

Contracted a Heavy Cold.

It Became a Lung Splitting Cough.

Mr. J. H. Richards, 1852 Second Ave. East, Vancouver, B.C., writes: "Allow me to write a few lines in praise of your Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Last fall I contracted a heavy cold which left me with a hacking cough and every time I would get a little more cold this hacking cough would become a lung splitting one. It kept on getting worse and I kept on spending money buying different cough remedies until a friend asked me if I had ever tried Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I told him I was willing to try anything I thought would cure, and on the same day bought two bottles. Before half the first one was used my cough began to get much easier, and by the time I had used a bottle and a half my cough was gone. I am keeping the other half bottle in case it should come again, but I am sure I have a positive cure. Let me recommend Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup to all who suffer from a cough or throat irritation of any kind."

So great has been the success of this wonderful remedy, it is only natural that numerous persons have tried to imitate it.

Don't be imposed upon by taking anything but "Dr. Wood's."

Put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25 cents.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

**RINGING IN EARS
DEAFNESS**
INSTANTLY RELIEVED BY THE OLD
**DR. MARSHALL'S
CATARRH SNUFF**
25¢ AT ALL DRUG STORES OR SENT PRE-PAID BY C. M. KEITH, CLEVELAND, OHIO

Caller—"Is your husband in?"
Mrs. Smith—"No, sir; he's drilling."
Caller—"Ah, quite so. Country militia, eh?"
Mrs. Smith—"No, sir. Turnips."

FARMER'S WIFE TELLS HER STORY

Found a cure for all her ills in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

She was tired, worn-out and nervous, and suffered from Rheumatism, but two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her

Hawthorne, Ont., May 22.—(Special).—Mrs. T. G. Alexander, wife of a well-known farmer living near here, adds her testimony to that of the thousands who have learned from their own experience that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Kidney Disease.

"I suffered for twelve years," Mrs. Alexander says, "My back ached, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing, I was nervous and tired, and I was troubled with head chattering. Rheumatism developed and added to my suffering."

"I was in a very run-down, worn-out condition when I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, but I am thankful to say they gave me relief almost from the first. Two boxes cured me completely."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cure two Kidneys, and two Kidneys mean that all impurities are cleaned out of the blood. That is why they are blood all over the body, and the element of that kind of health and vigor that those pains and aches that one brings."

GOSSIP.

INTERNATIONAL LIVE STOCK STATISTICS.

The latest number of the Canadian Bulletin reviewing the publications of the International Agricultural Institute, contain the latest available statistics regarding crops of many countries, and the live stock of the world. In view of the universal increase in the price of meats, the tables representing the live stock population of some thirty of the leading countries, is of special interest. The tables published indicate the number each of cattle, sheep and swine existing in the nearest years to 1900 and 1910 for which figures are available; also the number of live stock per 1,000 inhabitants at the same dates. The tables reveal the following conditions:

Cattle.—In the group of countries considered, the total number has increased. The number per 1,000 inhabitants has also increased, the population having increased by 13.1 per cent., and the cattle by 17.6 per cent. Though the total number of cattle in Europe has increased, the number per thousand has decreased; for, while the population has increased by 12.2 per cent., the number of cattle has only increased by 4.4 per cent. In America and in Australasia, the proportionate increase in cattle has been greater than that of the population.

Sheep.—The total number has increased, but the number per 1,000 inhabitants has decreased, the population having increased by 13.2 per cent., and the number of sheep by 8.5 per cent. It should be noted that in Europe, not only has the number of sheep per 1,000 inhabitants decreased, but also the total number.

Swine.—The total number has increased. The number per 1,000 inhabitants has also increased, the population having increased by 14.0 per cent., and the number of swine by 19.8 per cent. Though the total number of swine in Europe has increased, the number per 1,000 inhabitants has slightly decreased, the population having increased by 13.2 per cent., while the number of swine has increased only by 12.9 per cent.

In America, the proportionate increase in the number of swine is greater than that of the population, and in Australasia less.

It is pointed out that the quality of animals has improved through breeding, so that a larger quantity of meat is now produced by the same number of animals than ten years ago.

Reports on conditions of winter cereals in European countries are given as generally favorable.

"Manuring for Milk," is the title of an item describing a valuable experiment made in England to ascertain the effect upon milk production of applying certain manures to cow pastures. A field in poor condition was taken, and two plots of four acres each fenced in. On one plot 4 cwt. of superphosphates and 1½ cwt. of sulphate of potash per acre were broadcasted in April 12, while to the other no manure was given. The effect of the manures was tested by the milk yield of cows. Two cows were grazed on each plot for a fortnight; they were then changed over, the two that had been on the no-manure plot going to the manured plot, and vice versa. This continued for five months, so that each lot of cows visited each plot five times. By thus changing the cows from one plot to the other, the effect of difference between the cows was minimized, and the only factor that would influence the result would be the manures applied. By the middle of July, the condition of the manured plot was so much better than that of the other, and so much ahead of the cows, that a third cow was put on it, and kept there till the end of the experiment. During the five months, the yield of the two cows while on the unmanured plot was 5,331 lbs., and while on the manured plot, 6,753 lbs. The yield of the third cow on the latter plot, was 2,267 lbs., so that the total excess on the manured plot was 3,489 lbs., or 84 gallons per acre. At 12 cents per gallon, this would be worth \$10.02, and deducting the cost of the manures, \$7.62, the gain due to their use would be \$2.40 per acre. This Bulletin is published for free distribution. Persons who desire to receive copies regularly, may do so by making application to the Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

SAVES Down and Tangled Grain

On the Deering Binders the guards are placed so that the machine can be tilted to cut close to the ground without pushing trash ahead of the knife.

This is why you can make a 100% harvest with a Deering Binder. The reel can easily be adjusted high, low, forward, or backward, to save grain in all conditions—short, tall, standing, down, or tangled. It can be shifted quickly to push very short grain and green undergrowth from the guards to the platform canvas, saving the time and annoyance of stopping frequently to clean the guards.

The Deering third packer, reaches up close to the elevator and pulls the grain down to the other two packers, preventing the grain from lodging there. The shape of the needle and breastplate is such that straws are not pulled through to the bill hook. This also prevents clogging at this point.

EASTERN CANADIAN BRANCHES: International Harvester Company of America at Hamilton, Ont.; London, Ont.; Montreal, Quebec; Ottawa, Ont.; St. John, N.B.
INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF AMERICA
(Incorporated) U.S.A.
Chicago

I H C Service Bureau
The Bureau is a center where the best ways of doing things on the farm, and data relating to its development are collected and distributed free to every one interested in agriculture. Every available source of information will be used in answering questions on all farm subjects. If the questions are sent to the I H C Service Bureau they will receive prompt attention.



All ready for Galt Shingles



Don't buy roofing from force of habit. Be progressive.

Make your new barn better than your old one—make your present one better than ever before—by putting on a roof of "Galt" Steel Shingles. The wood shingles of today can't give you satisfaction and are a constant expense. "Galt" Steel Shingles make a permanent, storm-proof, fire-proof and lightning-proof roof that saves your money for you every year in protecting barn and stock, and in doing away with repairs.

"The Kids from Galt" will stick in your mind until you send for a free copy of our book "Roofing Economy". Better write for it today and get it off your mind. We'll send it by return mail.

THE GALT ART METAL CO. Limited, GALT, ONT.
Watch for the advertisements with The Kids from Galt.

Standard Wire Fence



Before.

In the "Standard" Wire Fence, you get the durability that comes with strength. Made of all No. 9 Hard Steel Wire, well galvanized—which means no rust and long wear.

"The Tie That Binds" hooks on the running wire and locks smooth on both sides.

Then—there's the Standard Steel Fence Posts that hold the wires without staples—won't rot and are very durable.

We make a specialty of Galvanized Gates, too. Our new books are check full of fence facts. Write for free copies and sample lock.

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After.