

Local and Other Items

Dominion opens tomorrow.

Mr. James Melsaac, M. P. left here on Saturday for Ottawa to attend the Parliamentary session.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 10.—One hundred and sixty-five school teachers went on strike this morning, owing to the trustees refusing to accede to their demands for higher salaries.

Under the new armistice conditions to be imposed upon Germany by the Allies, according to authoritative information, Germany will remain unharmed for a period of years, said to be twenty-five.

The Lusitania, Switzerland, Gazette says Germany is hoping to raise a large loan in the United States as soon as peace is signed. The despatch adds that the money is to be used to pay for expected raw materials from allied countries.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 12.—The Dominion Council of the Navy League of Canada in the distribution of the fund collected in 1915 allotted \$25,000 to Prince Edward Island for the erection of a Soldiers Home. The sum of \$20,000 was voted for education throughout Canada, which in addition to what the provinces will do themselves.

Montreal Gazette: "If it was a good policy to encourage home industry before the war, it is equally a good principle after the war. The protective tariff has for fifty years operated in good season and bad season, to the advantage of Canada. No class of the community has suffered from it. In town and fields we have had a prosperous people, and have not lacked attraction to the nomad population of other countries, certainly not to be overplus of Americans. It may be that the tariff should be revised, but not until after enquiry as to its incidence and not until assurance is given that in pulling down one prop, the whole structure does not collapse."

Sir Ernest Cassel, London, the well known financier, has placed in the hands of the trustees half a million pounds sterling for education purposes, particularly the following: First—The promotion of adult education in connection with the Workers' Education Association or any other association or body approved by the trustees. Secondly—Scholarships for encouraging education of workmen or their sons and daughters. Thirdly—The promotion of the higher education of women by assistance to colleges for women. Fourthly—The promotion of the study of foreign languages. Fifthly—Towards the establishment of a faculty of commerce in the University of London on such terms as the trustees may approve.

The President was received with military honors as he arrived at the Foreign Office Paris on the 14th for the Plenary Session and the large crowds, which had congregated, gave him a cordial welcome as he passed through. The delegates were already assembled when the President entered the council chamber. When he entered the Chamber, the President was greeted by Premier Clemenceau, Foreign Secretary Balfour, and Viscount Milner, of great Britain, and the American delegates at the head of the table. There was little formality. Premier Clemenceau who is presiding at the conference, called the Conference to order and President Wilson rose and addressed the gathering. I have very great pleasure, said President Wilson, as he began, "in presenting the report of the committee which has framed the constitution of a League of Nations. I am particularly happy to be able to say it is a report signed by the representatives of all the powers on the committee." President Wilson spoke earnestly, but without oratorical effect. The best report I can make, the President continued, "is to read the document itself." Thereupon he read from a printed sheet the constitution of the League, while the Assembly followed his reading with the closest attention.

Locals and Other Items

Approximately one tenth of the population of the United States is composed of unaturalized Aliens according to Raymond F. Crist, deputy commissioner of naturalization, who declared that such a condition would not be permitted by any other country, and appealed to American citizens to help in making citizens of the Alien residents. He said that there were 10,500,000 persons in this country who still retain their allegiance to the land of their birth.

Representatives of the British wheat export company are expected in Ottawa shortly to discuss with the government resumption of wheat purchase in Canada. Although there is no indication as yet when buying will be resumed, every hope is expressed in official circles that the 1918 crop will be disposed of without any necessity on the part of the government to implement its guarantee. The exportable surplus of the 1918 crop is stated to amount from sixty to seventy million bushels.

The Dominion Government, it is announced has taken decisive action in the matter of dealing with alien enemies. Indications have been most pronounced for some time that a growing feeling of hostility was developing in various portions of the Dominion against alien enemies, most of whom have profited during war and have not conducted themselves as to show appreciation of the citizenship they were enjoying and for which others were fighting. On the other hand the behaviour of many was creditable in every way. Already the force of public feeling has shown itself in some of the larger cities.

Boston, Feb. 12.—In a statement made here today Colonel Bishop, who holds the world war record for birdmen predicts the early wiping out of distance by the airplane. He says soon as the weather becomes suitable about April 1 an airplane will cross the Atlantic and not one but dozens of them on the first favorable day there will be international competition to accomplish this feat. The winner will probably start from Newfoundland and land in Ireland making the flight in quite a bit under twenty-four hours and without the necessity of coming down. It is entirely possible to carry sufficient petrol and other supplies to do this and the Newfoundland fog-belt about which more or less has been said, won't be a bother for the aviator will really rise above the fog belt at the start.

DIED

McLEOD.—At Trinidad, Col. February 14th 1916, John McLeod, aged 41 years, son of Mr. Murdoch McLeod, of the Prince Edward Island Railway.

GODKIN.—At the home of his son-in-law, A. E. Cairns, Elm Avenue, Feb. 16th, William G. H. Godkin, aged 67 years.

BEER.—On Sunday Feb. 16th inst., Louisa Palmer Wright, aged 78 years, widow of the late Frank D. Beer.

GARNHAM.—In East Boston, Mass. Feb. 5th Archibald, beloved husband of the late Martha C. Garnham, (nee Grey).

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, Friday, the 28th March 1916 for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week over Rural Mail route No. 1 from Bonshaw P. E. Island from the 1st of July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Bonshaw and at the office of the Post Office Inspector JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, 14th Feb. 1916. Feb. 19, 1916 31.

Sir Robert for Ambassador

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—While the government here is completely ignorant in regard to the London Daily Express report that Sir Robert Borden has been offered the post of British ambassador to Washington, the source of the story, coupled with the refusal of the premier and Downing Street to deny it, is regarded as highly significant.

It is considered as highly important that the story should have emanated from the office of Daily Express. The Express is controlled by Lord Beaverbrook, who, as is well known, is a sort of Canadian Colonel House in London, completely in touch with every phase of Anglo-Canadian relations in the United Kingdom, and a power behind the throne of British politics, and it is not considered likely that he would permit such a report to appear in the newspaper, unless it had some basis in fact. Now it is considered likely that the Express would publish such a report without Beaverbrook's knowledge and consent.

Indeed the semi-official view here is that it would not be surprising if it were found that the man who, in the greatest crisis of the war, brought together Lloyd George and Borden, thereby overthrowing the Asquith coalition and giving birth to a ministry which brought the Empire to triumph victory, is the author of the proposal to send the Canadian Premier to Washington.

At the present time there is no British ambassador to Washington. Upon the retirement of the late Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, Lord Reading, Lord Chief Justice, came to the United States as a sort of envoy extraordinary, combining trade and business duties with diplomatic offices, but it appears that his appointment was simply for the duration of war. At all events Lord Reading has been back in England for some months, and is at present assisting Lloyd George upon financial questions, being dealt with by the peace conference, and a number of prominent Britishers, including Lord Robert Cecil, have, at various times, been mentioned for the Washington post. As to Sir Robert Borden's own wishes, or in regard to the attitude of his colleagues here, it is at present impossible to speak with authority. The Prime Minister's loss would undoubtedly be a severe blow to Union government, but it is extremely doubtful whether any of his colleagues would try to influence him against accepting a position of such great honor and importance.

The Ottawa Journal, which frequently reflects inside Cabinet opinion, probably speaks for most members of the government when it says that, much as Sir Robert's clear-sighted counsel will be needed in Canada in the trying days ahead, no Canadian can justly object, if he should be offered, and decides to accept the vastly higher task of promotion as Ambassador at Washington, the great object of closest unity between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race.

It is pointed out that the growing belief on the part of British and American statesmen that Canada is bound to play a predominating part in promoting a much-desired permanent Anglo-American entente, is altogether likely to have influenced the offer of such an unprecedented honor to a Canadian statesman.

Sir Robert is pointed out probably understands American aims, policies and ideals better than any living British statesman, and, moreover, is personally known to most leading Americans, and would be extremely popular at Washington. Moreover his presence in Washington would be a guarantee of continued good relations between the United States and Canada, something regarded as essential to the promotion of the well-begun rapprochement between Britain and the United States.

Another suggestion, also from inside circles, is that while Sir Robert might not feel inclined to accept the Washington post, it would not be surprising if he accepted some high post in connection with the League of Nations. The Canadian Premier, it is believed, has created a notable impression at the Paris conference, winning the confidence of the world statesmen assembled there.

as completely as he is known to possess the confidence of Lloyd George, and, in this connection, a great deal of significance is being attached to his sudden decision to return to Canada on a flying visit.

Thanks the C. N. R. Operating Staff

Chairman of Imperial Munitions Board Appreciates Good Work in connection with Special Traffic Movements.

Writing to Mr. P. P. Brady, General Manager of the Canadian National Railways, Eastern Lines, Sir Joseph Flavelle, Chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board at Ottawa, expressed himself as follows:—

"The work of the Imperial Munitions Board at Ottawa is complete. With the exception of a few officers of the Records Department, who will remain here, the members of the staff necessary for the completion of the liquidation of our assets, will move to Toronto.

Before leaving Ottawa, I desire to express my great appreciation of the assistance given the Board by the entire operating staff of the Intercolonial Railway. You will readily understand that many times during the last three years we have asked officers of the Company to give special consideration to the movement of traffic, and in all cases we have met with generous response."

This is an acknowledgment from Mr. Flavelle of the excellent work done by the Canadian Government Railways in the matter of traffic movements during the most trying periods of war time, when special attention was given to overseas munition shipments.

Feb. 19, 1916 11.

Death of Sir

Wilfrid Laurier

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Leader of the Liberal Party of Canada for 32 years, and Prime Minister of Canada for more than 15 years, died at his home on Somerset Avenue at 2:50 yesterday afternoon. His death was due to paralysis the first Sunday attack of which he experienced at noon. Doctors Vilin and Cheverie were in attendance. But there was practically no hope of recovery after ten o'clock yesterday morning. He was unconscious since early morning. His funeral will be held on Saturday of which an extended report will appear later.

Province of Prince Edward Island.

In the Surrogate Court. In Re Estate of John Hogan late of Charlottetown in Queen's County in Prince Edward Island, deceased, intestate.

To the Sheriff of the County of Queen's County or to any Constable or literate person within the said county.

GREETING:

WHEREAS Francis Rossiter of Morell in the County of King's County, in said Province of Prince Edward Island, administrator of all and singular the goods chattels rights and credits of the said John Hogan deceased hath by his Petition now on file prayed that all persons interested in the said Estate may appear and show cause if any they can why the accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and why the said Estate should not be closed.

You are therefore required to cite all persons interested in the said Estate to appear before me at a Surrogate Court to be held at my Chambers in the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County on Tuesday the Eighteenth day of February next (A.D. 1916) at the hour of Eleven o'clock forenoon to show cause why the accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and why the said Estate should be closed.

Given under my hand and [L.S.] the seal of the said Court this Tenth day of January, A.D. 1916.

(Signed) JENES A. MACDONALD, Surrogate Judge of Probate.

Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the session exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the petitioners for such Bill and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Committee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested, by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are petitioners for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations, or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees be paid for the same into the hands of the Clerk of the House.

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON, Clerk Legislative Assembly. November 27, 1915. 41.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 3rd January 1916 for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 2 from Kensington, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Kensington, French River, Long River and at the office of the Post Office Inspector JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, Nov. 22, 1915. Nov. 27, 1915—31.

Mail Contract

SEALED Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, Friday, the 7th of February, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week over Rural Mail route, No. 1, from Cardigan, P. E. Island from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Cardigan, Newport, Oct. 54, Launching Place, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, 23rd Dec. 1915.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 19th Feb. 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, over Rural Mail route No. 2, from Peak's Station, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Peak's Station, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, 14th Feb. 1916.

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The Store With The Stock



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Here's a splendid chance to get a new hat for the kiddies—hats new this season smart, well made, correct in shape and style, every one to be closed out at\$1.98

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Women's Hats Worth to \$7.50 for \$2.75

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And each dollar grows in value.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 3rd January 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week, over rural mail route No. 1 from Albany, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Albany and at the office of the Post Office Inspector JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, Nov. 22, 1915. Nov. 27, 1915—

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