FURNITURE FACTORY.

THE Factory of the Subscribers being fitted up with every machine required to enable them to manufacture BEDSTEADS, TABLES, CHAIRS, BUREAUS, Cot Sinkerons, *Wash Stands*, &c. They are prepared to furnish out of the wood and labour of the Country the above articles, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

jan 23, 1858. 6i J. & G LAWRENCE.

Saint John Forge Company.

THE above Company are now prepared to Manufacture from Woodstock Iron SHIPS KNEES and STRAPS Machine SHAFTING, and canvas Ships' ANCORS, &c. and solicit the patronage of the Public to sustain them in this branch of Domestic Manufacture.

☞ Orders received and every information given on application to

T. E. C. TISDALE, *President.*

St John N. B. Jan 21, 1858

Furniture Ware-Rooms,

87 KING STREET.

THE Subscribers are constantly Manufacturing at their establishment, King Street: Drawing, Dining, and Bed Room FURNITURE in the most modern designs, together with every article in the Upholstering Department, viz. Hair Moss, Grass, and other *MATTRESSES &c.*

All of which they offer on the most favourable terms.

jan 23 6i. J. & G. LAWRENCE.

At No. 69, Waverley House.

RECEIVED FROM LONDON,

1 Case Gentlemen's LACED, CALF, AND SEAL BOOT, Extra quality.

1 Case ladies' Felt BOOTS, RUBBER SOLES.

1 Case of JEWELLERY & FANCY GOODS

January 11. B. O'BRIEN.

Diseases of the Eye and Ear.

JOHN SKINNER, M. D. continues to give special attention to the Medical and Surgical treatment of Diseases of the EYE and EAR, with general practice. Artificial (*enamel*) Eyes inserted, where the organ has become shrunken or lost, having the colour and motion of the natural eye.

OFFICE—(in Vernon's Brick Building,) corner of King and Germain streets, St. John, N. B.

January 11.

Keating's Cough Lozenges

A SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness,

AND OTHER AFFECTIONS OF THE

THROAT AND CHEST.

IN INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, AND WINTER COUGH they are unfailing. Being free from every hurtful ingredient, they may be taken *by the most delicate female or the youngest child*, while the PUBLIC SPEAKER and PROFESSIONAL SINGER will find them invaluable in allaying the hoarseness and irritation incidental to vocal exertion, and also a powerful auxiliary in the production of MELODIOUS ENUNCIATION.

Prepared and sold in Boxes and Tins of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., No. 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, London. Sold retail by all Druggists in the whole world.

N B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engraven on the Government Stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIAL.

34, *Wine street, Bristol.*

SIR,—It is with much pleasure I have to inform you of the benefit I received from your Lozenges. I was attacked with the typhus fever, during which time I had a violent cough, so that it kept me awake the greater part of the night. A friend persuaded me to try a box of your "COUGH LOZENGES" which I did and am happy to say that with only one box of your valuable compound I was quite free from cough.

You can make what use of this you please, for I think such valuable medicine ought not to go unnoticed.

I remain, Sir, your obedient Servant,

WM. T. TRUSCOTT.

Mr. Keating, 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, London

Agents for St. John—Messrs. H. Cunan & Co. For Fredericton—J. P. GALE, Druggist.

November 13, 1857.—12i.

FAIRBANKS'

CELEBRATED

SCALES,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

34 Kilby Street, Boston.

GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.

For Sale in St. John by WM. THOMSON.

May 15th, 1857. (1y.)

Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late WILLIAM M. FOWLER, of the Parish of Upham, King's County, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within Three Months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are require to make immediate payment to RACHEL FOWLER,

Administratrix.

Upham, October 19, 1857. 3m p

NOTICE.—All Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late Doctor JOHN BOYD, of this city, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to

ALBINIA BOYD,
J. EDWARD BOYD,

Sept. 22nd, 1857. *Executors.*

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of JOHN HAZEN Esq., late High Sheriff of the County Sunbury, (deceased), are requested at present the same duly attested, within three months from this date, and persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

GEORGE GARDEN,
EDWIN COUGLE,

Burton Sept. 25. 3m. *Administrators*

Fish! Fish!

1200 QUINTALS good CODFISH;
200 boxes Dipper Harbour Smoked HERRINGS;

A few barrels No. 1 SHAD.—For sale by

JOHN MARVEN,

February 19. Ward street.

YORK, No. 3, meets at their Lodge Room, Brussels street, on the second Monday of the month.

By order of the W. M.

Nov. 1857. W. MELICK, Secretary

Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 2.

THE Regular Monthly Meeting of "Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 2." will be held in the Orange Hall, Brussel-st., on the first FRIDAY in every month. By order of the W. M.

CHAS. HILL, Secretary

May 22. *"God Save the Queen."*

Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 5.

THE Members of the above Lodge will meet at their Lodge Room, Marshall's Building, Princess street, on the evening of the Second FRIDAY in every Month. The brethren are respectfully invited to attend.

March 20. JOHN S. MAGEE, *Secretary.*

The Chronicle.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 26th, 1858.

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, January 30.

A rather uneasy feeling prevails lest the amicable relations between France and England should be endangered by the refugee question. A specific demand for the expulsion of certain political exiles now in this country, is understood to have been made by Count Persigny. The reply may be imagined; but one may well wonder that Louis Napoleon has so soon forgotten how he was once in banishment, a partaker of this country's hospitality; how he conspired against the French Government, and even set sail from these shores at the head of an armed expedition, to dethrone the Citizen King. Whether he forgets this or not, however, one thing is certain—that Englishmen will not consent to surrender the right of asylum afforded by them to people of every nation and of every opinion; only asking in return that their hospitality should not be abused by plots of the kind recently discovered. Such conspirators do not deserve any protection; and if the laws of this country are inadequate to repress these attempts, Parliament may perhaps be asked to supply the deficiency by new legislative provisions. Meanwhile, at home the Emperor seems to be hurried on by his indiscreet friends to measures of great severity against the press. The two newspapers, a Legitimist and a Republican organ, suppressed during the week, will soon be followed to their grave, it is thought, by some others; and Count de Morny is said to have seriously advised the Emperor to suppress all the Paris papers, save the official *Moniteur*. This was carrying the joke too far. Louis Napoleon gravely smiled, and (as the story goes) bowed the Count out.

Sir Colin Campbell is not attempting anything against the rebels in Oude. He is satisfied with leaving Sir James Outram at the Alumbagh, with 3500 men, to be a thorn in their side; and meanwhile he is undertaking one or two minor operations, the effect of which will be to keep clear the road between Delhi, Agra, and Cawnpore. The Gwalior Contingent, recently dispersed, still hang about the district, and some of them seem so near the scene of their late discomfiture as Bithoor, Nena Sahib's old stronghold, which cannot have been very efficiently dismantled by our troops, or else must have been very speedily repaired. Probably its natural strength of position renders it always available for a rallying place. Great hopes are expressed for the safety of an enormous convoy of munitions, proceeding from Delhi to Cawnpore, and consisting of 100 elephants, 2000 camels, and 20,000 bullocks, and 10,000 attendants and followers, and but a very slight European escort. This convoy will be of essential importance to Sir Colin Campbell and his army, and by the aid of the beasts of burden which it contains, reinforcements will be brought up more easily, and the movements of the army itself very much facilitated.

Among the personal news of the week, the death of the Queen mother of Oude is of some interest. She expired at Paris on Sunday, having only arrived there three days previously, and the cause of her death is said to be a broken heart, induced by the Indian mutiny, the imprisonment of her son, and the total want of success of her mission. Intelligence of the death of the Grand Duke Louis of Baden reached the Court two days prior to the marriage, and it was at first given out that Prince William of Baden, and the Duke and Duchess of Saxe Coburg would immediately return to the Continent. They seem, however, to have been persuaded to remain and witness the ceremony—which was considered not a little strange. The deceased Prince was elder brother to the reigning Duke, and would himself have occupied the throne had it not been for a disordered mind.

The Marchioness of Westmeath died on Friday in her apartments at St. James's Palace, closely adjoining the Chapel Royal. This unfortunate event could not but cast a gloom over the bridal preparations; but noble persons were determined not to let a little prevent them from attending the ceremony, and thus the Duchess of Sutherland was present as Mistress of the Robes, altho' her uncle, the Duke of Devonshire, was yet unbutied.

The desperate attempt made last week upon the person of Louis Napoleon continues the main subject of conversation. It was at first supposed to be much less serious than it turned out to be, but a list of 121 wounded and seven or eight killed, attests the danger incurred by the Imperial couple, and the narrow escape which they have had of life, and Europe from another convulsion. Among the four Italians arrested, one Felix Orsini is the most remarkable. A Roman by birth, and a Count, he took a prominent part in the insurrection which broke out in the Eternal City, and was afterwards imprisoned by the Austrians in Mantua, whence he escaped in a very remarkable manner. Great surprise is expressed that the three small projectiles used, could have scattered death and destruction so far around. A commission composed of Artillery Officers has however ascertained that they were charged with fulminating mercury, and that each would produce about seventy explosions. All the sovereigns in Europe (our own not excluded) appear to have joined very heartily in congratulating the Emperor on his escape. The Court of Aldermen, too, have presented an address through the French Ambassador.—Moreover, the Emperor's allusion to the crime rings trumpet-tongued throughout the nations:—"God sometimes allows the just to fall, but He never allows the cause of crime to triumph. The attempts therefore neither shake my security in the present nor my faith in the future. If I live the Empire will live with me, and if I should fall, my very death would only tend to strengthen the Empire, for the indignation of the people and of the army would be an additional support to the throne of my son." The Emperor's fatalist notions are well known, and if in this case they are repressed as regards his own life, they evidently extend to the Napoleonic dynasty, which he believes is fated to endure. As to the conspirators as yet taken, there seems to be no doubt of the guilt of some of them. One acknowledges to have thrown a projectile; on the person of another, a similarly murderous implement was found. The miscreants will no doubt meet the reward of their crimes, which, though they have missed their object, have made many victims.

The mail arrived from India within the week has brought no further news from the scenes of conflict, though old items of intelligence are somewhat amplified. It seems to be thought in military circles that Sir Colin Campbell would retire from Cawnpore to Allahabad, which would present a better base of operations than the former town. This retreat, though no doubt if made, it would be advisable on strategic grounds, it would very much diminish our prestige among the people of India, and would lend fresh confidence to the enemy. Though the Gwalior Contingent has been dispersed, and its stores captured, it will no doubt be organized without much difficulty. No point is more astonishing during this struggle, than the apparently boundless command of resources possessed by the enemy in Oude. At Delhi city we could understand this, for the Sepoys there found every thing already made to their hands; but in Oude we were certainly not prepared to find these complete supplies of ammunition, stores of every kind, and artillery which Nena Sahib and his subordinates have succeeded in gathering together.—General Havelock and Sir Colin Campbell have captured no end of guns, and yet we always hear that the enemy are in possession of a powerful and well-served artillery, and are wanting in no appliances for carrying on a warfare according to the most approved and modern system. Gen. Windham's unfortunate affair at Cawnpore, excites very much comment unfavorable to his skill as a commander. It is said not only that he allowed himself to be surprised, but that afterwards he made his dispositions without foresight, and blundered into defeat. On the other hand his apologists declare, that he was deceived by his spies as to the number of the enemy by whom he was menaced, which consisted not of 5000 or 60000, but of near 20,000 men. The mad charge of 164 soldiers of the 64th regiment, which led to the loss of seven officers killed (including the Brigadier) and two wounded, out of 18 who went into the field, is defended on the ground that our men were led into something like an ambush, and their leaders had no idea that they were advancing as well against six guns placed in a very strong position as against 1000 infantry placed in support of them. At the best, however, it was a bad business.

While Royal festivities are going on, and preparations are making for others still more brilliant, death has carried off one of the noblest members of the peerage. William Spencer Cavendish the Duke of Devonshire, with no end of subordinate titles, died suddenly and most unexpectedly on Monday morning, in his 68th year. The deceased nobleman never took a prominent part in politics; but was chiefly noted for his princely estates, his magnificent seats at Chiswick, Chatsworth and elsewhere, his patronage of art, and his private munificence. In 1826 he was chosen to sustain the honor and dignity of this country as special Ambassador to St. Petersburgh, at the coronation of the late Czar Nicholas. This embassy cost him, it is said, £50,000 above the allowance made by the Government. The Emperor was charmed with the Duke, and conferred upon him two orders of Russian nobility. In return, his grace entertained him at a princely fete at Chiswick, on the Czar's visit to this country. The deceased nobleman was unmarried, and the talk is that he was allowed to enjoy the dukedom only on condition of remaining unmarried, since there was living a more rightful claimant. That person the Earl of Burlington, accordingly now succeeds to the title. A number of noble families are placed in mourning by the demise of the Duke, and will thus be prevented from attending the marriage of the Princess Royal next Monday. Another death announced among the higher circles is that of Mr. Justice Maule, who retired from the bench two or three years back, in consequence of infirmity.

Rewards begin to be showered upon our Indian heroes and those they have left behind. Tuesday's Gazette notifies the bestowal of the Baronetcy, which General Havelock was not alive to receive, upon his eldest son, now Captain Sir H. Marshman Havelock, Baronet, who has also just received the Victoria Cross for bravery in the field. Lady Havelock is to enjoy the same title and precedence as though her husband had survived to receive his Baronetcy. Lieutenant Col. Inglis, the gallant commander at Lucknow, whose exciting narrative of the siege will be perused with interest wherever the English language is spoken, has been made a Major General. Whilst the government is doing thus much, the country is not idle. To Lieutenant Salkeld a memorial will be erected at his native place in Dorsetshire, and his younger brothers will be educated for the army. It is proposed to raise subscriptions for the family of Lieutenant Willoughby, another of the engineers who distinguished themselves so highly at Delhi.

February 4.

In the House of Lords, a bill for the amendment of the law of libel was read a first time. One of the clauses gives a defence to all actions for faithful accounts of public meetings.

Earl Grey gave notice of his intention to present a petition from the East India Company, against any alteration in their Constitution; and Lord Panmure gave notice of a vote of thanks to the Army and Navy for the operations in India. A general debate then took place, in the course of which Lord Derby, after referring to the threatening state of affairs in India, spoke at considerable length upon the recent attempt on the life of the Emperor Napoleon, and hoped the government would take early steps for disabusing the minds of the French people as to the refugees in England.

Earl Granville said that notice had already been given in the House of Commons of a measure that he had no doubt would meet the question of the residence of political refugees in England, with safety to the lives of foreign sovereigns.

Lord Panmure said that recruiting was progressing very favorably, and that troops were sent to India at the rate of 1000 per month; also, that instructions had been sent to the Colonies, authorizing the enlistment of all the British-born white subjects who might volunteer.

Mr. Roebuck gave notice of his intention to ask questions of Lord Palmerston with respect to any correspondence that might have passed with the Government of France, in regard to the Alien Acts.

He likewise gave notice that he intended to renew his motion for the abolition of the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland.

An order from the War Office for raising two additional cavalry regiments, authorises the restoration of the Fifth Royal Irish Regiment of Dragoons, which was struck from the army list in the year 1799 for disloyalty.

The Town Council of Cambridge have determined by the casting vote of the Mayor, that it was inexpedient to send a congratulatory address to the Emperor Napoleon; the grounds taken by the opponents being the offensive addresses of the French army, and the speeches of the Counts De Morney and Persigny.

RUSSIA.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of *Le Nord* says that the Emperor Alexander, adding example to precept, has resolved to emancipate the whole of his serfs on his private domains, at the same time securing to them all the advantages granted to the servants of private individuals. He also gave up to them gratuitously all the buildings with their dependencies in which the peasants reside.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that in consequence of important advantages gained over the Circassians, Schamyl has resolved upon submitting to the Russians.

The ship Marco Palo, from Melbourne, about whose safety some anxiety was felt, arrived off Kinsale on the 5th inst. She has £295,000 in gold on board.

PRESIDENT MAKING.—The N. Y. Journal of commerce has some pleasantry upon the selection of the next Republican candidate for the Presidency concluding as follows,

"It pains us to discourage the very natural and pardonable aspirations of the late republican candidate, but judging from present indications, it appears quite clear that he is not on the slate for 1860. The rub will be between Seward and Banks; the latter by far the best tactician of the two, but the former counting among his friends a sagacious political manager (Thurlow Weed) whose ability as in that line are probably not surpassed by any man in the Union."

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 18.

Mr. Allan introduced a Bill to provide for Police establishment in Fredericton.

Flying colors was reported on Bill introduced by Mr. McAdam to incorporate Synod of the Presbyterian Church of New Brunswick.

Rogers also reported on Bill to amend Act relating to the public debt of the City of Saint John.

House resolved itself into Committee of Supply, and postponed further consideration thereof until Tuesday.

Mr. McAdam presented a petition from H. Webber, J. P., and 46 others, praying that an Act may pass to authorize Justices of Peace to make assessment for erection of Alms House at Saint Stephens.

Mr. Gray gave notice of his intention to move an Address asking for despatches, &c., relative to Surplus Civil List Fund.

Mr. Carr introduced Bill in addition to Act to regulate election of members to serve in General Assembly.

Bill to amend Act to incorporate certain bodies in connection with the Wesleyan Church in New Brunswick, passed in Committee.

Mr. McAllan presented petition from T. H. Todd and 270 others, praying that no bill may pass to incorporate free bridge of Middle Loaning, St. Stephen. House adjourned at 5.

FREDERICTON Feb. 19

The House opened at 10 o'clock. Mr. Street introduced a Bill to abolish the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in this Province.

Hon. Attorney General laid before the House a report of the Emigrant Agent and other reports relative to the Fisheries.

Hon. Mr. Smith presented the petition of the Rev. Mr. Richey and others praying that an Act may pass to enable the Trustees of Mount Allison Wesleyan Academy to establish a College.

On motion the Bill relating to the Carleton Water Works was referred to a special committee to report thereon.

The House unanimously passed the following resolution:—"That an humble Address be presented to Her Most Gracious Majesty congratulating Her Majesty upon the marriage of the Princess Royal."

The resolution was moved by the Attorney General and seconded by Mr. Grey. Both gentlemen made some appropriate speeches.

It was also ordered that the Legislative Council be requested to join in the Address.

The Bill to amend the Act relating to intestate estates passed in committee after a long and animated discussion.

Further progress was made to the Bill to incorporate the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of New Brunswick. House adjourned at half-past 5.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 20

The House was occupied this morning in discussing the Bill brought in by Mr. Chandler for compulsory Registration of Bills of Sale and Mortgages of personal property. The Bill is not to interfere with other means of transferring property than by Bills of Sale and Mortgages ordinary business transactions not to be interfered.

Mr. Beer's petition against the return of Mr. Secord for King's County at last general election was discharged in consequence of the recognizances not having been entered into within the proper time.

The petition against the return of Mr. Earl, and Mr McLeod were also discharged on the same ground.

Mr. Carter presented a petition from St. John against the Carleton Water Works. Also a petition to the same effect from the Corporation. These petitions were referred to a select committee.

The House divided on the third reading of Mr. McLellan's Bill, which was sustained by a vote of 15 to 13.

Mr. McLellan introduced a Bill to prevent the use of poison for the destruction of foxes and other animals.

Mr. McPhelim inquired when the Government would introduce their measures.

The Post Master General replied that the Budget would be laid before the House next week, and other measures forthwith.

The Speaker appointed the Attorney General, Earl, Gray and Chandler a committee to prepare an Address to Her Majesty on the marriage of the Princess Royal.

Mr. Connell presented the petitions of the Wardens and Councillors of the municipality of Carleton, praying that the Municipal Act may be so amended as to allow each ward the management of its own affairs.

Hon. Mr. Watters announced that the Committee appointed for that purpose had made an arrangement with Mr. James Hogg for publishing and reporting the debates for the House in the French language.

The Bill to incorporate the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of New Brunswick was again taken up, and gave rise to an animated discussion. The Bill was sustained by a vote of 23 to 12. On the question for accepting the report, Mr. Johnson, the chairman, opposed, and the question was lost by a majority of one. It was finally decided to resume the consideration of the Bill on Thursday.

House adjourned 4.45.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 22

A black cannon in the House. Immediately after the reading of the Journals, the question came up respecting the number of sleighs that should be employed by the House for the use of members. When the question was first brought up several members expressed a hope that the House would not spend much time in the discussing such a trivial matter. The debate, however, lasted upwards of three hours, and at times much warmth was manifested. The majority finally decided to have no sleighs at all for the use of the House.

On the re-assembling of the House in the afternoon, His Honor the Speaker arose and in a short speech stated that he considered an imputation had been cast upon him by the resolution which the House had passed this morning. The resolution referred to was moved by Mr. McPhelim, which was to the effect that the Clerk should pay the two persons whose sleigh were in attendance at the House thus far during the Session. An order had passed at the short Session authorizing his Honor the Speaker to cause one sleigh to be employed for the use of the House during the Session.

Mr. McPhelim declared that he had no intention whatever of casting any imputation upon the Speaker, and was willing to have the resolution re-considered.

After some discussion the standing order was moved, and the House sat with closed doors up and until 4 o'clock.

The House remained with closed doors until nearly 5 1-2 p. m.

A resolution was unanimously passed sustaining the course pursued by the Speaker. It was also resolved to have two sleighs for the use of the House during the present Session.

No other business done.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 23.

House opened at usual hour.

A proposal to expunge proceedings of yesterday from the Journals of the House, was likewise entertained.

The Bill to compel the attendance of witnesses under Commission, from other countries, passed in Committee.

Provincial Secretary laid before the House a copy of the Report of the Chief Commissioner of the Board of Works.

Mr. Mitchell enquired of the Government whether any correspondence had taken place with the Governments of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island, on the subject of Steam Communication with the North Shore.

Provincial Secretary replied that no correspondence had taken place.

The evening's discussion on Mr. Cudlip's Bill to modify the Usury Laws. Bill opposed by Wilmot, Hibbits, Steadman, Hannington and others; supported by Tuley, Brown, Wright, McAdam, Speaker Cunliffe and Cudlip. Debate reported.

Mr. Hannington gave notice of a motion to move an Address asking for Railway documents and information.

Mr. End introduced Bill to abolish Judges' Fees in the Supreme Court.

Dr. Vail presented petition from several of the Physicians of St. John, asking for an amendment to the Act relating to physicians and surgeons. House adjourned at 5.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 24.

The House was principally occupied this morning in the disposal of unimportant business. The following Bill passed in Committee:—

A Bill to amend the election Law, introduced by Mr Ferris. (This Bill simply provides for the establishment of a polling Place in the Parish of Cambridge, Queen's County.)

A Bill to Incorporate the Lower Dam Company, Milltown, St. Stephen.

A Bill to Incorporate the St. Stephen Water Company.

A Bill to authorise the Justices of Peace for the County of Charlotte to assess the Parish of St. Stephen for an Alms House.

Progress was reported on several bills, the most important of which was Mr. Wilmot's Disqualification Bill, in which Mr. Hanning on is Chairman of Committee.

Several Members spoke in support of the principles of the Bill, which is meet to assume an important attitude. Mr. Steadman and other members abstaining their intention to discuss the whole question of the Government policy in making official changes.

Mr Perley introduced a Bill to increase the Representation of the County of Carleton.

Mr. Secord introduced a Bill to repeal the Act relating to the General Post Office, and to make other provision in lieu thereof.

The Bill provides for the Removal of the General Post Office to St John.

Mr. McPhelim introduced a Bill to change the Constitution of the Legislative Council, by making it elective.

PER THE "ANGLO SAXON."

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 23.—Arrived Feb. 19th, Manzanitto, Starr; Marmora, Kelly. Money easier. Cotton steady. Flour and Corn as at last dates.

Canton bombarded.

ANOTHER "SOLD."—DECEITFUL TRANSACTION.

—The House of Assembly have voted £200 of the people's money for translating and publishing 500 copies of the Debates in the French language,—or rather *such parts of* the Debates as may be considered interesting to the French inhabitants. We find no fault for giving our fellow subjects of French origin all possible information on public affairs in their own language; it is but fair and just; but if they are entitled to the *whole*; they should have no garbled translation. And who are to be the judges as to what portion is interesting to them, and what is not? Why the Translator and Publisher of course. Then we may rest assured, since they have a pecuniary interest in the matter, that the *interesting* portion will be very brief. In fact it is nothing but a Smasher *sup*. It is scarcely necessary to add Mr. James Hogg is to be the Publisher and it is said that his shadow, T. Smith Reed, is to be the translator.—*H. Quar.*

AFFECTING INDIAN LETTERS.—In our estimation the most interesting letters from the seat of war are those which are certain not to be published, at least so long as the present generation survive.—The letters we mean, are those written on the eve of battle, or at the moment when our breaching batteries were first opened on the walls of Delhi—letters which contain no narrative, but are simply an outpouring of the affections in a moment of dread solemnity. Having been favored with a perusal of a considerable number of such letters, we have been deeply impressed with the devoted family affection, the manly purity of mind, and the earnest, unostentatious religious feeling which they show to be the prevailing characteristics of the English officers at present serving in India.—They are filled in a great measure with touching reminiscences of wives and children—with arrangements for their future benefit, and with such exclusively domestic details. And mingled with these are frequent parenthetical remarks, indicating rather than expressing the entire reliance of the writer on Divine protection, and submission to His wise decrees. There is a simplicity, an absence of all emphasis, a conversational tone, in the expressions which bespeak sincerity—which convey the idea of men whose happiness through life has been sought and found in the innocent relations of the family circle; who are capable of attachment as pure as it is enduring; and who can rise on emergencies from mere fathers of families into fearless and energetic christian heroes.—The letters which have suggested these remarks add little or nothing it is true to the progress of events; but they do more—they afford us glimpses into the living spirit which animates and imparts a character to these events. It is from such men and such feelings that the true greatness of England springs.—*London Daily News.*

Last Thursday, about noon, Mr. Thompson, a merchant transacting busines in the Manchester Corn Exchange, suddenly missed his pocket book, which he laid down for a moment on a stall, and which contained £3,000 in bank notes;—

Immediately the robery was discovered the doors of the Exchange were closed, and intelligence was conveyed to the detective police-officer; the officers at once went to the railway stations. Serjeant Shandley, with a gentleman from the Exchange, went one of the stations, where they arrived just as a train was about to move off. They were passing a first class carriage when the gentleman with Shandley said (pointing,) "I saw that person in the Exchange about the time of the robbery." Having seen no one else who could be spoken to as having been noticed in the Exchange, Shandley and his companion at once joined "the person." Shortly after the train moved on Shandley began to converse with him, and ultimately questioned him as to certain matters. Awkward answers were given, and the confusion of the man became so great that at length he told Shandley he was a most impertinent fellow, and ought to be ashamed of himself for putting such questions to a foreigner and a stranger. Shandley then told the now thoroughly suspected person that he was a detective officer; that his answers had been such as would induce him to take him back to Manchester, and that he must prepare to get out when the train next stopped. At Newton Junction the prisoner was searched, and upon him was found the whole of the money that had been lost. Shandley telegraphed to Manchester that he had captured his man, and immense crowd assembled outside the terminus, who saluted the clever detective with three cheers.

English Paper.

DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Diocesan Church Society of New-Brunswick, took place at Fredericton on Thursday last. The proceedings we are informed, were very interesting.

Our readers will be glad to learn that the income of the Society, notwithstanding the extreme depression of business all over the Province, exceeds that of the preceding year by at least fifty pounds. This must be gratifying to every friend of the Society and of the Church. It shows a good spirit, and proves that Church men do not economise by withholding their contributions from the cause and service of God. The appropriation's were made according to the usual missionary list, with small additions in the case of two parishes where the grants to the Clergymen from the Society for the Propogation of the Gospel had been reduced.—A new grant of £100 was made to the Parish of Canning, Queen's County, on an application from the parishioners for a resident clergyman, they undertaking to provide £70 a-year towards his support. These appropriations amounted to £1165. There were five or six applications for aid to churches, and one for a parsonage house; but as the sum to be disposed of was only £70, it was resolved, after some discussion, by a large majority, to appropriate the amount towards providing for the services of a travelling missionary through destitute sections of the diocese. The usual grants were made to widows and orphans, and a grant of £150 to the book depositaries. The whole amount voted by the Society at this meeting was £1550.—*C. Witness*

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Bilious headache, and all affections of the system which result from an insufficient or immoderate flow of bile, are at once relieved by the operation of Holloway's Pills.—Dyspepsia and liver disease are inseparable; for the stomach and the liver always sympathise, and as this great medicine acts powerfully upon both these important organs, it performs the work of cure with a precision, rapidity, and thoroughness which have no parallel in the records of medical practice. The pills may be relied upon with the utmost confidence in cases of diarrhœa, dysentery, cholera morbus, spasms of the stomach, cholera infantum, and all other disorders affecting the digestive organs and the bowels.

Married.

On the 18th instant, by the Rev. Dr. W. F. Spear, John Gillis, Esquire, of this city to Miss Eliza B. M'Neill, of Philadelphia, U. S.

In the Parish of Simonds, on the 17th instant, by the Rev. J. W. Disbrow, Mr. John Levis, of St. John, to Miss Ann Baker, of the Parish of Simonds.

Died.

On Monday, after a short illness, Robert John, son of Mr. John Wilkins, in the 17th year of his age.

On Tuesday morning, Thomas Hoyt, in the 8th year of his age.

On the 22d instant, Mr. Edward Delaney, jr., aged 31 years.

On the 22d inst., Charlotte, youngest child of Mr. Charles Partelow, aged 2 years and 6 months.

On Saturday last after a short illness, James, second son of Mr. James Milligan, aged 6 months.

On Thursday morning, 18th instant, Florence N., youngest child of the Rev. J. W. Disbrow, aged one year and ten months.

On the 19th instant, Mary Jane, daughter of the Rev. James Bennett, aged two years and six months.

On Saturday last, after a lingering illness, Jane, wife of Mr. Robert McNaughton, in the 58th year of her age.

On the 20th instant, after a short illness, which he bore with christian resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. Richard Ritchie, in the 72d year of his age, leaving a wife and five children, and a large circle of friends to mourn their loss.

At Sand Point, Portland, on the 18th instant, George Frederick, infant son of Mr. David Storm, aged 1 month and 6 days.

FARM by AUCTION.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, on Thursday the first day of April next, a FARM of Land, containing 400 Acres, lying in the Parish of Petersville, Queen's County, belonging to the estate of the late James E. Perkins, on the George Lyon Road. There is on the premises a good House and Barn, and about 50 acres of the land are cleared and under cultivation.

Terms of payment will be £50 at the time of sale, and the balance in four equal payments, distributed over four years, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the property.

JOSEPH E. PERKINS,
JOSIAH W. PERKINS,
WM. L. LYON, *Executors.*

Petersville, Feb. 24, 1858.

TO BE LET,

THE lower flat of a House in Princess street, consisting of a large parlor, sitting room, kitchen, and two bed rooms, and one for a servant. The Corporation Water is on the premises—has a very large yard, which is locked up at night—woodhouse, and all necessary out door accommodations. Will be rented low to a good tenant.

GEO. WOODS.

February 26.

Arrangement of Queen's.....Attention.

AN adjourned Meeting of the Loyal ORANGE County Lodge of Queen's County, will be holden at the new Orange Hall, in the Village of Gagetown, on Wednesday the third day of March next, at 6 o'clock, p. m. All Brethren entitled to sit and vote in said Lodge, are particularly requested to be present. It is also very desirable that all isolated Lodges located in the County should be represented by their proper Officers, or Delegates appointed for that purpose. Also, any person or persons holding or in possession of Warrants at any time under the jurisdiction of the County Lodge (but at present not in working order,) are fraternally invited to attend, together with all Grand Officers who can make it convenient.

A punctual and general attendance is necessary, as business of vital importance to the interests of the Order in this County and elsewhere, will be brought before the Lodge.

HARRY O GIDNEY, G. O. M.

Cambridge, Queen's Co. Feb. 8, 1858.

TO LET

Possession given May 1st:—

THE STORE No. 21, in St John Street, now occupied by BERTON BROTHERS. Apply to

jan 23 6i L. H. DEVEBER,
47 Prince William street.

To Let.

For one or more Years, and possession given 1st of May next, or sooner if desirable:

THAT large, commodious, and pleasantly situated HOUSE, on the South side of Queen Square lately occupied by the subscriber. It has outbuildings with every convenience attached; a pleasant yard; a good frost proof cellar, with an excellent well of water; and is one of the most desirable residences in this city.

For terms and further particulars, apply at the store of the subscriber, in King street.

Feb 19 S. L. TILLEY.

GRANITE HALL,

No. 5, Dock Street.

FALL OF 1857.

GREAT variety of Fall and Winter CLOTHING, made up in the well known style of this establishment from Cloths imported by myself especially for my own trade, owing to the dullness of the times and

LOW RATE OF LABOUR

in the Manufacture of fall Clothing, my customers will get all the advantage of a good garment at a LOW PRICE.

—THE STOCK CONSISTS OF—

Every description of OVER COATS;
Every description of DRESSCOATS;
Every description of BUSINESS COATS;
Every description of DRESS VESTS;
Every description of BUSINESS VESTS;
Every description of DRESS PANTALOONS;
Every description of Working PANTALOONS;

Gentlemen wishing Garments made to measure, can have their choice of the best assortment of West of England Cloths, Rich Vestings, Fancy Doeskins, and Real Scotch Tweeds in this City, and made up under the supervision of one of the best practical Cutters of the present age—and at prices that cannot fail to please.

ECONOMY IT-SELF.

HATS and every description of Winter CAPS.
Reversible Rubber COATS.
Goodyear's Rubber COATS, CAPES, &c.
OIL CLOTHING of every description.
FURNISHING GOODS of all kinds—Wholesale and Retail.

October 6. THOMAS R. JONES.

Boarder's Wanted.—Comfortable Private Apartments and Board can be had for a Lady and Gentleman, or three or four single gentlemen, at Mrs. Berrens' Boarding House, 146 Charlotte street. Feb. 19

LUMBER! LUMBER!

THE Subscriber thankful for the past favours offers his Stock for sale very low for Cash, consisting of all qualities of DRY PINE LUMBER from 5-8 to 4 inch in thickness, FRAME TIMBER, SCANTLING all sizes, Rough and planed Flooring, LATHS, &c.

Central Bank Bills taken as payment.

jan 19 R. S. DICKSON.

Toys, Toys, Toys.

THE Subscriber has lately received a very large assortment of TOYS, comprising—the game of Robin Hood, Golden Egg, Temple of Flora, Old Soldier, Trades, Silver Bell, Alphabetical Dominoes, Anagrams, What d'ye Buy, Colombia, Conundrums, Qualities and Consequences, Yankee Trader, Bell and Hammer, Bushy Game, Graves Alma, Bird Catcher, Tour thro' Europe, Child's Geography, Queen of Beauty, Uncle Tom, Every Day Things, Dissected Puzzles, and Toys of every description, by the Case at wholesale or retail.

A good assortment of Ladies' PURSES also on hand.

November 27. WM. MAJOR.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

I TAKE this method of informing my customers and the Public generally, that I have just received

7 CASES

of new Toys and FANCY GOODS, one case of Wax DOLLS, one do. Gutta Percha TOYS; New Styles; also, a choice selection of Gifts and Birthday Presents; all of which are now ready at Wholesale and Retail

☞ Persons fitting up Bazars would do well to call and examine, as good bargains may be expected.

A. PAGE,
Nov. 6 105, Prince Wm. Street.

FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS.—Received per Steamer:—1 case superior French PAPER HANGINGS, all new styles.

☞ For Sale at cost and charges.

July 3. B. O'BRIEN.

RECEIVED per "Athenian"—Two Cases London HATS, a superior article, made expressly for this Market; also, Children's HATS in great variety. Expected per steamer from Boston—A large Stock of Leghorn and Panama HATS, all of which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at low prices for Cash or approved paper.

27 North side King street. A. MAGEE.

St. John, May 1.

CONFECTIONARY.—Now landing ex the Aaron Hastings, from New York—20 boxes Knickerbocker CANDY, 25lb. each; 15 do. Van Winkle do., 30lb each. For sale for cash by

S. L. TILLEY.

OAKUM AND OLIVE OIL.—40 bundles American OAKUM; 5 casks Olive OIL landing ex Franklin, by

JOHN WALKER.

September 19. Ward street