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HERCULES.
The famous Hercules Wire Beds are the only beds that are and can be guaranteed not to sag.
Formerly called Lock Beds. We now only call the common kind Lock Beds.
1 lb. of Hercules fabric is as strong as 20 lbs. of any other fabric made.
Prices low. 148
Gold Medal Furniture Mfg. Co.

## TWO DROWNING ACCIDENTS.

**Lawyer Biggar's Little Boy and a C. P. R. Engineer From Toronto Were the Victims.**

Hamilton, Aug. 1.—(Special.) — Howard Biggar, the 10-year-old son of Lawyer Biggar, was drowned at the Beach yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock. He went in swimming with Frank Collins and either got beyond his depth or took cramps. The body was recovered by Mr. Mark Coulsner about 5.30. p.m.

**Toronto Engineer Drowned.**

Thomas Cottrill, a C.P.R. engineer, from Toronto, was drowned in the Bay here early this evening. He was bathing with some friends who went across the Bay in Watts' steam launch. Cottrill dived and never arose. As he was a strong swimmer, it is thought he got caught in the weeds. He was to have taken his train back to the Queen City this evening. The police recovered the body about 11 o'clock tonight.

**Minor Notes.**

Mrs. Alexander Doston, 3 Reginald-street, who laid a charge of indecent assault against Zeke Morton, her uncle, has withdrawn it and will not prosecute.

The case against Harry Kerrigan, charged with assaulting John McDonald, whom he accused of decoying away his wife, was discharged on Saturday, the plaintiff not appearing.

## PERHAPS A CASE OF MURDER.

**Mary McGrath a London Domestic, in the Hospital—Body of An Infant Found in Her Trunk.**

London, Ont., Aug. 1.—(Special.)—What may lead to a charge of murder against Mary McGrath, a young woman employed as a domestic in the household of Mr. Richard Eckert, Ontario street, was brought to light this morning. Mary McGrath was engaged by Mrs. Eckert about a month ago. She had previously been employed in the family of J. B. Murphy, and it is said it was there to go to Eckert's with high recommendations. She was taken suddenly yesterday with colic pains, and, going to her room, she locked herself in, and refused to respond when Mrs. Eckert knocked. Dr. J. H. Gardiner was sent for last night, and examined the young woman. He found she had been confined during the day, and, being medically unattended, was in a critical condition. Her stories about the affair, it is said, differ very materially. One of them is to the effect that she was confined in the outhouse in the afternoon. A search was instituted this morning, and the body of a fully-developed female infant was found concealed in her trunk under her clothing. Around the neck was a narrow piece of cotton, tightly bound three times. Whether this is the cause of death or not has yet to be ascertained, and a post-mortem and inquest will be held to-morrow, when some startling developments are expected. The woman is in the hospital.

**The Exhibition Pageant.**

A letter has been received from ex-Ald. Gore, chairman of the Attractions Committee of the Exhibition, who has been in England for some time. When Mr. Score went over he undertook to pay some attention to the purchase of properties for the proposed reproduction of the Diamond Jubilee demonstration. He now writes: I think we can congratulate ourselves that we are going to have the biggest thing that ever took place in America. The arrangements are complete. You cannot speak too much praise in your announcements in the papers. I have seen all the plans, scenery and properties, and I do not hesitate to say that the people of Canada will be more than delighted when they see the reproduction of the great pageant of June 22. I wish I had no idea it was going to be anything like it is. Mr. Leotyn Hart's scenery, which is on a scale of 500 feet long by 80 feet high, is beyond doubt the most magnificent ever set up in the open air. The costuming will also be splendid, while the decorations promise something at once unique and grandiose. I have ordered some special uniforms of rich pattern for the Exhibition band. I have taken considerable trouble and spent considerable time, but have been well rewarded, for I have succeeded in everything. I sail for home on Aug. 7 when I shall see all the properties and scenery required for the grand pageant will have been shipped."

**The Klondike Gold Fields.**

Those interested in the Klondike gold fields should send for a prospectus of the British-American Prospecting & Developing Company, organized for the purpose of mining and trading in that region. The stock of the company is 10 cents per share, fully paid and non-assessable. Scrip will be issued to subscribers by return mail. The officers of the company are Messrs. Campbell, Currie & Co.

**An Alleged Disorderly House**

Sergt. Dilworth and a couple of men raided two alleged disorderly houses, 181 and 183 Adelaide-street west, last Sunday morning, and arrested Johnson and Margaret Mulcahey, alias Hamilton, Maggie Walker and Wm. Bailey, alleged frequenters.

## THE BROKEN TREATY

Continued From Page 1.

treaty. Unfriendly sentiments have been most openly expressed in the German press recently, but now London is reciprocating with interest.

"Our release from Germany" is a typical caption over the London comments to-day.

**What The Times Man Says.**

Mr. Harold Frederic says in his special to The Times: The notion of hitting Germany in any way, especially in a trade way, is too pleasing to the English public not to be immensely popular, and this result of what is here called the Imperial instinct of Canada is welcomed almost with more enthusiasm than the paper gift of an African war vessel.

This triumph of free trade is, of course, an extraordinary victory for Sir Wilfrid Laurier and is the exact fulfilment of a prophecy made by him in the first speech he made in this country. How Germany will meet this thing and what serious form her reprisals will take is quite another matter. Doubtless there will be plenty of angry German press comment, which rather amuses than alarms the people of this country. The power of reprisal on Germany's part is of course strictly limited by the necessary regard to be paid to her interests. Meanwhile it is a very instructive fact that it was from Berlin and not from home official sources that the news was first received in London.

**It Causes Much Surprise.**

Mr. Isaac N. Ford, in his special to The Tribune, says: To-day's despatches from Berlin and Brussels record Canada's triumph in securing a formal denunciation of the commercial treaties with Germany and Belgium. Mr. Chamberlain seemed so lukewarm on this subject when the colonial premiers conferred with him that this result causes much surprise. The present Ministry is evidently in a mood for trying economic experiments.

It has adopted an exceptional method of encouraging special conditions of trade with Canada, even at the risk of sacrificing the interests of a much larger commerce with Germany, where resentment will be excited and some means of retaliation devised. The total volume of trade between Canada and the United Kingdom is only one-third of the aggregate trade between Great Britain and Germany. Since the Cobden Club has sanctioned this renunciation of the most favored nation treaties the Government have entered upon a policy of encouraging preferential tariffs, and have seized the opportunity for making an important concession to Canada. The most favored nation treaties, which have always been regarded as a logical sequel to free trade, are now doomed, and the fair traders' contention that the tariff could be made a useful lever for opening new markets has been formally approved. The Jubilee was not outside the range of practical politics, after all. The gift of a battleship has been received from Cape Colony, and the commercial treaties with Germany and Belgium have been abandoned. There will be some shrill music by the German bands in Berlin and elsewhere, and the tune will not be "God Save the Queen."

**The Tribune Editor's Comment.**

The Tribune comments on the action of Great Britain in denouncing the Belgian-German treaties as follows: That means that henceforth the British Empire is to be a commercial unit, distinct from the rest of the world. Great Britain may make whatever bargains she pleases with her colonies, without letting anyone else in under the "most favored nations" clause. For commercial purposes the colonies are no longer separate states. They are members of the one great state, nation, empire. Great Britain may still maintain the part of "Athanasius contra mundum," but it is an Athanasius bestriding the whole world. Commerce with other nations is to be sought, but commerce with the Empire it to be preferred, and whenever the interests of the two clash the former, not the latter, is to be sacrificed. For the sake of increasing trade within the Empire the risk of a tariff war with all outside is unhesitatingly incurred. Truly the Mother Country might well adopt the motto of Australia and inscribe upon her banners "Advance, Britannia."

### *REASON OF THE ABROGATION.*

**It Was the Objection Raised by the Colonies to Article 7.**

The reason for Great Britain's action in abrogating the treaty is the objection of her colonies to article 7, which reads as follows:

"The stipulations of the preceding articles, I. to VI., shall also be applied to the colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty. In those colonies and possessions the produce of or any other country of the like kind, nor shall the exportation from those colonies or possessions to the zollverein be subject to any higher or other duties than the exportation to the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland."

This clause, which was modeled upon article XV. of the treaty with Belgium (1862), provides that articles, the produce and manufacture of Belgium, shall not be subject in the British colonies to other or higher duties than those which are or may be imposed upon similar articles of British origin. This treaty is terminable one year after notice, but by article XXV. the high contracting powers reserve to themselves the right to introduce into the treaty, by common consent, any modifications which may not be at variance with its spirit or principles, and the utility of which may be shown by experience.

In the British House of Commons on July 30, 1894, Sir E. Grey said in reply to Sir A. Rollit: "The general effect of these stipulations in regard to import duties is understood to be as follows: (1) They do not prevent differential treatment by the United Kingdom in favor of the British colonies; (2) they do prevent differential treatment by British colonies in favor of the United Kingdom; (3) they do not prevent differential treatment by British colonies in favor of each other."

**Intercolonial Conference Resolution.**

The resolution passed at the Intercolonial Conference in the summer of 1894, requesting the abrogation or modification of the treaties, reads as follows:

1. "That provision should be made by Imperial legislation enabling the dependencies of the Empire to enter into agreements of commercial reciprocity with each other or with Great Britain should be removed."

In acknowledgment of this resolution Lord Ripon observed:

"The treaties aimed at by this resolution are the commercial treaties between this country and Germany and Belgium.

"It is to be observed that any advantage which might be granted by Great Britain to either Belgium or Germany in virtue of these particular stipulations must also be extended to various other countries under the ordinary most favored nation clauses in the existing treaties. If, however, article XV. of the Belgian treaty and article VII. of the Zollvercin treaty were no longer in force there are no stipulations of a similar character in any other treaty concluded by this country and now in force which would give rise to the same difficulties.

"It seems clear that under these treaties the British colonies cannot grant the produce of the United Kingdom any preferential treatment as to customs duties without such treatment being extended also to Belgium and Germany, and through them to other countries which have ordinary most favored nation clauses with Great Britain."

**The Countries Affected.**

The following are the countries which have also "most favored nation" treaties with Great Britain and will also lose the advantages with respect to trade in the British colonies now withdrawn from Germany and presumably from Belgium: Argentine Confederation, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Chili, Colombia, Corea, Costa Rica, Denmark, Dominica Republic, Liberia, Madagascar, Morocco, Muscat, Persia, Portugal, Russia, Sandwich Islands, Siam, South African Republic, Spain, Sweden and Norway, Swiss Confederation, Tunis, Uruguay and Venezuela.

### *THE FEELING IN GERMANY.*

**Great Britain's First Step Towards a Protectionist System, Says One Paper.**

Berlin, Aug. 1. — The Kreuz Zeitung says that the denunciation of the commercial treaty with the German Zollverein is Grea Britain's first step toward the protectionist system, and adds: "But there is no ground for serious alarm, because she has her carrying trades to protect and retaliation to fear. Moreover, a one-sided preference shown Canada might provoke a conflict with the United SStates."

The National Zeitung says that Great Britain is herself the nation most interested in the conclusion of a new treaty, and that Germany maw gain much by skilful, cold-blooded diplomacy.

The Vossischpe Zeitung says: "So far as Germany's relations to ngland are concerned it is a matter of indifference whether we have a treaty or not."

The Berlinger Tageblatt says: "Great Britain's intention to join the mother country and the colonies in a customs union will not indqce her to restrict British trade with Germany any further than is necessary to attain this object."

The Tageblatt, The Vossischpe Zeitung and The National Zeitung all agree that it is quite out of the question for England to adopt protection.

**Officially Announced at Brussels.**

Brussels, Aug. 1.—The Moniteur officially announces the fact that Great Britain has denounced the commercial treaty with Belgium, but adds that the British Government has intimated its readiness to negotiate a new treaty.

Torontos team on the Varsity Lawn today at 10.30 a.m. will be: A H Collins, D W Saunders, W M Whitehead, J M Laing, A Ogden, A F R Martin, J C Grace, S Y Baldwin, W H Cooper and A N Gilmer.

CATTO
DRY GOODS ONLY
Monday, August 2, 1897.
An Event
Our
Midsummer
Sale
Commencing
TUESDAY 3rd AUGUST.
Goods in the following Departments
Specially Reduced
FOR
Fifteen Days:
MAIL ORDERS.
Samples of Piece Goods ready for post.
MANTLES, CAPES, JACKETS.
Item: Ladies' Light Tweed Jackets at $2.50.
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.
Items: Taffetas, Shot, Fancy and Stripes at 50c.
Beautiful Lustrous Peau de Sole at 90c.
Handsome Rich Brocades at 90c.
BLACK AND COLORED DRESS FABRICS.
Item: A big range of Crepons and Broche Canvasses at 40c and 50c.
WASHING FABRICS.
Organdies, Dimities, Lawns, Linen and Silk Mixtures, Ginghams, etc.
Piques, Cucks, in white, navy, black and white.
SHIRT WAISTS.
Newest styles in Organdies, Dimities, Silk, White, Lawn and Cambric.
Items: Specials at 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, $3, $4 and $5.
WOOLLEN WRAP SHAWLS.
Item: Specials at $2.50 and $3.
Special Silk Knit Shawls at $3.
LINEN DAMASKS.
Table Cloths and Napkins, Huck and Diaper Towels.
Items: Fine Table Cloth, 2 x 2½, at $2.
Fine Table Napkins at $1.75 and $2 dozen.
SHEETINGS AND BLANKETS.
Large size Marseilles Quilts, very special, at $2.50 and $3 each.
Lace Curtains at 90c, $1, $1.25, $1.50 per pair.
WALKING SKIRTS.
A fine assortment in Check Tweeds, Mohair and Cheviot Serges.
Items: White Duck Skirts at $1.25 and $1.50 each.
Linen Crash Skirts at $1.50 each.
SUPPLEMENTARY SPECIALS.
Silk Moire Sash Ribbons at 30c and 50c, regular 50c and 75c.
Linen Collars and Cuffs, new shapes.
Plain and Plaid Silk Neckties.
Silk Tartan and Leather Belts.
Hemstitch and Embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs.
JOHN CATTO & SON
King St., opp. the Postoffice

## HOW WILLIAM E. CURTIS PUTS IT.

**Says the British Government Does Not Care a Rap About the Seal Fisheries, Neither Does Canada.**

Chicago, July 30.—Mr. Curtis writes to The Record: The British Government does not care a rap about the seal fisheries. The Canadian Government cares very little more. The authorities here and in Canada understand that it is purely an American question, and that the sealers they are taking so much trouble to protect and defend are nearly all citizens of the United States trading under the British flag. But they don't want to be bullied. Their indifference as to the fate of the seals is genuine and natural. And because they do not take as much interest in the subject as the Government of the United States and amend the regulations every time we ask them to do so they do not care to be scolded about it over Mr. Sherman's name. As I stated in a letter several weeks ago, Mr. Foster knew what he was saying when he wrote that letter. He was sold with his facts, and realized that he must put a sting in the end of his lash in order to stir up the interest of the British Government. It worked just as he expected. The letter was received here the middle of May. It had the precise effect anticipated. When he discovered that our Government understood the case and was not afraid to say so Johnny Bull very cheerfully came down and agreed to do what is right. But when his peccadilloes were exposed to the public in the newspapers he got mad about it and said that the Yankees have no manners and no idea of diplomacy.

Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain know perfectly well that Mr. Foster was the author of the objectionable communication and yet they meet him with the utmost cordiality every day or two. To the public they are in a hot state of indignation and tell the newspapers that they don't purpose to be bullied by Uncle Sam or anybody else. Behind the scenes they are making explanations and excuses and are trying to fix up matters in such a way that they will not appear to have been whipped in.

The actual facts are that the fisheries question has been referred to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Prime Minister, and Mr. Davies, the Minister of Marine of Canada, both of whom are in London, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister at Washington, who is also here, is acting as their chaperon, in conferences with Mr. Foster, our special Ambassador, almost daily.

The result of their negotiations will probably be reached and announced by telegraph before this letter reaches Chicago, but I may say in the way of a prediction that Great Britain will join Russia, Japan and the United States as requested in a conference at Washington for the purpose of amending the regulations governing the seal fisheries next fall as soon as the scientific commissioners who are now in Alaska return from the scene of their labors and are ready to submit their recommendations. The commissioners are David Starr Jordon, president of Leland Stanford University, and two or three scientists from the Smithsonian Institution, on the part of the United States: Prof. Thompson of Aberdeen University, a celebrated naturalist; Prof. Barrett Hamilton, another naturalist of eminent standing, and Mr. McKowan of Canada, who represent the British Government.

This is exactly what the Government of the United States has been trying to accomplish and will be the successful termination of Mr. Foster's mission.

It is true that a good deal of unpleasant feeling has been stirred up over here by the publication of Mr. Sherman's instructions to Ambassador Hay, but it has been very much exaggerated, because the British newspapers are not willing to admit that their Government was in the wrong and deserved a serious scolding.

### *"CANADIAN LOGGERS HIT HARD."*

**"The Tariff on Lumber Will Throw Out 1000 Men—Revenge is Useless."**

The following special despatch to The Chicago Record shows what a Toronto newspaper man will do to earn a dollar:

"Toronto, Ont., July 29.—The duty on logs of $2 a thousand feet, which the United States Government began to enforce Friday, will stop the export of timber from Canada into the States and close numerous lumber camps during the ensuing winter. The South River Lumber Company held a meeting here to-day to arrange for the withdrawal of its men from the woods. It is said that about half a dozen firms now engaged in lumbering in the Parry Sound District are about to take similar steps. Among them is the Bull & Emery Lumber Company, who carry on a most extensive business, and take from the woods as men as 60,000,000 feet of timber a year. About 20 camps will be discontinued, and over 1000 men will have to seek employment elsewhere.

"Lumbermen hold that it would not be wise for the Canadian Government to adopt a policy of retaliation, which would make matters worse. The imposition of a duty on pulp logs, for instance, would have the effect of a double hindrance. They express the opinion that the Americans, now being thrown upon their own timber supply, will exhaust the latter rapidly, and that in a year or two they will be compelled to remove the duty in order to obtain necessary material."

### *CANADA IS RIGHT.*

**Buffalo Courier-Record says We are Quite Reasonable in Taxing Klondike Gold.**

Buffalo, Aug. 1.—The Courier-Record to-day quotes approvingly the article in last Sunday's New York Tribune, referring to the taxation of the Klondike gold mining industry.

The Courier-Record also says that the new regulations and taxation charges "are of course directed to the American aliens who are flocking to the newly discovered gold fields. But we do not see but that the Dominion Government has a right to make these regulations if it chooses. Just at present there is widespread resentment in Canada against the action of Congress in passing a tariff bill that is designed to destroy much of our trade with the Dominion. This is the kind of retaliation that the Canadians find most convenient, and we do not greatly blame them for resorting to it."

### *CONDEMNED TO DEATH.*

**But Their Sentences Were Commuted Imprisonment for Life.**

Philippopolis, July 30.—Boitcheff and Novelics, the Bulgarians who killed Anna Szimon, were condemned to death, but at the same time it was announced that their sentences would be commuted to imprisonment for life and deprivation of their civil rights. They were also ordered to pay £200 each to the child of Anna Szimon and to bear the expense of rearing the child.

Boitcheff, who had hitherto seemed callous, broke down completely and wept bitterly when the sentence was pronounced. A pathetic scene occurred at this point. The wife of Boitcheff rushed into the dock, and throwing her arms about his neck, showered kisses upon his face, calling him "My innocent husband."

**Mails Being Robbed.**

New York, July 31.—Postoffice Inspectors are convinced that the foreign mails are being systematically robbed on a large scale, as many as 80 packages of matter having been missed from a single steamship. The mail stolen in that case was mostly in registered pouches, which had been sealed in the general office in this city and opened by the clerks aboard the vessel. One of the thefts was that of a package of currency sent from Germany to a city in this state. These robberies are said to have been among the most daring ever attempted in the service.

**Destructive Storm in Dakota.**

Sioux Falls S. D., July 31:—A destructive hail storm passed near here The storm started three miles west of Dell Rapids and went in a southwesterly direction, destroying absolutely everything in its path around Garrettson. It is estimated that fully 1,000,000 acres of crops were destroyed.

### *TOO ROUGH AT NIAGARA.*

**A Buoy Carried Away, Making it Impossible to Complete the Course in the Different Classes.**

Niagara-on-the-Lake, July 31.—The L.Y.R.A. circuit has this year been pursued by the fates, and, while the breezes have been most desirable, the billows have been too big. At Niagara to-day the rough water carried away the outer lake buoy, with the result that, while the yachts went around the course, the majority of the races will be resulted on Monday at the R.C.Y.C. regatta at Toronto. In several races the contestants made other arrangements.

In the first class the Zelma and the Aggie had another beautiful race, being together all the way, and if the second round had been completed, it is difficult to say what would have been the result.

In the 32-foot class the Eva of Sandusky and the Buffalo yacht, the Dorothy, beat the Canadian yachts, the Nadai and the Nancy, and though the course was not completed, the Canucks allowed the prizes to be awarded, not being able to recall on Monday.

In the 27-foot class the order of the finish was the Kestral, the Hiawatha and the Sybil of Buffalo. Here again on time allowance the Buffalo yacht should have second position.

The races were sailed over a triangular course, and the second leg was not marked. The yachts kept on sailing out into the lake looking for the missing mark until they must have made the leg 20 miles instead of 10, as proposed.

TORONTO'S L.Y.R.A. RACES TO-DAY.

The L.Y.R.A. regatta, postponed from last Tuesday on account of the rough weather, will be sailed off to-day over the same course, and last Tuesday's program will be carried out, with the exception of the schooner race between the Oriole and Priscilla of Cleveland, which was sailed off at Hamilton last Thursday.

SUNDAY GAMES.

At St. Louis: Two games were played by the Browns and Colonels to-day, each taking one. The visitors won the first by superior playing, and had almost captured the second, when it was awarded to the home team on a technicality. Donahue and Hexter of the Browns and Louisvilles, respectively, acted as umpires. In the first part of the ninth, when the Browns were at bat, and the score 5—4 in favor of Louisville, Donahue gave the game to the former because Pitcher Cunningham persisted in soiling new balls passed to him. Scores:

| First game— | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 00010201 1—5 | 6 | 1 | |
| St. Louis | 01000000 0—4 | 8 | 1 | |

Batteries—Hill and Wilson; Lucid and Douglas.

| Second game— | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 00001002 2—5 | 9 | 0 | |
| St. Louis | 03000001 0—4 | 8 | 2 | |

Batteries—Cunningham and Wilson; Coleman and Murphy.

At Cincinnati: The Reds had very little trouble defeating the Clevelands. Wilson, who was in the box for the visitors, was easy, 19 hits being made off his delivery. In the first innings Peitz and Hurst had a dispute, which resulted in Hurst striking at the Red's catcher. They were separated, however, before any damage was done. Score:

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 00302133 *—12 | 19 | 12 | |
| Cleveland | 00010004 0—5 | 10 | 1 | |

Batteries—Rhines and Peitz; Wilson and Griger.

SCORES ON SATURDAY.

Eastern—Buffalo 5, Wilkes-Barre 4 (first); Buffalo 3, Wilkes-Barre 6 (second); Springfield 4, Syracuse 3; Providence-Montreal, rain.

National—Chicago 7, Pittsburg 6; Brooklyn 3, New York 4; St. Louis 6, Louisville 11 (first); St. Louis 7, Louisville 5 (second); Washington 6, Boston 7; Cincinnati 3, Cleveland 6; Baltimore 8, Philadelphia 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

| | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 56 | 24 | .700 |
| Baltimore | 52 | 26 | .667 |
| Cincinnati | 50 | 27 | .649 |
| New York | 47 | 31 | .603 |
| Cleveland | 44 | 35 | .557 |
| Philadelphia | 42 | 44 | .476 |
| Pittsburg | 37 | 43 | .463 |
| Chicago | 37 | 47 | .440 |
| Louisville | 36 | 48 | .429 |
| Brooklyn | 34 | 46 | .425 |
| Washington | 29 | 50 | .361 |
| St. Louis | 21 | 62 | .253 |

SATURDAY GAMES AND GOSSIP.

The Elms defeated the Wiltons on the ball grounds by 8 to 6. Batteries—Walsh and Culross; Smith and MacIver.

The following team will represent the Elms against the Royal Oaks on the ball grounds this morning: Walsh, White, Wright, Smith, Murray, Young, Ross, Burns, Maddock, Culross, Dixon and Lee.

The Vivians defeated the Alerts on the latter's diamond. The features were the pitching of Tobin and the covering of second base by W. Anderson for the Vivians. Score:

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Vivians | 15004410 *—15 | 14 | 4 | |
| Alerts | 00111003 1— 7 | 7 | 6 | |

Batteries—A. Tobin and Leslie; Parm and C. Parm.

The young Eurekas defeated the Elmdales on Stanley Park by 13 to 10. Batteries—Jordan and Fauler; Kearns and Scholes.

The following team will represent the Young Eurekas in their game with the Standards this morning: Fouler, c.; Jordan Beemer, p.; Pickering, 1b.; Finlay, 2b.; McGuire, s.s.; Mervin, l.f.; Moore, c.f.; Finnigan, r.f.; Woods, 3b.

The Red Roses defeated the Orients. Score:

| | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Roses | 13032604 4—23 | 14 | 8 | |
| Orients | 03100430 0—11 | 8 | 12 | |

The Roses want challenges. Address C. Brooks, 233 Munro-street.

The Young Wellingtons defeated the Parkdale Alerts. Score:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wellingtons | 2210120 2 *—10 | | | |
| Alerts | 0000101 01— 3 | | | |

There was a large crowd present and the game was a good one. The features were Cahill's excellent pitching and Pyper's home run. Batteries—Cahill and Leake; Kennedy and Holden.

The following players will constitute the Young Wellingtons in their game with the Delawares on Stanley Park at 9 o'clock this morning: Christie, Reid, Cahill, Pyper, Heron, Leake, Strain, Costello, Walsh.

The Canadians defeated the Eastern Stars on Saturday afternoon by 8 to 2. Batteries—Day and Sheedy; Morrow and Le Good. The Canadians would like to hear from the Second Pastimes, Primroses and Wiltons. Address John Fraser, 12 Briggs-avenue.

The Young Excelsiors would like to arrange matches with clubs; average age 13. Address J. Naughton, 109 Duke-street.

The Brockton Beavers defeated the Wideawakes for the championship of the West End in an eleven-innings game. Score:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beavers | 00000020012—5 | | | |
| Wideawakes | 00001000110—3 | | | |

Batteries—Hudson and Bentley; Faukner and Elliott.

The Royal Oaks will choose their team from the following to represent them in their game with the Elms on the latter's grounds this morning: Trowbridge, Nelson, Storey, Reid, Chandler, Nicholls, Hill, Taylor, Cadman and Peterson.

At Berlin—Galt and Berlin played a Waterloo County baseball game, which resulted in a score of 12 to 0 in favor of Berlin.

The Capitals defeated the Unions in their Intermediate League game. Although a big score, the game was full of fast playing. The features were Giroux's play at short, Blakey's pitching and Clews' backstop work. Score:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capitals | 20525300 3—20 | | | |
| Unions | 10100221 1—14 | | | |

Batteries—Blakey and Clews; Galbraith and Williamson.

EARLY FOOTBALL AT OSGOODE.

Osgoode Hall A.A.A. having secured practice grounds at the old Parliament Buildings are busy making arrangements for the fall season. The grounds are being rolled and will be flattened out. Old "York House" on the corner of Simcoe and Wellington-streets, has been secured for a club house and will be fitted out with shower baths, etc. The Legal Education Committee and Principal Hoyles will be urged to have the afternoon lectures arranged for the morning so as to leave the afternoon free for practice. Solicitor-General Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, who is taking great interest in the law students, is going to attend several Osgoode games here in the fall; he is an honorary member of the association. A circular is to be sent out to the Osgoode football men, asking them to report here for practice on Monday, Sept. 20. The Law School opens on Monday, Sept. 27. Athletic sports will be held at Rosedale in October. It is likely that Messrs. Joe McDougal and T. L. Church, president and vice-president of the association, will resign in the fall, as they are both graduates now; they took a prominent part in the formation of the association and are asking to be relieved of their offices. Manager Tom Rigney's address is Kingston, and communications regarding Rugby football should be sent into him. Capt. Kingstone has a number of good men ready for the season, and with good grounds and financial aid the law students ought to have a fair team.

TORONTO AND CAPITALS TO-DAY.

The Torontos will cross sticks with the champion Capitals at Rosedale this afternoon on a hard, dry ground. The team returned yesterday without a scratch, and all are in the pink of condition. Some changes may be made on the home, and an effective western player for the first time this year may be seen wearing the Torontos' uniform. The public will bear in mind that there are no reserved seats for to-day's game, 35 cents admitting to grand stand and grounds; also members should remember that the two centre sections are put aside for their own exclusive use.

LACROSSE POINTS.

All members of the Rosedale Lacrosse Club are requested to attend practice Monday morning at 9.30.

Soules and Carr of the Elms of Toronto will play with the Twin City Club against the Tecumsehs to-day.

At Quebec on Saturday the Quebec Lacrosse Club defeated the Young Shamrocks of Montreal in the Intermediate League by 9 to 4.

At Montreal Saturday the Nationals defeated the Young Capitals of Ottawa by 5 goals to 2. The game was rough and finished with nine men a side.

BICYCLE BRIEFS.

The Pastime Cycling Club will meet on to-day, corner College and Bathurst-streets, at 1 p.m., and will wheel to Weston, where arrangements have been made for a supper. The return will be made about dark.

The Globe Cycling Club held their annual road race on Saturday. The distance was 10 miles, and the course from Crewe's Hotel on the Kingston-road out five miles and return. The first six finished as follows: J Short, W Thompson, G Johnson, W Johnson, W McKnight and D Richards. The roads were in bad condition and some bad falls occurred.

Peter Weiss and William Weldron, the Carlton's well-known caterers to the thirsty, have been in doubt for some time as to which is the swifter propeller of the bicycle. They settled the question, at least satisfactorily to William, yesterday morning by a sprint to Nurse's Hotel, leaving the Carlton at 8 a.m. Pete arrived 5½ minutes in the rear, and gives out as the reason for his being there that he was detained by a policeman for traveling faster than the city's prescribed pace.

### *TORONTO SWIMMING CLUB.*

**James Lightbody From the West of Scotland Won the Open Events.**

The Toronto Swimming Club held its second annual tournament at Hanlan's Point on Saturday, scoring a complete success. The program, which was a lengthy one, was run off in admirable manner by Crown Attorney Curry, in the capacity of starter, assisted by B. H. Brown and W. A. Graham. Ald. A. F. Rutter, Herbert Matthews and Capt. F. W. Brown ably filled their offices of judges. The program afforded considerable amusement in some of the events, while good fast and scientific swimming was the order of the day. The T.S.C. are going to give a medal every Saturday for the rest of the season to the winner of the weekly 100 yards handicap. James Lightbody, the winner of the 100 yards and 220 yards open event, is the champion of the West of Scotland, and was captain of the West of Scotland Swimming Club of Glasgow. His name is up for membership in the T.S.C. After the races were over the members and friends and winners of open events repaired to the Island quarters, where Ald. Rutter presented the prizes. Kenneth D. Simpson, the captain of the club, was presented with a handsome medal for the mile captaincy race, which he won on July 3.

The officers and members of the T.S.C. were complimented on the marked improvement of the swimming of the club over last year. The most important result of the tournament, it is hoped, will be the greater interest in and encouragement of swimming in Toronto.

100 yards scratch, open—James Lightbody (W.S.S.C.) 1, Arthur Firth (T.S.C.) 2, K. D. Simpson, Capt. T.S.C., 3.

100 yards, swimming on the back—K. D. Simpson 1, R. Dewar 2.

Neat diving—A. C. Goode 1, K. Simpson 2.

50 yards handicap—Lewis Smith 1, W. Leslie 2, A. Firth 3.

Long plunge—A. C. Goode 1, S. Clark 2.

220 yards scratch, open—James Lightbody (W.S.S.C.) 1, A. Firth (T.S.C.) 2, H. J. Goode (T.S.C.) 3.

Boys' race, 50 yards (open to boys under 15)—Master Parratt 1, N. Whinton 2, W. Shrinks 3.

100 yards, handicap—A. Firth 1, A. C. Goode 2, L. Smith 3.

Old clothes race—K. D. Simpson 1, A. C. Goode 2.

Egg and spoon race (open)—J. G. Kemp (T.S.C.) 1, H. Taylor 2.

50 yards scratch—K. D. Simpson 1, A. Firth 2, S. Clark 3.

Obstacle race (open)—J. Patry 1, — Richardson 2.

Team race, trophy, silver challenge cup—A. Firth's team 1.

LARNED BEAT WRENN.

Boston, July 31.—The Longwood tennis tournament was rounded out this afternoon with two of the finest matches seen in the East this summer, and which resulted in the defeat of the champion, R. D. Wrenn, by William H. Larned in five exciting sets, while at the same time Mahon and Nisbet, the two Scotch players, won the Eastern championship in doubles by defeating G. L. Wrenn and Whitman in an equally brilliant five set match. The victory of Larned was the surprise of the tournament for, barring an exhibition match, this is the first time he has ever defeated Wrenn. At the same time the victory of the Englishmen means that they will meet the Western champions at Newport.

**A Summer Girl's Fright.**

Anyhow, Mary's little lamb must have been of a different breed.

Doesn't the poem say it was gentle and tractable and had a heart full of love? The summer girl is of the opinion Mary's lamb was not all a lamb. What it really was would not look well in print. The summer girl was swinging in a hammock on the porch of the dear old homestead—it really wasn't her dear old homestead, but that is another story—and shelling peas. It sounds well, but she was really getting into a frightful frame of mind when she saw how the work grinded her manicured finger-tips. When she finished she stood up and shrieked in joy and all the pods fell and scattered over the porch, which, after the manner of country porches, was on a level with the ground.

Stealthily, for she was on her good behavior, she abstracted a broom from a dark corner and began to hastily sweep off the porch. Suddenly there was a galloping patter around the corner, a halt and "baa-a-a-a-a!" quavered an indignant voice.

The summer girl shrieked and beheld planted before her an impertinent, woolly animal. It was only the pet lamb of which she had heard much and seen nothing. "Baa-a-a yourself!" she retorted, crossly, angry at the start she had gotten over a mere lamb.

But there was more in this lamb than the outward seeming. Its eye sparkled with wrath and its nostril curled. It advanced on the summer girl and lowered its head, shaking it meanwhile. Then she saw two dark, stubby points—merciful heavens, could lambs hook? And the lamb came on.

She dropped the broom. "Go away!" she wailed. "You horrid thing!" The lamb had its forefeet on the porch. She observed how strong and altogether fierce an animal it was. There was no hope—none, and with one last cry for mercy she precipitated herself into the hammock, wrapped its folds around her trembling form and shrieked. The lamb pattered about her and its trembling "Baa-a-a!" rose shriller, more insistent and threatening. The summer girl was seized with the anguished thought that it would not be more than five seconds till the monster had penetrated the hammock folds and then—would it eat her or merely trample her to death?

Just then some one came running through the house. "Goodness!" said a voice. "Whatever is the trouble?"

"Take it away!" sobbed the summer girl. "It's trying to kill me!"

"Bosh!" said the voice. "Why, the poor dear's hungry! It always acts that way when it wants something to eat!"

The summer girl uncovered one eye and looked suspiciously at the incensed lamb, which regarded her with a hostile orb.

"Oh!" she said, rather shamefacedly. "But—but—does it get hungry very often?"—Chicago News.

**The Child's Reply.**

"Does anyone know whence the dimples come?"
I asked a beautiful child one day.
A child in whose wide-open, earnest blue eyes
Lay the tranquil calm of the sunny skies,
The sweetness brought from a heavenly home.

You shuddered to think that the world would bring
Trouble and sorrow to dim those eyes;
That care would furrow that peaceful brow
Marked alone by purity now,
As if sealed against sin by the heavenly ring.

A puzzled look was my only reply
For a moment while she was thinking hard,
And the golden head on my shoulder pressed,
With eyelids closed as if sunk to rest,
Scarcely moved while she questioned "Why?"

Suddenly over her serious face
Broke the light of a captive thought,
And she cried, "Oh, yes, I think I know,
Two angels kissed me a long time ago,
And this is the way you can tell the place."

Oh, pretty conceit of the baby brain!
Oh, beautiful faith of the childish heart!
Not dimples alone those angels gave,
But the gentle firmness that mortals crave
And the peace that the wordly seek in vain.

This is Toronto's
Civic... Holiday
THE ROBERT SIMPSON Co. LIMITED
WE CLOSE THE STORE ALL DAY.
QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY, Jubilee Day and Dominion Day have all been celebrated. Their influence has enlarged the imperial and national spirit, increased our attachment to the Motherland and made us more hopeful than before of the possibilities of our own land.
It may be a narrower view to take, yet it is true that there is no place like home. This