Dawson.

on mining, but it is longer than the life-time of any of us. The surface has been pricked in a few places, but I do not know just picking up the gold.

hey are enterpris will drive sheep over in the summer. It that the best has been found, and I am od stake. Wage has been done, and is to be done again. quite sure no one has any idea of the tre-, and a man wh But it is useless for me to go on telling mendous extent of the placer diggings, earn much mor all the occupations that would pay high to say nothing of the quartz that is sure into the loggin profits. The future of the Northwest to follow. Then, all the other metals, sil- $T_{\rm h}$ country is not so long as that of a country ver and copper and iron, have been turned inches through that can look forward to other industries up, while coal is plentiful. I believe than mining and the business that depends thoroughly in the country. All I have



A PLACER, SHOWING SLUICE, OR FLUME, AND SIDE BATHS,

This is a very good picture of a claim, and the process of mining from the "benches" or on the sides, as distinguished from "bar" diggings in the bed of the creek. The straight line above and parallel to the flume is the old bed of the stream. It is from this line of terraces and below it that the pay dirt is taken, usually in the winter. Then, when the spring comes and the ice breaks up, the water is brought down for use in the sluices. The gold-bearing gravel is shov. eled into the sluices, carried slowly over the "pans," or platforms, and turned out on the side tables, where it is deposited while the water and the lighter stones and dirt are carried down into the stream again, where they meet the coarser stuff that is pounded out at the end of the flume.