

# Ontario "Dry" September 16th

## Then Referendum in June, 1919--Announcements Made in the Legislature Last Night--Contentious Clauses Left Over for Consideration--New License Board.

### MANITOBA TEMPERANCE ACT EFFECTIVE JUNE 1ST.

WINNIPEG, April 7.—The Manitoba Temperance Act which became law today, owing to certain formalities being necessary, will not go into force till June 1st. The Stegis hotel, one of Winnipeg's million dollar properties closed its doors last night. Its license was cancelled on a day's notice.

Sept. 16 is the day fixed for the prohibition bill to go into effect. The referendum on prohibition will be taken on the first Monday in June, 1919.

These announcements were made in the legislature yesterday after the House had been considering the non-contentious clauses of the bill throughout the afternoon and evening sessions. Few criticisms were raised by the opposition. Clauses over which there appeared that there might be differences of opinion were left over for further deliberation.

The main points left undecided were with regard to native wines, the definition of the private dwelling house, as to what intoxicants lodgers would be allowed to keep in their rooms, as to the percentage of alcohol to be allowed in non-intoxicating liquors.

N. W. Rowell, leader of the opposition, expressed regret that prohibition would not go into effect sooner. The government had decided to leave it until the middle of September to give the license-holders time to dispose of their stock on hand. "With the time given the license-holders should receive this in the spirit the House gives it, and feel that they have received fair treatment," said Mr. Rowell.

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The referendum could not fairly be taken until a considerable time after the war, said the provincial secretary. By the time fixed most of the soldiers would probably be back from the front and they would have had ample time to give the act a fair trial and to get on the voters' lists.

A clause would be introduced repealing the present License Act in the meantime, said Hon. Mr. Hanna. If it were found that the province did demand license back the present holders of license should be given the first chance when licenses were given out again.

Mr. Rowell said that he would have preferred to have seen the license holders compensated in some way rather than that prohibition should have been delayed so long. "The whole act is so important and so far-reaching in its effects and though the date is later than I thought it would be, I would not wish to mar the general good feeling in the matter by dividing the house in a matter of this kind," he said.

"There will be another section to be added and some important changes to be made in some sections," said the provincial secretary. "We intend to add a clause that the referendum will be taken on the first Monday in June, 1919. That will leave it subject to change if there is imperative need for it."

Sam Clarke (Northumberland West): "I think the honorable member has done mighty well in handling this bill. He has had a mighty hard pill to swallow, but he'll digest it all right."

### "Black and White" Still Hold Their Own

The sale of pure bred Holstein cattle at Belleville last week proved that the "Black and White" still holds its place in the affections of dairymen in the Bay of Quinte district.

Despite the fact that the number of fresh cows was less than last year and there were many heifers and young bulls, and also there were no fancy prices paid, the sale averaged about \$8 per head more than last year. The average this year was \$141 per head. Mr. J. A. Caskey was the heaviest consignor, his 14 head totaling \$2020. Mr. Caskey recently sold a cow with a record of over 31 lbs. butter in 7 days for \$1,500.

The highest price paid was \$285, the animal being consigned by Mr. J. M. Branscombe, Bloomfield. Mr. R. M. Holthby, of Port Perry, who purchased Mr. Caskey's 31 lb. cow, was the heaviest buyer.

Col. Perry, of Columbus, Ohio, was the auctioneer and entertained the crowd from start to finish.—Campbellford Herald.

### Soldier Came To Give Evidence

Alfred Horne of Camille, who enlisted with the 224th Forestry Battalion, returned from Quebec yesterday on leave given by the adjutant of the unit in order to give evidence in the case of Wellman vs. the Grand Trunk Railway for damages for the death of Charles Wellman and the injury to his wife in the fatal accident at the Cannifton Road Crossing some months ago. Alfred Horne gave evidence at the inquest and as it was feared he might not be able at the time the suit comes for trial at the spring assizes before Judge Middleton next Tuesday in Belleville, Col. Lester, the local master issued an order to take Horne's evidence at home.

The evidence was read at the trial. The evidence was taken yesterday before Col. S. S. Lester, W. D. M. Shorey for plaintiff and W. E. Foster K.C. for G.T.R. No criminal cases will come up for trial at the assizes.

### NO GIRL NEED HAVE A BLOTCHED FACE.

Whether it is in capturing the heart of man, or making her way through the world by the toil of her hands, a charming and pretty face gives any girl a big advantage. Poor complexion and rough, sallow skin are caused by blood disorders. The cure is simple. Just use Dr. Hamilton's Pills—a reliable family remedy that has for years been the foremost blood remedy in America. That soft glow will return to the cheeks, the eyes will brighten, appetite will improve, strength and endurance will come because sound health has been established. Get a 25c. box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills today. Sold everywhere.

### Sidney Case Did Not Go On

This morning the case of Rex vs. Mrs. Jennie Hanna on the charge of taking certain money from a joint account at Stirling Bank in her own name and that of her mother, Mrs. Martha Ann Taugher of Sidney who is the complainant, a lady of about eighty years of age, was settled and the charge was withdrawn.

Mr. W. D. M. Shorey for the defendant outlined to the court the facts of the case, how Mrs. Taugher had about \$2,900 in the Stirling Bank from her husband's estate, how she having sent for her daughter Mrs. Hanna to take care of her on the understanding that she, the latter was to get what her mother left, had the account made a joint account in the names of both for the sake of convenience and how quite a sum had been withdrawn for repairs to the farm and how the daughter drew out about \$1,400. The latter brought the case into the courts. Of the \$2,900 a sum of several hundreds belonged to the daughter.

Mr. Shorey stated that the civil differences had been settled. Mr. W. Carnew, for the crown, stated that the complainant had taken steps because it was thought an offence had been done. In view of the circumstances, no further steps would be taken.

A letter received by the defendant from Mr. J. J. B. Flint's office on behalf of the mother, was shown by Mr. Shorey. Mr. Flint claimed this was a draft and should never have been sent from his office.

Judge Deroche, the crown having consented to the dropping of the charge, allowed the case to be compromised on the payment of the costs.

### Action Against Orillia's Police Chief

Orillia's News Letter: Chief of Police Reid, is being sued for \$10,000 under circumstances peculiar. Some time ago one Joe Gage, an Austrian, was convicted for selling liquor without a license at Belleville and sentenced to four months in jail. Inspector Stokes notified the police here that Gage was in this locality and asking for his arrest. Gage was working on the Trent Canal at Washago and coming to town one day was arrested by Chief Reid, a constable from Belleville coming up with a warrant and taking Gage there. He is now serving his term in jail there. Meanwhile through his solicitor, J. B. McKenzie, Toronto, he issued a writ for untold damages for arrest and assault. At the time of the arrest, Gage was on parole on card issued by Chief Reid. The License Department is defending the suit.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will drive worms from the system without injury to the child, because its action, while fully effective, is mild.

### Claims His Ignorance Was Badly Abused

In the County Court at Cobourg on Tuesday, before Judge Ward, F. E. Langley, of Brighton, formerly a Toronto commercial traveller, sued Thomas Stork, of Brighton, for \$500 damages for misrepresentation of fact. In April, 1914, Langley purchased from Stork a 24-acre farm and its chattels, paying \$3,000 for them. The chattels, Langley claims were to be turned over to him at cost. He claims the values placed on the chattels by Stork were far more than they were worth, and were not as represented. In one case a mower was valued at \$22, said to have cost \$52 when purchased. Witnesses swore that Stork had purchased it at a sale for \$9. Langley had no previous experience at farming, and relied on Stork to give him a fair deal. Judge Ward reserved judgment. Geo. Drury, of Brighton, for plaintiff; F. D. Reilly, of Toronto, for defendant.—Sentinel-Star.

### Farmers Should Cultivate the Hog

Price of pork is abnormally high. There must be a real reason. Lindsay says paid \$10.25, live weight, per 100 lbs. last week. We have very little use for the hog hence care very little what price farmers receive for their swine output. But an authority who should know the truth, says that the normal hog population in Canada should be from seven to ten millions, whereas it is only three millions. If this be true the inference is plain. Farmers should go into the production of hogs more extensively. About 25,000 hogs have to be brought into Canada weekly from the United States to meet the demand, which will continue for some years. It will take time for the men of the armies to get back to their old positions after the war and during this time they will have to be fed. Another war may come at the close of the present one, when it comes to a division of the spoils, Canada, the United States and the Argentine Republic are the only sources from which supplies can be drawn to feed the armies, and we may have 110 pork and 50c beef. Farmers who have sold their brood sows will regret it before a year passes.—Downsville Statesman.

Warts are unsightly blemishes, and corns are painful growths. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove them.

A Pill That is Priced.—There have been many pills put upon the market and pressed upon public attention, but none has endured so long or met with so much favor as Parmalee's Vegetable Pills. Widespread use of them has attested their great value, and they need no further advertisement than this. Having firmly established themselves in public esteem they now rank without a peer in the list of standard vegetable preparations.

### Road Conditions in West Belleville

Citizens living west of the river have perhaps some cause for complaint as to the conditions of the roads. Traffic in that section of the town, Moore, Catherine, Coleman and Bridge streets are in a bad situation and are not suited for traffic since the excavations for sewers last year. But these conditions will soon be remedied as the public works department purposes, the grading of most of these thoroughfares before long. Bridge street sewer was not finished last season. Whether the work will go on this year from the top of Murray's Hill to Coleman street, depends upon the available supply of men whom Bumbace and Wilde can secure for the work. If they are able to complete their contract and desire to do so, then the city will face the problem of cutting down the grade on Murray's Hill.

Accordingly west-side improvements will loom large the coming season. The advent of the sewer has brought promises of building of residences in West Belleville on a number of streets.

### Aged Resident of Thomasburg has Passed Away

Mrs. Elizabeth Morton, an aged resident of Thomasburg, passed away yesterday afternoon after an illness extending over several weeks. She was the relict of the late Thomas Morton, who preceded her to the tomb about eight years ago. She is survived by a family of four sons and three daughters—James of Monrovia, Wesley and Robinson of Thomasburg, Allen of Belleville; Mrs. Mary Eliza, Tweed, Mrs. Joe Brown, of Thomasburg and Miss Phoebe at home. She is also survived by two brothers, Thompson and Mark Morton of Thomasburg and Mrs. Phoebe Holbert of Monrovia.

The late Mrs. Morton was a native of Huntington township and was the daughter of the late Wm. Morton of Monrovia near which village she was born eighty-three years ago. She was a faithful member of the Methodist church and a lady very quiet and unassuming in her manner, but who was held in the highest respect by a large number of friends. The funeral will be held at Thomasburg tomorrow, Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock. Interment will take place at Thomasburg.

### Schneider Fined For Insulting Language

Wallace Schneider was charged in police court this morning with having used insulting language to Thomas Edward. Both men are employees of the G.T.R. and the language arose out of some differences over work. Schneider was found guilty and fined \$2 and costs. Mr. C. Payne for complainant and Mr. W. C. Mike, K.C. for defendant.

### Turkey Past and Present

Discourse on a Timely Topic by Rev. Dr. R. C. Blagrove

There was a large congregation present at Christ Church to hear a most interesting and valuable discourse upon "Turkey Past and Present" by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Blagrove. The text was from Jeremiah 50, 23-24—"How is the Hammer of the whole earth cut and broken? How is Babylon become a desolation among the nations?" etc.

During the last few days while the attention of the world has been concentrated upon the great Verdun battle, little has been heard from the East except occasional reports of Turkey's desire for a separate peace, which we have no doubt she would be willing to accept but not on our terms. Germany, however, will see to it that no such separate peace is made if she can prevent it.

Britain has not had many surprises from Turkey. She has been dealing with the Turk for many years and she knows his character pretty well. The only thing about which she entertained any doubt has turned out to her advantage, viz. the significance of a Holy War. It is very gratifying to know that trouble is not to be looked for in Egypt or in India.

The Turks are known to be good fighters, especially when on the offensive. They are a militant people. They have always been obliged to fight. Their international relations made it necessary. Since they overran Asia Minor and forced a wedge into Europe they have always been on the soil of doubtful loyalty. They are not empire builders, nor have Europeans looked with friendly eyes upon them since their arrival, except for advantage. Besides, the heart of the religion of Mahomet is beligerent. "By the might of the sword Mahomet is to prevail," is the key note of their national religion.

Turkey is a decadent empire. She has had her day and is tottering to ruin. Her people are for the most part poor, ignorant, and uncultured. The heart of the people is gone. They are not progressive, their glory is in the past and they preserve the barbarism of the savage. Their honourable warfare on Gallipoli about which we hear so much, is more than offset by their savagery in Armenia, where a whole nation has been exterminated in cold blood. That they are in a decaying condition is indicated by the fact that they have sold their soul to Germany. Germans of their armies and control their policies. No self-reliant people would be so dominated by a foreign nation. They have been and are being exploited by Germany. No progressive or self-reliant people will lend themselves to exploitation. Turkey is reduced to a shadow, hence her day is done and her end has about come. She is only a shadow of her former self.

What a contrast is offered in the degradation, poverty, and ruin of modern Turkey with the glorious achievements and thrilling histories of other peoples of whom her land contains the monuments and treasures. There is the garden of Eden or "Edin," the alhambra plan formed by the junction of the two great rivers flowing off into the Persian Gulf. The ancient cradle of the race. There once flourished the great City of Babylon, having a continuous history for three thousand years, the seat of mighty kings—from Sargon to Darius—who warred against the Greeks; a city rich in buildings and aqueducts and monuments, gold and silver and banquet hall, a great and wicked city. There was Nineveh also, a great center, capital of the powerful Empire of Assyria that extended one time to the shores of the Mediterranean. There was the land of the Hebrews, God's own people, called from Ur of the Chaldees. There was Jerusalem, their glory and their pride, and the great temple so magnificent of faith and of glory, renowned the world over. There too the Son of Man came, and His holy feet walked the hills of Galilee, and from thence went out the Apostles to extend and build up the great church of God, the world's salvation today. Babylon and Nineveh and Jerusalem have all gone. Their sites only remain and the priceless treasures their ruins contain are still to give to the world light and confirmation of the word, Turkey. Hence the sites only, and with them the curse of the Hammer of Babylon. Sin and indulgence of faithlessness brought ruin to all these great places of the earth. May they fall into more faithful hands than the present possessors. The rightful heirs are the new empire builders who are today defending truth and righteousness all over the world and who have more genuine interest in the cause of God and humanity than any other living people. If Russia has a right claim of dominance in the Russian Empire, Syria, Persia will inherit these treasures of the earth in the desolate parts of rotting Turkey, not to exploit, but to reclaim and redeem them.

## NEWS AND VIEWS FROM OUR AMELIASBURG CORRESPONDENT

(Held over from last week.)

There does not appear to be any doubt but that spring has set in and that we will not suffer very much longer with weather below zero. A week or two ago there was good sleighing on all the roads, the snow in many places being two to three feet deep. Today many of the main travelled roads are about bare neither good wheeling and worse sleighing. However should the present warm spell continue for a few days longer traffic will be carried on by wagons altogether. The ice continues good but just a word of warning to the venturesome. Those who have been regarded as pretty good authority say the ice will go quick and may be looked for losing its strength long before many would expect at this season of the year. Already there are a good many air-holes and from this time on, unless a cold wave tightens things up, it will be only an act of prudence to take no unnecessary chances, as it is well known fact that where ice is quite safe for a horse a few feet away it might be unsafe for a man on foot.

This is the kind of weather that makes the small boy think of maple syrup and taffy. It has been said when the ground is frozen deep it is an indication of a good sap year and lots of maple syrup and sugar. Whether this is true or not I do not know but so far as the ground being frozen to a good depth there is no doubt that three feet in the clearings has been given but in the woods it would not be likely to go so deep. On account of the high price of sugar at present, quite likely a considerable effort will be put forth by most farmers who can do so, to make enough syrup and sugar to supply their own wants at least, while those who are fortunate in having help enough to carry on the business more extensively will be likely to do so.

The question has often been asked whether a municipal corporation is liable for damages if an engine travelling on the highway breaks through a culvert or bridge. If those interested would consult the "Traction Engine Act," R.S.O. Chap. 212, they would find that engines up to 20 tons are permitted to run upon the highways but owners of engines over ten tons weight must strengthen all culverts and bridges over which they propose to run at their own expense and cannot hold the municipality for any damages they sustain on account of not doing so. But all culverts and bridges must be made safe by the municipality to carry engines up to ten tons and of course could hold the municipality for any damages they might sustain through negligence. To keep such bridges and culverts in a reasonable and safe condition, it is perhaps just as well for municipalities if not figure too close in the matter as the judges have not in the past taken very much notice of what would be claimed as "reasonably safe." Their interpretation of the law makes very little allowance for anything but a "safe" while on the other hand owners of traction engines of less than 10 tons are liable for any damage done to culverts or bridges through injury or damage done to the covering on floor account of not laying down planks to run the wheels of their engines upon in crossing over.

An important bill introduced in the local legislature this session by the Minister of Agriculture to come in force by Order in Council is one which will meet with considerable opposition in some sections, while it will be heartily endorsed in others. The bill has reference to paying patrons for milk sent to cheese factories, by test of quality or butter fat contained in place of the old and unfair method now in practice in many factories of paying by the pool system. This change has been advocated during the past 25 years and strange to say has not met with the universal adoption it should have. People quite generally have been willing to admit that the better quality the milk was, the better quality and more cheese might reasonably be expected from such milk when manufactured into cheese. After all a great many while admitting this, on the other hand were not willing a patron sending the cream of milk to a factory should receive any more for it than the patron sending the same quantity of milk of a much inferior quality, so

long as the milk was sent in the same condition as drawn from the cow. It is to be regretted that a commendable measure of this kind should not have been adopted by patrons voluntarily as a matter of right and justice without being compelled to do so by an act of the legislature.

Hon. Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia for Canada from all accounts, has been a pretty expensive minister since he took office. People will soon begin figuring whether he has been worth all this money to the country. Sir Sam's travelling expenses foot up to over \$15,000 since the war began. It might be cheaper for the country to furnish him with a flying machine, then he and Col. Allison could inspect the shell manufacturing concerns. When one comes to think of it, the lot of a Premier is not a bed of roses. Sir Robert Borden is having his troubles over the scandals which have been exposed while Premier. He is at his wit's end over the prohibition bill and Ex-Premier Ralston has likely come to the conclusion it would have been better for him had he never had anything to do with politics. Unhappy is the head that wears the crown, and the hardest part of the game is to think one's own friends or those whom you have taken as your friends are responsible for all the trouble. The situation at Ottawa certainly has a suspicious look and if the truth were known Sir Wilfred feels heart sorry for Sir Robert Borden at the present moment.

The Provincial Secretary has given notice of an increase in marriage license fees from \$2.00 to \$5.00 in the near future. How this new piece of legislation is going to work out time will tell. Those contemplating entering into a contract for better or worse better get a move on before the change takes place. Those who issue licenses will need to commence laying in a supply or they will find themselves drawing on their bank account to keep themselves in stock with the necessary documents. The Provincial Secretary says that where issuers now pay the Government 20 cents a piece for licenses, under the new regulation they will have to pay \$3.20 a piece for them and charge \$5.00 in place of \$2.00. Those issuers who have been in the habit of throwing in a ring will now be obliged to throw in two rings as an inducement to do business.

Under the new British regulation, monstaches are allowed to be worn. Sir Sam should take advantage of this and set an example to the Canadian forces. Many of the monstaches now worn are docked on the right and left and resemble very much some piece of fur the moths have worked it. It may be fashionable but it neither adds to the beauty of the face or the appearance of the individual.

### LIQUID CATARRH REMEDIES USELESS. ONLY RELIEVE—NEVER CURE.

They go direct to the stomach, have very little effect on the linings of the nose and throat, and entirely fail to cure. Only by cleansing the air passages, by relieving the inflammation and killing the germs is cure possible. No combination of antiseptics is so successful as Catarrhazone. In breathing it, you send the richest pine balsams right to the seat of the disease. Irritating phlegm is cleared out, hoarseness, coughing and hacking are cured. For a permanent cure for catarrh, nothing equals Catarrhazone, get it today, but beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine Catarrhazone. All dealers sell Catarrhazone, large size containing two months treatment, costs \$1.00; small size 50c; sample size 25c.

### Donations to the Shelter March 1916

Mrs. Simmons—3 pairs of mittens. Mr. Frank Miller—23 gallons sweet milk. Mrs. Dyer—making child's suit. Mr. Hudgins' S.S. Class, Holloway St.—cakes, sandwiches, cocoa. Mr. A. E. Bailey—2 bags apples. R. T. of T.—Mrs. Macintosh—sandwiches. Mrs. B. D. Harns—11 jars of jam and pickles, 1 pair mitts, shoes, stockings and skates. Mr. Wm. Maybee—25 lbs. Evaporated apples. Tabernacle S.S. Association banquet—aliced ham and tongue. Mrs. Day—1 bag potatoes. Mrs. Ingram—Shoes and clothing.

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