MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

THE EVENING GAZETTE

is published every evening at 97 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., by

JOHN A. BOWES, Editor and Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

THE EVENING GAZETTE will be delivered to any part of the city of St. John by carriers, on the following terms:

ONE MONTH	40 cts.
THREE MONTHS	1.00
SIX MONTHS	2.00
ONE YEAR	4.00

The Subscription to THE GAZETTE is payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING.

We insert short condensed advertisements under the heads of Lost, For Sale, To Let, Found and Wants for 10 CENTS each insertion or 50 CENTS a week, payable ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

General advertising $1 an inch for first insertion and 25 cents an inch for continuations. Contracts by the year at Reasonable Rates.

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1890.

For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.

THE VISIT OF THE C. P. R. MEN.

A good deal of curiosity has been excited by the visit of the C. P. R. men to this city yesterday. Sir George Stephen and Mr. Van Horne do not travel long distances in a special car for nothing; and although this is said to be only an ordinary visit of inspection, there is reason to believe that it means much more than this and that on Tuesday next,—when the general meeting of the company is held in Montreal, there will be something in the way of news in the nature of a surprise for the people of this city. It is whispered that it will then be announced that the New Brunswick railway has been taken over by the Canadian Pacific Company and has become a part of their great system. It is also said that if they desire it the Canadian Pacific Company can acquire the Temiscouata railway, and if they do this all hope of the Grand Trunk entering this province will be at an end. Suppose the Temiscouata railway to be purchased by the Canadian Pacific Company and the recently subsidized line from Woodstock to Fredericton to be built by them they would have a short line down the valley of the St. John to Fredericton in Canadian territory and an open seaport at St. John at a distance of some 66 miles. Then there is the question of terminal facilities on the West side which no doubt engaged their attention, and which will have to be settled in the near future. If the New Brunswick railway becomes a part of the Canadian Pacific we may be certain that some movement will be made at an early day looking towards obtaining yard room and other facilities on the West side. The people of St. John will await with interests the developments which are promised a week hence.

OUR ROYAL VISITORS.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught arrive in St. John by the C. P. R. on Friday the 6th June, and will remain two or three hours, long enough to receive an address from our citizens, if they desire to present one, and take a short drive around the city should the weather be favorable. The people of St. John will be glad to welcome the Duke back after an absence of twenty one years, and only regret that his stay in this city will be too short to enable them to show him such hospitality as they might otherwise tender him. Our people are second to none in the Empire in their desire to do honor to those connected with the sovereign by such close ties of consanguinity, and the sons and daughters of Queen Victoria will always be welcome here. It is true that St. John is not in a position to do much in the way of mere display, at least in the persons of its civic rulers. Our mayor is not the possessor of any official robes or even a gold badge or chain, so that he looks quite an inferior person when placed beside the president of the St. George's society. Our aldermen are similarly destitute of official toggery, and unless they be clothed with righteousness, may be said to be in a state of official nakedness. We have no mace or civic sword, and except the city arms in the council chamber, have nothing to represent the dignity of the city. We may perhaps except from this sweeping statement the gilded barge which the Recorder presented to the city council with which to convey mayor, aldermen and civic officials to and from any man-of-war which night visit our harbor, but that gaudy craft has not yet been seen on our waters. Perhaps the best welcome we can give to the Duke and Duchess will be to present them with a very brief address written by the Recorder and read by the common clerk, and to drive them through our streets lined with school children and citizens. But as the Common Council are considering this matter as we go to press the details may be left to them to work out in the way that seems to them best.

PRIZES FOR GOOD BUTTER.

THE GAZETTE has already recorded the fact that Messrs. Manchester, Robertson & Allison some time ago offered prizes to the amount of $500 for agricultural exhibits at St. John's great show this year. We are glad now to be able to announce that they have decided to give the whole of the $500 in prizes for butter, as they desire to stimulate this branch of industry. The particulars of the prizes they offer will be found in the report of the Exhibition Association meeting in our local columns. We congratulate Messrs. Manchester, Robertson & Allison on their wise decision. There is no branch of agriculture which is more neglected in this Province than the art of making butter, and there is none which is of greater importance. New Brunswick from the excellence of its pastures is most favorably situated for butter making and there is no reason why our butter product should not be a source of wealth to our people. At present the butter product of the cows of this province does not reach one third of what it might be and a great deal of it is of bad quality and has to be sold at a reduced price. If Messrs. Manchester, Robertson & Allison by their generous prizes can succeed in stimulating the diary industry into something like what it ought to be, and in teaching our farmers wives to make good butter, they will have accomplished a work of almost inestimable value, which will add at least $2,000,000 a year to the wealth of this Province. If any one doubts this statement let him remember that in 1881 there were by the census, 103,965 milch cows in New Brunswick, their product being 6,227,176 or an average of only 63 lbs of butter to each cow. Cows of good breed, properly housed and fed, ought to yield at least three times as much butter as this amount, so that we lose to the Province by bad breeds, bad feeding, neglect and bad methods of making butter is at least 100 lbs. per cow or more that $2,000,000 a year.

SCOTT ACT ORDER.

A petition is now being prepared for the benefit of persons not living in St. John that the part of this city, in which the murder was committed is still under the operation of the Scott Act, which is claimed by its advocates to have the power to keep any community in which it is adopted, orderly, law abiding and sober. The Scott Act has filled the North end with unlicensed gin shops where liquor is sold at all hours of the day and night and which are open on Sunday. It was at one of these places that Torry got the liquor which was the immediate cause of his murder, and under a properly enforced licensed law it would have been impossible for the liquor to have been procured at midnight on Sunday. The murder of Torry is but the culmination of a period of lawlessness at the North end, mainly caused by the Scott Act which has opened almost two hundred unlicensed liquor shops in that part of the city and introduced the custom of drinking in the houses of people who under other circumstances would not have liquor on their premises. Barroom drinking is bad enough, but it is harmless in comparison with a system which introduces a liquor flask into the home of every working man and yields such results as the Torry murder.

THE GAZETTE yesterday showed its great superiority to the Globe in its manner of handling the Torry murder. Our account was far more complete than that of our evening contemporary, and it contained besides a confession made by the murderer to one of our reporters who was the only newspaper man who was able to obtain from him the facts of the murder. The demand for THE GAZETTE last evening was so large that it taxed the power of our press to supply it. The public have already made the discovery that THE GAZETTE is by far the best newspaper published in this city.

TAXING CANADIAN FISHERMEN.

Many of the readers of THE GAZETTE may not be aware that the people of Newfoundland, who came to us for sympathy against French aggression and asked the support of our Boards of Trade in their representations to the British government in regard to territorial rights on the French shore, have recently passed a law which bears very heavily on Canadian fishermen. Under this law Canadian vessels have to pay an impost of one dollar a ton for each trip they make for bait, which amounts to a large sum on each vessel when four or five trips a year have to be made to the Newfoundland coast to catch squid or other fish for bait. One Yarmouth owner who has a fishing vessel of large size finds that this new regulation will add at least $1000 a year to his expenses and the tax will fall with equal weight on all our fishermen who frequent Newfoundland waters. The matters has already been brought to the notice of our government, but we are not aware that any action has yet been taken in respect to it. That the law is not regarded with favor by all the inhabitants of Newfoundland may be gathered from the following article from the Harbor Grace Standard, which anticipates retaliation on the part of the Dominion for the unneighborly manner in which our fishermen are being treated. It says:—

"Is it the part of wisdom for Newfoundland to attempt to impose a tax upon Canadian fishermen coming to our shores in quest of bait, when the fact is borne in mind that the Dominion ports and harbors are, without exception, open free to all our craft, and that now these can fish anywhere they like around the whole extent of the coast of the great Dominion within, of course, the three mile limit, and, furthermore, buy and sell in her waters and on her shores just as they please without let or hindrance? There is one thing which should not be lost sight of in this connection. It is this: Is not the list of the people who are competitors of ours sufficiently extended at present without seeking to add to it? In other words, is not the Newfoundland staple trade already handicapped enough with ruinous French bounties on the one hand and heavy American imposts on the other without running the risk of having the markets of the Dominion closed against us? Nor must the other significant fact be lost sight of, viz., that in view of past neglect we are not warranted in expecting much from the Mother Country. We repeat, it behooves us to be very cautious how we ruffle the feelings of our powerful influential neighbor just to the westward of us. Is it possible to effect a better arrangement with a friendly country than to enforce a drastic measure against it, and at the same time give no heed whatever to what the harsh precedure may speedily lead to? It will not be denied by those who know that Canada at the present time is one of the best friends we have. It must not be forgotten that we are now in that unfortunate plight that we need all the support, sympathy and assistance we can possibly get from her in the battle which this colony is at present waging with the French usurper. Have we not to look to her to bring some pressure to bear upon the Imperial authorities in regard to the unjust arrangement lately sought to be concluded by the Governments of Great Britain and France, unjustifiably and ruinously giving away the rights and privileges of the people of this country? Now that a delegation from Newfoundland has departed for the Dominion to evoke the sympathies of the people there in our favor, the above is absolutely indispensable.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Senator Blair is one of those weak minded men who seek to make themselves prominent by insulting the British government; he is a poor copy of Senator Ingalls, who is a poor copy of some else and a plagiarist to boot. The proposition to invite Great Britain to withdraw her war ships from American waters is not even amusing. It is the concentrated essence of stupidity and impudence.

The generous offer of the Provincial government to guarantee another $2,000 places the Exhibition Association in funds and they can now go ahead with confidence. Estimating their own resources at $4,000; they will have $3,000 from the government and $3,000 from the city absolutely or $10,000 altogether. In addition to this they have the gaurantee of the city for $3,000 more and of the Province for $2,000 so that they have available $15,000 in all independently of any gate receipts. Their financial position is therefore good.

The people of St. John will be interested in learning that there is one man on its police force who thinks he cannot arrest a murderer without a warrant. This is officer Codyre, of the North end who, when found at the police station by a man who witnessed the murder of Torry refused to arrest Gray and Watts without a warrant, although they were in his presence. Codyre should have been instantly dismissed from the police force, and if he is a specimen of the North end policemen a clean sweep might be made there with advantage to the public service. A man who refuses to arrest a red-handed murderer is either a hopeless blockhead or [illegible] on the part of the [illegible]

MORE GERMAN SOLDIERS.

The Imperial Diet Asked to Meet the Cost.

LONDON, May 24.—The German Government has asked the Reichstag for a further vote of nearly $5,000,000 for military purposes to meet the increased expenditures which will be occasioned by the passage of the new army bill now pending in the Reichstag. The uses to which this money is to be applied explain the importance and magnitude of the army bill, which do not appear at first glance. In the first place the money is to be applied to the creation of seventy new field batteries, that is the addition of 420 guns to the field army; secondly, to the increase of the establishments of infantry and cavalry regiments, especially those of the army corps quartered on the Russian and French frontiers; and, thirdly, the formation of a new Bavarian division. The increase of the artillery is intelligible enough. The German field army has 364 batteries, against the French 460 and the Russian 424. The present addition will give the Germans 454, which is more on a level with the figures of their neighbors. The exact distribution of the new batteries is not known. The old organization gave to each infantry division a field artillery regiment composed of two "brigade divisions" of four batteries each. Two years ago this system was replaced by one in which the regiment consists of three battertes each. This would have given each division an extra battery (six guns), but it was carried out only in alternate regiments. It will now doubtless be extended to all the regiments. According to a rough division the German army corps will in future go into action with something like 130 guns instead of 96 so long the normal number. The artillery will be one-third more numerous than it was in the last war, and the effect expected from each gun is at least double what it used to be. The new Bavarian division means, roughly, an addition of 12,000 infantry to the fighting force. The increase of the frontier corps seems to mean that corps are to be permanently on a war footing. As to the cavalry, the statement is not quite intelligible, seeing that for a long time past, both Germany and France have kept a large part of their cavalry at war strength and been ready to push it up to or across the frontier within a given number of hours from the order to mobilize.

IT ARRIVES IN THE SENATE.

McKinley's Tariff Bill Receives Its Probably Fate.

WASHINGTON, D.C., May 23—McKinley's tariff bill, engrossed in the highest style of the art, was carefully carried in the arms of Clerk McPherson into the Senate chamber at 2 o'clock precisely this afternoon. It was formally referred to the finance committee, but actually hurried away to the government printing office with a special order to print 10,000 copies of it. The members of the committee on finance will have copies of it, and of the somewhat misleading tables of comparative rates prepared by the ways and means committee, by the first of next week. The Republicans of the committee will then go into secret session on it, giving hearing to any considerable interest which has political influence enough to get before the committee, and proceed to mature a new and independent bill to be submitted to the Senate as a substitute for McKinley's pride. When the substitute is ready, the Democratic members of the committee will have a chance to look at it and to write a minority report upon it as they will undoubtedly wish to do, although, except in the sugar and woollen schedules, the new Senate bill will differ from the old Senate bill, as well as from the McKinley bill, by making reductions. Carlisle will thus have the unparalleled privilege of writing as well as of voting on behalf of the minority in the finance committees of both houses at the same session, for he will of course, prepare the minority report in the Senate as in the House. He will also head the Senate conference, and will lead the minority fight on the most important battle ground; namely, the field of the conference committee, for the conference committee in 1890, as in 1883, will really frame the tariff act, putting into it, probably against the protests of Carlisle and his democratic associates, as did its predecessor against the protests of Carlisle, Bayard and the other minority conferees, important provisions never submitted to either the House or the Senate. The probability is that the Fourth of July will come before the conference committee meets, in spite of Speaker Reed's prediction that Congress would be at home to celebrate Independence day.

FAIR BICYCLISTS.

Many St. Louis Ladies Have Become Enthusiastic Wheelwomen.

[From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.]

The number of feminine bicyclists in St. Louis is gaining surely and rapidly. The exercise, as vouched for by Miss Mable Jeuesse, is both scientific and healthful, as well as graceful and delightful mode of locomotion. The wheelmen of the past, had the delights of the bicycle solely to themselves. Then came the advent of the tricycle for women, its gradual overthrow, the lull of the ladies' cycling, and then vive le bicycle for ladies' just as well as for men. Now the three-wheeled affairs, known as the tricycles, are things of the past, and the ladies bicycles are high in favor of the wheelwomen of St. Louis as well as elsewhere. The fair riders mount the wheel with the agility of the wheelman himself, sets their machine going and spin away with the fleetness of a bird. At present there are at least fifteen women bicycle riders in town, whilst candidates for the honor in the shape of amateurs in process of study are constantly on the increas.

Among the lady bicyclists of this city may be counted the following: The greatest expert in the line, the most finished and graceful of all, is Miss Delia Hardcastle. This young lady is a granddaughter of the late Col. Calvin Case, who was so well known in Missouri, and who was one of the prominent citizens who were killed in the famous Gasconade accident. She is also a niece of Dr. Case of Furgeson. Miss Hardcastle is counted far-and-away the best wheelwoman of the city. She is one of the ladies mentioned as riding to Baldwin and back last week on their wheels. She rides for pleasure every day a distance of from fifteen to twenty miles without experiencing the least fatigue. Miss Hardcastle is pretty as well as graceful. She is tall and slight in her physique, which [illegible] the beauty of curve and outline that important outlay exercises develops. She has delicate fair skin, regular features and lovely blue eyes, which are all animation and expression. Her hair is golden brown and soft, and is worn simply on her classic head. She dresses in taste and plain fashion though while on the wheel she always wears the mannish outfit style of dress.

THIRD EDITION

LOCAL MATTERS.

On Monday last Mr. Charles Goucher had his leg broken Saturday by being thrown from a lorry.

For ten days past the number of visitors to the Scott Act offenders in jail at Fredericton has averaged 50 per day.

More young men under 21 were seen drunk Saturday in the city of Moncton and vicinity than during months preceding. How is this for Scott Act enforcement?—Transcript.

The Britton Mining Company have put three hundred shares of stock on the market, and are meeting with unexpected demands for it. This is all the stock they intend to sell for the present.

Mrs. Samuel Graham of Four Falls, aged 84, is the champion butter maker of Carleton county. Last year she made with her own hands some 500 lbs. of prime butter, which cannot be beaten for quality.

The Moncton Times says:—"The police had a regular picnic on Saturday, six were run in during the day, of whom the Marshal captured five." Moncton must be forging ahead to have six of its policemen behind the bars ot once.

Spence Decker and Eugene Burke, two of the crew of the fishing schooner Nellie G. Thurston, were brought to Halifax yesterday by the barque Concordia. While out in a dorry they got lost from the vessel, and were four days and nights without water or food.

Mrs. Herbert, of St. Mary's, Kent Co., is one hundred years of age. She walked from her home to Memramcook, about fifty miles, last summer. It is said her eye-sight is as keen as ever, having discarded the use of glasses over thirty years ago.—Review.

The feeling is growing every day that nothing has been gained from a temperance standpoint by the imprisonment of the Scott act offenders in Fredericton, and it is said that it is no secret to the police that "rum holes" are being opened up in many parts of the city.

The Kentville, N. S., Star says: "Hon. Samuel Chipman, who will be 100 years old in October next, went in company with Richard Kidston, aged 84, to the polls on the 21st and voted, and Webster and Harris can probably claim the only vote 100 years old that has been cast in the province in its history.

Of a successful fruit tree pedlar in Carleton county, the Press says: In all his visitations, merciful and unmerciful, "which ever you please, my dears; you pays your money and makes your choice,' he has never been bitten by a dog, "sarced" by a woman or insulted by a man.

The majority of the drives on the Upper St. John have reached Grand Falls. The water continues at a good driving pitch in all the streams, unless it is in the Tobique, where it may be too high. Probably every drive will get out this spring. Thus far the spring has been unusually favorable to the lumbermen.

A strange and fatal case of poisoning occurred at Campbellton on Saturday. The victim was a step-son of Asa Nickerson, aged about ten years. It seems that he, in company with some other boys, obtained some kind of liquor, supposed to be gin, in a bottle, and it is supposed that from the contents partaken the boy died on Sunday.

On Monday evening as Mr. John Sullivan was coming down Raymond's Hill, Kouchibouguac, with a load of hay, his horse became unmanageable and jumped over the cliff, a height of about fifty feet and was so badly injured that it is doubtful if he will recover. The wagon was smashed to atoms and Mr. Sullivan narrowly escaped serious injuries.

Marriage a Failure.

For some time past rumors have been afloat in the North end of Halifax to the effect that a married man, who holds a good position in the cotton factory, has been in the habit of keeping company with a young woman unknown to his wife. Says the Mail, The affair, however, came to light on Wednesday evening through a letter which the wife found in her husband's pocket. It was written by the young woman, and the contents clearly showed that the husband had been unfaithful to his wife. The writer of the letter had appointed a time to meet the man to go for a walk. The wife kept the discovery of the letter a secret, and she decided to watch her husband's movements. She met the pair on a road in the outskirts of the city and confronted them. The husband turned on his wife, and, it is alleged beat her. The matter will come up in a court of law.

Bill Nye's Silk Hat.

[From the Haberdasher.]

The honest truth is that since William Edgar Nye, know familiarly as Bill Nye, took up his residence in Staten Island and mingled freely with the New Yorkers, he has become one of the best dressed men in the East, outside of the ranks of the upper swelldom.

When he was postmaster in the far West he never knew the effete use of suspenders, and linen collars and a boiled shirt were curiosities. Imagine how he looked then and gazed upon the present picture, viz.: a silk hat, always brightly polished, a high, standing collar, staked and ridered to keep from breaking down if any of his old friends should happen to weep scale, let our people praise it on a small scale first. We have lots of advocates of the reciprocity system; but if you follow the practices of those loudest in their profession of local incourse you will find room for improvement. We live on each other, and we persist in buying our goods of houses who carry the money out of the country we will so improvish ourselves that we will have no money left to spend. Buy "Gardenia" oil, being the only brand of oil sold whose benefits are local.

J. D. SHATFORD,
27 and 29 Water St.

READY FOR BUSINESS.
9 Canterbury st.
GENTLEMEN:
You can have your Clothing put in good Order by sending them to
JOHN S. DUNN,
TAILOR.
Repairing, Pressing and Alterin a Specialt.

CAUSEY & MAXWELL,
Masons and Builders.
Mason Work in all its Branches.
Slating and Cement Work a specialty
Stone, Brick and Plaster Workers.
JOBBING EXECUTED NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.
Order Slate at A. G. Bowes & Co., 21 Canterbury Street.
W. CAUSEY, Mecklenburg st. ROBT. MAXWELL, 385 Union st.

Telegraphic Flashes.

J. B. Morin, the murderer of Roy, at Montmagny, Quebec, has been respited till October.

Weser's piano factory on West 43rd street, New York, was burned last night. Loss $125,000. Insurance $80,000.

Severe storms and floods are reported in various parts of Germany. Five persons were killed by lightning at Suplinger.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, on their arrival in Montreal, will be presented with an address, and will enjoy a run down the Lachine rapids.

At a special town meet held in Lowell, Mass., yesterday a motion to return one John Lennon, his license money amounting to $8,000 was lost. The town keeps the money.

It is rumored in Montreal that Rev. Principal McVicar will be retired from the chairmanship of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners on account of the stand he took in the recent anti-Jesuit agitation.

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS,
Can be promptly cured by taking
Estey's Cod Liver Oil Cream.
It is the most perfect preparation of Cod Liver Oil in the market. It is pleasant to take,—safe and sure in its action. It has received the unqualified commendation of thousands who have used it. We warrant every bottle sold, and will refund the money paid for it if these statements are not correct.
It never Separates. Never turns rancid and never disagrees with the Most Delicate Stomach.
Children ask for it, and cry for more. Physicians prescribe it daily in their practice. Ask your druggist for ESTEY'S COD LIVER OIL CREAM. Take no other. Price 50c., six bottles $2.50. Prepared only by E. M. ESTEY, Manufacturing Pharmacist, Moncton, N. B.
R. W. McCARTY,
Wholesale Agent.

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE
PHILLIPS' Cod Liver Oil
—WITH THE—
WHEAT PHOSPHATES.
Miscible with Milk or Water and just as Palatable.
Retainable on the most delicate Stomach, and digested with ease.
FOR THE RELIEF AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, SCROFULOUS AND WASTING DISEASES, COUGHS, COLDS AND LUNG AFFECTIONS,
AND AS A FLESH MAKER,
IT HAS NO EQUAL.
For sale by all Chemists.
PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA
FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Phillips' Phospho-Muriate of Quinine Compound. THE TONIC OF THE DAY.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
THE ISLAY BLEND
REGISTERED TRADE MARK
WHISKY,
MACKIE & Co's
VERY OLD.
See Analytical Report on Each Bottle 6 Years Old.
DISTILLERIES:—
LAGAVULIN, } ISLAND OF ISLAY, ARGYLESHIRE.
LAPHROAIG. }
OFFICE, 13 CARLTON PLACE, GLASGOW.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
DOES CURE
CONSUMPTION
In its First Stages.
Palatable as Milk.
Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

LUBY'S
FOR THE HAIR,
Restores the color, beauty and softness to Grey Hair, and
IS NOT A DYE.
AT ALL CHEMISTS. 50 CENTS A BOTTLE

SAINT JOHN
Oyster House,
No. 5 North Side King Square.
20 Bbls No. 1 P. E. I. Oysters,
50 Bbls Chatham Oysters, $2.50 bbl,
20 Bbls XXX Narrows Oysters,
2 Bbls, 10 Gallons Clams,
The above received this day.
Oysters and Clams served in all styles.
C. H. JACKSON.
Telephone 16.

CHEAP STOVES FOR SPRING TRADE.

Notwithstanding the recent advance in prices by the stove founders, we shall continue to sell our present stock of
COOK STOVES & RANGES
at old prices.
When present stock is exhausted we shall then be compelled to advance prices to cover the increased cost.
In the meantime those who anticipate making a change will save money by purchasing soon.
Our Stock embraces all the old favorites, viz: The Medallion, The New Hub, The Silver Acorn, The Coal Acorn, &c., also the the king of cook stoves, The Charter Oak.

EMERSON & FISHER,
75 to 79 Prince William Street.

IMPORTANT
TO ARTISTS AND DECORATORS.
Just received and opened a large and varied assortment of GERB. HEYL'S Celebrated Artists and Decorators Colors. Being the only dealer in St. John handling these celebrated paints, I have put the price away down.
Tube Colors, all sizes, 7 Cents.
Also, a complete stock of Brushes, Canvass, Academy Boards and Water Colors.
J. McNeil Whistler, Artist, writes:—"Certainly no paints have come to me in more perfect condition—EXCELLENTLY GROUND—firm and free from excess of oil. The colors themselves are of remarkable purity and brilliancy, &c., &c."
FOR SALE ONLY AT
D. J JENNINGS, - - 167 Union St.

A PROSPEROUS INSTITUTION.
THE
Sun Life Assurance Company
—OF CANADA—
Incorporated 1865. Capital, $500,000.00
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.
FEATURES OF THE REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1889.

Life Assurances in force, 1st January, 1890,	$13,337,983.08
Increase over the previous year,	1,406,666.87
New Applications received in 1889,	4,102,710.55
Increase over 1888,	706,226.99
Cash Income for year ending 31st December, 1889,	563,140.52
Increase over 1888,	37,866.94
Assets at 31st December, 1889,	2,233,322.72
Increase over 1888,	259,006.51
Reserve for Security of Policy-holders,	1,541,489.97
Increase over 1888,	221,137.49
Surplus over all Liabilities, except Capital,	656,536.64
" " " and Capital Stock,	156,526.64
Increase over 1888,	46,499.37
Death Claims fallen in during 1889,	100,140.86
Decrease for 1889,	5,045.55

The rapid progress made by the SUN LIFE may be seen from the following statement:

	Income.	Assets.	Life Assurances in force.
1872	$48,210.93	$546,461.95	$1,064,350.00
1876	102,822.14	715,913.64	2,214,093.00
1880	141,402.81	911,132.93	3,881,479.14
1884	278,379.65	1,274,397.24	6,814,404.04
1889	563,140.52	2,233,322.72	13,337,983.08

The new business of the SUN LIFE was the largest ever secured in the Company's history and was equalled by but one other Canadian life company. The surplus accumulated during the THREE years of the current quinquennium far exceeds the amount earned during any previous FIVE years, and the profits to policy-holders thus cannot fail to be highly satisfactory. The prosperity of the SUN LIFE is no doubt largely due to its issuing unconditional policies and paying its claims promptly. Canadians should also remember that by patronizing a home Institution, which invests all its funds in the Dominion, they are benefiting themselves by reducing the rate of interest here, and are helping to build up our own cities rather than those of foreign states.
ROBERTSON MACAULAY, PRESIDENT.
T. B. MACAULAY, SECRETARY. HON. A. W. OGILVIE, VICE-PRESIDENT.

Penitentiary Supplies.
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Supplies," will be received at the office of the Warden of the Dorchester Penitentiary, till WEDNESDAY, 11th June, 1890, at five o'clock, p. m., from parties desirous of tendering for supplying that institution for one year from the first day of July, 1890, with the articles comprised in the following classes:
Class 1, Dry Goods.
" 2, Flour.
" 3, Groceries and Coal Oil.
" 4, Butchers' Meat.
" 5, Leather and Findings.
Not less than one of the foregoing classes in its entirety shall form the subject of a tender; but several classes may be included in one tender.
Wagon was smashed to atoms and Mr. Sullivan narrowly escaped serious injuries.
Samples of articles comprised in the first and third classes to be submitted with tender.
The signatures of at least two responsible parties, willing to become sureties in the event of the tender being accepted, are required to subscribe to it before it be accepted.
Any tender not in the prescribed form will be rejected.
All information respecting the details of the above supplies, together with blank forms of tenders and copies of contracts and conditions, and also samples, will be furnished on application to the undersigned.
The printed forms of specification will require to be filled up in detail, both extensions being carried out and additions completed.
JOHN B. FOSTER, Warden.
Dorchester Penitentiary,
20th May, 1890.

THE SPRING OF 1890
Has been backward but R. D. McA. is on hand with a full and choice assortment of
Vegetable
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS,
including all the latest varieties suitable for this climate. As this space is too small to enumerate all the different kinds he will be pleased to have you call before purchasing elsewhere.
R. D. McARTHUR,
MEDICAL HALL,
Telegraph. SAINT JOHN, N. B.

CARDENIA.
400 BBLS of the above superior oil in stock. Buyers should insist upon getting "GARDENIA." It is very much superior to any burning oil imported and is sold by a local house whose profits arising from its sale are not carried regularly out of the country and spent in the United States. We cry for reciprocity on a large scale, let our people praise it on a small scale first. We have lots of advocates of the reciprocity system; but if you follow the practices of those loudest in their profession of local incourse you will find room for improvement. We live on each other, and we persist in buying our goods of houses who carry the money out of the country we will so impoverish ourselves that we will have no money left to spend. Buy "Gardenia" oil, being the only brand of oil sold whose benefits are local.
J. D. SHATFORD,
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PIANOS
$250 to $600.
Mendelssohn and Evans Bros.
Lead All Others.
ABSOLUTELY PERFECT
GUARANTEED 7 YEARS.
A. T. BUSTIN,
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Dyspepticure.
A superior preparation of purely vegetable composition and free from all narcotic agents. Is personally prepared by Mr. Short, a thorough pharmacist and a graduate of Mass. College of Pharmacy. Is an excellent preparation for the relief and cure of
Indigestion, Chronic Dyspepsia, Headache, Impaired Digestion, &c.
PRICE 35 AND $1.00 A BOTTLE. For sale by
WILLIAM B. McVEY, Chemist,
185 Union St., St. John N. B.

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MARK DOWN SALE.
$8000.00 WORTH
Of READY-MADE CLOTHING at less than cost.
For the next four weeks we will sell
Ready-Made Clothing
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CALL EARLY AND SECURE BARGAINS.
Immense Stock of
GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
Lowest Prices in the City.
Our Stock of goods for CUSTOM WORK is strictly first-class, and we guarantee a perfect fit.
City Market Clothing Hall,
51 Charlotte St.,
T. YOUNGCLAUS,
Proprietor.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
Clothing, Elephant Brand.
Oak Hall Clothing House,
Corner King and Germain Streets.
We take much pleasure in bringing before the public The Elephant Brand of Clothing, which is by far the most superior Clothing ever offered in the city. Simply this, the Elephant Brand Clothing cannot be equalled. They fit to perfection. The workmanship is beautiful in neatness and durable in make. The comfort in wearing the Elephant Brand Clothing recommends the style of cut. A word to the wise---Buy no other clothing; first see the Elephant Brand. We have the E. B. in Men's and Youth's Suits, and a large part of our Boys' and Children's Suits are E. B. The prices for the E. B. Clothing are within reach of all.

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We have now in stock our Spring Styles in all the latest novelties in
Soft and Hard Felt Hats,
Spring Style Silk Hats,
Ladies and Misses Travelling Caps,
Also a full assortment of
TRUNKS, VALISES &c.
GENTS' KID GLOVES,
Best value in the market. An inspection respectfully solicited. Lowest Prices.
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MACHINISTS
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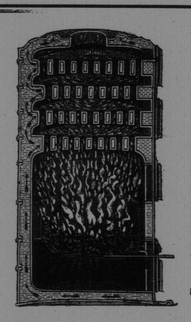

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