



A Surprise in Biscuits

Every box of Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas you open—you will find a new delight in these dainty biscuits.

When you want to surprise yourself, give your appetite a treat with

Mooney's
Perfection Cream Sodas



Secret of Good Bread

Is Good Flour

The inexperienced housewife can have the very best aid in making the finest Bread by using

PURITY FLOUR

Made in the most modern mills in the world from nothing but the choicest Western Canada Hard Wheat. It yields the largest amount of nutriment and is the most economical and healthful.

Sold Everywhere in The Great Dominion
Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Limited
Millers
Winnipeg, Oshawa and Brandon

WEAK HEART SYSTEM WAS RUN DOWN

When the heart is healthy and performing its functions naturally, it should beat regularly seventy-two times a minute without causing the owner the slightest inconvenience or distress.

When it begins to beat irregularly or intermittently, palpitate and throb, skip beats, beat fast for a time, then so slow as to seem almost to stop, it causes great anxiety and alarm.

The least excitement or exertion seems to affect it.

Many people are kept in a state of morbid fear of death, become weak, worn and miserable, and are unable to attend to either social or business duties, through unnatural action of their heart.

To all such sufferers

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

can give prompt and permanent relief. Mrs. F. Fletcher, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., writes: "I have been troubled for four or five years with weakness, and run down system. My feet were always cold and I felt almost dead. My heart was weak and I was so nervous I could hardly walk across the street. I started taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after using three boxes I felt much better. I continued their use until I had taken twelve boxes and I am now well."

Price 30 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25. All dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE BUDGET AND THE WEST INDIES

Cheaper Fruit Likely to Be One of the Results.

A FREE MARKET FOR ORANGES

Makers of Citric Acid Will Benefit by the Removal of the Duty on Limes.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Although the question of the development of trade within the empire was touched upon by several members of the House of Commons in the course of the debate on the introduction of the revised tariff, a change which may have far-reaching results escaped with scant attention. The matter to which it is desired to draw notice is the possibility of the immediate diversion of an important portion of the British West Indian fruit trade from the United States to Canada as the result of the placing of limes and oranges on the free list, and also the encouragement which the Dominion Government have thus afforded for the expansion of the fruit-growing industry in the colonies to the south. The total imports of oranges and limes during the period covered by the trade returns for the fiscal year that concluded on June 30 last were valued at \$1,635,249, of which the British West Indian contribution amounted to \$54,316, duty to the extent of \$18,597 being paid on the whole. By the placing of these items on the free list a loss of revenue to the extent of \$190,000 has been estimated by the Minister of Finance, but under the circumstances it may be reasonably concluded that there will be an increase in the volume of trade which will justify the action taken. Throughout the West Indian islands, notably Jamaica, Dominica, St. Vincent and St. Lucia, the development of the fruit industry to replace the crippled business of cane sugar production has been occupying attention for some years. In Jamaica the tendency has largely been in favor of bananas, the markets of New York, and to a lesser extent of Great Britain, readily absorbing the crop.

In Dominica and St. Vincent the attention of planters has been occupied by the introduction of limes and oranges, which although demanding a longer period to come to maturity, have the advantage that once being established they require little attention as compared with the banana. Dominica has by this means arisen from the slough of depression into which it was plunged by the great cane sugar failure to comparative prosperity, and this year its exports will for the first time since that disaster top \$500,000. Those exports at present in a very large proportion go to the United States. With the choice of two markets, however, to one of which he obtains free entry, given to the other, the natural inclination will now be toward Canada. Up to the present there has been no great demand for fresh limes in the United Kingdom. The advantage to the producer is obvious, and with thousands of acres of suitable land available in the West Indies and British Guiana there can be little doubt but that a great impetus will be given to lime and orange growing in those countries.

Not only will the action of the Government tend to assist to restore prosperity to these neighboring colonies, but it will be the means of placing quantities of health-giving fruits within the reach of the people of Canada. Another important aspect is with regard to the manufacture of citric acid, an article of commerce which has increased enormously in value of late years. As a matter of fact, owing to the large increase in the demand for citric acid and the shortage of the lime supply, that commodity has practically doubled in value in the course of a year. It is an article which is largely used in many processes of manufacture, particularly of mineral water in Canada, and, therefore, by the encouragement of lime-growing through the establishment of a free market the Government will also open a gate which will undoubtedly result in benefits to Canadian trade outside that in fresh fruit.

The British West Indies and British Guiana are also interested parties in the alterations in the sugar duties. The granting of preference to British-produced sugar opened, to them a market in which cane sugar could be placed to compete advantageously with European bounty-fed beet sugar, and their position was further strengthened by the requirement for the abolition of the bounties under the Brussels convention. Under these influences the sugar trade with the West Indies increased by leaps and bounds until in the last five years their value reached \$6,254,132, and the total import of Canadian sugar and syrups from British sources \$3,399,626, on which \$1,885,531.24 was paid in duty, while from other sources sugar and syrups to the value of \$1,888,445, paying \$560,916.22, were imported. It is a fact beyond dispute that the granting of an advantage to British-grown sugar served in the colony of British Guiana to save planters from a ruinous loss. The condition of cane sugar production in that country, owing to the heavy cost of the maintenance of sea defense and of labor imported from India, precludes competition with beet sugar on equal terms. The British West Indies and British Guiana, so far as their sugar industries are concerned, are therefore heavily indebted to Canada. It has been found, however, as the Finance Minister stated, that the refiners got more advantage than it was intended to give, and in consequence the duty has been advanced on raw sugar of British origin by 7-13 cents per hundred pounds. This advance is not likely to affect the West Indian planter, as it leaves a sufficient margin to enable him to compete advantageously in the Canadian market, with imported beet sugar. It will not affect the retail purchaser, because the retailer

will not be able to make such an infinitesimal advance in price, which a division of the increased duty will permit. The refiner will lose an advantage which he was never intended to get, and which, calculated on the basis of the new tariff and last year's imports, amounts to something like \$232,583 on importations from the West Indies, and between \$50,000 and \$60,000 on importations from other British sources. With respect to the criticism of the adoption of the polariscope test as a basis for assessing duty, that in the West Indies and British Guiana sugar is largely sold by cable on the strength of polariscope examinations, it would therefore seem, presuming these tests are accurately made, that this is the most fair method of calculating duty.

ISLAM'S MILLIONS SCATTERED FAR

Rigid Rules Enforced by Sultan of Turkey Act as Obstacles to Emigration.

Washington, Dec. 4.—"The Mohammedan World Today" is a very interesting book, containing papers read at the first missionary conference on behalf of the Moslems, held at Cairo, Egypt, last spring, and it is published by the Fleming H. Revell Company, of Chicago. It estimates the entire Moslem population of the world at 223,966,170, which is smaller than the popular belief, and divides them as follows:

India	62,458,077
Africa	58,864,587
China	30,000,000
The East Indies	29,000,000
The Ottoman Empire	13,000,000
Persia	12,000,000
Afghanistan	4,500,000
Arabia	3,500,000
Turkey in Europe	2,000,000
French Colonies	1,455,000
The Balkan States	1,300,000
Siam	1,000,000
The Philippines	900,000
Australia and America	68,000

As no census has ever been taken of any of the Mohammedan countries except India, this is all guesswork, but is quite as likely to be accurate as any of the estimates that have been made.

The estimate for Australia and America is certainly excessive, and it would be interesting to know where the Mohammedans are located. The census of London shows only about 300 in that great city, which lives the Moslem rules over more millions of Moslems than any other monarch—many times the number that are under the temporal authority of the Sultan of Turkey, who is the head of the faith. The Mohammedans in London are chiefly merchants, importers of wool, rugs and other eastern fabrics; peddlers of silks and fruit, exporters of cotton goods and students from India and Egypt. There are in England about 300 converts from Christianity to Islam, mostly well-to-do and prominent people, although some of them have been picked up from the slums by merchants and others for charitable and other reasons, and are only nominally members of the faith. One rich Englishman, the Killiam, is now erecting a mosque in London in imitation of a famous one at Delhi, a splendid structure of white and green tiles, with the usual dome and minarets. It will take several years to build. There is a mosque at Woking, a railway and manufacturing town near London, and another at Liverpool, where there are small colonies of Moslems. There is also a mosque in Paris; and those, I believe, are the only places of worship Islam possesses in the western world.

There is no mosque in the United States. In New York there are only a few Mohammedans, people connected with the Turkish consulate, merchants and peddlers.

The Turkish consul in Chicago has the names of only three members of the faith of Islam on his books. One of them is believed to be in Liverpool, present. He is the son of a former captain of one of the Sultan's boats. About a year ago he ran away from his home in Turkey and went to Chicago, intending to qualify himself to become a Christian missionary. His native land. He took the name of Mohammed A. Ziamso, found a home with a family on the west side, and sought the society of religious workers. He fell from grace, however, and on several occasions was found wandering about in the "bad lands" of Chicago. Later he went to Des Moines, where he renounced the Christian religion, and soon after left for New York, saying that he intended to go to Liverpool. The other two Mohammedans in Chicago reside on the west side, and very little is known of them. The Ottoman Empire is represented in that cosmopolitan city almost exclusively by Armenians, Macedonians, Syrians and other Christians.

LITERARY NOTES.

Rupert Hughes has a story in "The Red Book Magazine" for Christmas which should appeal directly to every woman who places social prominence above motherhood. The title is "Mrs. Trevelyan's Christmas Party." In the same number Richard Le Gallienne contributes a delicate piece of prose fiction, "Miranda's Love Letters."

Norman Duncan's "Adventures of Beryl" (Toronto, Wm. Briggs). Every boy, young or old, who has read Stevenson's "Treasure Island" or "Robinson Crusoe," will find the same charm in this northern tale, with an individuality all its own. It's a ripping story of adventure by sea, a treacherous sea, full of ice and swept by big gales. The adventures are real, and the tale moves like a full-rigged ship with all sails spread to a rousing breeze.

December's Delineator is clearly a Christmas number and will much assist holiday-makers with hints for gifts and entertainments, besides containing a rare budget of seasonable literature. Maud Ballington Booth gives a touching description of the work of the volunteers, and there is a great variety of stories for old and young. But the crown of the Christmas literature is Edwin Markham's splendid poem, entitled "The Great Guest Comes," illustrated in colors. The usual amount of space is devoted to up-to-date fashions in garments and to literary and practical papers for housekeepers.

"Cupid and the Candidate." By Mrs. Leaming Carr (Toronto: William Briggs). This is a Canadian tale of love and politics, in which Grit and Tory combine to make a masterpiece. The pictures the political corruption that was rampant in the section referred to, but introduces one man who will not dabble in dirt, and shows how honest men of every political complexion naturally follow an honest man. The heroine is an enthusiastic young lady whose love adventures form probably the chief attraction of the book.

Outing for December is the most beautiful magazine the Outing Company has ever put forth. Take the paintings reproduced in color, for example. Such a series as Mr. J. M. Gleason has done for Kipling's "Jungle

by hundreds. Rev. J. E. Gundy, D.D., of St. Thomas, conducted the service at the church, which was packed with sympathizing friends. The choir were in attendance and rendered special and appropriate music. Special solos were sung by Misses Bankerville and Miller. Revs. G. N. Hazen and John Morrison assisted in the service. Past D. D. G. M. J. P. Whitehead conducted the Masonic service at the grave. The business of the town was suspended from noon till after the funeral. Among those who attended the funeral from distant places were: C. E. German, wife and family, London; J. M. Thompson, Glenora; Dr. A. K. Reynolds and wife, London; W. A. Ogden, London; J. H. Hanley, Marlett, Mich.; W. N. Hanley, Marlett, Mich.; H. H. Ogden, Sarnia.

CAVE DWELLERS OF NEW YORK CITY

How Two Men of the Under Strata Have Lived and Enjoyed Life.

New York, Dec. 5.—Out in the wilderness through which Newtown Creek winds its odoriferous way, Policemen Langens of the Greenpoint precinct, stumbled across a cozy underground den inhabited by homeless young men, who know not the meaning of work, and live mainly upon leeches made upon the residents of Greenpoint. As a result of the discovery, Edward Hollinger, 18 years old, and a negro named Clarence Lawrence, 19 years old, both of whom said they had no home other than the underground cave, were arrested before Magistrate Hyman in the Manhattan Police Court.

Langens was patrolling his beat along Paidee avenue, far from civilization, when his attention was attracted by a thin wreath of smoke, curling up from the ground. The policeman saw no signs of a bonfire, or of anybody about, and went along what is supposed to be Clay street to investigate the phenomenon. The smoke issued from a hole in the ground, and Langens, with visions of undiscovered subterranean passages, jumped down into the hole. He found himself in the middle of a cave measuring probably twelve feet each way. From a cook stove that stood near the aperture through which he had entered, came the smoke that had attracted his attention. A fire had just been kindled in it. In the corner stood a table and two chairs, and on a big bed two young men were reclining comfortably, puffing contentedly at corn-cob pipes. One was pale-faced, and the other had a complexion darker than midnight.

Roused from their snooze, both of the occupants of the cave made a dash at Langens, who, emulating the example of the cop in the cartoon, grabbed them by their necks and banged their heads together. Then with a few coaxing words, with a night-sick he induced them to climb into the open and slew themselves to be marched to the station house.

Subsequent investigation revealed that the place had evidently been the hideout of some of the worst of the larders were stocked with a plentiful supply of provisions, and there was a certain air of settled comfort about the den. The boards that covered the sides of the cave were adorned with so-called pictures, and among the household effects were even found dishes, knives, forks and spoons.

How long they had lived there, the two prisoners refused to tell, and a little of nothing in the way of information could be wrung out of them. The police have taken possession of the underground abode, and when the other boarders arrive they will be the guests of the police for a while.

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SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY.
Colder, with winds.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE

The Weather Calls For Golf Jerseys

If you have been feeling uncomfortably chilly during the last few wintery days join the corps of sensible women who are coming for our Golf Jerseys and you'll soon get rid of the chilly feeling.

Have a big range in fine, soft wools, neatly and skillfully knitted. Creams, navys, cardinals and blacks. Several different styles to choose from. Some very nobby indeed.

\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.50

Or if you prefer, we have a fine lot of

Knitted Wool Vests, Smartly

trimmed with bright brass buttons. Choice of black, navy, cardinal and cream.

Waist Section—Second Floor.

A Specially Designed Handkerchief For Christmas

This Handkerchief makes a very appropriate gift.

Nice, fine quality—neatly hemstitched. In each corner there is a holly design embroidered in colors.

Each 30c
Handkerchiefs—Main Floor.

Toytown a Bigger Attraction Than Ever

This season Toytown bids fair to more than duplicate its last year's phenomenal success. Throngs of happy children visit it daily. And so bright and jolly and cheerful is it that "grown-ups" don't seem to be able to stay away either. Toytown attracts all, both young and old.

And this year Toytown is bigger, grander, better—a greater attraction than ever. It's at its best now. Come this week and get suggestions for Santa Claus. Come while things are most complete.

One of the most useful and sensible toys—if it can rightly be called a toy—is

A Magic Lantern

Under the direction of the youthful owner it will amuse and entertain the whole family for an evening. Made so that they are almost indestructible and easy to operate.

You might really be surprised to find such an excellent Lantern for fifty cents. It's ten or eleven inches high, and has half a dozen slides. Neatly boxed.....**50c**

All the Lanterns above fifty cents are put up in strong, substantial wood boxes with holder for slides inside of box.

A very compact Lantern, with 1 dozen slides, for.....**\$1**
Better Lanterns—each has one dozen slides included—
at.....**\$1.50, \$2.50, \$3 and \$4**

A Wide Range of Rich Velvets

We have a wide range of Rich Velvets which will make the elegant kind of dresses desired by many fashionable ladies. Just a hint or two.

An excellent range of VELVETEENS. All leading shades. 23 inches wide.....**60c**

Handsome CORDUROY Velvets for dresses. 23 inches wide. Cardinal, navy, black and cream.....**85c**

Dressy SILK VELVETS. Large range of shades. 18 inches wide.....**\$1.25**

FANCY VELVETS FOR WAISTS. Two pretty patterns in gray and a neat black velvet with white dot. 23 inches wide. Clearing at.....**39c**
Velvets—Main Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

"Tales" is a unique contribution to magazine art and there are many other paintings in color, besides striking illustrations in black, and many handsome photographs of the sand dunes of Cape Cod. There are four unusually strong papers, "The Army and Navy Game," being one of the best football articles we have seen. These are only a fraction of the December Outing's choice contents.

The December number of The Travel Magazine is full of the Christmas spirit and gives us glimpses into all parts of the world at this holiday time of the year. "Christmas Round the World" by Alexander Hume Ford tells us how the day is kept "in every Christian kind of place," and many pagan lands as well. "Polka's Country Christmas Party," Jean Templer, "Jerusalem and Its Environs," profusely illustrated with reproductions of original photographs and drawings. Another feature is the first of six articles on "Worry—the Disease of the Age," by the famous English writer, Dr. C. W. Saleeby. There are many other attractive things, particularly "Old Christmas Customs in England" (illustrated), reproductions of R. Caton Woodville's famous illustrations, "The Dawn of Mabuba Day," and "Malwand Saving the Guns," "Canadian Country Clubs," "Plays of the Season," with portraits of leading players, and short stories.

One of the most interesting periodicals of the day is the Technical World Magazine, in which the latest marvels of mechanical skill and ingenuity are clearly explained and beautifully illustrated.

WARNING AGAINST FRAUD AND CHEAP IMITATIONS THAT ENDANGER LIFE.

When you ask your druggist for a vial of Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) to fill the formula for coughs and colds that has been published in this paper, examine it closely. If it has red label, refuse it. Do the same thing if the label is green, or blue, or white or yellow; the genuine Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) is put up only in round wooden cases, with a dark engraved wrapper, and never with colored labels.

Remember, there are human cultures that hover like birds of prey around every honest manufacturer who has an article of merit that is in demand. Unscrupulous characters, without sufficient brains to originate, steal the ideas of those who have, and attempt to swindle the public with cheap imitations and worthless mixtures that are usually dangerous to human life.

By dividing the profits of their swindle with dishonest dealers, their imitations are often sold to the public as the genuine article. Fakirs of this class care nothing for the health, or even the lives, of yourself or loved ones; all they want is your money.

Shun these worthless, dangerous imitations as you would a pestilence and demand the genuine article. If a dealer offers you a substitute, or imitation of Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), refuse it and transfer your patronage to some honest druggist, where you can secure the genuine article, and send to the address below the name and address of the dealer who offered you the imitation.

The genuine and original Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) is a product of the laboratories of the Leach Chemical Company, a well-known and responsible concern, located at Cincinnati, Ohio.

More than twenty years have been spent in perfecting this preparation, and its purity and effectiveness have been thoroughly established. That is why it is imitated.

The genuine Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) is never sold in bulk. It is put up in one-half ounce vials, each vial inclosed in a round wooden case, with dark engraved wrapper, with name "Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure)," prepared only by Leach Chemical Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, plainly printed thereon. It is never inclosed in red, white, green, yellow or blue wrappers. These are imitations. Do not be deceived or swindled, even if the imitation is in a round wooden case and half-ounce vial, with label worded similarly to the genuine. Remember, the sole object of all imitators is to deceive. See that "Leach Chemical Company, Cincinnati, Ohio," is on every vial of Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure); otherwise you are not getting the genuine.

No household can afford to be without

Cowan's

Cocoa
Chocolate
Cake Icings
etc. Also their pure
Milk Chocolate
Croquettes
Wafers
Medallions, Etc.

THE COWAN CO., Limited
TORONTO. 79h-w

English Hand-Made HORSE HALTERS \$1.50 to \$3.50 each

Beauties. Try one.

Horse Blankets,
Warm Robes and
Lined Mitts.

Westman's Hardware

121 Dundas Street.
Market Square.



GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED LYE

Ready for Use in Any Quantity. For making SOAP, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting drains, closets and drains for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds of Soda.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.