The Weekly British Colonist.

Tuesday, October 17, 1865.

TELEGRAPHIC.

(DATES TO OCTOBER 2.)

[Dispatches to the Oregonian.]

GREAT FENIAN MEETING IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN ERANCISCO, Oct. 6.—The Fenian Meeting at Union Hall last evening was attended by about six thousand persons. Miles D. Sweeney was chosen President. Speeches were made by Messrs. Sweeney, Hamil, Father Curly, Dr. Rowell and Colonel Smith, of the Second Irish Regiment. The most intense enthusiasm was manifested. Subscriptions to the amount of nearly ten thousand dollars were raised Mr Sweeney heading the list with five hundred dollars.

Gold on the 4th was 144½. Sterling 109⅝.

The steamship California arrived in this port to-day from New York via Cape Horn, after a voyage of 120 days. She is consigned to the same parties who sold the Ajax not long since and is here for a market.

The friends of Frank Rivers are making an effort to induce the Governor to pardon him, he having been sent to the State Prison for a term of four years for forging Quartermaster's warrants. It is represented in his behalf that his health is rapidly failing, while his young wife is also in a sickly condition, and unable to support herself. Also, that he was used as tool of others in committing the forgeries. He was one of the heroic little band who fought under Colonel Anderson at Fort Sumter.

The funeral of the lamented Lieut. E. D. Waite, late Aid-de-camp to General Wright, who perished on the ill-fated Brother Jonathan, took place yesterday. The entire Ninth Infantry not doing guard duty acted as escort of honor, parading in full uniform with side arms, under command of Major Bowman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—There was a fair attendance at Bay View to day. The double team race was postponed. The stallion race was won by Hambleton. Time 2:48; 2:50; 2:46. The ladies' tournament will commence at noon to-morrow.

ATTEMPT TO STEAL GOVERNMENT FUNDS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—The *Herald's* special dispatch says about the middle of September, General Baker received information of a plot at Lynchburg, Va., to rob the Post Quartermaster's safe of a large amount of money. The case was worked up and resulted in the arrest last night of Brevet Brig.-Gen. J. G Briscoe, of the Nineteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, commanding the post of Lynchburg, and W. Lackey, of Worcester, Mass., formerly sutler at that post. General Briscoe is an Irishman by birth, and has been in command of Lynchburg since Lee's surrender. Capt. Alberger has been Quartermaster at Lynchburg, and had in his charge on the 21st of September $200,000 in greenbacks besides a large amount of captured gold coin and bullion, which had been placed in his charge for safe keeping. Brisco approached Alberger through Lackey, and proposed to him as the war was about to close and none of them had made any money out of it, they should make a grand haul in concert and pocket $50,000 a piece. Alberger kept the funds in a safe which formerly belonged to a rebel officer. This fact would give color to the charge which was to be made, that the rebel having a duplicate key to the safe, had robbed it. Briscoe was to arrest the Quartermaster, his checks, and half the people of Lynchburg to avert suspicion. He took an impression of the safe key in wax, and sent Lackey to Philadelphia to get keys made. Alberger although ostensibly in the plot, informed the Secretary of war, and two of Gen. Baker's officers were sent down to Lynchburg to arrest the guilty parties. These officers saw through holes in the ceiling of the office, Gen. Briscoe come in while the Quartermaster and his clerks had gone to dinner, saw him unlock the safe with false keys, take out three packages of greenbacks containing forty thousand dollars each, and load himself down with coin and bullion to the amount of fifteen thousand dollars, having previously ignited saturated paper and cloth with a view to burn the office. They followed him across the hall of the office and burst in on him while counting and rearranging the money behind his bolted door. Wax moulds and false keys were found upon him and the proof was indisputable. These proofs are now in General Baker's possession. Briscoe and Lackey are now in the Old Capitol awaiting their trial.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28—While Gen. Grant was returning from Indianapolis at an early hour yesterday morning, a switch at the end of a curve at Guilford having been turned intentionally the car in which the General was in was thrown from the track and dragged for some distance. No one was injured. About the same time a train on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, carrying General Sherman, was thrown from the track east of Lawrenceburg. No one was injured.

FROM GOLDSBOROUGH'S FLEET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29—Admiral Goldsborough's fleet is still at Cherbourg, and will not proceed to the Mediterranean until the cholera on the coast has somewhat debated. The French and American ships have exchanged many courtesies, and a friendly attitude is maintained between them.

TROOPS MUSTERED OUT—KENTUCKY TO BE RELIEVED FROM MARTIAL LAW.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29—The Fourth New York Heavy Artillery, Brevet Major General Tidball commanding, has been mustered out. The Second Heavy Artillery will follow in a few days, leaving only a few regular batteries in defences south of the Potomac.

The President is said to have promised Governor Bramlette that Kentucky should be at once relieved from martial law. The removal of General Palmer from command is said also to have been determined on. His successor is not named.

DEMANDS FOR DAMAGES AGAINST FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TO BE PROSECUTED.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29—The *Times* special says the State Department has given notice that citizens of the United States having claims against foreign governments not founded on contracts which may have originated since the 8th of February, 1853, will, without unnecessary delay, forward to the Department statements of the same under oath, accompanied by proper proof. Under this notice, parties who have suffered from depredations of the rebel vessels Alabama, Shenandoah, etc., fitted out in English ports, can file claims in the State Department and thus demand, and it is believed receive damages from the English Government. The notice is intended also to include those who have suffered from rebel raids upon the frontier of Canada. The Secretary of State has taken the matter in hand, and intends to prosecute it vigorously to a successful issue.

THE CHOLERA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29—The *Post's* special says the State Department received a dispatch from the American Consul at Constantinople which shows that the cholera is decreasing in Turkey, but has broken out afresh in Italy and Barcelona.

THE CHOLERA.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Letters from the United States Consul at Brundez, Italy, dated August 30th says: The Asiatic cholera has made its appearance in the Adriatic and on the Italian peninsula. At the time of writing the dispatch it seemed to be spreading in all directions.

DUKE GWINN SURRENDERS HIMSELF.

The *Tribune's* special dispatch says a telegram was received by the President today from General Weitzel, commanding in Texas, stating that the notorious Duke Gwin and ex-Gov. Clark, of Missouri have crossed the Rio Grande, surrendered themselves and are now supplicating pardon.

NEARLY TEN THOUSAND PARDONS GRANTED.

The *Times'* special dispatch says: The President has cleared his desk of all pardon applications, having granted nearly ten thousand pardons within the past three days. Inspection of the lists show the names to the twenty thousand dollars exception, with very few persons of political prominence. Among them is ex-Senator Badger, of North Carolina, ex-Congressman M. C. Queen, of South Carolina, Duncan McRae, formerly Colonel in the rebel army and afterward cotton agent in Europe.

LATEST EUROPEAN NEWS.

FARTHER POINT, Oct. 2.—The Indian from Liverpool the 21st and Londonderry the 23d has arrived. There are no new developments against the Fenians. The examination of the prisoners is fixed for the 23d. James Murphy one of the men arrested in Dublin, who described himself as chief of Boston, protested against his arrest and was set at liberty after an interview between the American Consul and the authorities, who stated that Murphy is connected with the War Department at Washington, but no explanation was given of his connection with the order or the Irish people, as he was on parade in Cork. A sergeant-major was called into the guard room and shown a roll-book of members' names, taken from an arrested Fenian. The sergeant-major admitted that one of the signatures was his, and he was at once taken into custody. A private soldier, belonging to the same regiment was also arrested. This caused great excitement in Cork, even leading, it is said, to a run on the Cork banks.

James Stevens, for whom a reward of $1000 is offered, was Aid-de-Camp to Smith O'Brien, at Ballingaroy.

An American officer was arrested at Queenstown, on the arrival of the City of Limerick. He turns out to be a Federal and not a Confederate captain, named McCafferty. A number of Fenian documents of an incendiary character were discovered in his possession with evidence that he is connected with the movement. The arms of Brigadier-General Gleason, United States Army, were taken from him. The *Morning Post* editorially asserts that the American Government was strongly oppposed to the Fenians, and would do all in its power to defeat them. It says President Johnson and Mr. Seward are animated by the most friendly sentiments toward England, and that the latter has communicated the Fenian movements to the British Cabinet. Neither the British public nor the government will readily forget Seward's honorable and amicable conduct, The *Daily News* thinks the Fenians' collapse is likely to be settled in a beneficial way, and that the relations between the United States and England are likely to be far better understood than they ever yet have been.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 22.—Two arrests of Fenians occurred in Manchester and one in Sheffield. It is stated that the evidence is too voluminous to admit of an examination taking place.

NEW YORK, October 1.—The America, from Southampton, the 20th, has arrived. The news is four days later. The cattle plague is increasing. The cow-houses have been decimated.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* says Donald McKay, of Boston, is in close communication with the Admiralty on the subject of torpedoes. The authorities intend laying torpedoes in the channels leading into the harbors.

Several arrests had been made at Cork. The English squadron was off the coast.

The Liverpool *Albion* says, Benjamin, ex-Confederate Secretary of State, intends to join the English Bar.

Accounts from the manufacturing districts in France are favorable.

The Prussian Government has issued a proclamation announcing the assumption by the King of Prussia of the title of Duke of Laurenburg, and the annexation of Laurenburg to Prussia. The King promises to carry on the government of the Duchies in conformity with the existing laws.

Russell's letter to his agents abroad censures the German powers, and says force alone is the power that has been consulted. Recognized France [organized force?] and conquest are the only bases upon which Austria and Prussia have established their convention. This England deeply deplores. Her disinterestedness has been manifested for public right and the legitimate claim [of a people?] to be heard when the question affects their destiny.

Prussia officially declares she will maintain a non-intervention policy in the Sceleswig-Holstein matter.

HALIFAX, Sept. 29.—The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* writes: In the absence of more exciting matter the French papers were beginning to take great interest in the Fenian movement in Ireland. The fact of a recent exchange of international courtesies don't blind the French press to the frightful oppression and iron yoke under which poor Ireland groans. They do not care to conceal the satisfaction which the liberation of the Celtic nationality would afford them. The *Merg*, a Paris ultra Montane journal notices with evident glee the prospect of disturbance in Ireland.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France show a decrease in cash of four and a-half million francs.

The N. Y. *Times'* London correspondence has the following:

"The Fenian excitement has had one curious effect—it has compelled M. Boucicault to suspend, as he does next week, the representation of "Arrah-na-Pogue" in London, and it will, no doubt, be stopped for a time throughout the kingdom. It was all very well to sing 'Wearing of the Green' in peaceful times, but when Fenians are drilling and fleets and armies marshalling, it does not do to play at treason and rebellion.'

The *Herald* has a letter from Berlin in which the writer states there is no diminution in the desire of Germans to emigrate to America. He predicts that there will be no falling off in the *norovasyan* [movement?] towards the United States for a long time to come. German colonies were to arrive in Chili, on the river Platte in Brazil, and in Australasia, but the authorities directing these movements have given them up in despair. In view of the absorbing attractions which America exercises on emigration, a Bremen Company has organized with two new steamers to meet the increasing emigration. Both lines will soon reduce fares. Other lines are reported as about to be established.

NEW YORK, October 2.—The London *Times* of September 20th has the following: "An arrangement is understood to have been entered into by J. J. Morgan & Co., Stein Bros., and J. T. Mackenzie, to offer for subscription, during the present week, an issue of eight hundred thousand pounds debenture bonds of the Erie (N. Y.) Railway Company. The terms are said to be such as to yield a high rate of interest; the debentures to run for ten years, and carry during the whole of that time the option of conversion at par into the stock of the Company—the dividends on which have lately been at the rate of eight per cent.

JEFF DAVIS REMOVED TO A NEW PRISON.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 2.—Jeff Davis was moved to-day under a strong guard from his casemate prison to quarters assigned him in Carroll Hall.

THE PARAGUAYAN WAR.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Further details respecting the war in South America have been received. The Paraguayans were actively pushing forward while the allied forces remain motionless, but concentrated at Concordia awaiting an attack. The Brazilian fleet on the Parana river had commenced a retrograde movement fearing that the Paraguayans would construct batteries below, and so gain command of the river. The magnitude which this struggle is assuming may be estimated from the fact that at the date of our latest advices there were one hundred and thirteen thousand men under arms, of whom 56,000 were Paraguayan, and 57,000 allies.

Three American vessels were injured during the late gale off Montevideo. The bark Edith Ross lost its crew.

Special Dispatch to the "Colonist."

Latest News from Europe

LATER FROM MEXICO, CANADA, &c.

NEW YORK, October 9—The following is additional news by the India:

The Official Dublin *Gazette*, of the 29th contains a proclamation disarming several barracks in the Tipperary, Limerick and Waterford Counties.

The London *Post* suggests that the Prince of Wales should visit Ireland occasionally. It points out that the Royal Family have passed more time on the continent than in the sister kingdom.

Sir Robert Peel, Chief Secretary of Ireland, has been summoned before a magistrate by Robert Gray, a Dublin broker, in consequence of an altercation in a railway carriage.

The Countess of Clare, mother of Lady Wodehouse, is dead.

The Countess de Paris had given birth to a daughter at Twickenham, near London. A large number of the royal family of France were present on the occasion.

Alderman Phillips, who is of Hebrew faith, has been unanimously elected Lord Mayor of London.

A writer in the *Times* reports that the gold fields of Nova Scotia, if properly worked, would equal those of Australia.

The Empress Eugenie has published a little pamphlet on Mexico for circulation among her friends. It is called "Mexico, from a providential point of view."

The resignation of Baron Bach, Austrian Ambassador at the Papal Court, is confirmed.

The Pope in his address is reported to have spoken against societies in general and Free Masonry in particular, and to have so assured [censured?] the sovereigns who protected them. In connection with this subject he referred to the obsequies of Marshal Wagram at Paris.

The Pall-Mall *Gazette* says it is generally believed at Constantinople that a political catastrophe is impending in the Danubian Principalities. Turkey proposes to be first in the field in case it is obstinately refused to see the desirability of a Confederation.

The Fenians are creating a stir in Canada. Agents of the organization have recently visited Quebec and Ottawa with a view to establishing lodges.

It is reported that members of the brotherhood have recently left Toronto on a special mission to Ireland.

The *Herald's* Brownsville correspondent says: The attack on Metamoras by the Republicans has been postponed till the return of their agent from the United States whither he was sent to secure material aid. It is now said that he has been successful beyond hope, and that a vigorous campaign will soon take place.

The Imperialists have given up both Monterey and Matamoras.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The *Herald's* Toronto correspondent notices a significant speech by the Canadian Attorney General Macdonald. He says that Ottawa before long will be the metropolis of one-third of the American continent and the capital of all the British American Provinces, which the British Government and Canada have determined shall be united under one grand Confederation, in spite of all opposition, and before another year has passed.

It is said John C. Breckinridge proposes to become a British subject, and will enter upon the pork business!

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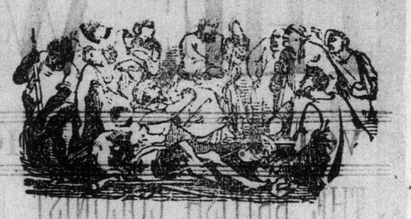

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Contracted or Stiff Joints.

All the medicines in the London dispensaries would barely benefit, much less cure, any chronic cases of contracted or stiff joints; whereas if this invaluable ointment be effectually rubbed into such parts twice a day, the effects will be immense. Paralytic patients even can derive advantages from this fine remedy when other means fail.

Scorbutic Humours.—Scald Head and Skin Diseases.

Scorbutic humors arise from an impure state o the blood, and in most cases the liver and stomach are the organs at fault. The Pills will speedily restore these to a healthy action; while the Ointment, if well rubbed in at least twice a day, will soon cure any case of skin disease. Soldiers, sailors, and miners, use this famous Ointment in all parts of the world.

Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone and Grave

In any of the above complaints more benefit may be derived in twenty-four hours by adopting the following simple means than is frequently brought about in six months by any other treatment. In bad cases if the Ointment be rubbed into the small of the back over the region of the kidneys, it will quickly penetrate, and, in most instances, give immediate relief. Six or eight of the Pills should be taken nightly according to circumstances.

Diptheria, Sore Throats, &c.

These maladies are of so serious and dangerous a nature that the Ointment would not be recommended unless the Proprietor was sure of its effect. It will cure when every other means have failed, if applied immediately, and not delayed until the patient is beyond recovery. It is a sovereign remedy for sore throat. Settled Coughs or wheezing will be promptly removed by rubbing in this unguent. Mothers should rub it into the chest of their infants whenever there is any hoarseness, tightness, or other affection of breathing.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts.—Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers.

It is surprising how quickly a sore, ulcer, or wound, deprives the body of strength, and unfits it for the duties of life; but it is no less wonderful to watch the effect of Holloway's Healing Ointment, when it is used according to the printed directions, and assisted by appropriate doses of the Pills. The pain, inflammation, and other morbid manifestations, soon disappear from the affected part and health and strength return.—This treatment creates sound flesh, and therefore makes its cures complete.

Gout and Rheumatism.

Will be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts. This treatment must be perseveringly followed for some time and duly assisted by powerful doses of Holloway's Pills. The essence of these diseases lies in the blood, which has floating through each vessel the pain-giving poison which vitiates and inflames every tissue it comes in contact with, and produces the hot, swollen, elastic enlargement about the joints so characteristic of gouty and rheumatic maladies.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

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Bad Breasts	Chapped Hands	Swellings	Skin-diseases
Burns	Corns (Soft)	Lumbago	Scurvy
Bunions	Cancers	Piles	Sore-heads
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Coco-bay	Elephantiasis	Scalds	Ulcers
Chiego-foot	Fistulas	Sore Nipples	Wounds
	Gout		Yaws

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EXTRACT OF A LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, To his Brother at WORCESTER, May, 186

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