ADVENTURE ON THIBET'S BORDER

Explorer Brought to Shankhai

with me. I passed through Pekin, and took fast railroad to Hankow and found all the arrangements of railroad most comfortable and service excellent, etc., also Hankow hotel. Then I went up the river through Sashi, Ichang, Gwei-fu, to Wanshen, where I and examined, and I signed a paper written in Chinese, under a certain amount of compulsion. I can neither the product of the prod

Arrival in Chengtu arrived in Chengtu at the begin-

had given me no reason why I should though several forigners asked to be delay and I would remain for some days in Tajinlu. So I delayed one day I take this stand that as I was STEAMER ALASKAN

quickly as possible. It took me only 14 days from Wanshen to Chengtu, the capital of Szechuen Province, whereas if I had remained on the river and gone by boat via Chungking it would have taken me three weeks.

Arrival in Chengtu

Arrested By Chinese. I arrived in Chengtu at the beginning of January and was appointed by the master of a school to a good position, salary, etc., under a contract for one year. The agreement was all drawn up and the matter all settled, when at the last minute the official of aducation of Caengtu objected, and

days in Tajinlu. So I delayed one day more in this place to await any further message in answer to mine and then I pushed on to Tajinlu where I remained for five or six days, but as no mail came for me, and, as I was anxious to travel as quickly as possible and as I considered my time to be very valuable to me, I left. At Bathang I received notice from a Chinaman that Dr. Shelton had sent a telegram asking me to come back to Tajinlu. Thinking it was sentimental because of what the doctor had said of savageness of people and dangers beyond Bathang I paid no attention to it. Of course the Bathank daren refused to allow me or any other foreigner to enter Tibet so I compromised with him and easily gave up any idea when the standard that as I was a coquitted after 31 days' trial in Liking the standard that as I was a coquitted after 31 days' trial in Liking the whole affair was an accident and could not be helped and who would have kept their promise to allow me to go no to India. I hold that in my weak and sick and starving condition it was absolutely unnecessary for me to go to Chungking, to endure six when four days would have put me in to go to the consul, but he ignored me entirely. In Yali-fu I could have seen foreigners, and obtashed food, medicine, etc. Had I been found guilty and not acquitted after 31 days' trial in Liking, who were satisfied that the whole affair was an accident and could not be helped and who would have kept their promise to allow me to go not to India. I hold that in my chief and starving condition it was absolutely unnecessary for me to go to Chungking, to endure six when four days would have put me in to go to the consul, but he ignored me entirely. In Yali-fu I could have seen foreigners, and obtashed food, medicine, etc. Had I been found guilty and not acquitted after 31 days' trial in Likinger.

I take this stand that as I was acquitted after 31 days' trial in Likinger. Who we well as the whole affair was an accident and could not be helped and who would have well and who would hav

TIENTSIN IS TRYING TO RETAIN SUPREMACY

At Likiangfu I was arrested and put on trial by Chinese government officials. It was proved to their satisfacthe River and Bar

And the second of the control of the

some years the Mischief was sold to a syndicate and taken to Ketchikas, being lengthened and fitted with housework and another deck, and, under the name of Alaskan, she ran from Ketchikan. She is owned by the Alaskan company. The vessel is 80 feet long, 18.7 feet beam and 7.4 feet

called them to go down to the sea in that we might induce other nations to

and during the Klondike rush went to

search for possible survivors of the lost schooner Laura Grey, which foundered off Clayoquot, drowning 38 people, when bound to the Koyokuk river from Seattle. After being tied up at Victoria for Some years the Mischief William of the Koyokuk river from Seattle. STIRRING ADVENTURE

Brigands on Way to Pacific Goes to Comox

ing in fleets continues to prevail in China is exactly the same as that which influenced the early Venetian and Gensese mariners, and the hardy sailorfolk around the shores of the North Sea, the Flemings, the Hanoverlans, the Holsteiners, the Schleswigers, and the Danes, to adopt a similar plan whenever their occasions called them to go down to the sea in that we might induce other nations to

Explorer Brought to Sharkh
for Shotting Chinese Suffers Much Hardship

CHARGES AGAINST CONSU

Man Who Shot Thibetan So
dier Tells Story of His
Trial

An American explorer manad. Dr.
an and the part of the street of the stree

in New notes. The difference in the importance actual and sentimental, of the two institutions is a measure of the difference in the basic seriousness of the government regarding the corresponding sections. the corresponding panics. On top of the silver agitation came

ful as possible. The country had voted in 1892 for tariff reform, and quick, decisive action at an extra session of congress in the spring of 1893 would have put our industries on a healthy basis with a minimum of unsettlement. But the matter was allowed to drag; Cific Goes to Comox

But the matter was allowed to drag, nobody knew when anything would be done or what the action would be; manufacturers were afraid to buy taxed materials when their competitors, being rescued by a British warship, passed up early this morning from Tacoma bound to Comox to load bunker or coal for her voyage to Europe with wheat. The incident occurred when the Craighall was on her way to the Pacific coast with cargo for San Franteen of the country to the country when the results when their competitors, but the local United States immigrate the country when their competitors, burgar, amnounced on arrival of the steamer Kumeric about three wes ago, he has received instructions from the steamer, will be unable south. As, Mr. Burford, in charge the local United States immigrate the local United States in the local United States in

RECENT RULING

a tariff upheaval which could not have been more disturbing to business if all hands had united to make it as harmful as possible. The acceptance are medically showing they are bound to the full as possible. The acceptance are medically showing they are bound to the manufacture of the showing they are bound to the manufacture of the showing they are bound to the manufacture of the showing they are bound to the manufacture of the showing they are bound to the manufacture of the showing they are bound to the showing th unable to prevent the men from

ing.

If Dr. Milne allows the land any of the Japanese holding pass made out for the United State seems that these people, once la from the steamer, will be

the shock to confidence complete the framers of the new tariff based their trust, but as they journeyed on their mission they probably spread the report of the disabled ship for within a few hours a band of 300 brigands, armed with Mauser rifles and scimitars, gathered around the vessel.

They made a rush and boarded the Craighall, swarmed all over decks, examining everything valuable. Their disappointment was visible when they lifted the hatches and saw the ship carried a cargo of coal.

The captain's message had reached Centa, and sent a cablegram across the Gibraltar. A Spanish salvage boat and British torpedo boat, under the command of Admiral Sir Chichester, appeared, and took in the situation at once.

A wireless message asking aid was sent from the torpedo boat to the Partitish cruiser Amethyst seventy miles

Friday, Dece

Laurier and Fi Oppose Re-

QUIBBLES ON

Finance Minis Misreprese

Following ar Hansard of Dec British Colu nal conside debate on the speech from the did not in his the subject

But. sir. I nore grieve vhat also t imbia, and British Colu eopen the que n his speech Mr. Fielding sidized organ neartened be espect of the ween British

pretty careful ing pledge to 'Let me sa Columbia. for special minion and t not only that ceptional and and physical are such as quiry and in any injustice Nothing has my opinion character of recent campai

British Colun Now, sir, th that since he nothing has opinion takes acter of that thing has oc ing character that that quality this house r that a new with the pre house, and Mr. R. L.

out the word Sir Wilfrid Mr. R. L. the act, I Sir Wil gentleman w tion of pro had to deal arrangemen satisfactory satisfactor the provin share in the Dominion: bodied in the venue to Dominion be fixed and points in th brought co scarcely di enacted wa Scotia; the after year made, now with anothe must have ous. When with one in another to year u came to the it, and ask the subsidie the province

been ten to have a city of (authorit place her month of give to t Sir Wi the memb These r mously province ment. claim base acter, vast Dominio just and ance a only que be the tish Co erial th termined

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of Quebec settlemen