

Raids by Russians

The London Times Correspondent Says Troops Are Still Pouring Into Peking.

Children Murdered, and Women Carried Off by Chinese—Evacuation.

The Man Who Killed Baron von Ketteler Now in Hands of Germans.

London, Sept. 12.—Additional advices from the Times Peking correspondent, Dr. Morrison, under date of August 31st, are published to-day. "The censorship, which is under Sir Alfred Gasalle, makes it difficult," says the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present situation in Peking. To-day the foreign community was thrilled with horror at the news of massacre of the missionaries at Pao Ting Fu, who were under protection of the Imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their parents, while women were ravished and carried into captivity. Yet the troops remain inactive. Their one thought and wish are to be given work or to be recalled from Peking. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unrevenged and make no effort to ascertain the fate of the poor martyred Christians and white women.

"Since the relief of the legations, one feature stands conspicuous, the predominance of Russia and the overmastering position she is assuming in the province of Shan Si, which is the present in the Forbidden City of August 28th was a triumphant entry by Russia, followed by the other powers.

"Russian troops are pouring into Peking daily; 1,900 came yesterday and 2,900 the day before. Already the Russians outnumber the Japanese and will soon outnumber the combined forces. Their stay is assuming every character of permanency. Cossacks raid the country and drive Chinese peasants and laborers in herds through the deserted and dismantled city, compelling them to build their military camp.

Urged to Return. London, Sept. 11.—The Tokyo correspondent of the Times, writing September 8th, says: "Japan has replied that she will not object to the withdrawal of her army from Peking and the other measures recommended by the concert of powers, and since her geographical position enables the prompt addition of necessary military measures, she is willing to withdraw her troops.

The Times Shanghai correspondent, writing on September 9th, says: "The Chinese minister at St. Petersburg has telegraphed to Li Hung Chang that the proposal to evacuate Peking presumes that safety assurances will be given on the return of the Imperial court to the capital at once. A later message urges Li to endeavor earnestly to bring the powers to agree to evacuate since if Russia is obliged to reconsider her decision a loss of prestige is inevitable. Li Hung Chang has memorialized the throne, urging the immediate return of the court to Peking."

The Tien Tsun correspondent of the Daily Mail asserts that everybody in Peking is living on "bully beef" and hard tack.

The Chinese minister here, during an interview to-day, repudiated the charges of Dr. Morrison, the Peking correspondent of the London Times, who said the most profound indignation was felt at Peking "that Sir Chi and Feng Tang, whose shamless lies and treacherous intrigues have been the cause of the departure of the relief column until nearly too late, are still received with honor in London and Washington." The minister also said he was in constant communication with the Emperor and Empress, who, he further asserted, were now at Tsi Nan Fu Shan Fu, capital of the province of Shan Si, whence messages were sent by courier to Pao Feng Tang and thence to Shanghai.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post says it is considered certain that Li Hung Chang has been ordered by the Russian and German governments to evacuate Peking. The former will get Manchuria. It is not known what terms were offered to Germany.

Dr. Morrison, the Peking correspondent of the Times, writing on August 31st, confirms the reports of the telegrams of the Chinese government and the issuance of Imperial decrees ordering the extermination of foreigners. "The Imperial troops," he says, "minded the British legation and probably in another day there would have been a terrible explosion. A similar mine made by the Chinese Imperial troops exploded in the Pai Tang cathedral, and engulfed 200 native Christians."

France and Germany. Paris, Sept. 11.—It is asserted here that should Prince Ching arrive in Peking properly accredited, France would reluctantly accept him and begin peace negotiations.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—At the German foreign office, Gen. Chaffee's dispatches to Washington declaring the necessity of troops remaining in Peking, have been noted with satisfaction. Speaking with reference to the statements that attribute to Germany ambitious schemes on the Yang Tse Kiang, a foreign office official said to-day: "Such statements are absurd, as Germany has lauded only five hundred men, whereas Great Britain and France have each landed thousands. Germany's action there is wholly precautionary for the protection of the lives and property of Germans."

Not Yet Ready. Washington, Sept. 11.—From the formal statement given out to-day, it appears that the state department is not yet ready to begin direct negotiations with Li Hung Chang. It does not question his credentials as a plenipotentiary, but simply leaves the matter in abeyance. Probably this is because all the powers have not yet returned their responses to

the Russian note, and it is desired to avoid making the United States the first among the powers to abandon the hope of harmonious action and strike for itself toward the settlement directly with China. Also it may be deemed well to wait to hear from Mr. Conger, who several days ago was invited to express his opinion about quitting Peking.

More Murders. Tien Tsun, via Nagasaki, Sept. 10.—The Americans and British are considering the feasibility of transferring their winter supply base from Tsung Ku to a point near Shan Hai Kwan, on the Gulf of Lio Tung, which is free of ice and is also a railway terminus.

Thirty-five villages in the vicinity of Tien Tsun have petitioned the provincial government for protection. Boxers are reported massing along the Grand canal. The latest reports received here from Peking say the Empress Dowager is in the province of Shan Si and that the Japanese are pursuing her.

A Christian refugee from Pao Ting Fu, where the Peking officials were enlisting troops when he left, asserts he saw a large force of Boxers between Peking and Pao Ting Fu. He also brings news of the massacre by provincial soldiers of the American missionaries at Pao Ting Fu, on August 15th. Mr. Atwater and wife with the two children, Mr. Legren and wife, and Miss English were beheaded.

He also affirms the report of the killing of twenty-three members of the English mission at Tai Wuan Fu. At Tai Ku, where Miss Goombs was thrown into the flames of the burning mission buildings, and where ten French priests were killed, all the members of the American mission were exterminated. The missionaries were exterminated by the Chinese, and a gallant stand until their ammunition ran out. He says there is no doubt that Miss Whitechurch and Miss E. E. Searell were murdered at Hsiao, and he confirms the reported massacre of Miss French and Miss Palmer, as well as 250 hundreds of native Christians in the Chi Shien district, of the province of Shan Si.

The same refugee, giving details as to the condition of the party of foreigners already reported under siege on August 25th, by Chinese regulars, in the province of Shan Si, says that the party consisted of four priests, five nuns, five European engineers and several missionaries, and that they were surrounded by troops who had retreated from Peking. On the date in question the foreigners were entrenched in the French cathedral.

London, Sept. 13.—Correspondents in China are sending terrible stories of massacres of missionaries and native Christians. It is asserted that during July between 15,000 and 20,000 converts were massacred in the northern provinces. Large numbers of missionaries are still unaccounted for, and small hopes are entertained for their escape.

Native reports are subjected to the most careful scrutiny, with the result that, although there may be some exaggeration, it is impossible to doubt that in the main they are correct. The horror is intensified by confirmation of reports that the women are subjected to unspeakable barbarities, being stripped and slowly clubbed to death. This was one of the wildest methods. The Boxers wreaked fiendish vengeance.

The newspapers are calling for swift punishment. The Russian government, which does not encourage missionary propaganda, should prove lukewarm in this matter.

Statements were current in the European capitals last evening that all the powers had agreed to the Russian proposition; that Great Britain and Germany had declined to evacuate Peking; that Austria and Italy had decided to be guided by Germany's decision; and that the other powers had agreed to more or less modified withdrawal.

The Paris correspondent of the Morning Post claims to know that all will only withdraw outside the walls of the capital, where they will continue to dominate Peking in a military sense.

According to a news agency dispatch from Peking, dated August 31st, Mr. Conger regards the situation as hopeless, and is advising all the Americans to leave the capital, if possible. The American minister was in favor of the punitive expedition to Pao Ting Fu.

According to the same dispatch, an American soldier killed two Sikhs whom he had caught looting.

It is reported from Shanghai that Gen. Yung Lu joined the Empress Dowager at Ta Tung, in the province of Shan Si. The Peking correspondent of the "Daily Temps" says: "As the allies were leaving the Forbidden City on August 20th, bands of Chinese soldiers, with soldiers overran the Imperial apartments, forced drawers and looted everything portable. The British officers compelled several civilians to disgorge."

Chinese Troops Defeated. Berlin, Sept. 12.—A dispatch to the Frankfurt Zeitung from Shanghai, dated September 11th, says the Boxers united with the Society of the Big Knife from North Shan Tung are reported to have defeated the Imperial Chinese troops north of the province of Kiang Su, which is south of Shan Tung.

Americans Killed. Washington, Sept. 12.—The United States government is pushing forward steadily towards the beginning of negotiations with the Chinese government for a settlement of the present trouble. Evidence of its purpose was found in its decision communicated to-day to Minister Wu to facilitate by every means in its power the journey of Li Hung Chang to Peking. This carries with it the placing of a warship at his service if a request of that kind is made by Sir Robert Hart. So far it has not been made, and the state department officials do not believe that it will be. It is believed that Sir Robert Hart will be able to find a merchant steamer more suitable than a warship for the purpose.

While efforts are being made by the Chinese government to begin negotiations, the killing of American citizens and the destruction of their property continues.

Four provinces in China are in a disturbed state and Shanghai itself is menaced by the disorderly elements. Negotiations cannot be thought of while these things continue, and while there is a possibility of preventing them through the influence of the Chinese government.

London, Sept. 13.—Great Britain's reply to the Russian proposition for the evacuation of Peking was sent two days

ago, and as the Associated Press forecasted, Great Britain declines to evacuate Peking prior to receiving satisfactory guarantees from the Chinese government for the fulfillment of certain conditions.

There is a general disposition here to accept, as mainly correct, the statement that all the powers have now replied to the Russian proposal, that Great Britain and Germany have declined to evacuate Peking, that Austria and Italy have decided to be guided by Germany's decision, and that the others have agreed to a more or less modified withdrawal, as defining the attitude of powers.

According to the suggested compromise arrangement it is proposed that the strength of the garrison of Peking, which is to be international, is made dependent on the progress and character of negotiations with China.

According to a dispatch from Shanghai, received to-day, another Imperial edict dated Tchow, September 8th, has been issued again urging Li Hung Chang forthwith to take the vice-regal seat of the province of Chi Li to Peking, and there co-operate with Prince Ching and General Yung Lu, for the establishment of an edict appointing Prince Ching and General Yung Lu as co-regents. The Emperor assumes the responsibility for the events which have occurred in Peking and does not blame Prince Tuan or Kang Yi. The dispatch reiterates the assertion that there is strenuous opposition in all the foreign colonies to the acceptance of Yung Lu as a peace negotiator.

The reports of the Chinese raids on the Tonquin and Korean borders are regarded as suggestive and preparing Europe and the United States for French and Japanese operations in the regions wherein they are respectively interested, similar to the operations of Russia in Manchuria.

Assassin Arrested. Peking, Sept. 9.—Prince Ching, during the course of a private interview with the ministers yesterday, informed that while he had power to negotiate, he could not act without Li Hung Chang. An urgent request has been telegraphed to Li Hung Chang to come to Peking.

Marquis Tsang states that nothing can be done until the arrival of the Emperor. The Japanese have arrested the assassin of Baron von Ketteler, the late German minister to China, and handed him over to the Germans. He has confessed his guilt. He was arrested for trying to sell to a Japanese officer a watch, with initials which, it is believed, was taken from the body of von Ketteler. He afterwards admitted the crime, saying that the Imperial government ordered the commission of the act.

Vice-Admiral Alexieff arrived last night for a three days' visit and inspection of the coast.

Col. Treitkov engaged five hundred Boxers seven miles from Maclon. The Boxers were armed only with swords and spears. The Russian cavalry charged on them, killing numbers of them with sabres. The charge was made through the cornfield, and the Russians succeeded in killing the commander of the enemy's forces. The casualties among the Boxers are estimated at 200. A Russian officer was wounded and two Cossacks killed.

Peace Commissioners. London, Sept. 13.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times, writing on Tuesday, says: "Li Hung Chang has received an edict appointing Prince Ching and Gen. Yung Lu additional peace commissioners. He has advised Yung Lu frankly to confess that his troops were beyond control and attacked the foreigners. Li Hung Chang will then enquire whether the allies are prepared to accept Yung Lu as a commissioner. Chang Chi Tung, the Wu Chang viceroys, says Yung Lu is willing to return to Pao Ting Fu, but is reluctant to accept the appointment."

Willing to Negotiate. London, Sept. 13.—A special from Shanghai, dated yesterday, says: "Li Hung Chang declares that he is willing to negotiate for the restoration of European trade, but not for the punishment of Prince Tuan, Li or Yang Xi, president of the board of war." "Prince Ching has informed Li Hung Chang that a certain power proposed four conditions to be accepted before agreeing to an armistice: The neutralization of Tien Tsun, the cession of Heh Lang Kiang as a buffer state, the placing by the powers of international garrisons in the treaty ports and the execution of Boxer chiefs.

Earl's Promise. Washington, Sept. 13.—Minister Wu has received a cablegram from Li Hung Chang answering the hope expressed in the American note of a few days ago that his powers are sufficient to protect American lives and interests in China. Earl Li says he has that power and will see that the protection is given.

Coreans Murdered. Yokohama, Sept. 12.—A Japanese officer at Cheong, Corea, reports that two Japanese and several hundred Chinese and Korean converts have been murdered on the frontier by Chinese.

Chinese Defeated. Peking, Sept. 5, via Taku, Sept. 10.—A troop of American cavalry, sent to act as a convoy for cattle, surprised 300 Imperialists quartered at the Temple Shafts. They killed 30 and captured 120 rifles. The enemy fled northward.

Some Boxers recently attacked two companies of Russians who were guarding a railway working party at the South Maipo station. Reinforcements succeeded in disposing of the attacking party. Two Russians were wounded.

This was not the first occasion when attacks of this nature have occurred. A punitive force under C. Treitkov was sent with orders to burn surrounding towns.

Guarding Peking. Peking, Aug. 30, via Taku, Sept. 10.—To-day the British occupied the railway junction at Peng Tai, southwest of Peking, on the line to Pao Ting Fu. This was intended to forestall any damage there or an approach by the Chinese from that direction. It is believed there are no armed Chinese in this neighborhood except in small parties. But the plan is to extend outposts so as to prevent a hostile combination within striking distance of Peking.

After the parade through the Forbidden City, the Imperial palace was left

in charge of the Chinese attendants, with the Russians encamped outside the gate at one end and the United States infantry preventing approach or departure by the other gate.

Missionary Killed. Washington, Sept. 13.—Minister Conger cables the state department under the date of September 8th, as follows: "Hodges killed at Pao Ting Fu."

Hodges was a Presbyterian missionary. Minister Conger's message is in answer to a cable inquiry from the state department as to the fate of missionary Woodbridge, who was shot at Pao Ting Fu. The couple were natives of Philadelphia, and belonged to the Presbyterian mission.

A Related Dispatch. Peking, Aug. 26, via Taku, Sept. 10, and Shanghai, Sept. 11.—The Japanese found Prince Ching, leader of the Conservative pro-foreign party, in the western hills 20 miles distant. They are holding him there with a view of a conference, and in hope that he may establish communication with the Empress Dowager.

Wilson at Chinese Capital. Peking, Sept. 9.—Brig. Gen. James H. Wilson, United States volunteer, has arrived here with instructions to report to Major-General Chaffee, commanding the American forces here.

RAILWAY DISASTER. Eighty-Five Lives Were Lost in the Wreck of a Southern Pacific Train. (Associated Press.) New Orleans, La., Sept. 13.—News reached here to-day that the lives lost in the disaster to the Southern Pacific train, which left here for Galveston on Friday night, number 85.

About 17 passengers found refuge in the government lighthouse near where the train was wrecked, and these were saved.

ANOTHER PLOT. To Assassinate an European Monarch—Swiss Arrested. (Associated Press.) Madrid, Sept. 13.—The Swiss arrested at San Sebastian yesterday charged with plotting to assassinate an European monarch is named Walter. He is 30 years of age and was born near Lausanne. His departure from there above three weeks was due to the police searching in anarchist centres in consequence of the assassination of King Humbert of Italy.

FEMALE MINSTRELS KILLED. Special Car Was Wrecked and Nine of the Occupants Are Dead. (Associated Press.) Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 13.—A special to the Commercial Appeal from Cairo, Ill., says the special car of the Duncan Clark female minstrel troupe was wrecked at Mount yesterday afternoon and 16 occupants nine are dead and six others seriously injured, some perhaps fatally. The dead: Alice Williams, Ollie Enright, Etta Patterson, Patrick K. Patterson, Marguerite Compella, Anna Bell, Betty Ruby, Etta Howard and Faith Hamilton.

LONE HIGHWAYMAN'S WORK. (Associated Press.) Denver, Col., Sept. 12.—Burlington train No. 1, known as the "Overland Flyer," was held up by a lone highwayman at 2 o'clock this morning five miles east of Haighter, Nebraska. He secured about \$500 in cash and \$1,000 in jewelry, and made his escape. A posse is pursuing him.

SEVEN YEARS FOR ROBBERY. London, Sept. 13.—C. J. Goss, a former clerk of the Paris bank, accused of stealing about \$300,000 from the bank in January, 1899, pleaded guilty to-day and was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

Advertisement for Dr. Pierce's Golden Disinfectant Medical Pills. The ad features an illustration of a man in a suit and a woman in a dress, both holding bottles of the medicine. The text describes the pills as a 'valuable cargo' for various ailments, including indigestion, constipation, and general weakness. It claims to be a 'strengthening and purifying' agent for the stomach and blood.

Fight Near Barberton

Lord Roberts Reports That a Heavy Engagement Was in Progress Yesterday.

Force, Under General Hutton, Has Gone to Support General French.

Dr. Leyds Says Oom Paul's Flight Will Not Affect the War.

London, Sept. 13.—Lord Roberts reports from Machedodorp, under date of Wednesday, September 12th, that General French was heavily engaged that day with the Boers in the hills west of Barberton, and that General Hutton had gone to General French's support.

Dr. Leyds' Opinion. New York, Sept. 13.—Dr. Leyds, interviewed by a Mail correspondent in Amsterdam, affirmed "that the South African war would not be affected by President Kruger's departure for Holland, says the Tribune's London correspondent. He further asserted that as a last resource the Boers would probably trek into German Damaraland."

London Press Comments. London, Sept. 13.—All the morning papers publish sketches of Mr. Kruger's extraordinary career. The editorials comment upon his humiliating and undramatic exit which is universally regarded as less perplexing and therefore preferable to capture. His fight with the bullion is regarded as putting an undignified end to his legal pretensions.

STORM IN ONTARIO. Telegraph Wires Down and Details Are Unobtainable. Detroit, Mich., Sept. 12.—A special from St. Joseph, Mich., to the Evening News, says: "The steamer Lawrence, of the People's Transit Company, is given up for lost. She had fifty people on board. Wreckage has been found north of this port."

Steamer Safe. St. Joseph, Mich., Sept. 12.—The steamer Lawrence, which had been given up for lost, has been sighted laboring toward this port in an awful sea.

Damage in Ontario. Montreal, Sept. 12.—According to a meagre report received here the tail end of the Galveston cyclone appears to have struck Ontario at an early hour this morning, and it is feared has done immense damage to fruit and other farm products. Telegraphic communication has also been interrupted.

Many Yachts Wrecked. Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Reports from Crystal Beach summer resort, on the Canadian side of Lake Erie, say that every dock was destroyed by the terrific wind storm of last night and all the boats of the Buffalo Canoe Club and many sea-going yachts anchored there were completely wrecked. The damage is very heavy. The wind here attained a velocity of 72 miles an hour, but beyond blowing down a number of trees, wrecking awnings and chimneys and destroying a tower of one of the Pan-American buildings in the course of erection no serious damage is reported. A workman while picking up debris in her yard took hold of an electric light wire and was killed. Her husband was badly injured.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE. Mill and Many Business Houses in Paris Glutted. (Associated Press.) Paris, Ont., Sept. 12.—A fire which broke out in Meldrum's flour mill, situated in the centre of the business portion of the town, at 1 o'clock this morning destroyed three-quarters of the business houses. The loss is estimated at between \$300,000 and \$400,000. The insurance is not known.

PLAGUE IN INDIA. Over Twelve Thousand Deaths Occurred Last Week. (Associated Press.) Simla, Sept. 12.—The plague is again increasing. Over 12,000 deaths are reported to have occurred in India during the last week.

POLITICAL NOTES. (Associated Press.) Montreal, Sept. 11.—It is stated here to-day that Hugh John Macdonald will not resign the premiership of Manitoba until the date of the general elections is announced.

Halifax, Sept. 11.—Conservatives of the counties of Lunenburg and Colchester have nominated respectively C. E. Kaulbach, M.P., and S. E. Gourlay as candidates at the general elections.

Hon. C. M. Franchville, M.P.F., is dead from cancer in the stomach. He was United States consular agent at Guyaboro.

A VALUABLE CARGO. (Associated Press.) San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The North American Commercial Co.'s steamer Homer has arrived from the Pribilof islands, via Dutch harbor. The Homer brings home 22,470 sealskins, valued at \$300,000, 18 barrels of blue and white fox skins, valued at \$18,000, and from Dutch Harbor 36 barrels of fur.

To get relief from indigestion, biliousness, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Palpitation of the heart, nervous tremblings, nervous headache, cold sweats and feet, pain in the back and other forms of weakness are relieved by Carter's Little Liver Pills, made specially for the blood, nerves and complexion.

CANADIAN NEWS. Fourteen Years for Burglary and Attempting to Shoot a Constable. (Associated Press.) New Glasgow, Sept. 11.—Hon. Messrs. Patterson and Fielding addressed a crowded house here last night in the interest of the Liberal government. Both ministers repudiated the charge of misadministration aimed at the government by Conservatives.

Woodbridge, Sept. 11.—While out driving with his two children yesterday afternoon, Hon. Clark Wallace was thrown from a buggy by the horses running into a ditch, becoming frightened at a thresher at work. The children were unhurt, but Mr. Wallace had his face and arms cut and was badly shaken up. His injuries, however, are not serious.

Charlotteville, P. E. I., Sept. 11.—The Liberals of East Prince have nominated the sitting member, J. H. Bell, to oppose Mr. LeFurgy, Conservative candidate at the forthcoming general elections.

Lachute, Sept. 11.—Argentine Conservatives have chosen W. J. Strickland, C. Lachute to oppose Dr. Christian, Liberal member, at the next general elections.

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier will start the Liberal political ball rolling in the province of Quebec by a speech in Montreal. He will be accompanied by three members of the cabinet in the opening of the exhibition tomorrow.

Toronto, Sept. 13.—Archibald Campbell, the well known Liberal member for Kent County since 1887, has declined nomination despite the fact that he has been presented with a number of suggestions asking him to run again. He thought Mr. Campbell has another constituency in view, likely West York, where he will try to defeat Hon. Clark Wallace.

Sydney, G. B., Sept. 13.—Low Bridges, a native of Charlottetown, now insurance agent at East Boston, Mass., was found dead on the track near Louisburg this morning. He is supposed to have fallen off a train. He leaves a widow and five children.

St. Joseph, Mich., Sept. 13.—For a burglary and attempt to shoot a constable, at Webwood, recently at McGuire, of Bay City, Mich., was yesterday sentenced by Justice Johnston to fourteen years in the penitentiary. Jay Dowling, an accomplice, also from Bay City, was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. Both men will be taken to Kingston.

Montreal, Sept. 13.—John Napier Paton was found guilty yesterday of a charge of having stolen from Mrs. T. J. Coristine the sum of \$12,541.50, being the proceeds of seventy-three shares of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, and of having appropriated the money to his own use while acting under power of attorney granted to him by Mrs. Coristine. He will be sentenced to-morrow or Saturday.

Peterboro, Sept. 13.—The Liberals of West Peterboro have chosen J. H. McClelland, of this place, to oppose James Kennedy, Conservative, at the forthcoming general elections.

Dutton, Ont., Sept. 13.—In a speech here last night Hon. Wm. Mulock, Postmaster-General, announced that the temporary deficit due to the reduction in postage rate would be overcome by October 1st next.

WILL INTERVIEW DR. FAGAN. (Special to the Tribune.) Ottawa, Sept. 13.—Dr. Montzambert, who has arrived at Vancouver from Yukon, has telegraphed the department of agriculture that he will have an interview with Dr. Fagan regarding bonobonic plague.

STEAMER WRECKED. Crew Were Last Seen Clinging to the Rigging—Narrow Escape on Lake Michigan. Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 12.—A telegram has been received here stating that a wrecked steamer, believed to be the J. E. Lyon, had been sighted last night, one of the steamers of the Pere Marquette line, arrived in port this morning after the narrow escape from disaster, ever experienced by a passenger steamer on the lake. Thirty passengers were more or less injured by the capsizing. The deck was a mass of broken timbers, broken chairs and pieces of debris. Life rafts were blown to pieces and hurled through the windows of the cabin, where were congregated all the passengers. Scarcely one escaped injury. When the wind changed from southwest to northwest, putting the steamer right in the teeth of the gale.

Steamers Overdue. Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 12.—As a result of the furious gale which swept over the lake last night, telegraphic and telephone lines were prostrated in all directions from this city to-day. During the height of the storm the wind reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour. To-day the steamer is subsiding. Up to noon to-day the passenger steamers City of Erie and the Northwest, which left Buffalo last evening for this port, have not been heard from. They were due here at 6 o'clock this morning.

DISCHARGED TO DIE. But Mrs. Fitzpatrick Didn't Lose Hope—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Accomplished What the Physicians Couldn't. If the thousands of people who rush to go to it as a first resort, how much misery and suffering would be spared. Mrs. Fitzpatrick, of Gannaque, after being treated by eminent physicians for heart disease five years standing, was discharged from the hospital as a hopeless incurable. The lady procured Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, she declared, as a last resort. One dose relieved a very acute spasm in less than half an hour, and three boxes cured her.

Sold by Bean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co. Palpitation of the heart, nervous tremblings, nervous headache, cold sweats and feet, pain in the back and other forms of weakness are relieved by Carter's Little Liver Pills, made specially for the blood, nerves and complexion.

Det... Total... The We... Bodies... Chic... general... has rec... from... vest... "A... line at... intellig... "Bri... party... twenty... No His... gues... and but... will be... "My... island... immedi... tween... this st... whole... escaped... the isla... ing tot... together... by the... herewit... could... help... Commu... Aust... ment... situat... "Con... had as... ever, h... is the... diffic... is pro... Gener... mayor... poss... most... numbe... Dow... town... five p... Alt... rate... that... town... opposi... the fe... have n... City... no off... effect... land... sour... Camp... of pe... SE... All A... Gall... Stella... good... every... cure... of h... rid &... magn... diffic... horse... short... grues... of Ya... that... were... and... the... men... ed bu... help... Alde... Clar... These... bodie... ed in... Re... sum... it w... able... bodie... police... abla... ed i... too... to... At... tain... been... with... susp... war... ence... while... The... out... rest... in... imp... ten... The... are... tow... ha... car... Or... wor... we... it for...