

BUCKLEY'S

BRONCHITIS MIXTURE

At all Druggists **40 75** Results Guaranteed

The Lightning Remedy for **COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS**

Sold in Newcastle and Nelson by E. J. Morris

MORE EGGS from Each Hen

The use of hens is to lay eggs, and hens will positively lay more eggs GUARANTEED—if you put a dose of Pratt's Poultry Regulator in the feed every day. Your dealer is authorized to give back your money if it fails.

Pratt's Poultry Regulator

Write for FREE BOOK. PRATT FOOD CO. OF CANADA, LTD., TORONTO

Bonny Blue

ENAMELLED WARE



We are always first to introduce the newest and best lines of enamelled ware. Call and see these Bonny Blue lines. A heavy three coated ware in Blue and White.

For the well appointed kitchen
McClary's
Bonny Blue

PLUMBING RANGES FURNACES

B. F. MALTBY

Phone 121 Newcastle, N. B.

NO DIFFERENCE
Mary—"Marriage must have made a great change in your life!"
Alice—"Not at all. I used to sit up half the night waiting for Alfred to go home, and now I sit up waiting for him to come home!"

HIG PROFIT
One former New Brunswick resident who lives near Brandon in Manitoba had 50,000 bushels of wheat this year. He sold half of the quantity at slightly more than \$1.00 per bushel, which would clean up his expenses and the remaining 25,000 bushels he was still holding for higher prices, which he believed inevitable. He expects to clean up \$40,000 on the year's operations, the world's wheat yield being shortened by recent unfavorable conditions in Australia and other countries.



FOR THAT
Bad Cold
YOU MUST TAKE
Peps

NEW REDUCED PRICE 25¢

Give your family home baking

In the homes where mother does the baking, the children's cheeks are rosy, their eyes are bright and clear, and their bodies strong, healthy and quick-growing. Home baking is easy with

Quaker Flour

Always the Same—Always the Best

Quaker Flour never varies from its high standard. Samples of every milling must pass rigid tests in our own bake-shop.

Give your family home-made bread, pastry and cakes made with Quaker Flour.

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Shelburne.

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NEWCASTLE—H. S. Miller, Isaac Mitchell, Baird & Peters. LUDLOW—D.C. Hovey

Reduce Cut Of Lumber On North Shore

Will Not Exceed Fifty Per Cent of the Normal Output

Three prominent North Shore business and lumber men, W. B. Snowball, J. Leonard O'Brien, Nelson and Richard O'Leary of Richibucto, all of whom were here last night, said jointly and severally that the lumber cut on the Miramichi and vicinity this year would be only about 50 per cent. of the normal. This was practically due to the prevailing slackness in the lumber market as well as the low price which is being offered. The price, said Mr. Snowball would not warrant the operators going into the woods, nor would it warrant the sale of the stock lumber cut during last summer.

The J. B. Snowball Co. Ltd was not preparing to do any lumbering this year, whereas in years past their winter's cut amounted generally to 18,000,000 feet. They are going into the woods however, to cut railway ties.

In the vicinity of Richibucto, the lumber prospects were not at all promising, Mr. O'Leary said. The cut would be small, but he was not in a position to say how much smaller than in an ordinary year.

Mr. O'Brien was the only one of the trio who said that his company was preparing to cut not only as much but more lumber this winter than it did in an average year.

O'Brien, Ltd., will cut about seven or eight million feet this winter.

He was of the same opinion as the others, however as regards the general outlook. It was not promising.

Mr. Snowball said that fishermen had informed him that there were a great many smelt in the Miramichi and the same report was made by Mr. O'Leary. As the smelt business was a very important industry among the fishermen of both districts, they seemed hopeful that the outlook for the winter would not be as bleak as many would paint it. Preparations were now being made by the fishermen for the opening of the smelt season, and if the run of fish, then is as it is reported to be at the present time, then they were sure that there would be little hardship on the North Shore, despite the fact that the lumber cut was only half as large as ordinary.

ORGANIST WANTED
A clergyman who advertised for an organist received this reply:—"Dear Sir,—I notice you have a vacancy for an organist and music teacher, either lady or gentleman. Having been both for several years, I beg to apply for the position."

Miramichi Presbyterian Ministers Association

The November meeting of the Miramichi Presbyterian Minister's Association was held Tuesday at St. Andrew's Manse, Blackville where the members of the Association and their wives were the guests of Rev. and Mrs. W. G. Garside. The programme for the day consisted of an interesting paper by Rev. Wm. Girdwood of Redbank on "The Fundamentalist Modernist Controversy" followed by a keen discussion. Those present included Revs. F.W. Thompson, T. Harrison; L. H. MacLean, Roland Davidson and Mrs. MacLean.

McKinleyville Notes

Misses Mary Smith and Etta McGregor, accompanied by Messrs. Harry McKinley and Elijah Shaw spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Allison of Newcastle.

A new bus service has been established between Upper Nelson and McKinleyville, running at the hours of 1:30 a.m. and 6:30 and 9:30 p.m.

Miss Mary Gallan and Mr. Vivian H. Clarke, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Milton McKinley of Upper Nelson spent Saturday last motoring to Fredericton.

Mr. James Gallan wishes to announce the engagement of his eldest daughter, Olive M. to Earl G. McGregor, of McKinleyville, the marriage to take place shortly.

Miss Alice Jardine of Upper Derby entertained her young friends at her home on Thursday evening last. Games and music were indulged in and an enjoyable evening was spent by all.

Misses Mildred and Maude McKinley of McKinleyville and Messrs. Arthur and Weldon Schofield of Renous, motored to Moncton on Saturday and spent the Thanksgiving holiday with relatives in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Clarke of McKinleyville wish to announce the engagement of their second daughter, Lorna Frances to Cecil E. Flett of South Nelson, the marriage to take place in the near future.

Uses For Our Hardwoods

In Canada in 1922 there were nearly three million broom and mop handles made. These are practical by all made in maple as this wood provides a handle of sufficient strength for even the most energetic sweeper. This is but one of the uses for which hardwood is adaptable.

Canada has large areas of hardwood forest, and even of mixed forest in which hardwoods predominate. One of the problems of forestry is what use to make of the hardwoods. If the trees could be taken out and utilized at the same time as the coniferous timber is being cut it would materially lessen the difficulties of lumbering and reduce the expense of taking out the wood. The limited markets however, restrict the development of the hardwood industry with the consequence that much of the wood is wasted. Hardwoods as a whole are more defective than softwoods, and, in order to cover the cost of taking out the material the closest utilization of every log, not of maple only but of all the species is necessary to secure satisfactory returns in the hardwood industry.

The local manufacturing of small ware of hardwood is one not yet undertaken to any large extent in Canada, although in some European countries it is of considerable importance.—Exchange.

"SALADA"

TEA

Truly delightful
Superb flavor
Deliciously fresh
Finest of all teas.

The Name "Quebec" Is of Indian Derivation

In tracing up the origin of place names in the Dominion the investigations of the Geographic Board of Canada have brought to light the interesting facts given below, concerning the name "Quebec." The first known appearance of the name Quebec is on a map made by Guillaume Levasseur of Dieppe in 1601. If Henri Harisse is not mistaken in the date. The spelling is Quebec. The first appearance of the name in a book is in Lescaurbot's History of New France published in Paris in 1609, a copy of which is in the Library of Parliament at Ottawa. Lescaurbot's spelling is Kebec without any accent, and he used it in describing Champlain's voyage in 1608 of which he had learned orally from the explorer. Quebec is the spelling used by Champlain in his own account of his voyages, published in 1613.

The first white man to visit the site of the present city of Quebec was Jacques Cartier in 1535 and there he found the Indian town of Stadacona. Cartier notes that there is a narrows of the river here. Seventy-three years after in 1608 came Champlain. He found no settlement of any kind. Stadacona and the Huron-Iroquois people dwelling there had disappeared. Champlain writes "Quebec" which is a strait of the river" and in the account of his voyages, published in 1613 states that he sought a place for a house and found none better than "the point of Quebec, so called by the Indians." In the 1632 edition of his voyages he reaffirms that Quebec is so-called by the Indians.

The striking feature of the geography of Quebec, noted both by Cartier and Champlain, is that the river St. Lawrence is "chut 'n', obstructed" or "narrow" here. Indeed where the Canadian National Railway bridge crosses the river, five miles above the citadel of Quebec, is the narrowest part of the St. Lawrence between Montreal and the gulf. The breadth of the river here between high water lines is 2,440 ft. From the Indian appellation for this narrowing of the river has been derived the name now borne by the province and city of Quebec.

Such authorities on Algonquin Indian languages as Fathers Albert Lacombe and Georges Lemoine whose Crean Mohtaignis Indian dictionaries are well known, are agreed that is the meaning of the name. The Rev. Silas T. Rand, a missionary among the Micmacs of the Maritime Provinces for forty years mentions two places in Nova Scotia called Quebec by the Indians, the Narrows above Halifax and a narrow place in the Liverpool River below Milton.

Some have vaguely surmised that Quebec is a French name because in certain parts of France tongues of land formed by the junction of two rivers have names ending in "bec" as Bolbec, Caudebec, Corbec. In this connection the Abbe Goswelin remarks that if the word were French, pure and simple it would have had a definite spelling in the early days. This it apparently never had as some 17th Century writers followed Lescaurbot's spelling and others that of Champlain with or without the final "q".

Winter Feeding And Housing Fall Litters

The fall-harrowed litter must be housed and fed under more or less artificial conditions in the climate during the winter. The rapidly developing pigs demand mineral matter for the building of bone and muscle, meal and other feeds in a relatively concentrate form, and also some form of succulence to assist in the normal functioning of the digestive organs.

There are many mineral feeds available in both organic and inorganic forms and these include charcoal, bone meal, tankage, wood ashes; bone black ground limestone, earthy matter or soda etc. These may be fed in hoppers, or finely ground, may be added to the meal ration at the rate of a potatoe roots are not available, few pounds per hundred of meal.

Succulence may be supplied to the hogs in the form of roots, or the potatoe give better results when boiled and mixed with meal. The roots may be pulped and mixed with meal ration or fed whole but for the younger pigs they should be pulped.

A meal ration composed of equal parts of shorts, middlings and finely ground oats is suitable for pigs of 2 1/2 to 3 months of age when supplemented with about 3 per cent of lapsed oil meal and skim-milk. A well developed pig of that age will consume about 1 pound of this meal mixture and 5 pounds of milk per day. Tankage or meat meal may be substituted for the milk at the rate of 6 to 8 per cent of the meal ration but seldom gives as good results. For older pigs a meal mixture composed of ground oats, 2 parts; shorts, 1 part; middlings, 1 part; barley, 1 part; and lapsed oil meal, 3 per cent gives good results. A variety of meals is usually better than a single meal. An equal quantity of roots may be added to the meal ration after the pigs are 3 to 6 months of age, but carefully avoid over feeding.

In housing, the main features to keep in mind are cleanliness, suitable ventilation and the supplying of a reasonably dry sleeping berth. If this berth is situated in a shed draughty building, it should be enclosed. Pigs will do better in a dark, damp, poorly-ventilated corner of the stable, even though the stable is considerably warmer. Cramped quarters are to be avoided as daily exercise is as desirable as proper feeding.

Nothing To Equal Baby's Own Tablets

Mrs. Georges Lefebvre, St. Zenon, Que., writes: "I do not think there is any other medicine to equal Baby's Own Tablets for little ones. I have used them for my baby and would use nothing else." What Mrs. Lefebvre says, thousands of other mothers say. They have found by trial that the Tablets always do just what is claimed for them. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulates the bowels and sweetens the stomach and thus banish indigestion, constipation, cold, colic etc.

The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.