Has Soft Cheese a Place in Canadian Dairying

Miss Bella Millar, Guelph (Continued from last week)

(Continued from last week)
This brings us to the question of keeping qualities. It is hardly fair to sar that cream cheese will not keep, thus making people afraid to buy it. It will keep a reasonable length of time if keep unner proper conditions,—cold and dry. In our work last year we found that the cream, or what we call the double cream cheese, would keep for three weeks, the Gowars nearly as long and cream enesse, would keep for three weeks, the Gowars nearly as long and the Camembert for two weeks if kept in a cold place. (The Camembert referred to was fresh, not ripened).

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WHERE DETERIORATION IS RAPID li we cave these choese to high moisture content on the counter in a warm store, or on the pantry shelf. we may expect them to mould and go "off" flavor quickly, but with re-frigeration the keeping quality is in-creased. I think it would be well for the soft cheese manufacturers to supply the stores with counter dum-mies. These dummies would adver-tise the goods, while the cheese, kept tise the goods, while the cheese, kept in a cool place, would mean a product reaching the table in a fresher condition, a better satisfied customer and an increased trade.

and an increased trace.

A country that is growing at the rate of 1.000 persons a day must make provision for the needs of these people. We require a food supply that will be nourishing and

supply that will be nourishing and at he same time not expensive, and one of the ways in which we can help to supply this is by utiling the valuable dairy by-products, akimik and buttermilk.

Prof. Harcourt's food chart last year showed the walue of these things, and by putting them up in cheese form we lessen the bulk, and at the same time add to their keeping qualities. Up to the present ing qualities. Up to the present time we have not made much use of time we have not made much use or skim-milk and buttermilk as a food supply, although in them we have a cheap food, rich in protein. On the American side they have made much more use of these things than we have, although the Gorman people of "Visible counts vive us a good illus." waterloo county give us a good illustration of what can be done with dairy by products. Saturday morning brings many varieties to their markets and these find ready There are many people in Ontario who are fond of the Dutch or Cottage cheese, but cannot procure it.

Several inquiries came to us the Several inquiries came to us the past year regarding the making of skim-milk and buttermilk cheese, especially buttermilk, as the majority of our creamery men have not skim-milk to deal with. We have put up skim-milk in the form of Camember of Ca fully expanies of the Wisconsin Experiment Station. The keeping qualities were good if the cheese were kept cold, while the yield averaged high—the amount being influenced by many factors. The price of butternilk would go up to-morrow if I were to solt at it was possible to solt as would go up to-morrow if I were to say that it was possible to sell a dollar's worth of buttermilk for five dollars more or less. We have in Canada 100,000 Jewish people, who are ready to use this cheese if we give them what the wart.—a mooth sweet, spreadable curd.
As cream cheese is the base

base of nany fancy cheese, so buttermilk

The Makers' Corner and Cheese Makers are inButter and Cheese Mak and written about the high cost of living, let us study the cheese ques-tion, its value as a food and its cheapness in comparison with many other food stuffs; then we will be able to help people to solve their difficul-ties by giving them this advice: "When you cannot make both ends "When you cannot make both ends meet (meat) make one end cheese.

Selling Cheese by Grade

The terms of sale of the Quebec Cheese-makers' Agricultural Cooperative Society, described in a recent is-

tive Society, described in a recent issue of Farm and Dairy, are governed by the following rules:

"All cheese will be graded in three classes: 1st grade, will be all cheese scoring 65 points or over out of 100; 2nd grade, will be all cheese scoring 92 points or over, but under 95; 3rd grade, will be all cheese scoring less than 62 points. than, 92 points. "Culls—in all cases where bad culls

appear in a lot they may be separatated therefrom and dealt with separ-ately. All cheese that are sour, bad stinkers or spongy, or having other defects as bad or worse than these, will be classified as culls.

"I. The buyer will pay a storage charge of two cents a box, the coat of weighing and five cents a box of cheese or tub of butter.

"2. All cheese will be sold to the

highest bidder in open competition, and bids will be asked for on all cheese offered for sale before any of-

fers will be accepted.

"3. Bids will be asked for on all cheese in each grade separately, and no blanket bids will be accepted.

"4. No bids of less than 1-16c a

pound will be accepted,
"5. All purchases must be paid for

on the day following sale by accepted cheque and before delivery order will be given. The Society reserves the right to ask for a deposit of 10 per

cent. margin at time of sale.
"Invoices wil be furnished by the Society, based on factorymen's weights and official weighers' certificate of test, but if errors are found factory in the statements, adjust ments will be made to the correct basis afterwards.

"The grading will be done by an official appointed by the Department of Agriculture, and his decision will be final, and no right of rejection or reduction of price will be granted to the hungs." the buyer.

"The seller does not bind himself to accept the highest bid, and will have the right to withdraw from the sale, either the butter or the cheese, without accepting the highest bidders' offer."

The rules governing the sale the rules governing the sale of butter are identical except that culls are classified as butter "badly flavor-ed and badly mottled or having other defects as bad or worse than these. detects as bad or worse than these. The charges for storage are eight cents a cwt., and for weighing seven cents a box. No bids of less than one-eighth cent a pound are accepted.

A United States citizen, Mr. J. W. Hamilton, St. Paul, Minn., has a unique suggestion to offer in connection with the World's Peace Propaganda. He points out that each year two and one-third billion letters are exchanged between the nations of the universal postal union. Why should not the countries of the world, asks Mr. Hamilton in effect have a cake Mr. Hamilton in effect have a dworld's Peace Pestage that would carry the thought of world peace to every corner of the universe? The suggestion is a unique one and worlds. suggestion is a unique one and worthy of consideration.





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