POOR DOCUMENT

A Salt Lake Sermon.

The Salt Lake "Tribune" does not like Mormonism. The following is a report from its columns of a sermon by a Mormon elder on soap and inspiration:

The announcement that Elder Scraggs would speak in the Twelfth Ward meeting-house on "Home Industries and Divine Inspirations" drew a large audience. Scraggs having recently purchased an interest in a soap factory, it was predicted by his acquaintances that his discourse would lead a trifle toward his business. He spoke as follows from the text, "Cleanliness is next to godliness."

"My brethren, nothing which God has put into the mouth of the inspired writers was ever said amiss. This idea comes with almost miraculous adaptability to the present stiring epoch when there are so many who doubt the inspiration of the Word and don't use soap. Now, we should all take the truths of Scripture home to our hearts and use none but soap made right here in Salt Lake. Now, I hold that any man who has the inspiration in him to make soap, to keep the great truth of Scripture in your minds, that cleanliness is next to godliness, should be patronized. I don't care how many of you have turned away from the Word, how many of you have trod the paths of unrighteousness and sin, I tell tell you that I can wash your souls, which, though they be as scarlet, yet shall they be white as wool. There are other soap factories here in Salt Lake, but none that do as mine can. I succeeded in the soap business because I have faith in the revelations of the divine word. My receipt was a revelation direct from heaven. We read in the good book of the angels clad in raiments of shining white, and I have no doubt in my mind that the same sort of soap is used in heaven as I have now retailed at ten cents a bar, although I have a cheaper grade for the country trade. Every man's soul is like an old dirty towel which has been used for two weeks. It needs the cleansing process to make it white. We must be cleansed in the words of repentance and faith, and put through the wringer of affliction, which, by the way, reminds me that Brother Boggs is now selling the Excelsior Wringer, which to my mind is the best now in the market, better a good deal than Smith's old rickety machines, which is now an apostate from the true faith, and the spirit of the Lord abideth not in him. Unless you patronize the men who are in the faith the doors of salvation open not unto you, and your soul will roast in the everlasting damnation of hell. My soap is now being made plain and scented, put up in convenient packages, and, with the grace of the Lord which passeth all understanding, will wash your sins forever and ever. We will now sing the 484th hymn, "The Lord will wash my guilt away," with the choir standing.

Plain but Sound Talk.

"What I am longing arter," said Brother Gardner as Trustee Pullback ceased coughing and Samuel Shin finally got a rest for his feet—"what I am longin' arter am a sight of a good, old-fashioned man or woman—sich as we could find in ebery house thirty y'ars ago, but sich as cannot be found now in a week's hunt. It makes me lonesome when I realize dat our old fashioned men an' women am no mo'. In de days gone by if I felt sick one woman would run in wid catnip, anoder with horseradish leaves, anoder wid a bowl o' gruel, an' tears would be shed, an' kind words spoken, an' one couldn't stay sick to save him. In dose good old days de kaliker dress an' white apron abounded. An honest woman wasn't afeared to wash her face on account of de powder. Ebery woman wore her own h'ar, an' she wore it to please herself instead of fashun. Thick shoes kept de feet dry, thick clothes kept de body warm, an' dar was no winkin' an' wobblin' an' talkin' frew de teef.

"Dar was goodness in de land in dem good ole days. Dar was prayin' to God, an' de hearts meant it. De women who wore a No. 6 shoe was as good as de woman wid a foot all pinched out of shape an' kivered with co'ns. You didn't h'ar much bout breach o' promise cases an' odder deviltry. De man who parts his ha'r in de middle an' believes he mashes his victims by the score wasn't bo'n den. People didn't let deir nayburs die under der noses widout eben knowin' dat sickness had come to de family. Men worked hard an' put in full time, an' women foun' sunthin' to do besides gaddin' de streets to show off a small foot or a new bonnet.

"De world calls it progress. We must shet our hearts against our naybur, sacrifice all fur fashun, conceal our limps and pains, appear what we am not, an' when we go to de grave fur rest we am forgotten in a week. Whar one woman looks to heaben a dozen look to fashion. Whar one man helps de poo' from kindness of of heart a dozen chip in because de list of names will be published in de paper. When I sot down of an evenin' an' fink dese fings ober it makes me sad. I doan' know jist how wicked Sodom was, nor what deviltry dey was up to in Gomorrah, but if either town had mo' wanity, wickedness, frivolity an' deceit dan Detroit, Chicago, Buffalo, or any odder city in dis kentry, rents mus' have bin awful high."

—*Free Press.*

What is the best lip salve in creation? A kiss. Is it safe? Yes, except that it sometimes brings on an affection of the heart.

The Queen's Household.

The clerk of the kitchen has a salary of £700 a year and his board, and to aid him in his work he has four clerks who keep all accounts, check weights and measures, and issue orders to the tradespeople; he has also a messenger and a "necessary woman." Besides these officials of Her Majesty's kitchen, there is the chief, with a salary of £700 a year, and four master cooks at about £350 per annum each—who have the privilege of taking four apprentices at premiums of from £150 to £200 each—two yeomen of the kitchen, two assistant cooks, two toasting cooks, four scourers, three kitchen maids, a store keeper, two "Green Office" men, and two steam apparatus men; and in the confectionery department there are a first and second yeoman, with salaries of £300 and £250 respectively, an apprentice, three female assistants, and an errand man; and in addition to these, there are also a pastry cook and three female assistants, a baker and his assistant, and three coffee-room women. The ewer department, which has charge of all the linen, consists of a yeoman and two female assistants only. The gentleman of the wine and beer cellars—or, properly speaking, Her Majesty's chief butler—has a salary of £500 a year. He has to select and purchase wines for the royal establishment, to superintend the decanting, and send them up to table. Next to him are the principal table-deckers, with £200 a year each, the second table-docker with £150, the third with £90, and an assistant with £52—their duties being to superintend the laying out of the Queen's table before dinner is served. The plate pantry is under the care of three yeomen—with salaries of £160, £150 and £120 respectively, besides lodgings, money and board—a groom and six assistants. These offices are of great trust, and are not overpaid, seeing that at a rough guess the gold and silver plate at Windsor Castle alone is probably worth about £3,000,000, and includes some very precious specimens of art workmanship. The getting in of Her Majesty's coal must be an important and ardurous task, as no fewer than thirteen persons are employed all the year round on this duty alone.

EXTRAVAGANT CHARGES OF PHYSCIANS.—Some time since a widow lady of our acquaintance in Philadelphia, without a family, died in this city at the extreme age of 93 years. Although she lived in plain circumstances she was generally known to possess considerable wealth. In the settlement of her estate, two physicians who had attended her last, though not long, illness, presented to the auditor a bill for their services of some $800, the one-fourth of which was claimed for a post-mortem examination made without the request or even knowledge of the relatives of the deceased. When this item was announced one of the heirs inquired whether the examination was made to ascertain why the old lady lived so long or why she died so soon. The point and propriety of the question were at once seen by the parties to whom it was addressed, and led to their manifest embarrassment; but, rather than a suit at law should follow, the objection to the extraordinary claim was not pressed and the unjust charge was allowed.

There is a growing tendency in the medical profession to demand extravagant and unjustifiable remuneration from patients, especially if they are understood to be able to make the exacted compensation.

Remedies offered by sundry of the cured in a New York morning paper, to prevent appetite for rum:—To say "No" emphatically when asked to drink, and not to say "No, I thank you." The latter form of refusal may prove fatal to resolution. Second. A sip of milk in place of a drink. Third. To dip food in whiskey for a week. Fourth. Prayer at the Fulton street noonday prayer meeting. Fifth. One pound fresh Peruvian bark soaked in one pint of alcohol; a teaspoonful every three hours the first and second days, then less and less, &c. Sixth. Three drinks a day for two days; then but one per day; lastly, to stick to very strong coffee when the appetite comes on. Seventh. Join a sound temperance organization. Eighth. Sulphate of iron, 5 grains; magnesia, 10 grains; peppermint water, 11 drachms; spirits of nutmeg, 1 drachm—to be taken twice a day. Ninth. Declares he has proved the utter worthlessness of any human device for curing said appetite, inebriate homes included.

Four Brutes at Brockville.

BROCKVILLE, Ont, April 13.—The Gananoque rape case, in which William Harris is charged with the offence and William Riley, Pecor and Leshay as aiding and abetting, was tried to-day. Addie Wheeler, the victim, is a girl 17 years old, residing with her parents in Gananoque. The girl was engaged to marry the prisoner Riley, on October 29, against the wishes of her parents. On the evening of that day she left her home with the intention of meeting Riley, whom she accompanied to Brough wharf, where she was forced to enter a row boat in which sat Harris, and was rowed to Leek island, where they were met by five other men. There she claims that against her will she was outraged by the whole seven men. Three of the perpetrators, Hardy, Dishman and Pecor, made good their escape and have not been arrested. The Jury after being out a short time returned with a verdict of guilty.

This letter was received some time ago, but we have been unable to find room for it until now:—

To the Editor of the Evening Herald:

SIR,—I have been studying that sermon of Rev. W. W. Brewer's in the HERALD of the 11th December last. It seems to me that gentleman has wrapped up his text in a double blanket of obscurity and sewed it together with wax ends. My reasons for saying so are these: His text was, "In the word of a king there is power." That is so, but the power may be for evil, and Mr. Brewer has said nothing about that. Next he says, "Knowledge is power;" that, too, may be power for evil, if it is knowledge puffed up. I wish to ask the gentleman what genuine connection there is between true knowledge and the word of kings. None whatever. A king may be a wise man or he may be a "fantastic gommeril." King Solomon was a wise man for a time, while he remained the husband of one wife. When he took it into his head to have more than one it showed clearly he didn't know much. He ought to know that he had only one heart. If he had looked back to our great great grandfather, Mr. Adam, he would see the Lord only gave him one wife. The Lord knew all things from the beginning. He knew that two wives or more would be injurious to him; but it seems Solomon took all the wives he wanted. I guess Solomon found out it was all vanity. However, Solomon gets the name of having been the wisest king we had for a long time. If you want to see a king with good courage, why little David is the man. In his word there was power. He said he would fight Goliath and he did it, and killed him, too, because he trusted in the Lord. He had faith, therefore there was power in the word of little Davy. King Pharaoh, who kept the Israelites in bondage, let us see if his power was not for evil. He took a powerful army and pursued the chosen family to the banks of the Jordan. No doubt Pharaoh considered himself a very wise man and all powerful; so he hurried up his army to overtake the Israelites. When they got in the middle of the Jordan and the waters closed over them no doubt he found out that he was a little too fast, and the rest of his army came to the conclusion, or the conclusion came to them, that Pharaoh was not so wise as he pretended to be. They considered he should have known something concerning the *tide*; but it seems the tide is a hard thing to understand. However we may safely conclude that Pharaoh and his army got into the Jordan just in time to suit the tide. No doubt in the word of a King there is power, but taking the past as a guide, kings have mostly used their power for evil. At the time Moses was a baby the king, it seems, had the power of having all the male children put to death. So it was at the time our Saviour was born. The king had the power of putting the male children to death. He had the power, it seems, to have the head of John the Baptist taken off without judge or jury. When he said the word none dare contradict. What a sad state of affairs that was!!! Power and consciousness of power in a right minded man imparts a nobleness, but he would be very cautious how he uses his power. The fact is his head wants to be level. The Saviour says "all power is given to me in heaven and on earth." There, Mr. Editor, is a divine model for kings or those who hold the sceptre of power. We also know how the Saviour used his power; and the man whose life is modeled after the divine pattern will have my loyalty. If it is contrary to that we wont have much loyalty from me, you bet. I merely mention two or three instances, but might mention hundreds of instances of kings whose lives are not a very edifying subject for a person to study. I think they are more of a warning for us than an example to imitate. At another time I may say something more in reference to the sermon referred to. Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for this space,

Yours, etc.,

ONE OF THE BOYS.

Eggs are put to some very strange uses, but it is seldom that they are used as infernal machines. It is almost an insult to the hen that laid them to convert them into infernal machines. Yet it appears that they have been put to some such use in Russia, the head of the police having been presented with what appeared to be a basket of new laid eggs. Everybody has a weakness for new laid eggs; that is to say, nearly everybody has. So that the head of the police force was quite excusable for being greatly tickled when he was presented with the eggs. When he discovered that they were charged with dynamite we may well suppose that his feelings were of an entirely different nature. It must be a severe task on the ingenuity of the Nihilists to devise so many different plans for the extirpation of those in authority.

Commander Cheyne has had an interview with Sir John Macdonald and other Ministers, on the proposed exploration of the Hudson Bay waters. Should the expedition be started, it is more than probable it will be under the direction of Commander Cheyne, who is regarded as the right man in the right place in this case. Commander Cheyne received a letter from Sir Hugh Allan, expressing his strong approval of the proposed exploration.

40 CASES

Rubber Boots and Shoes

lately received at

LOTTIMER'S

Fashionable Shoe Store,

In Ladies' Gents' Misses' Boy's and Children's sizes.

Fredericton, March 30, 1882.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable Farm, situate in Gibson, containing eighty acres, fifty of which are under cultivation. There are two good Barns on the farm.

The land will be sold in block or in lots to suit purchasers.

For particulars enquire of

GEORGE A. PERLEY, Fredericton,

or HENRY GILL, Sr., Second Railway Crossing, Gibson.

Gibson, Jan. 14, 1882.

New Brunswick

RAILWAY COMPANY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

COMMENCING TUESDAY, January 3rd, 1882, Trains carrying passengers will run as follows:

LEAVE GIBSON, 7.45 A. M., for Woodstock, Grand Falls, Edmundston, Presque Isle and intermediate stations.

LEAVE WOODSTOCK, 11.00 A. M., for Grand Falls, Edmunston, Presque Isle and intermediate stations.

LEAVE WOODSTOCK, 1.10 P. M., for Gibson and intermediate stations.

LEAVE PRESQUE ISLE, 6.30 A. M., for Gibson, Woodstock and intermediate stations.

LEAVE EDMUNDSTON, 10.30, A. M., for Grand Falls, Presque Isle, Woodstock, Gibson and intermediate stations.

Passengers for St. Leonard and Edmundston arrive at Grand Falls 5.00 p. m., where they will remain until 6.30 a. m., next day, at which time train leaves for these points.

Passengers from St. Leonard, Edmundston and Grand Falls for points south of Aroostook, will remain at Aroostook until 9.15 a. m., next day, or will be taken, free of charge, to Fort Fairfield, where good hotel accommodation can be procured. Train leaves Fort Fairfield at 8.45 a. m.

Passengers for Bangor, Portland, Boston and points West, connect at Woodstock with the N. B. & C. Railway trains, which leave Woodstock at 2 p. m., making connection at Vanceboro with night train for the West.

Passengers from the West by night train can also make connection with the 11.00 a. m. train from Woodstock to Presque Isle, Grand Falls, etc.

Freight Trains daily between all stations.

ALFRED SEELY, Assist. Superintendent.

Gibson, Jan. 4, 1882.

ORGANS. ORGANS.

Just received direct from the Manufactory

TWO SUPERIOR CABINET ORGANS

WILCOX & WHITE, MAKERS.

Which will be sold cheap for cash or approved paper.

JOHN RICHARDS & SON.

12-17-81

HOUSE COAL.

Landing per Rail this week another car load of

SUPERIOR SOFT COAL,

For sale cheap from cars or shed.

JOHN RICHARDS & SON.

12-17-81

GREGORY & BLAIR,

BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

NOTARIES PUBLIC,

FREDERICTON.

GEO. F. GREGO ANDREW G. BLAIR

JUST OPENED AT S. F. SHUTE'S,

2 cases containing the following:

GERMAN WORK AND LUNCH BASKETS,

Japanese Bamboo Baskets,

PHILADONE'S RAZORS,

Scissors, Pocket Knives,

Nickle Paper Weights,

Ash Pans, Nut Picks

Fruit Knives, Cegar Lighters and Ventilated Armlets,

A Nice Lot of

WALKING STICKS.

Long Handled JAPANESE FANS for Covering.

Also, a splendid line of

BRIAR PIPES.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

S. F. SHUTE'S,

Sharkey's Block, Queen Street.

Fredericton, March 29.

Brushes. Brushes.

Just Received from the Manufacturers:

SEVEN cases Brushes, consisting of Whitewash, Kalsomine, Paint, Varnish, Wall, Paper Layers, Writers, Striping, Sash Tools, Stove, Shoe, Scrub, Tar, and a full stock of Carriage Painters Brushes; 25 dozen Brooms; 10 dozen Whisks.

For Sale Wholesale and Retail.

JAMES S. NEILL.

F'ton, March 24, 1882.

A. Lottimer

begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally that

HE WILL REMOVE

from the Shop he now occupies

About the 18th April,

to the Store in

Machum's Brick Building,

Recently occupied by Mr. Champigny,

Next door below Dever Bros., Dry Goods Etablishment,

And just 5 Doors above his Old Stand,

Where, with much better facilities for doing business, and the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK

BOOTS AND SHOES

to be found in the City, he hopes to be favored with a continuance of the same liberal patronage in his new stand that was bestowed upon him during the past few years in his present place of business.

A. LOTTIMER.

F'ton, April 12, 1882.

A NOVELTY.

Lemont's Variety Store

We are now opening goods direct from France, Germany, Austria, England and the United States. Our stock embraces the largest collection of goods we have ever shown.

BOHEMIAN VASES,

Toilet Setts, Water Setts, Lustre Vases, Crystal Flower Stands, Card Receivers, Powder Setts, Ladies' Toilet Setts, Flower Tubes, Saxon, French and English China and Porcelain Individual Cups and Saucers, Tobacco Setts, Tete-a-Tete Setts, Fruit Dishes, Fancy Plates, Fingons, Flowers, etc., etc., etc.

Fancy Goods in Great Variety,

THOUSANDS OF

Useful and Ornamental Articles.

Dolls, Dolls, Dolls, Dressed and Undressed.

A large display of KEROSENE LAMPS.

CHANDELIERS, LANTERNS of all kinds.

ALL KINDS OF

WHITE STONEWARE AND CHINA

TABLEWARE, GLASSWARE,

For table use, in great abundance

Two large showrooms. 99 feet long, filled with

Furniture,

for Parlor, Sitting Room, Bedrooms, Dining Room, and Kitchen.

MATTRASSES AND LOOKING GLASSES.

Tinware, Painted Toilet Setts, Bird Cages, Coal Scuttles, etc. Knives and Forks, Spoons, Setts Castors and Platedware, Boys and Girls Sleds, Boys Girls, Mens' and Women's Moccasins and Snowshoes.

A number of MINK MUFFS, TIPPETS and BOAS —Very low prices.

5 NEW CABINET ORGANS, 2 NEW PIANOS,

All our goods will be sold at low prices, taking quality of goods into consideration.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Thanking our customers for the past, we ask a continuance of their custom.

LEMONT & SONS

1-4-81

FREDERICTON

Marble Works.

MONUMENTS, TABLETS,

HEADSTONES—Granite and Freestone,

In all its branches, as cheap as anywhere in the Province.

Material and Workmanship guaranteed.

JUST BELOW NORMAL SCHOOL,

QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.

JOHN MOORE.

2-12-81

GIBSON LEATHER CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

Patent and Enamelled Leathers

FOR SHOE & CARRIAGE PURPOSES.

—ALSO—

WAXED SPLITS

HARNESS AND UPHOLSTERING LEATHER.

GIBSON, N. B., (Opposte Fredericton.)

CUTLERY, Etc.

Just received per Steamship "Caspian," via Halifa

ONE cask Table Cutlery; 1 case Pocket Knives; 1 cask Cow Ties and Halter Chains; 1 cask Horse Bells and Chain Traces; 1 cask Pad Locks, Trunk Locks, Till Locks, Drawer Locks and Cupboard Locks.

For sale low by

dec5 JAMES S. NEILL.

FREDERICTON, DECEMBER 4, 1881.

Fall & Winter

IMPORTATIONS.

NEW GOODS.

FRESH STOCK. LOW PRICES.

THOS. W. SMITH & SON

are now prepared to meet the wants of their numerous customers.

IN OUR

Clothing Department

A LARGE LINE OF

CHINCHILLA BEAVERS,

In Blue, Brown and Black.

PLAIN BEAVERS,

In Black, Blue and Brown.

PRIME WEST OF ENGLAND

PILOT CLOTHS,

ALL SHADES.

A Superior Line of GERMAN OVERCOATINGS; also a well assorted stock of SPRING AND FALL OVERCOATINGS.

IN SUITINGS:

English Suitings, Scotch Suitings, Irish Suitings, French Suitings, German Suitings, Canadian Suitings and Domestic Suitings.

☞ We run a Staff of FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS, and warrant an A No. 1 fit every time, or no trade.

IN OUR CUSTOM TAILORING DEPARTMENT COMPETITION DEFIED.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in Ulsters, Overcoats, Reefers, Suits, Rubber-Tweed Water-Proof Overcoats, Cardigan Jackets, in new and nobby patterns.

A FULL STOCK OF

Gents' FURNISHING GOODS,

VERY LOW.

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, PORTMANTEAUS, &c., in great abundance.

☞ NEW DEPARTMENT. ☜

Our Boot & Shoe

DEPARTMENT

is now filled up. In Ready-made we have an immense assortment, from the leading Canadian houses.

Men's Fine Boots, Coarse and Medium Boots, Low Shoes, Congress Boots and other English Walking Boots.

A JOB LINE OF RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES now on hand.

In our Custom Boot and Shoe Department, our foreman, MR. WILLIAM TUFTS, will endeavor to meet the wants of all with good workmanship and a first-class fit. Our stock is now open for public inspection. Drop in and see us,

THOS. W. SMITH & SON.

F'ton, Dec. 4, 1881.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE subscriber hereby thanks the people of Fredericton and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage they have given him during the sixteen years he has been in the

GROCERY BUSINESS

in this City, and gives notice that he has removed his place of business to the large and commodious Store under the

BARKER HOUSE,

where, with increased facilities for handling his goods, and by keeping his stock choice and well-selected, he hopes not only to merit a continuance of past favors, but to widen the circle of his customers.

He guarantees first class articles at the lowest possible prices.

G. T. WHELPLEY.

Fredericton, Dec. 5, 1881.

COFFEE.—JAVA and DANDELION;

BROMA, CHOCOLATE, KAOKA, the new Canadian drink: EPP'S COCOA, at

G. T. WHELPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF CANNED GOODS, Pickles and Sauces of all kinds, at

G. T. WHELPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

ALL ARTICLES GENERALLY found in a first class Grocery Store, at

dec 5 G. T. WHELPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

FLOUR.—Buda, Crown of Gold, White Pidgeon, Gilt Edge, Adrienne and other brands, at

G. T WHELPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

250 Barrels of Winter Nova Scotia and New Brunswick Apples, at

G. T WHELPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

TEAS.—Congo, Souchong, Young Hyson, Oolong, &c., at

G. T. WHELPLEY'S, Under the Barker House.

Frith & Son's Cast Steel.

JUST received per Steamship "Nova Scotian" from Liverpool the following:

1,000 ℔ Perie Steel;
1,000 ℔ Pick Steel;
2,000 ℔ Octagon Drill Steel;
800 ℔ Square Tool Steel.

For sale wholesale and retail by

feb 22 JAMES S. NEILL.