INVESTMENTS.
Six per cent. per annum guaranteed by the British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Company, London, Eng. The stability of this guarantee is evidenced by the fact that the British Empire Company stands on a basis of 1½ per cent. better than the Canadian Government requires. H. H. WILLIAMS, 24 King east.

The Toronto World.

RADNOR
The Radnor Water Company request the pleasure of your own and friends' patronage At Home or at the "club," or wherever you may be. Quotations given to summer resorts and hotels. Philip Todd, Agent for Toronto and Hamilton.

NINETEENTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING AUGUST 18 1898—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

PORTER ARGUES FOR PONTON.

Senate Reg Room Library SENATE PO

Claims That His Client Should Not be Committed on the Evidence of Such Men as Pare—Lawyer Wilson's Defence of Mackie—The End Expected To-day.

Napanee, Aug. 17.—(Special.)—Still the bank robbery trial wags on, but the end is expected to-morrow. To-day the defence claim they have been most successful. In his argument, Mr. Porter contended in an able manner the following: 1—That no evidence had been put in connecting Ponton with the crime, and that the law will not allow a man to be committed on the testimony of an accomplice. The evidence of Pare, he said, contained 37 flagrant contradictions, both by his own testimony and that of others, that is: When he tells two different stories as to how he secured the combination on Aug. 5. Again, Pare swears that he used the combination of 40, 60, 80 and 40 and 42. Further, that the only set of figures that would open the combination were 53, 73, 93, and 53 to 55. The true combination is proven to be 39, 66, 80, 43. Pare swears that the combination he used would not open the safe. How did he get it open? Mr. Porter argues that he has not told the method, and wants to implicate Ponton. Also, the evidence offered as corroborative of Pare's story, viz., as to the $10,000 in bonds, Mr. Porter showed had utterly failed, as the correct amount was $13,000.

Bob Mackie's case has been much strengthened by the testimony of to-day. Mr. W. G. Wilson is confident of acquittal after he makes his argument for Mackie to-mor row.

THE END IS NOT YET.

Larger Crowds Than Ever in the Court at Napanee—Mr. Porter's Strong Argument.

Napanee, Aug. 17.—(Special.)—The rumor that to-day would likely conclude the preliminary investigation in connection with the bank robbery drew larger crowds than ever to the court house this afternoon. So great was the jam that the man of "order" deemed it his duty to lock the doors long before Magistrate Daly took the chair. The magistrate has throughout performed his duty with dignity, grace and justice. At 2 o'clock the court resumed business.

Experienced Locksmith Testifies.

Mr. W. T. Waller, an experienced locksmith, was called by the defence. He said a key could not be made from the impression on the paper found in Ponton's room. "It is an utter impossibility to make a key from that in any way, even by using wax or gum. The Yale lock key is a very difficult key to duplicate."

To Mr. Osler, Waller said that he never heard of famous discoveries where keys were made from impressions. Mr. Waller said that to the best of his belief it would be utterly impossible to make a key from the impression on the paper.

Re-examined by Mr. Porter, witness said he would swear absolutely that such a key could not be made by an eight-inch file, and that the roundness could not be secured by a square-edged file.

Mr. Smith Says the Same.

William Smith, a well-known mechanical genius, a jeweler of Napanee, in his evidence said that as one familiar with Yale locks, a key could not be made from the impression on the paper. Such impressions could not be transferred in any way. A key had not been made from the impression produced. There were just about even chances that if impressions were taken in a vise a misfit would take place. Witness said it would not be possible for an unskilled mechanic to make a key from any such impression. Cross-examined by Mr. Osler, he allowed that the only possible way would be to cut the impression out. The brass key looked like one made by an amateur. The witness admitted that the key did seem to follow the pattern of the impression. The key had evidently been cut out by a file, as it was a coarse job.

To Mr. Porter he said that a key like the one on exhibit would not open the lock intended. A clumsy workman would certainly not be able to make the key from such an impression.

James Mackie Examined.

James Mackie, father of the prisoner, was examined by Mr. Wilson. He thought he had seen Holden before. His reason for so thinking was that the man had asked him for a letter. The man wanted a letter forwarded to Toronto. Such was not done. He did not recognize Pare. The witness lived at the Dominion Hotel all through the summer of '97 and the preceding winter. During this time he knew of no men who were secreted in the hotel. He remembered that Robert was at home last summer, when he was seen frequently by the witness. They played billiards often. The game was usually started about 2 o'clock and the father was usually beaten. It was not possible for John to have been away day after day without his father knowing. "Bob Mackie is a speculator. He has looked after himself the 12 years that he has been married," said the witness.

To Mr. Porter he said he had never seen William Ponton in the Dominion Hotel. Mr. Mackie's apartments were in the hotel on the Bridge-street side. He was in the habit of frequenting all parts of the house. In April of '98 witness thought he had been in New York. He did not think he was at the hotel, and he did not recollect Oddfellows' Day.

To Mr. Osler, Mr. Mackie stated that he was in New York in April of '98. He could give no dates as to when the billiards were played. His son might be put down as a sport. He kept the cash book while the witness had the hotel.

Saw Pare for the First Time.

Nowlton Sanford saw Pare in Portland. He also knew Holden. Saw Pare west of Belleville the first part of July last year for the first time. He thought he saw Holden with Pare and another man who had a black mustache. Witness was then on a flat car coming from Belleville. He had jumped the freight. He then noticed the men sitting in the grove. Through curiosity he went to the men, whose names he did not learn. They had just finished lunch. He did not get any, for it was declared off. They played a game of 45 for marbles. Next day he went back to get even. This he succeeded in doing well. He came down on the 4 o'clock train to Napanee. On the second day he went home. He came the next day also and played till 6.30. He was down several times again for three weeks. He liked their ways. They were "knights of the road." He saw them over in the grove the last time. That night the four came to Belleville road crossing. Witness went back home that night, and next saw Pare in court. In the times he had seen them they always remained in the grove. He always traveled by "jumping freight." During his companionship he had never seen Robert Mackie with them.

"The Parson" and "Bud."

Holden had changed greatly. They used to call him the "Parson." Pare was called "Bud." He thought both men were French, as they spoke it. The third party had a mustache, and Roach's photograph resembled his features.

To Mr. Osler: Witness was employed as waiter at the "Hub." Before that he was with a medicine show. He had no regular employment before that.

"How do you live?" said Mr. Osler.

"From odd jobs, for which I get a dollar or two." He sold soap at the 12th of July celebration. Witness could not remember. This was all the occupation he remembered. He had known Mackie for 15 years. Witness had lived for some years in Belleville with his wife. He could not remember the number of times he had stolen a ride on freight trains. He never told the story to any person that he remembered. Witness could not remember that his brother had been convicted. He never was in "the sap" house, but was at the "well" once in August.

Mr. Osler Objects to Some Evidence

Here Mr. Osler called High Constable Sills for the purpose of contradicting some of the evidence given by the defence.

Mr. Porter objected that such should not be admitted.

The Magistrate ruled for Mr. Osler's contention.

Constable Sills and Mr. Dougherty asked Mr. McKee if Pare had secured the wire, and the former said that Pare was the man. McKee did not say a word about Detective Wilkes. McKee had selected Pare's portrait from 15, and said that was the man who had called for the wire.

Cross-examined by Mr. Porter, Sills would not say that McKee had wilfully perjured himself. He could not say that McKee would make a wilful misstatement.

To Mr. Wilson the constable said that he had stated that Detective Wilkes had spoken of making an impression by gum.

"That is all the evidence," said Mr. Osler.

Mr. Porter Raises Objections.

At 2.30 o'clock Mr. Porter arose and asked the question what the Crown would do with the counsel's objection to a joint charge being made. Under the circumstances Ponton, if discharged on the joint charge, would be liable for the individual charge. Mr. Porter thought a person should not be liable for two charges for the same offence.

Mr. Osler replied that the Crown would not make use of the two charges, but Mr. Porter contended that no law could justify the position, and that no precedent could be quoted, that no authority exists for the course that is being pursued. The circumstance was most unfair to his client, Ponton.

The Magistrate said that the question ought to be disposed of.

Mr. Osler again asserted that the Crown would not act unfairly after this case is concluded.

"What is the objection to dispose of it now?" asked Mr. Porter.

To this Mr. Osler replied that he refused to argue it.

Mr. Porter asked His Worship to dismiss the present case. This was refused.

Mr. Porter's Argument.

At 3.20 o'clock Mr. Porter commenced his argument on behalf of W. H. Ponton, whose position, he said, entitled him to discharge. There was no evidence to commit him. This investigation was one of the most vital importance to his client. It is a matter of life and death to him. Therefore it is in the interest of justice that every care should be taken in weighing and sifting the evidence.

Before considering the evidence Mr. Porter considered it admissible to deal with

Continued on Page 5.

FATALITY AT LONDON.

John Williams Will Probably Die—Jas. Lynch Was Drowned and His Sister Narrowly Escaped.

London, Ont., Aug. 17.—John Williams, a Grand Trunk car oiler, while making an air-brake coupling in the Grand Trunk station yards here this evening, received probably fatal injuries through his head being squeezed between the car buffers. He was removed to the City Hospital where he now lies in a critical condition. Williams is about 45 years old and single.

James Lynch, the 5-year-old son of Joseph Lynch, who lives on Wellington-street just below Clark's bridge, while fishing in the Thames about 1 o'clock to-day, lost his balance and fell in. His 7-year-old sister, Mary, who at once went to his rescue, also fell in, and two drownings instead of one would have resulted had not Mrs. Lynch summoned a neighbor, named Robinson, who pulled both children out. The boy was past human aid, but the sister recovered.

BRANTFORD'S BIG DAY.

Many Fire Fighters Were Present and Battled for Prizes—Some of the Results.

Brantford, Aug. 17.—The Mayor's gala day and firemen's international tournament here to-day was very successful, large crowds attending. About 1000 firemen, with 18 bands and an immense crowd of visitors, arrived to-day. The firemen from several towns in New York and Michigan were represented.

In the competitions the following were among the results:

Hose reel race—Caledonia 1, time 1.31; Ingersoll 2, time 1.34; Merrit Hose Co. of Merritton 3, time 1.35.

Hook and ladder race—Niagara Falls, Ont., and Grimsby dispute for first.

Band competition—Dundas 1, Niagara Falls, N.Y., 2, Stratford 3.

Fancy drill—Merritton 1, St. Catharines 2, Dunnville 3.

Handsome fire apparatus, Thorold.

IT IS NONSENSICAL.

Britain Has for Years Exercised a Protectorate Over South Arabia.

London, Aug. 17.—High officials at the Foreign Office declare that the story based upon a despatch from Aden, Arabia, to The St. Petersburg Viedomosti, to the effect that Great Britain has recently assumed a protectorate over the whole of South Arabia is nonsensical, as Great Britain has for many years exercised a protectorate over the tribes around Aden, and there has been no change in the situation for the last two decades.

LADY MAYORESS BETTER.

And the Lord Mayor May Sail for America August 24.

London, Aug. 17.—(N.Y. World Special.)—The World correspondent was informed at the Mansion House this evening that the wife of the Lord Mayor, who is ill, is rather better and if the improvement be maintained the Lord Mayor will sail for New York by the Britannic, Aug. 24. Miss Davies may not accompany him.

Dr. Johnston in West Lambton.

Sarnia, Aug. 17.—The West Lambton Reform Association held a convention here to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the vacancy caused by the elevation of the late member, J. F. Lister, to the Court of Appeals. Many names were before the convention, but all withdrew, excepting Dr. Harvey of Wyoming and Dr. T. G. Johnston of Sarnia, the latter being the choice of the convention.

Brakeman Gets His Hand Crushed.

Willis Dees, a brakeman on the G.T.R., and residing at London, had his hand seriously crushed while coupling cars at the Don Station last night at 8.30 o'clock. He was taken to the General Hospital, where the index finger was amputated. The skin on the back of his hand was torn completely off, and the rest of his fingers badly bruised.

The Pope Resumes Duties.

Rome, Aug. 17.—The Vatican asserts, despite the report to the contrary, that the recent illness of the Pope was a merely transitory indisposition, from which he has entirely recovered. His Holiness has resumed his customary duties and is daily receiving deputations.

Cook's Turkish Baths. 204 King West. Ladies 75c; gents, day 75c, evening 50c.

The Fall Fair at Dineens'.

Preparations for what shall be an historically great fall hat and fur exposition during fair time are being made at Dineens' new store—the famous hat corner—140 Yonge-street, corner Temperance. The display will be the largest ever made in new hats and fine furs in Toronto, and first shipments of the matchless assortments of new show goods are due in about a week, after which new invoices will arrive at Dineens' daily, up to the opening day. In the meantime the fine straw hats and soft white felt hats remaining of the stylish summer stock at Dineens' are being cleared out at a final reduction in prices. This movement begins to-day.

Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths, 127 and 129 Yonge. Bath and bed $1.00.

A Young Man's Chance.

Any smart young man, who is willing to study the cigar business, to give his whole attention to the gaining of thorough knowledge for a few years, should call on G. W. Muller, the King-street cigar importer. Mr. Muller is considered an authority on cigars, and under his tuition any young man would gain a valuable experience. He says that applicants must have good recommendations.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Bubonic Plague Again.

Bombay, Aug. 17.—The bubonic plague is again in evidence. There were 103 deaths officially reported last week.

LUXURIOUS FIXTURES

Found in the Homes of Members of the Johnson Family.

Detectives Found Another Secret Receptacle, Which Was Loaded With Bogus Money—A Sister of the Johnsons Arrested—Velvet Carpets and Valuable Paintings in the House.

Detroit, Aug. 17.—Mrs. Georgina Baylis, sister of the three Johnsons, under arrest for counterfeiting, was arrested at noon to-day by Detective Kane and Special Officer Downey. Her arrest was caused by the finding of more bogus money and counterfeiting materials concealed in the house at 106 McGraw-avenue, which was occupied by Charles and Edmund Johnson, their mother and Mrs. Baylis. The latter was housekeeper, and must have known of the work. The charge against her will be the same as that against Mrs. David Johnson.

Found Lots of Bogus Money.

The detectives began a thorough search of the McGraw-avenue house this morning. In a closet off a bedroom they found the same kind of a baseboard trap as was found in David Johnson's house last Saturday. Deputy Large reached inside and grasped a package of bills. He pulled out another and another until he had packages representing more than $5000 piled beside him. A large quantity of silver coins were also found in the hidden compartment. They were not counted. The officers believe them to be spurious, although not able to tell at present. A package of the paper from which the bills are made was fished out by Deputy Large. A number of tools, including a die to stamp numbers on bills, were found. The die was set, and was in readiness to stamp a number on the next counterfeit bill made.

The house on McGraw-avenue is a rather handsome one, of frame, two storeys in height. The parlor is fitted with costly furniture, not the least of which is a fine upright piano. The floor of the parlor and morning room adjoining are covered with the richest velvet carpets. The walls are adorned with valuable paintings, and lace portieres are hung about in elegant confusion. Everything about the house denotes taste and luxury.

COL. JOHN HAY.
Who is leaving the U.S. Embassy in London to become Secretary of State at Washington.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Open all night. Bath and bed $1.

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY.

Interesting Items Gathered During the Past Twenty-Four Hours.

Cigaret Smoking—The best is Alive Bollard's special. Try it once and you will buy no other.

The Toronto Musical Protective Association hold a moonlight to-night on the Chippewa.

A former Torontonian, Captain John Mowat, died in Buffalo yesterday at the age of 79 years.

Rev. James A. Macdonald, editor of The Westminster, will again be at his post on Monday.

W. W. Buchanan, writing to Secretary Spence from the Maritime Provinces, says that in 36 days he has held 75 temperance meetings.

Mrs. Harry Snow of Queen-street west, who was seriously injured in a Street Railway accident, is still under her doctor's care.

The Catholic Order of Foresters' annual convention will open at Brantford on the 23rd inst. and last three days. Ninety delegates will be present.

On Tuesday night the home of Mrs. McCord, 543 Jarvis-street, was broken into by thieves and the house thoroughly ransacked. It is not known what was taken as the family are away on a vacation. The police were notified by neighbors yesterday, who noticed a rear window open.

High-Class Pictures.

We carry a large assortment, and frame to your order in the most approved modern style. Prices low. A. H. Young, 408 Yonge-street. 246

Doctors and Clergymen.

The Improved Paste Reservoir and Spreader is what you want. No brush, no more soiled or sticky fingers. 15 cents, or $1.50 doz. Blight Bros., 81 Yonge-street. 246

Business will be good this fall.

An advertisement in a daily bears fruit quickly—without any delay.

Everybody who has money to buy things reads a daily paper.

You can get a wide and quick circulation in a daily paper for less than in any other medium.

The Toronto World is this kind of a daily paper, and advertisers find that it pays to use its columns.

STABBED IN THE BACK.

Charles Rutledge Stabbed by James Dillon Last Night — A Woman the Cause.

Ontario-place was the scene of a fracas last night about 8 o'clock, when two men came to blows over a woman. Charles Rutledge who lives at 15 Sydenham-street, and is employed as a teamster by P. Barclay & Co., caught his wife with another man, who gave his name as James Dillon and address as 117 Richmond-street east. Rutledge demanded an explanation and Dillon replied with a blow. In the melee, Rutledge was stabbed by a pocket knife twice, in the back and the left shoulder. The police were called and P. C. Fyfe arrested Dillon and the woman, and took them to the police station in the patrol. Dillon is charged with feloniously wounding, and Mrs. Rutledge is held as a material witness. Rutledge was removed to St. Michael's Hospital and after Dr. Campbell had dressed his injuries, which are not serious, he was able to leave.

J. J. CORBETT MAKES DENIAL

Of the Report That His Father Lost Money on the Big Fight.

New York, Aug. 17.—Editor New York Journal: I wish to emphatically deny the statement circulated to the effect that my father lost a large amount of money on my contest with Fitzsimmons at Carson. My father never lost a dollar on any fight for the reason that he never wagered a dollar. He was bitterly opposed to my fighting, and did all in his power to dissuade me. He had a good livery business, and always maintained himself and family in good circumstances.

My father always refused to take any of my winnings, and the only thing he ever accepted from me were a few trifling gifts of various kinds. The story that his financial losses on the Carson battle affected his mind is a cruel canard, and I want my friends to know the truth.

James J. Corbett.

FREEMAN HALSTEAD FREE.

The Canadian Newspaper Man Released From San Juan Prison.

San Juan, Aug. 17.—Correspondent Freeman Halstead was released from prison yesterday. He is allowed full liberty. Captain-General Macias was chiefly instrumental in obtaining his freedom, and Mr. Cerden, the British Consul here, was unceasing in his efforts in his behalf.

Freeman Halstead was arrested in San Juan on March 25 last, charged with having taken photographs of the fortifications there. He was sentenced to nine years' imprisonment. When the American fleet bombarded San Juan on May 12 the Spanish authorities became so angry that Mr. Halstead and other political prisoners were sentenced to be shot. Halstead is a British subject, and through the efforts of the British Consul at San Juan the plan of taking the correspondent's life was abandoned, and he was accorded special privileges in the presidio where he was confined.

Corbett Leaves New York.

New York, Aug. 17.—Corbett left the city at 1 p.m. to-day, and will reach San Francisco on Monday night. The funeral of his father and mother will not take place until he arrives there. Before starting Corbett said: "My father was not embarrassed financially, and never in his life did he bet on one of my fights. He would not come to see me fight until the Carson City affair, and I know that he did not bet a cent on me at that time."

All our talk about cleaning men's clothes does not end in talk. Talk with your acquaintances and they will tell you that we have a knack for cleaning clothes. With unsurpassed facilities and large plant you can readily see the force of this little story. R. Parker & Co., Dyers and Cleaners. Head office and works, 787-791 Yonge St., Toronto. Phones—3037, 3040, 2143, 1004, 5098.

Knock-Out at Toledo.

Toledo, O., Aug. 17.—Before the Olympic Club Buck Steiser of Columbus knocked out Charlie Cross of Detroit in six rounds. George Siler of Chicago was referee. The fight between Oscar Gardner and Danny McMahon was declared off, McMahon being too sick to appear. To-morrow Gardner will box Eddie Burns eight rounds to a decision.

Great Fire in Austria.

London, Aug. 17.—Advices from Skalat, in Galicia, Austria, report that 300 houses have been destroyed and 1800 persons made homeless by a fire there. A disastrous fire is also reported to have occurred at Concarneau, in Britanny, near Quimper.

Will Muster Out 100,000 Volunteers.

Washington, Aug. 17.—At midnight tonight the President announced his decision to muster out of service from 75,000 to 100,000 of the volunteers. Those to be discharged will include three branches of the service, infantry, artillery and cavalry.

For Governor of Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 17.—At the Republican State Convention to-day James A. Fowler of Clifton, East Tenn., was nominated for Governor by acclamation.

Model Yacht Race.

Messrs. C. J. Townsend Co. have several fast sailing models for sale—one of which will be sure to win in the coming race.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-street

Why suffer from Toothache when Gibbons' Toothache Gum will afford instant relief? Sold by all druggists; price 10c. 246

Armeda Ceylon Tea has the Flavor.

Lakeview Hotel, Parliament and Winchester-streets. Terms, $1 and $1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'Hote 6 to 8 o'clock. J. H. Ayre, Proprietor 246

EARL DE LA WARR ACQUITTED.

Justice Wright Decides That the Nobleman is Not Guilty of Contempt in the Hooley Matter—Some Rough Comments on the Actions of the Flotationist.

London, Aug. 17.—In the Queen's Bench division of the High Court of Justice today Justice Wright acquitted Earl de la Warr and Mr. Broadley of the charges of contempt of court in the alleged attempt to induce Ernest Terah Hooley, the bankrupt company promoter, to falsify his evidence in the Bankruptcy Court. The learned judge said, however, that both were blamable, and he mulcted them in costs. Justice Wright said that while he must absolve Earl de la Warr of the charge of bribery, he must hold that the Earl had wrongly tried to induce Mr. Hooley to correct sworn statements made by him in the bankruptcy proceedings, and had wrongly promised to help Mrs. Hooley.

Mr. Hooley, the judge said, ought not to be regarded as a mere liar scattering statements and accusations without foundation, as had been suggested by the respondents, but as, on the witness stand, he was rash, reckless and inaccurate, appearing sometimes to be suffering from illusions in a hopeless attempt to disentangle the true from the false, his evidence was unsafe to act upon, especially in cases of such importance.

Justice Wright said he thought Mr. Hooley was wrong in testifying that the document containing the corrected statement was written by Mr. Broadley in the presence of Earl de la Warr. Mr. Bradshaw's evidence as to Earl de la Warr's proposal to help Mrs. Hooley was remarkable, although Mr. Bradshaw had no cause to testify falsely. It must be remembered, the judge continued, that the Tarl had an overwhelming motive for obtaining Mr. Hooley's retraction. He could not believe that it was out of mere charity that Earl de la Warr had promised Mrs. Hooley £1000; on the contrary, he was forced to the conclusion that the promise was connected with the Earl's strong and natural desire to clear himself from Hooley's accusations. Nevertheless, he acquitted Earl de la Warr of the imputation of inducing Mr. Hooley to testify falsely.

Not Absolved of Bribery.

With regard to the alleged bribery, he could not wholly absolve Earl de la Warr. With regard to the money the Earl received, possibly, the latter believed it was received for services rendered or as a gift from Mr. Hooley. The judge said he supposed that was generally the way names were paid for, but as these proceedings were only intended to vindicate justice it would be a sufficient punishment for Earl de la Warr's indiscretion if the court ordered him to pay the costs. With reference to Mr. Broadley's case, Justice Wright considered him, he said, much more guilty in asking Mr. Hooley falsely to say that he made a retraction without communicating with Earl de la Warr. Broadley was guilty of subornation of perjury, and while he (the judge) was in doubt whether he ought not to deal differently with Mr. Broadley, he had concluded to make the same order in Broadley's case as in that of Earl de la Warr.

ENFORCE LAW AND ORDER

And Treat All Law-Abiding Citizens Alike, Are the Instructions to Dewey and Merritt.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The two American commanders at Manila, Admiral Dewey and Major-General Merritt, united in a joint despatch which was received here late this afternoon, asking for instructions as to the manner of dealing with the various elements, particularly the insurgents, now that the city is occupied by the American forces. After a conference at the White House, in which Secretary Alger and Acting-Secretary Allen participated, instructions were sent the two American commanders. The text of the request for instructions and of the arrangement was not made public, but Secretary Alger summed up the instructions substantially as follows: The instructions are to enforce law and order and to treat all law-abiding citizens alike.

ADVICE FROM RUSSIA.

If Autonomy Is Given to the Philippines It Should Be Effected Gradually.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 17.—The Journal de St. Petersburg semi-official says: "The prestige of the white population in the Philippines has been almost entirely destroyed by the war. If an attempt is made to give the islands autonomy it should be effected gradually, under strictly benevolent European tutelege. Any other regime would would bring back barbarism."

The paper comments upon the difficulties facing the United States in dealing with the insurgents in the Philippines as far greater than they had in dealing with the yellow race in America. A large army, it says, will be needed, and the liberal philanthropic colonizing ideas of the Americans must give way to graver considerations.

PEOPLE ROASTED ALIVE.

Disastrous Railroad Wreck in the Rand, South Africa.

Cape Town, Aug. 17.—The mail train from Johannesburg to this place was wrecked today in a collision. After the collision the cars of the mail train caught fire, and 12 natives were roasted alive. Altogether 25 natives and five Europeans were killed, among the latter Mr. Devilliers, one of the Rand candidates for Vryburg; Rev. Mr. Dutoit, wife and child, and Davey Cope, a prominent Rand football player. Many other persons were injured.

Melodramatic Elements.

London, Aug. 18.—The Manila correspondent of The Timesb says under date of Aug. 13, 5 p.m.: The capture of the town to-day was not without certain melodramatic elements. Notwithstanding the facts that the Spanish made a serious resistance against the advance of the right wing of the American force, it could not have been difficult to foresee that a surrender would follow a display by the land forces to satisfy Spanish honor; nor has it been a well kept secret that the Captain-General practically suggested the manner in which the American troops should advance to prevent loss of life on both sides. At first it was not intended to attack the trenches, but quietly to advance after the bombardment had ceased."

Russian General Dead.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 17.—Gen. Tchernaieff, the conqueror of Tashkend, died suddenly to-day.

Monuments.

Call and inspect our stock and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 524 Yonge-street. Phone 4249.

DEATHS.

GALE—On Wednesday, Aug. 11, at 502 Huron-street, Matilda Sophia, dearly beloved wife of J. W. Gale, in her 58th year.

Funeral private, Friday, 3 p.m., to St. James' Cemetery.

Hereford and Bradford (English) papers please note.

OVER HALF A MILLION GOLD

Brought Down to Vancouver by the Steamer Danube.

Passengers Had Also $320,000 in Drafts—About Twelve Millions Was the Output Last Season — Complaints About Canadian Officers—The Late Rich Strike.

Vancouver, Aug. 17.—The C.P.R. Co.'s steamer Danube arrived from St. Michael's this afternoon with 100 passengers and $550,000 in gold, besides which the passengers had in drafts $320,000. Her passengers say that a careful estimate of the yield of all the creeks shows the total output of gold for last season's work to have been about twelve millions. They confirm the report of serious misdoings of some of the Canadian Government officers, and state that proof can be obtained without difficulty.

The steamer Tees, same company, arrived this afternoon from Skaguay, and also brought many passengers from the Klondike, the northern British Columbia boundary. They tell of a dispute between Major Strickland, representative of the Dominion, and Captain Rant, the B. C. Gold Commissioner, as to whether the gold fields are in the Northwest Territory of in British Columbia.

Two of the last to reach the coast, L. McKinnon of Juneau and C. A. Pauley of Skaguay, are both directly connected with the discovery of the new diggings. McKinnon knew of the creek two years ago, when it was discovered by his partner, Fritz Miller, who sank two or three holes, and then went to Circle City. He returned last spring, and went into Pinco Creek to open up and develop his claim. He has the discovery claim, and the result of his work to date is a big pile of gold, a large sack of which was brought to the coast by McKinnon. He keeps the amount of his take secret, as if the find is decided to be in the Northwest Territory, he will be called upon to pay royalty. Although they say that the new district is undoubtedly a rich one, neither McKinnon nor Pauley claims that it is such a great bonanza as has been reported. They say it will average about 50 cents to the pan. Mr. McKinnon says he has seen pans which gave as much as $5 or $6, but that they went from 5 to 10 cents. Part of the location has been filled with the British Columbian officers. The district has never been surveyed, and the boundary between the two provinces cannot even be guessed at.

Fair and Cooler.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52—72; Kamloops, 60—88; Calgary, 48—82; Prince Albert, 42—80; Qu'Appelle, 50—82; Winnipeg, 42—72; Port Arthur, 44—62; Parry Sound, 64—76; Toronto, 66—88; Ottawa, 62—80; Montreal, 62—78; Quebec, 68—76; Halifax, 62—68.

PROBS: Moderate northerly to easterly winds; fair and a little cooler.

Any young man who happens to wear a 34 or 35 size suit can get a fine English worsted unlined coat and vest in grey or light or dark fawn shades for three dollars. The regular value is five dollars, but Oak Hall, 115 King-street east, are giving bargains in summer clothing.

Steamship Arrivals.

Aug. 17.	At	From
Noordland	New York	Antwerp
California	New York	Marseilles
Trave	New York	Bremen
Dresden	Bremen	Baltimore
Nederland	Philadelphia	Antwerp
Amsterdam	Boulogne	New York
Rossmore	Liverpool	Montreal
Cresswell	Hondleur	Quebec
Monterey	Bristol	Montreal
London City	London	St. John, N.B
Concordia	Glasgow	Montreal
Ingram	Swansea	Tilt Cove
Dalmaly	Manchester	St. John, N.B