

## To-Day's Messages.

10.00 A. M.

### MAJOR ROOSEVELT WOUNDED.

OYSTER BAY, N.Y., To-day. Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., has been slightly wounded and taken to a hospital in Paris, according to a cable received to-night, by his father Col. Theodore Roosevelt, from his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt.

### ALL THE MORE NECESSARY.

PARIS, To-day. News of the death of the former Russian Emperor is accepted as more than probable here, especially as it appears to be believed in Germany. The Temps says the ex-Emperor's death must produce unforeseen consequences in Russia, hence it is necessary more than ever that the Allies far seeing policy in Russia, the principles of which should certainly be in conformity to those formulated in Washington, should be established.

### GERMANS STILL RETREATING.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE.—(By the A.P.)—From heights overlooking the Marne the correspondent observed the scene of the battle throughout yesterday. Until after nightfall it was evident that the Germans were contemplating a further retreat after their defeat at the hands of American, French, British and Italian divisions, which counter attacks and manoeuvres had brought about a precipitate retreat of the Crown Prince's chosen troops, and sent them fleeing to the north bank of the Marne. These troops didn't cross the Marne without hindrance as the French and American batteries fired continuously for 72 hours, aiming both at the banks of the Marne, and the pontoons erected by the enemy across the stream. For long periods enemy troops were prevented by this fire from utilizing the pontoons for crossing the river. In the meantime Allied troops, including French and Americans, continually harassed the enemy infantry units which had tried for several days to ascend the Marne Valley towards Epernay. The enemy was eventually forced back yesterday morning into the valley of the Marne, where he occupied, but not for long, a narrow strip of ground. Here the enemy fought desperately, but even when they reached the north side of the river, the Germans had no peace. Shells fell upon and around their columns as they tried to reach a shelter in the valley beyond. Their chances of obtaining supplies of ammunition and food were meagre, for the French and American guns were pouring projectiles over the crests into the ravines and along the roads leading to the river. Aviators reported German troops concentrating in the hollows evidently in preparation for a fresh move to the rear, in order to escape the danger of being cut off. The airman carried out their task under great difficulties. The wind was blowing a hurricane, yet they flew and did great work, reporting often to the Commanders, who could thus train the artillery on places where the Germans were massing.

### BERLIN BRIEF.

BERLIN, To-day. Fresh fighting developed this evening between the Aisne and the Ourcq, according to a later German official statement. On the front, between the Aisne and the Marne, the statement adds, French attacks have been unsuccessful.

### FRENCH ADVANCE UNCHECKED.

LONDON, To-day. The enemy is still fighting very hard bringing up fresh men and delivering local attacks, but doesn't seem to be able to hold the French advance along the line north of Chateau Thierry, according to advices from the front. German traffic at Fere on Tardenois is being vigorously and continually bombed by French airmen. The situation is considered as being distinctly promising. The Germans apparently have to do one or two things, clear the French off the railway west of the Fere-en-Tardenois, or bring back their troops from north of the Marne to flatten out the salient. Further north the French have reached the high road from Soissons to Chateau-Thierry near the village of Harbennes et-Taux. The high road and the railway from Soissons to Chateau-Thierry is well within range of the French guns, along its whole length, and is being subjected to artillery fire. The same applies to the junction of this road with the only possible alternative line, which comes from Fismes and joins it at Nabléville Notre Dame. The latter place is also within gun range. The supply situation of the enemy on the Marne is thus becoming more difficult each hour as the latest gain in this region brings the depth of the French advance over the 27 mile front between the two rivers, up to between six and eight and one half miles.

### WAR REVIEW.

LONDON, To-day. (By the A. P.)—Victories for the Allied armies in France continue to mul-

tiply over the whole 60 miles front running from Soissons to Rheims. The Allied troops are fighting with a determination that brooks no denial of their efforts, and the Germans are steadily giving ground though with stubborn resistance. On some sectors further goodly sized indentations have been made in the German line, between Soissons and Chateau-Thierry by the American and French troops and almost all the gains made by the Germans in their recent drive south of the Marne, and towards the vicinity of Rheims, have been blotted out under the counter attacks of the American, French, British and the Italians. Chateau-Thierry which represents the point in the battle line where the Germans had driven their wedge nearest Paris, has been recaptured by the French troops and almost simultaneously the village of Bréville, two miles east, and the heights to the north of the village, fell into their hands. Acting in harmony with the movement on Chateau-Thierry, American and French troops northwest of the city struck the Germans another blow, broke through the German lines and drove through at some points to a depth of more than three miles. Large number of prisoners were taken and the machine guns of the Allied troops literally moved down the enemy, who endeavoured to stay their progress. Allied troops are now harassing the enemy southwest of Rheims, and they have been forced to retire. In the Courton Wood, the Ardre Valley and near St. Euphrasie, notwithstanding their desperate resistance. The number of British operating in this region is not known. The first announcement that they were in action was made Saturday, and doubtless they represent a part of the great reserves that everywhere are being brought up along the battle line, in an endeavour to make secure the victories already won, and enlarge them. With the capture of Chateau-Thierry, and the fast progress of the French and Americans east from the Northern sectors, the plight of the Germans in the southwest portion of Soissons-Rheims salient, becomes increasingly hazardous, and it is not improbable that when stock in finally taken, large numbers of prisoners and quantities of guns and war stores will be found to have been taken by Allied troops. Aviators continue to lend assistance to the troops of General Foch, scouting back areas and harassing the retreating Germans with their machine guns. Notable work has been done by American Indians for General Pershing's men, the aborigines taking a prominent part in characteristic western fashion in scouting in the Marne region. It has definitely been established that an enemy submarine is again operating in American waters. An undersea boat Sunday off Cape Cod, Mass., destroyed four barges and a tug and dropped four shells on the mainland. In none of the other theatres except the Soissons-Rheims salient, is there any fighting of great moment in progress. The British in Northern France and Flanders are continuing their daily patrol encounters and taking prisoners while the guns of both Germans and the British are keeping up their reciprocal bombardments.

### PRISONERS AND GUNS.

WASHINGTON, To-day. Prisoners captured by the American troops in the offensive on the Aisne—Marne front up to an early hour

Saturday, tallied by actual count 17,000. General Pershing reported in his communique yesterday, received to-night by the war department, the capture of 560 guns also. Despite counter attacks and rear guard actions of a desperate nature, the Americans advanced early Saturday, says the statement and the towns of Courmelles, Reset Stalbin and Maubry had been entered by the American troops before one a.m. Saturday.

### SUCCESS IN ALBANIA.

ROME, To-day. Franco-Italian troops again have taken up their advance in Albania, Saturday, says the Italian War Office to-day, and Isoze on the crest of Malagio Siles, in the bend of the Dovel river, south of Telsas, was captured. Up to July 19th, 2157 prisoners and 26 guns were taken.

### "LITTLE WILLIE" IN RETREAT.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE FRONT.—The armies of the Crown Prince were retiring to-night, while the Allied forces of General Foch harassed their rear, and continued their smashing drive along the German right flank. It is expected that if the enemy succeed in retreating themselves it will be only at the cost of large numbers of men, material and supplies.

### NOON.

### FRENCH PREMIER AT FRONT.

PARIS, To-day. Premier Clemenceau returned to Paris last night from the front where he spent all last night and most of today with the fighting men.

### A MENACE TO THE NATION.

LONDON, To-day. The Ministry of Munitions, it was announced last night, had received word that at a mass meeting of munition workers at Birmingham yesterday it was resolved to go on strike Wednesday night, unless the embargo on skilled labor is withdrawn. The statement says the ministry is in close touch with the union leaders, both directly and through the ministry of labor. At Coventry, the local committee proposed to an official of the ministry, who is holding conferences there, to recommend a suspension of the strike notices, if the ministry would consent to negotiate a restriction scheme in districts, and recommend a national conference to consider the question of the utilization of skilled labor. The ministry's reply said it was not opposed to the discussion and administration of the plan, although the Government's "considered policy in the matter of the embargo scheme cannot be a matter for discussion." It also said it would be prepared to enter into a discussion, if representations were made by both the employers and the unions, regarding the necessity for a further conference, on the better utilization of skilled labor apart from the embargo. The ministry added, "The ministry cannot carry on the supply of munitions to the troops without the embargo, in cases where its needs has been shown and without reasonable power to distribute skilled labor, according to vital war needs." The ministry also issued an appeal last night to the workmen, on patriotic grounds, to remain at work and lend no aid to

a movement which may have consequences of the gravest kind. The appeal said that the threatened stoppage of work was not an ordinary labor dispute, but an attempt to overthrow the policy of the State at a time of national danger.

### HUNS PUSHED BACK.

WITH THE FRENCH IN FRANCE To-day. (By the Associated Press.)—On the main battlefront, between the Aisne and the Marne, the German again have been driven back a considerable distance. They have been pushed back over the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry road and at several points north of the Ourcq.

### PLUNDER FOR BOLSHEVIKS.

AMSTERDAM, To-day. The entire property of the former Emperor of Russia and his wife, as well as all other members of the Imperial House, has been forfeited to the Russian Republic, according to a Moscow message received here. This will include deposits in foreign banks to the credit of the members of the Imperial family. A decree to this effect was issued by the Bolshevik Government on July 17th.

### THE DUTCH IMPRESSED.

AMSTERDAM, To-day. The Allied victory has created a deep impression throughout Holland. The Telegraaf says that anything is possible, and that the capture of four hundred guns will fill the Germans with consternation. The Handelsblad says the double Franco-American success revives courage and rejoices the Americans whose young army has proved that it is capable of vigorously tackling the Germans.

### COUNTER ATTACKS BROKEN.

PARIS (Bulletin) To-day. Strong counter attacks delivered last night by the Germans on the front between the Ourcq and the Marne, were broken by the Allies, the war office announced to-day. The Allied positions have been maintained.

### ALLIES DOMINATE RAILWAYS.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE MARNE FRONT, Sunday night. (By the Associated Press.)—South of Soissons, American troops to-day advanced two kilometers, about one and a quarter miles. The Allied artillery has found the range of the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry road, while American troops are astride the Soissons-Villers Cotterets Railway. As a result there is only one railway in the hands of the Germans, south of a line drawn from Soissons to Rheims and northeast of Belleau. Northwest of Chateau-Thierry, the Americans, early Sunday, have made an advance of five kilometers. Some of the most terrific fighting since the offensive began occurred between Givney and Vaux, the Germans using artillery and machine guns. The Allied troops occupied Hill 204, commanding Chateau-Thierry, at daylight Sunday, and shortly afterwards pressed through the city itself.

### Latest.

#### BRITISH GAIN GROUND.

LONDON (Bulletin) To-day. Further ground has been gained by the British in the Hebuterne region, on the front between Albert and Arras, the war office announced to-day. The British, likewise, in conjunction with the French, carried out a successful enterprise to the south of Villers-Bretonneux, east of Amiens, in which prisoners were taken. The German trenches were entered during the night by British raiding parties at several points on the front, including Neuville-Vitasse, and north of Bailleul and prisoners were taken.

#### ENEMY ARTILLERY BUST.

PARIS (Bulletin) To-day. The enemy counter blows are delivered in the region of Cirselles, seven miles northwest of Chateau-Thierry, and Beau St. Germain, four miles north of Chateau-Thierry. North of the Ourcq, and between the Marne and Rheims, the enemy's reaction was limited to artillery fire, which was particularly notable in the region of the woods Courton and Rol. The text of the statement follows: During the night the Germans limited their reaction to artillery bombardments, north of the Ourcq, and between the Marne and Rheims, notably in the region of the Courton and the Rol Woods. Between the Ourcq and the Marne we have broken strong counter attacks of the Germans. In the region from Grisolles to Beau St. Germain we have maintained our positions throughout the line.

#### IN AID W.P.A. FUNDS.

Football Match this evening, Saint George's Field, at 7.15, City vs. Navy. General admission 10c. Stand 10c. extra.—lj

#### POLICE COURT NEWS.

An assault case was heard in camera. The defendant in this was fined \$10 and costs and had to furnish bond to the amount of \$200 for his future good behavior.

#### YESTERDAY'S OUTGOING EXPRESS LEFT QUARRY AT 7.15 A.M.

To-day's express reached the city at 12.55 p.m. on time.

## "Where Ignorance is Bliss 'Tis Folly to be Wise"

BEAVER BOARD

But! to not know about Beaver Board is to be inexcusably ignorant. Beaver Board makes a draftproof—comfortable—sanitary dwelling.

FOR

Beaver Board eliminates the expense of continual re-papering—won't crack like plaster—saves labor and therefore reduces the building cost.

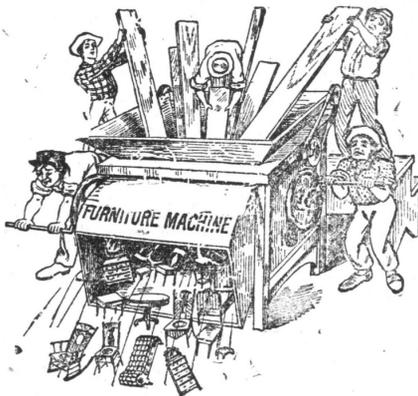
BETTER BUILDINGS

Building with Beaver Board is NOT a fad. On the contrary, it marks the advance of the 20th Century. See "The Building Age" for June, page 296.

ASK US ABOUT BEAVER BOARD

**COLIN CAMPBELL,**  
Limited, Distributors

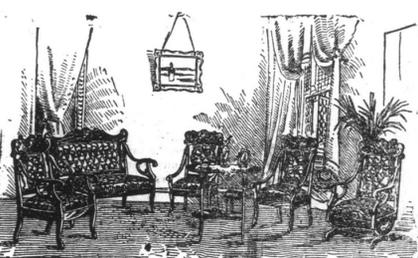
## From the Factory to the Home.



- Sideboards
- Extension Tables.
- Chairs
- Couches
- Bureaus and Stands
- Toilet Tables
- Washstands
- Pictures
- Mirrors
- Parlor Suites
- Dining Suites
- Lounges
- Fancy Chairs and Tables
- Morris Chairs
- Student Chairs
- Writing Desks
- Book Cases
- Whatnots
- China Closets

We have gone one step further this year. We actually cut the logs that make the lumber. Waiting for machinery that is being installed in building to cut same, so that it will go in one end of the building logs and come out the other end finished Furniture, thus saving all the middleman's profit. We can now say FROM THE TREE TO THE HOME

### Parlor Suites, Lounges, Wicker Chairs, Etc.



We have just received a shipment of Wicker Goods that was delayed in shipment, such as RECEPTION CHAIRS, LADIES' ROCKERS, LARGE ROCKERS, ARM ROCKERS, HIGH CHAIRS, &c., that we now offer at special prices to clear.

PARLOR SUITES—We have just received some special Covering and make to order as required. You can select your own covering, also designs for frame, &c., and have it made to suit yourself by skilled workmen and save considerable in prices, which range from \$30.00 to \$100.00.

## The C. L. MARCH CO., Ltd.,

Corner Springdale and Water Streets.

### Here and There.

PORTIA LEFT BURGOE.—The s.s. Portia left Burgoe at daylight this morning, going west.

NASCOPIE DUE ON WEDNESDAY.—The latest news of the Nascope is that she will arrive here on Wednesday.

THE LATEST SOFT DRINK.—The latest temperance drink, we understand, is one derived by mixing 2 in

1 shoe polish with hot hop beer. Doubtless this beverage is very stimulating and strengthening.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Arthur English, who has lately been residing on the West Coast, is at present in the city on a visit to his friends. Mr. English reports the weather in the Codroy Valley to be splendid and all the crops are growing well.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTH IN COWS.

Saturday's outgoing express arrived at Port aux Basques on time this morning.

### DIED.

Saturday, after a short illness, P. C. O'Driscoll, aged 60 years; leaving a wife, 4 daughters and 3 sons to mourn their sad loss. Funeral on Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m., from his late residence, 31 Queen's Road. Friends and acquaintances please accept this, the only, intimation.—R.I.P.

We are

BOY'S BA

95

One piece regu strictly fast col

PHONE 484.

## LONDON

LONDON, June 24, 1918.

SPAIN AND THE ALLIES. A report has reached me from Madrid, Spain, to the effect that a proposal is under discussion for a Mission thoroughly representative of all parties in the Cortes, to visit France and England in the course of the summer. The promoters of the idea, which is said to have the approval of the Spanish Government, are convinced that such a visit would have beneficial results, if only because the Spanish representatives would have an opportunity to see for themselves what the food and general conditions are both in this country and in France. The up-to-date and authoritative information which would thus be made available to the Spanish people might be expected to dispel much of the misapprehensions which have been aroused by the persistent efforts of the network of pro-German intrigue in the Peninsula.

OUR LEADER IN ITALY. The Earl of Cavan, who has been in command of the British force in Italy since Sir Herbert Plumer resigned to the Western front, has had excellent news to send of the Austrian offensive, so far as it concerns our men on the Asiago plateau. Lord Cavan went to Italy last November as one of Plumer's leaders in the field. After a splendid record in France and Flanders, his fellow corps leader, Sir Richard Haking, who I believe is still in Italy. Both Cavan and Haking did well on the Asiago in the operations of 1914—the peer in charge of the Guards Brigade (to the



### ATTENTION

New Perfection Oil

BEGINNING Monday furniture and department New Perfection Oil Co. does that now is the time to buy other scarce fuels; to save time and worry.

The New Perfection, with its makes all the ideal fuel—burns coal, ashes and kindling—and round cooking service at the Coal Oil

WATCH FOR YOUR DEALER'S IMPERIAL OIL

## NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK