mentioned
here. And it makes me feel as though
I'd made a visit home, and found that wasn't forgotton.

"I know how Aunt Lousle does. Slie makes a list of the people we know, and when the time comes to write, she just looks at the list, to make sure she hasn't left any one out. She says she doesn't pretend to be a letter-writer, but her letters do me lots of good, for all that. Little things look large when one's away

from home, and overything is news!"

Perhaps there is a hint here for young people—and older ones—who profess that they would be glad to write to absent friends if they only knew what to say .- Youth's Companion.

He Made Hammers.

Upward of thirty years ago, when David Maydole was a roadside blacks with at Norwich, N. Y., six carpenters came to Nowich, N. Y., six carpenters came to the village from the next county to work on a new clurch. One of them having left his hammer behind came to the blacksmith's to get one made, there heing-none which gave satisfaction in the village store. "Make me a good one," said the carpenter, "as good as you know how." "But," said the young blacksmith, who had already considered hammers, and had arrived at some hammers, and had arrived at some notion of what a hammer ought to be, and had a proper contempt for cheapness in all its forms, " perhaps you don't want to hay for an good a hammer as I can make?" "Yes I do; I want a good hammer." And so David Maydole made a good hammer that perfectly satisfied the carpenter.

The next day the man's five com-panions came, and each of them wanted just such a hammer, and whon they were done the employer came and or-dered two more. Next the storekeeper of the village ordered two dozen, which were bought by a New York tool merchant, who loft standing orders for as many such hammers as David Maydole make, and from that he has gone on making hammers, until now he has 115 men at work. He has never pushed, never borrowed, never tried to compete with others in price, because other men liad done so. only care has been to make a perfect hammer, to make as many such as people wanted and no more, and to sell them at a fair price. Boys, whatever you undertake, do it perfectly with your might and you will succood.

Love does more harm than good.

"Don't flatter yourself that friendship authorises you to say disagrosable things to your intimates. On the contrary the nearer you come into a relation with a person the more necessary do tact and courtesy become. Except in cases of necessity, which are rare, leave your friend to learn unpleasant truths from his enemics, they are ready enough to tell them."—O. IV. Holmes.