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THIRTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 12 1892. ONE CENT

PENNEFATHER IS PINCHED

FOR STEALING $8700 FROM THE STANDARD BANK.

An Anonymous Letter Results in the Bank Taking Action Against the Suspected Ledger Keeper of the Chatham Branch—The Theory of the Crown—The Case to Come Up To-day.

Angus Pennefather, until recently ledger-keeper in the Chatham branch of the Standard Bank, was arrested in that town last night on a charge of having stolen $8700 of the funds of the bank.

About three months since Teller Brown of the Chatham branch, son of Mr. James Brown of 74 Melbourne-avenue, Toronto, and a former mathematical master of Upper Canada College, discovered on entering the bank that his cash box was missing from the vault. It was subsequently found in the bank office, minus its contents.

Teller Brown's story was that he had placed the money in the cash box at the conclusion of the day's business, that he had not locked the box owing to the fact that the contents were so bulky that he could not close the lid. He could not remember, however, whether he had locked the cash box in the vault or not.

Ledger-Keeper Pennefather, who was in receipt of the princely salary of $400 per year, was charged with being the perpetrator of the robbery, the defectives claiming that Pennefather observed Teller Brown carelessly place his cash box on the counter behind him at the close of banking hours, that he took advantage of the temporary absence of the teller from his "den" to enter his department and place the box under the ledge, trusting to luck that he would think no more about it, and that he then left the bank. That two hours later he entered the bank on the represent tion that he had no cash and wished to fill out a blank check, but actually for the reason that he wished to see if his scheme had worked; that a visit revealed the cash box in the place he left it, Brown having apparently forgotten all about it; that a couple of hours later he visited the bank, carried off the money and still has it in his possession.

Pennefather was dismissed by the bank authorities, not because they charged him with the robbery, but because he married without the consent of the officials.

Pennefather denied his guilt, and the authorities took no steps to arrest him. Mr. James Brown, the father of the teller, paid the bank $4000 in cash, and the Security Company made good the balance of the loss. Teller Brown was transferred to Parkdale, Accountant Gordon was also transferred to Toronto, and other changes were made in the bank.

A few days ago General Manager Brodie of the Standard Bank in this city received an anonymous letter concerning the robbery, and as the result of this the long-delayed apprehension of Pennefather was decided upon. He will have a hearing before the Magistrate at Chatham to-day.

Pennefather is well known in this city. He was for some time a member of the Northwest Mounted Police and was subsequently with the Federal Bank. For two years he had been with the Standard.

LIZZIE IS IN TORONTO,

But She Denies that the Man She Is Accused of Eloping With Is Here.

John G. Longfield and Lizzie Wyllie disappeared from Detroit about a fortnight since, and the mother of the girl heard that the two were in Cleveland and became convinced that they had eloped.

Longfield then wrote to his wife from Cleveland, whom he had left in Detroit, that he would try to secure work there and bring her on to live with him. He had poor success in getting a position and consequently the wife was not summoned to Cleveland.

Then came a telegram from San Diego, Cal., to the effect that a young woman who answered the description of Lizzie Wyllie had committed suicide.

Mrs. Wyllie clung to the belief that her daughter was dead until Longfield telegraphed from Cleveland that he knew Lizzie was alive and well.

Then his wife and the girl's mother wanted to know where she was and how he came to know so much about it.

Longfield claimed that she was in Toronto, from which city she had written him a friendly letter.

Yesterday Mrs. Longfield received the following despatch from Toronto:

Am in Toronto. Longfield not with me.
LIZZIE WYLLIE.

PAULISON'S SUICIDE

His Widow an Expert Horsewoman and Fine Shot.

Richard R. Paulison, the mining prospector, who committed suicide by shooting himself in a bathroom of the Hotel Thorndike at Boston, had gone to Boston to form a company to work some iron mines at Port Arthur, but met with poor success.

"Paulison was well known at Port Arthur," said a resident of that town last evening, "as he had been locating claims in the vicinity for years. His wife visited the Port every summer. She is a woman of extraordinary personal charms, an expert horsewoman and a fine shot with rifle or revolver. She used to appear on the street in full hunting costume with a rifle slung across her shoulder. She it was who caught the 7-pound speckled trout at Nepigon with a hook and line which created so much talk all over Ontario."

Curios for Christmas.

Now is the time for the purchase of presents for Christmastide and the New Year. A grand opportunity of securing these at the buyers own price is afforded by the sale to-morrow at C. M. Henderson & Co.'s auction gallery, Yonge and Shuter-streets. Fifty cases of Japanese and other eastern curios will be offered. They comprise a very large and attractive collection of art goods, Japanese bronzes, curios, arms, porcelain, faience, embroideries, silks, fans, screens, cabinets, Satsumaware, carved ivory, bamboo furniture and rich Japanese decorations direct from Tokyo, Japan.

From Drain to Dungeon.

The domestic happiness of John Harris, 393 Margueretta-street, was seriously disturbed during the last few days by quarrels with his wife. Learning that a warrant was out for his arrest, he carefully avoided visiting the scenes of his trouble and dined at a restaurant. A man in blue waited five days for him to come home, but he came not. Then the officer learned that Harris was working in a drain near the subway, so he took up his position at the entrance to the underground retreat. Five o'clock came Saturday night and with it came John Harris from the hole in the earth. He was placed under arrest.

Don't miss the auction sale of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Reid's oil paintings and water-color drawings to-morrow at The Mart.

Killed In Minnesota.

A despatch from White Bear Lake, Minnesota, says that A. Somerville, a son of W. J. Somerville, engineer on the Grand Trunk, has been killed on the St. Paul and Duluth Railway. Mr. Somerville has a son whose initials are "W. J.", not "A." who has been in the Western States for some years. He is about 35 years of age, and if the unfortunate victim is he, he was probably on his way home to Toronto at the time.

Christmas Goods.

We are receiving and opening out some very choice lines of neckwear, silk handkerchiefs and Christmas novelties. We also show full lines of underwear, gloves, etc. George Harcourt & Son, 57 King-street west. 135

"Clear Havana Cigars."

"La Cadena," and "La Flora." Insist upon having these brands. 136

GERMANY'S WORRY OVER HER ARMY

The Tendency Now is to Allow Caprivi to Adopt Free Measures for Increasing the Country's Defence.

BERLIN, Dec. 10.—On the evening of the first reading of the Army Bill Chancellor von Caprivi gave a parliamentary dinner that brought together members of the Reichstag of all parties and press representatives of all shades of opinion, except Socialists.

For the first time leading journalists were invited to such a gathering. It was a memorable recognition of the influence of the press.

While the dinner was proceeding the Socialists were holding meetings in every electoral district in Berlin against the Army Bill. Resolutions were adopted denouncing militarism and urging the formation of a people's militia. Women attended, although by their fervid enthusiasm gave more trouble to the police than their socialistic brothers.

When the debate opened on the Army Bill in the Reichstag to-day the House was crowded and the galleries were full of visitors. The tenor of the speeches from all sides disclosed no uncompromising hostility to the measure.

Major Von Hoiningen Huene, a member of the Centre party, announced that the Centrists were willing to concede the reduction of a year in the term of service, but were not prepared to increase the strength of the standing army. But they admitted that the measure would be hailed by the country as adding to the defensive strength of the empire and probably even as leading to an alleviation of the economic situation.

Herr Richter said that the Freisinnige party would grant whatever funds were necessary for the introduction of a system of two years' service, but the Chancellor would have to apply to a more complaisant Reichstag than the present to obtain demands beyond that.

The Chancellor's response to the speeches against the bill was mainly directed at Herr Richter. He styled Herr Richter an "able political statistician, but said he was scarcely in a position to offer a right opinion on details of a military system. On this subject views that are expressed in the highest military circles must have the most weight.

The Necessity For the Bill.

"So convinced am I," said the Chancellor, "of the necessity of the bill for the continued existence of Germany that if the Reichstag wished to throw upon me its own responsibility I would tranquilly accept it."

This statement was greeted with cheers.

The Chancellor said that under the provisions of the bill 60,000 young men would be yearly added to the army, so that in a few years 450,000 more men would be ready to take the field against a hostile army.

This statement elicited cheers.

The Chancellor appealed to the House not to throw the country into confusion by opposing the measure.

The general opinion in the lobby after the House adjourned was that the bill would pass its first reading by a good majority. Before debate on the bill is resumed on Monday, the Brussels Monetary Conference and the army rifles will form the subjects of interpellation.

Something like popular demonstrations of anti-Semitism have occurred in several centres. Twice this week considerable crowds have passed along the Friedrichs Strasse crying: "Down with the Jews!" Leading Conservatives and the Moderns Herr Heldorf and Count Buglas are confident that the Emperor is ashamed of the Jew-baiting done by the party, and they have protested against including an anti-Jewish plank in the party program.

RESULT OF DISCUSSION.

Europeans are Not Frightened at Threats From the U. S. Delegates.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Standard's Vienna correspondent says: The probable failure of the monetary conference is so discounted here that its failure would make no impression. The principal Austro-Hungarian papers ridicule the prophecies of terrible consequences, contending that any such action as is foreshadowed in President Harrison's message would be a breach of faith toward creditors which public opinion in America would not permit.

Neither Republicans nor Democrats, it is said, dare repeal the Windom Act for fear of an unparalleled commercial crisis. In the meantime the removal of the hope of an international agreement for many years to come will exercise healthy influence in checking the output of silver, and the price will gradually find its level without harming anybody except the American silver kings.

Practical experience in the transformation of silver currency to gold currency has resulted in converting bi-metallists to the view that rehabilitation of silver would fail to remove the causes of agricultural depression.

BRACE UP, GROVER!

The World Expects You to Yank the U.S. into Better Shape.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Commenting on the Memphis and St. Louis conventions, The Chronicle says: Such is the program of the growing industrial element. There is nothing revolutionary in it, and excepting the demand for free silver there is no quackery in it. It is the sober and righteous demand of a Republic in name to be converted into a Republic in fact, but neither of the great parties can respond to these claims. It looks as if America was gradually drifting into a condition parallel to that existing at the time the Free Soil party was formed, and as if all the brightest and most promising in American life was about to slowly form a party of real reform. Cleveland has a great opportunity. Will he embrace it?

Booming Uganda.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—A prospectus has been issued by the Hon. Cecil Rhodes for a company having a capital of £400,000. The shares to be allotted of £140,000 are subscribed to enable the construction of a cable to Uganda.

Securities Weak.

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—On the Boerse the prices of many securities showed weakness during the past week. But little change was apparent in international funds.

Generally Low.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 11.—On the Boerse last week the international funds were generally low.

Bye-Election in North Hastings.

OTTAWA, Dec. 11.—The writ for a bye-election in North Hastings, caused by Hon. Mackenzie Bowell's elevation to the Senate, has been issued. Polling is fixed for Dec. 30.

Don't miss the auction sale of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Reid's oil paintings and water-color drawings to-morrow at The Mart.

1892, "The Cream of the Havana Crop."

"La Cadena" and "La Flora" brands of cigars are undoubtedly superior in quality and considerably lower in price than any brand imported. Prejudiced smokers will not admit this to be the case. The connoisseur knows it. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136

The finest handkerchief extract ever offered Canadians—John Taylor & Co.'s White Rose. 135

LIKE THE BIRCHALL CASE.

ONTARIO RUGBY FOOTBALL UNION'S DECISION.

Led to Buy a Chicken Farm in Virginia, Kept Drunk and Defrauded Out of $12,000—Brought Out By an Alleged Firm of Montreal Swindlers.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 10.—Last week John F. Swineburne, a young Englishman, left Richmond for New York, and after spending a day or two there with distant relatives sailed for his old home. During his stay in America he got rid of $12,000, which his mother sent him while in this country.

C. B. Richardson, a druggist of Chester, Va., accompanied the young man to New York, and at his suggestion Swineburne, while in that city, made a sworn statement in the presence of the druggist and three members of the New York Young Men's Christian Association as to his experiences while in America.

He said he first went to Montreal in response to an advertisement in English newspapers of a firm there, offering to teach young Englishmen the American mode of farming. They sent him to Covington, Va., where he was met by a man who said he was from Richmond. This stranger told him there was money to be made in poultry raising, and suggested that he stock a farm at Centralia, near Richmond, with chickens. He went with his newly-found instructor to that place and about 100 fowls were bought to start with.

What happened afterward, Swineburne said, was a mystery to him, as he was kept drunk all the time. He remembered that there were three men on the farm, and they made him write to his mother several times for money. But he never saw the money when it came. Finally the whisky given him tasted bitter. He was made to drink it and grew weaker and weaker, until Mr. Richardson took him away from Centralia and brought him to Richmond for treatment.

It was weeks before the effects of constant intoxication wore off, and his mind became clear, and then he decided to return to his mother.

Mr. Richardson gave the correspondent the facts so far as known to him.

While in New York Swineburne gave Richardson a power of attorney, and the druggist says he will probe the matter to the bottom. He said the facts in his possession showed that Swineburne's mother sent him $12,000 while he was at Centralia, and that the young man saw none of it. Richardson also said that he had evidence to show that efforts were made to dispose of the young man by slow poison.

After being put under the treatment of a Richmond physician it was two months before Swineburne's stomach would retain any food. The men who were with the Englishman at Centralia have left there and Richardson says they are in this city, but he has not at present evidence to convict them if they were arrested.

ACONITE POISON.

Said to be the Drug Used to Cause Baron Reinach's Death.

PARIS, Dec. 10.—At the session to-day of the Panama Committee M. Brisson, the president, stated that he agreed with the proposal made by M. Bourgeois, Minister of Justice, that a sub-committee composed of seven members of Committee, including its president be appointed to examine the Panama legal documents to ascertain if any members of the Chamber of Deputies were compromised in the scandal.

The sub-committee was then selected. It was decided to keep secret the contents of the document, whether they were favorable or unfavorable to the Panama defendants.

M. Bourgeois to-day communicated to the committee a schedule of 490 legal documents bearing on the affairs of the company, that are in possession of the procureur.

Dr. Brouardel denies the rumors that he has already found evidence that Baron Reinach's death was due to unnatural causes. The viscera and the brain were to-night brought to the toxicological laboratory at Paris.

The Libre Parole, nevertheless, persists that the examination revealed that death was due to aconite poisoning.

The Paris correspondent of The London News says that the autopsy was performed on the body of Baron de Reinach. All newspaper representatives were excluded from the cemetery, but were allowed to watch from a barn loft overlooking the grave. It will be impossible for three weeks to say whether or not Baron de Reinach died of aconite poisoning. The suspicion that he did is due to the fact that the partly empty phial of aconite was found near his bed.

The London Times Paris correspondent says: The Reinach scandal is worthy of the middle ages. The Parliaments, the magistracy and the press are all crying for the corpse. Only the brush of a Callot or a Hobein could do justice to the scenes presented at the cemetery. When the autopsy was performed there was an unseemly scramble between the doctors and the reporters to reach the grave. The doctors were victorious. They whitened the windows of the room in which the autopsy was performed so that nothing was visible from the outside.

A SPARTAN FATHER.

A Man of 80 Forced to Act as Undertaker and Sexton for His Son.

EGANVILLE, Ont., Dec. 10.—A sad death occurred in the township of Sherwood, a young man named Reckza, the only support of an aged father, frequented a house in the settlement that diphtheria was in and after returning home complained of symptoms of that dreaded disease, took to his bed and seven days afterwards died, not having secured medical attendance. No one could be found to make a coffin, and his poor old father, aged 80 years, by means of old boards in a rough state made a box and placed his poor boy in it and with his daughter drove a distance of 12 miles to the graveyard in the Polish settlement.

Wants to Find Her Hubby.

Mrs. James Dewar of 183 Sumach-street, Toronto, writes the St. Catharines police asking information regarding the whereabouts of her husband. Dewar was for some time employed in Crowie's carpenter shop in Geneva-street. He is not in the city at present, nor has he been for some time.

The oil paintings and water-color drawings of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Reid will be sold at Oliver, Coate & Co.'s Mart to-morrow.

A Restaurant Keeper Skips.

OTTAWA, Dec. 11.—Tom Anderton, who has run the Bodega Restaurant for two years, had a successful business rival and is now widening the distance between himself and his creditors. Liabilities about $2000.

Enkosis, or Lacrosse, at all Fancy Goods Dealers.

The Late Sir Daniel Wilson.

Recently made photographs can be had at Herbert E. Simpson's, 143 College-street. 136

Don't go home to-night without a game of Enkosis.

Sale of G. A. Reid's pictures by Oliver, Coate & Co. to-morrow.

WHOLESALE POISON.

It Is Said that Scores of Non-Union Men at Homestead Are Victims of the Strikers' Venom.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 11.—A Sunday paper published a startling story to-day of a conspiracy to poison by wholesale the non-union men at the Carnegie steel plant in Homestead.

The developments made, it is said, implicate members of the Advisory Committee, members of the amalgamated associations and officers of some of the labor organizations sympathizing with the locked-out men at Homestead.

As a result of this conspiracy it is alleged that several persons have lost their lives, while scores of others are still suffering at their homes and in hospitals from the effects of poisonous drugs administered to them with criminal intent.

To-day nine or more persons identified with the strike are under arrest, ostensibly on less serious charges, but really for the purpose of averting suspicion until all those who are claimed to be in the hellish conspiracy have been secured.

At Homestead the story was pronounced ridiculous.

A. E. Beck, counsel for the Carnegie Steel Company, was seen to-night and confirmed the story of the poisoning. He gave as information that at least six deaths had resulted from poisoning. A Homestead druggist and physician are implicated. The powder was given to a dog and it died in a few minutes. Coroner McDowell has not yet been notified.

The poison was administered in food cooked for the Carnegie men.

AMERICANS SURPRISED.

The Latin Union Delegates Are Not Strongly Supporting Bi-Metallism.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 11.—At the meeting of the Monetary Conference yesterday, Herr Hans Hoisell of the Sweden and Norway delegation, referring to Congressman McCreary's declared preference for a fixed ratio between gold and silver of 16 to 1, asked the Americans if they would agree to a ratio of 20 to 1, which would be a nearer approach to the present value.

Senator Allison replied that the Americans would prefer a ratio of 16 to 1, but, if agreeable to the European states, the Americans might accept a different ratio. For himself he thought that silver using states would most logically adopt the ratio of 15 1-2 to 1. America would accept no ratio unless a sufficient number of governments entered into the agreement to make it effectual.

United States Delegate H. W. Cannon, in reply to M. Tierard, said he was surprised at the attitude of the Latin union delegates, as it was supposed they would be very friendly to the use of silver as money. He thought the proposed purchase of 30 million ounces of silver annually by Europe provided that it was in addition to the silver now naturally used might be a bridge to join the money metals again. America up to the present time had had no difficulty in maintaining a parity between gold and silver and intended to maintain it. If, however, silver was to be further dishonored and used the same as paper money, without regard to price, America would still be in an excellent position to profit by this state of affairs, as has been shown in the conference.

FOREIGN FINANCES.

Ministerial Crisis and Silver Conference Have an Effect.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—A gradual weakening of discount rates was apparent last week. The final quotations were three months 2, short 1. Silver became a trifle steadier after a relapse in the middle of the week.

There is now apparent a general conviction that the Brussels conference will close without arriving at any practical arrangement. The India Council's refusal on Tuesday to accept low tenders for bills, especially when it became known that only a quarter of the amount offered was applied for, greatly contributed to depress silver, and this depression in turn adversely affected all silver securities and depressed stock exchange business generally.

American railway securities, after advancing until the middle of the week, relaxed on the silver collapse, but the movements were light.

ROCKET SIGNALS.

A Steamship Split in Two and the Crew Supposed to Be Lost.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The British steamship Dibberg, Captain Davies, was wrecked off Long Sand, near Harwich, last night.

Her rocket signals were responded to by a Harwich lifeboat. When the lifesavers reached the scene of the wreck they found the vessel split in two and partly embedded in the sand. They were unable to board her until high tide at daybreak, when they found a seaman drowned below deck.

The other members of the crew were missing and are supposed to have perished, as fragments of boats were found hanging to the davits.

It is reported that a schooner was wrecked on the sands in the vicinity of the wreck of the Dibberg, and that her crew is missing.

Rentes are Higher.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—The new Cabinet is generally approved by the moderate section of the public. Although many assert that the Ministers must fall before long, a more general opinion is that M. Ribot will retain his post until the elections in June. Thus rentes come out of the crisis higher and with good tone. Spanish securities, as an effect of the change of the Ministry in Spain, closed on the Bourse yesterday 1½ higher.

Penny Postage for the Empire.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The Chronicle says that the British Government has practically decided to adopt penny postage throughout the Empire.

Sheathed His Sword.

LISBON, Dec. 11.—The Minister of War has resigned.

Toothache—When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum.

A new insurance—Digestion absolutely insured by using Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti recommended by the eminent Dr. Guernsey of New York. Sold by all druggists and confectioners—5 cents.

The comfort of the Boudoir—John Taylor & Co.'s Lilac Blossom. 135

Xmas Gift—Enkosis, the Parlor Game of Lacrosse.

Local Jottings.

Col. Bain of Kentucky gave a stirring prohibition address at the Pavilion yesterday.

A defective gasplpe in the cellar of St. James' Hall, Toronto Junction, caused a $6500 fire on Saturday morning.

Engineer Keating has requested the street railway company to place heated cars as waiting-rooms at the termini of Queen-street and Broadview-avenue routes.

During the week there were reported at the Medical Health Office 33 cases of diphtheria, 14 of scarlet fever and 12 of typhoid. There is a decrease of 13 diphtheria cases compared with the previous week.

A delightful and delicious Christmas present—a box of Adams' Tutti Frutti new flavors—Violet, Rose and Lilac.

VALUE OF CANADIAN NICKEL

NOW BETTER KNOWN IN THE U.S. AND ENGLAND.

The Secretary of the American Navy Sounds the Praise of the Metal in No Uncertain Tones—He Says in His Annual Report It Has Made His Vessels the Best in the World.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The Secretary of the Navy in his annual report pays particular attention to the Harveyized nickel-steel compound, the tests of which have, he says, never been equalled or even approached before by any armor plate, American or foreign.

It has demonstrated that the United States in the reconstruction of its new navy, which 10 years ago had no existence, even on paper, is enabled to place upon each and all of its armored vessels a material the like of which the world up to the present time has not seen, and that while vast sums have been spent in plating the sides of foreign men-of-war with an inferior metal this country will employ for the purpose an armor which is not only far more efficient, but which represents unquestionably, having reference to the dimensions of plates thus far tested, the highest development of modern science.

A Test in England.

Following the example of the United States the English Government four weeks ago held a trial of the American armor, and it is clear from the highly successful results of the trial that the United States instead of being last in the race in the construction of vessels of war or of borrowing its best ideas from abroad, has set an example in this respect which other maritime powers will speedily follow.

The Secretary refers to the appropriation of $1,000,000 made by Congress for the purchase of nickel matte and shows what has been done with it.

The first purchase was a quantity valued at $50,000 from the Canadian Copper Company, and, after making further experiments, the Department came to a decision, the correctness of which subsequent developments have fully confirmed, to employ this material in the manufacture of armor.

A contract was entered into June 15, 1891, between the Canadian Copper Company and the United States, represented by the Secretary of the Navy, for the purchase of 4000 tons of nickel and copper matte.

The Secretary then gives the figures paid out by his department to the Canadian Copper Company, on purchase account, $321,381.86, and the total cost, including freight, refining, etc., $395,039.

A BUSY LIFE.

It Ended When Success Was Established Beyond a Doubt.

GUELPH, Ont., Dec. 11.—J. B. Armstrong, president of the J. B. Armstrong Manufacturing Company and the Guelph CarriageGoods Company, died this morning after a few days' illness, aged 55.

Deceased was a large and well-known manufacturer for the past 25 years. A few years ago he thought he could compete successfully with the manufacturers of the United States, and he erected a large spring and carriage goods factory at Flint, Mich. The success of that establishment proved he was correct in his calculations.

A CANADIAN CONVICT.

An Escaped Forger Recognized in an Opium Smuggler.

W. T. McPherson of Toronto, arrested at Detroit charged with smuggling opium from Canada, has been recognized as W. B. McCauley, an escaped convict from Stoney Mountain, Manitoba, Penitentiary.

"McCauley is the man's right name, although he has had a dozen aliases. He is a man of good education and excellent ability, and could not fail to have done well if he had adopted honesty as his policy. He is about 60 years old. His wife is an excellent woman, the daughter of a clergyman. He was sentenced to the Manitoba Prison for ten years on conviction of forgery, and had served about two years when he escaped a year ago last October. He was at work in the office, being regarded as a trusty man, and simply walked off."

Substitution.

It is universally conceded that when a manufactured article has been a standard and staple for many years amongst the trade the profit thereon through competition simmers down to almost a cash discount, of which there are comparatively few who can avail themselves; therefore other brands than those that are standard and staple are substituted in their stead, upon which there is considerable margin. Competition has increased to such an enormous extent amongst wholesalers and retailers that a great many of them consider it necessary and advisable to substitute other brands that seemingly produce large profits. Some are of opinion that by so doing they benefit thereby. Others prefer to handle standard and staple lines, upon which, although the profit is small, the *turnover* is much *greater*; and in the *aggregate*, profit larger; not taking into consideration the fact that it is much easier and less expensive, and more satisfactory to sell staple lines than those that are unknown. The consumer unfortunately does not understand that when he enquires for a certain class of goods and is informed that they "have none in stock" or "are just out," or "we don't handle them" (which are remarks frequently made by dealers), that their object is to push articles that pay a larger profit. To the thinking public it is obvious that the consumer is a loser thereby, and that in order that he should get the best value obtainable for his money, he should *insist* upon having standard and staple lines. It is a well-known and indisputable fact that the celebrated brands of cigars "La Cadena," "La Flora" (manufactured from the cream of the Havana crops), "El Padre," "Madre E Hijo," "Cable Extra" (our new line), "Kickers" and "Mungos" are standard and staple goods, and are manufactured under conditions which for the production of a first-class article in every respect are unexcelled. Therefore it behooves them for their own sake to insist upon having these brands, thereby insuring to them a *reliable* smoke and *full value for their money*. The cry that is repeatedly heard that "it is difficult to obtain a good cigar" will be unnecessary and uncalled for if they insist upon having the brands mentioned. For nearly half a century we have endeavored to place before the public the best value obtainable consistent with the prices charged; and it is well known that our goods are staple and reliable; and that the demand for the same is increasing. We therefore respectfully beg to state that when our brands are enquired for, and the answers above mentioned are given, we will upon application to us undertake to deliver, in small or large quantities, any of our brands that are desired. Our goods are better than ever. Our aim has always been to produce nothing but fine goods, which the public have shown their appreciation of by the enormous quantities that are sold annually. We aim to protect the consumer as well as the dealer, and by his enquiring for our goods he protects himself. 136

The oil paintings and water-color drawings of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Reid will be sold at Oliver, Coate & Co.'s Mart to-morrow.

Christmas will soon be here again, and people are already wondering what they will get for presents. Nothing gives more satisfaction than a tastefully framed picture. As usual Matthews Bros. & Co., 95 Yonge-street, have a good supply of water colors, etchings, etc. Call and make your selections early. e

AN ILLIGANT ROW AT ENNIS.

Tim Healy and Other Members of Parliament Attacked With Stones—The Carriage Windows Were Smashed.

DUBLIN, Dec. 11.—While returning to Ennis to-day from an election meeting Timothy M. Healy and other members of Parliament were attacked with stones and other missiles.

The carriage windows were smashed and the woodwork was broken. P. A. Chance, M.P., was injured.

FURNITURE FACTORY BURNED.

Constructed of Wood, it Burned Rapidly and Was Totally Destroyed.

Atcheson's furniture factory, a large frame building in the Kingston-road, near Norway Hill, was completely destroyed by fire last night.

Bolton-avenue fire station was notified at 6.58 o'clock and the brigade turned out, but as it was a frame structure the headway of the flames could not be sufficiently checked to preserve the building and in an hour and a half it was completely gutted. No origin for the fire can be assigned.

The loss is estimated at between $4000 and $5000 and is reported to be fully covered by insurance.

MASSEY MUSIC HALL.

Energetic Action to Secure Mr. Massey's Munificent Gift.

An enthusiastic meeting of business and professional gentlemen was held in the office of George A. Cox re the munificent gift of $100,000 to the citizens by H. A. Massey. The meeting voiced strongly in favor of a large music hall, and a committee of the following named gentlemen were appointed to devise a scheme whereby the institution would be self-sustaining in the future, Mr. Massey requiring a guarantee to that effect: His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Saunders, Messrs. H. A. Massey, John Earls, J. J. Withrow, J. Herbert Mason, T. G. Mason, J. B. Boustead, C. D. Massey, George A. Cox, S. T. Church.

UNDER THE WHEELS.

A Woman's Arm Cut Off by a Trolley Car.

About 11 a.m. Saturday Mrs. Charles Wilson of 57 Alice-street attempted to board a south-bound Yonge-street car while in motion, but, losing her balance, was thrown violently to the ground. The wheels of the trailer passed over her left arm, crushing it in a horrible manner. Her right leg was broken at the ankle, and it is feared she also sustained internal injuries.

She was removed to the General Hospital in the ambulance, where her arm was amputated at the shoulder. She will probably recover.

A SELECT AUDIENCE.

It Shows How the Prison Association is Appreciated.

Rev. J. V. Smith preached the annual sermon of the Prisoners' Aid Association at the Metropolitan Church yesterday afternoon. The discourse was clear and to the point, and well calculated to rouse interest in the working of the association. In fact it deserved a better hearing than it received. The audience consisted of 17 persons in the body, two in the gallery, four choir girls and the organist; and yet the sermon had been announced in various churches and tickets of admission distributed. The supply of "special" sermons is in excess of the demand.

Under Seizure.

The customs officers on the Niagara frontier have been specially vigilant of late, and as a result several seizures have been made of smuggled goods, but of minor importance. Friday, however, a very important one was made, being no less than the Chippawa Printing Company's stock and plant. This company has been selling a line of illuminated cards, etc., to merchants in Toronto, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford and other places at very low figures, bringing the stock from the other side without the usual formalities at the customs. A customs officer is now in charge of the place, and the accused parties have paid a fine of $100 and given a bond for $1000 to pay any further amount demanded by the department.

Appointment of Examiners for 1893.

At a meeting of the Joint Board held at the Education Department on Saturday morning the following examiners were appointed to prepare the various papers required for the High School leaving and University matriculation examinations of 1893:

English—Prof. J. Alexander, Ph.D., J. E. Bryant, M.A., F. H. Sykes, M.A.

Classics—Prof. A. J. Bell, Ph.D., Prof. J. Fletcher, M.A., W. S. Milner, B.A.

Mathematics—Prof. A. R. Bain, M.A., LL.D., A. T. DeLury, B.A., Prof. A. C. McKay, B.A.

Moderns—Prof. J. Petch, M.A., Prof. J. Squair, B.A., A. H. Young, B.A.

Science—C. A. Chant, B.A., E. C. Jeffrey, B.A., Prof. A. B. Knight, M.A., M.D.

An Exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. Reid have now on exhibition a splendid collection of pictures, the majority being this summer's work and painted in the Katskills. Those who appreciate art will find many phases of life well known to them, views taken direct from nature that attract the eye and stimulate the imagination. Many of the pictures tell their own story.

Play Enkosis, the Parlor Game of Lacrosse.

Wants to Succeed Col. Pope.

A Lockport, N.Y., despatch says: "George F. Greene is an active seeker for the consulate at Clifton, and R. D. Ashford thinks that Toronto would be to his liking. The latter claims to have the united support of the County Committee in his quest."

All Lacrosse players are talking about Enkosis.

In Lieu of a Loud Voice.

Rev. Mr. Drowsie of the Slumber-street Church while buying a rather bright colored necktie the other day at quinn's remarked that he was determined to keep his congregation awake in future even if it cost him his ministerial dignity. ed

The Late Bishop O'Mahony.

At Herbert E. Simpson, 143 College-street photographs large and small can be had. 136

Sale of G. A. Reid's pictures by Oliver, Coate & Co. to-morrow.

Don't fail to try Taylor's Lilac Blossom perfume. 135

BIRTHS.

DEAS—Alice, wife of Gilbert A. Deas, of a son, on Dec. 10, 1892, 101 Chestnut-street.

DEATHS.

LOUDON—At Aiken, South Carolina, on the 7th inst., Olive Elizabeth, daughter of James and Julia Loudon, aged 17 years.

Funeral to-day, Monday, at 3 o'clock, from 83 St. George-street.

FERGUSON—At 165 Niagara-street, on Sunday, Dec. 11, Sarah Elizabeth, beloved wife of James Ferguson, in her 43rd year.

Funeral from above address on Tuesday, Dec. 13, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis Cemetery. Friends please accept this intimation.

FUNSTON—On Dec. 11, at his daughter's residence, corner Queen and Sherbourne-streets, after a short illness, William Funston, aged 72 years 10 months, brother of J. J. Funston.

Funeral Tuesday, Dec. 13, at 3 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

JEAN—On Dec. 10, 1892, at her parents' residence, 3 Fitzroy Terrace, Alice Jean, aged 7 years 1 month.

Funeral at 2.30 p.m. Monday to St. James' Cemetery.

Hamilton papers please copy.

FOUND DEAD ON THE SHORE.

SUICIDE FOLLOWS AFTER UNREQUITED LOVE.

Teenie Henderson Was Wooed and Won by a Young Methodist Minister—He Married Another Lady—Teenie Became Despondent and Ran to a Suicide's Death in Her Night Dress.

HAMILTON, Dec. 10.—The circumstances connected with the death of Teenie Henderson, whose body was found lying on the cold sands of Willow Cove, on the north side of Hamilton Bay, this morning, would furnish all the elements for a sombre romance.

At daylight this morning searchers found the body of the unfortunate young woman lying on the bay shore. She had died of exposure.

Teenie Henderson lived with her mother and uncle in an ancient-looking old frame dwelling on the bluff overlooking the bay near the Roman Catholic cemetery.

She was a fine-looking young woman, a teacher in the Sunday school, and a member of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor in connection with the neighboring church.

According to the story told a reporter by her uncle, Alexander Henderson, this morning, Teenie was wooed and won by a young Methodist minister who had charge of the church she attended. A little over a year ago she announced her engagement to her friends and her wedding dress was got ready. But something came between them at the last moment, and the girl became despondent and melancholy.

She Became More Despondent.

Meanwhile the young preacher had come to Hamilton to take charge of a prominent congregation and had married here. Miss Henderson became more despondent and gradually her brain seemed to become affected.

A fright she sustained last June, when a couple of drunken city roughs tried to break into the house on a Sunday afternoon, still further aggravated her mental trouble, and soon after she took to her bed and has remained there almost altogether since that time, only getting up at intervals. Physically she was quite well, but her mental trouble seemed to be of a peculiar kind.

Yesterday she was in her room as usual. Mr. Henderson and his sister, who are the only other inmates of the house, were up late. Teenie was in her room then.

They went out to the barn for some purpose, and returning five minutes later found the girl gone. Taking a lantern old Henderson searched in every direction, calling his niece, but could find no traces of her. They searched most of the night, and as soon as it was daylight went out again.

Just in the gray winter dawn they found the body. It was lying in the tangled mass of weeds and drifted flotsam washed up by the waves in the pretty cove just east of Willow Point.

There was nothing on the body but a night-dress, and the deceased lay on her side, the feet only being in the water. It is nearly a quarter of a mile from the house to the bay shore, and she had evidently come down along a rough path in a ravine, for her face and arms were scratched and her feet cut by stones and pierced by thorns.

Would Have Been an Heiress.

"If Teenie had lived," said Mr. Henderson, "she would have fallen heir to a fortune of about $20,000 when her aunt, Mrs. Fouldes, who lives on the beach, dies. Her aunt left all her property to her in her will." He admitted that the clergyman had never visited at the house a great deal.

The father of the deceased is said to be living in this city and his name is McAllister, but the girl and her mother had lived with Alexander Henderson since she was born. The Hendersons formerly lived here also.

The clergyman to whom the girl's uncle said she was engaged was shocked at the news of Miss Henderson's death, but smiled when he was told of the reported relation between her and him. "The report is absurdly false," he said.

"I always thought there was something wrong with the poor girl, mentally. She was not actually demented, but was eccentric, and what the neighbors called 'soft.' I am afraid she used to be laughed at a good deal by her acquaintances. Recently Miss Henderson ceased to use my