

fault, which must be sought out and remedied if intelligent therapy is to be applied. Among the various pathologic conditions which oppose the relief of neural disorders, anæmia, whether primary or secondary, is always worthy of therapeutic attention. Unless the blood supply is relatively normal in both quantity and integrity, its oxygen-carrying capacity is "below par" and, consequently, metabolic exchange and interchange is embarrassed and the necessary improvement in bodily nutrition is difficult of accomplishment. Pepto-mangan (Gude) stimulates and encourages oxygenation and nutrition, by furnishing the more or less impoverished blood with an immediately appropriable form of its vital metallic elements, iron and manganese. The vital stimulus thus imparted is often the one thing needful to initiate the substantial systemic "building up" process which must precede the desired recovery from neurotic disorders.

GLYCO-THYMOLINE.

Description.—Glyco-Thymoline is a deep claret colored fluid with the taste and odor of thymol and eucalyptol.

Formula.—This preparation contains benzo-salicylate of soda, methyl salicylate from *Betula Lenta*, eucalyptol, thymol, pini pumilionis, glycerine and solvents. The alcoholic content is 4 per cent.

Action.—A solution composed of Glyco-Thymoline, one part, water three parts approximates the alkalinity and salinity of the human blood, thus harmonizing with the secretions of tissues treated. When applied slightly warmed to the mucous membranes of the nose and throat it is soothing, solvent, mildly antiseptic, exosmotic and anesthetic. It promotes aseptic conditions and favors the restoration of normal functions of the mucous membrane. Internally Glyco-Thymoline is antacid, carminative, and anti-fermentative.

Uses.—This preparation is recommended in the treatment of all catarrhal diseases of the mucous membrane, particularly of the upper respiratory, utero-vaginal and rectal tracts, as a solvent, soothing, antiseptic and alkaline wash. Internally it has been successfully employed to overcome gastric hyperacidity, gastro-intestinal fermentation, summer diarrhœa of infants, etc. In obstetrical and gynecologic practice it has also proven useful. Its mild, non-irritating properties will suggest its use whenever and wherever an alkalin antiseptic solution is desired. In dentistry it has also been extensively employed.

Dosage Externally.—Glyco-Thymoline may be used in solutions ranging from 10 p.c. to full strength. *Internally*—It may be used one-fourth to two teaspoonfuls in water as indicated.