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EAST AND WEST, GERMANY'S CASE ON LAND IS HOPELESS

LONDON, October 30.—Colonel Repington, Military Expert of The London Times, cables that the great offensive against Calais appears to have failed.

There is nothing else to explain the dying down of attacks and the minor key in which the Berlin wireless operator is instructed to sing and the steady gain of ground by the Allies.

The question now is what the Kaiser's suite of 1500 princely and other advisers purposes to do.

The German casualty lists of the past ten days must have exceeded all precedent; equally beyond precedent have been the barren results of this relentless sacrifice of Germans who have now worked down to youths from school, old gentlemen and hunchbacks.

Very soon every house in Germany will be a hospital.

Defeat on both frontiers stares the Kaiser in the face.

The only German arm which has not yet been employed is the navy and with the worst possible outlook on land, it is more than probable the German navy will be called upon and sent to cover, if possible, the delivery of a quarter

of a million Germans on British soil. The writer is not much impressed by the arguments which would make us suppose that because invasion is difficult it will not be attempted. We must place ourselves in German skins.

The cost of war, the paralysis of German seaboard trade, the growing unemployment and the increasing anxiety and utter hope-

less outlook, if German armies are driven back within German frontiers must be considered.

In the circumstances of the time, there is great need for the enlistment of more men for new armies which must continue to mount up until we are in a position to satisfy the needs of the most serious situation in our history.

Turkey Declares War On Russia

TOKIO, JAPAN, OCTOBER 30.—THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY ANNOUNCED HERE LAST NIGHT THAT TURKEY HAD DECLARED WAR ON RUSSIA.

Turks Bombard Simply Threat, A Russian Port Nothing More

Theodosia, Crimea, via Petrograd, Oct. 30.—This morning a Turkish cruiser with three funnels bombarded the station and city. They damaged the Cathedral, Greek Church, a pier and the sheds. One soldier was wounded.

The branch of the Russian Bank of Foreign Commerce caught fire. At the conclusion of the bombardment the cruiser left in a southwesterly direction.

Novorossisk, Circassia, via Petrograd, Oct. 30.—The Turkish cruiser Hamides, which arrived here yesterday morning demanded the surrender of the city and the Government properties threatening, in case of refusal, to bombard the town.

The Turkish officials averted the danger and the cruiser withdrew. S. S. Tabasco is due at midnight on Haifa.

PORTUGUESE TROOPS OPERATING IN BELGIUM

This is the Assertion Recently Made by Lisbon Newspapers—26,000 Portuguese Said to be Engaged in War on Side of the Allies

New York, Oct. 28.—Lisbon newspapers of October 6 and 7 received at the Portuguese consulate in this city assert that Portuguese troops, numbering over 25,000 men, are aiding the French and British forces in the battle line of Belgium and France. The position of the troops is kept from the papers by the censorship.

According to the Lisbon Seculo, Noticias, Luta and Mundo the Second Division of Portugal's crack army corps has "left for the war." The Division comprises four regiments of infantry, two regiments of light artillery, one regiment of cavalry, four groups of mitrailleurs and several batteries of heavy artillery. In addition, it is announced that 4,000 marines have left "for the front."

This makes a total of 26,000 men who are reported to be in France and Belgium. A third division of troops, containing a like number and similarly composed, is held in readiness for instant action.

Secretly Landed. It is believed at the consulate that the Second Division was secretly landed on the French coast near Calais and made its way overland to join the allied forces. The men are said to have been taken in English and Portuguese transports similar to those used in moving the troops to Africa.

The newspapers announce that the destination and time of departure of the army are kept secret by the Government order.

VERY SMALL AND MEAN

German's Make Reprisals on English Civilians Interned in Their Country

London, Oct. 29.—What the London press describes as reprisals in Berlin, in the matter of the vigorous handling of English in that city, are related in a Reuter's despatch from Berlin.

The police authorities there, says the message, are prepared to take even more drastic and oppressive measures against the British. The authorities are taking a revised census of British residents, with a view to facilitating arrests. Word has gone forth that a clean sweep will be made. It is considered possible that every Englishman in the German capital will be under arrest in a short time. The Germans, it is

HERTZOG TO ACT AS PEACEMAKER

London, Oct. 29.—General Hertzog has left Capetown to try and induce the rebel Boers led by Generals De Wet and Beyers to return to their homes.

KING AND QUEEN TO VISIT CAMP

London, Oct. 29.—It is officially announced today that their Majesties King George and Queen Mary have signified their intention of reviewing the Canadian Contingents on Salisbury Plains at an early date.

The weekly meeting of the Civic Commission takes place this evening at 8.

It is stated, are taking additional precautions against spies, and are curtailing the privileges of English civilians, already interned.

In some concentration camps in Germany, Englishmen, it is said, are forced to sleep on straw.

GENERAL RETREAT

Of the German Army Corps on the Vistula, Has Commenced Says a Petrograd Report

Washington, Oct. 29.—All the German army corps on the left bank of the Vistula in Poland are in full retreat, according to an official report from Petrograd made public tonight.

The report follows: On Oct. 28th we overcame the resistance of the last troops of the enemy, endeavoring to put up fight to the north of the river Pilitza. At the present moment all the Austro-German corps on the left bank of the Vistula are in full retreat.

Strykoffejow and Novomiato are occupied by our troops. Radom is occupied by our cavalry and we have captured several thousand prisoners and guns, and a score of machine guns.

In Galicia there is no change. On the east Prussian front the first German army corps, supported by other troops, is for the fourth day keeping up an attack.

The losses of the enemy are very heavy.

FIRST SEA LORD HAS RESIGNED

Prince Louis of Battenberg Cuts Connection With Admiralty

London, Oct. 30.—Prince Louis of Battenberg, First Sea Lord of the British Admiralty has resigned.

His resignation is said to be due to the campaign of some newspapers against him because of his German connections.

Regret Resignation. London, Oct. 30.—This morning's newspapers in editorials dealing with the resignation of Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg, without exception, expressed sympathy with the Prince and regret over the unfortunate circumstances which deprive the country of his valuable services.

At the same time the newspapers generally think that Prince Louis took the right step.

(For further particulars of this affair and other important late cable news, see also page 6.)

PARLIAMENT TO MEET AT HAVRE

Session of Belgian Assembly to be Called at Havre, France During Next Month.

Paris, Oct. 29.—Newspapers in Paris say today that the Belgian Parliament will be called into session at Havre sometimes during November.

The Express arrived this afternoon.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Wind increasing to moderate gales from south-east; rain tonight and on Saturday.

"EMDEN" ACTS PIRATE'S ROLE

How She Sunk Russian and French Warships in Penang Harbor

Tokio, Oct. 29.—The British Embassy hears that the German cruiser Emden, flying a Japanese flag, disguised by an additional fourth smokestack, entered Penang, a port in the Straits settlements, and fired a torpedo which sank the Russian cruiser Zhemchug, and a French destroyer.

The Emden's entrance into the waters of Penang was audacious. She came in under the guns of the forts, and after sinking the cruiser and destroyer escaped through the Straits of Malacca.

MAKE READY WAY OF RETREAT

Along the Ostend—Dixmude Line—Germans Also Fortify Antwerp

London, Oct. 26.—The correspondent of the Times at Rotterdam, sends the following:

"It is clear that the Germans are putting Antwerp in a state of defence. In most of the important forts, the Belgian guns have been replaced with fortress artillery, of the latest type.

The bridge between Antwerp and Pays De Waes has been repaired. Evidently the Germans are preparing a life of retreat from the Ostend-Dixmude line.

The authorities have ordered the railroads to cease the free conveyance of refugees from Holland to Antwerp. Only a small garrison is at present in Antwerp, probably not more than 2000 men."

BRITISH SINK GERMAN CRUISER

Squadron of Torpedo Boat Destroyers Send to Bottom a Converted German Merchantman.

Paris, Oct. 29.—A squadron of British torpedo boat destroyers in the Adriatic Sea a German steamer which had been converted into a cruiser. The destroyers rescued 86 members of the crew of the German vessel.

LOTS OF FISH AT BONNE BAY

One Firm Already Has a Million Pounds Stored Ready for the U. S. Market.

From Bonne Bay we learn that one firm there has over a million pounds of green fish in his stores to date ready for the American market.

Fish was never known to be so large. There is plenty of it, and fishermen are making from \$5.00 to \$25.00 per day.

It is a very busy centre and trade is good.

While visiting London His Lordship Bishop Jones preached at All Saints' Church, Twickenham, of which the Rev. C. V. C. Cogan is rector, and St. Michaels, Paddington, of which the Rev. Dr. Browne, formerly rector of the Cathedral, here, is vicar.

SPLENDID PROGRESS

Allies Advance and Capture German Trenches in West Russians Hurl Back Enemy's Centre in East

Paris, Oct. 29.—Action continued to develop yesterday in the same manner as on the preceding days, and was characterized by good progress on our part on several points of line of battle.

Around Ypres and south of Arras and more particularly between Aisne and Argonne, we have taken possession of several German trenches and none of their attacks were successful.

There has been equal and fresh progress on our part in Apremont Forest even against very strong difficulties owing to the nature of the ground.

A series of operations along the frontier between Moselle and Vosges allowed us to dislodge several advanced guard posts of the enemy.

Prisoners were taken everywhere. In Poland the centre Austro-German line had to fall back before Russian offensive and retreated on Ladjinsk, Itodom, and Uza, losing prisoners and material.

In Galicia fighting continues on the whole front successful for the Russian troops.

MARINE COURT GIVES DECISION

In Cases of Capt. Newman of Cacouna and the Capt. of the Floriston

Halifax, Oct. 28.—Capt. Neil Hall returned from Sydney and Louisburg where, together with Capt. R. McDonald, he held an inquiry into the loss of the steamships Cacouna and Floriston.

The result was that the certificate of Capt. Newman was suspended for three months and that of Captain Kennedy, of the Floriston, for one year. In the case of the Cacouna, which was lost at Ferryland, Nfld., the court found that Captain Newman had been guilty of an error of judgment.

The Floriston was lost off Louisburg and in the case of Captain Kennedy the court found he had been guilty of neglect to practice good seamanship and navigation.

Big Freight Keep Railwaymen Busy

The cross-country trains are now running to the limit, as large freights are offering.

All the employees are kept busy, and this is expected to continue for some time.

OPEN NEW MINE NEAR CRABBE'S

About Four Hundred Men Will be Employed.—To Start Work Next Spring.

Crabbe's Station, West Coast, will be a busy scene next spring, by the appearance of things at present. A mine will open 12 miles from station. A road is now being made and nearing completion. A number of houses are going up, and in the spring from 200 to 400 men will be employed. Prof. Gibb is there at present and will remain all winter.

KAISER'S PLANS MISCARRY IN BOTH EAST AND WEST

Violent German Assaults All Along Allied Line in Belgium Entirely Fail—German Attempt to Rush Poland Also Unsuccessful

London, Oct. 27.—Evidence accumulates that the Kaiser's plans are breaking down hopelessly both in the east and west.

It is quite enough for the purpose of the Allies that the violent German assaults all along the line in Belgium and the north of France have been repulsed, for each day that passes increases the severity of Germany's task.

The German's attempt to rush upon Poland as they rushed upon Paris has clearly failed. The German centre on the River Vistula has yet to be disposed of, but British experts speak confidently of the failure of the Polish campaign.

Warsaw is not to provide another advertisement of German valor, like Antwerp, and this must act quickly upon the German position in France, Belgium, and in Silesia, especially in drawing off the German forces there at a moment when reinforcements are being made steadily to the French and British armies.

Moreover, the German plans evidently are greatly embarrassed by the unexpected deadliness of the British naval guns in support of the left flank of the Allied line.

Indeed, the military situation is developing so satisfactorily that Englishmen are thinking more today of the British Government's somewhat sensational new policy of rounding up all non-naturalized Germans and Austrians of fighting age, namely 17 to 45. Thousands of arrests have been made in all parts of the country, including men of every class and profession. Britain holds altogether 16,141 Austrians and 50,632 Germans, 6,500 of whom are naturalized.

Berlin messages reflect the anger provoked by this impounding of possible spies, though they are being treated more kindly than many Britishers impounded in Germany and Austria. Moreover the anti-German rioting in the poorer quarters of London seems to indicate the step as desirable in the interests of the allies themselves.

BERLIN STANDS AGHAST AT APPALLING LOSSES

Over a Quarter of a Million Germans Have Been Slain—Rebel Over Method of Treating Bodies

Amsterdam, Oct. 28.—Germany's gloom increases. The boldest bravado of the earliest stages of the war is being rapidly replaced by a subdued sobriety intermingled with the lowest depths of depression. Bad news travels quickly, and now something of the truth of the position is beginning to dawn upon the Kaiser's subjects.

The retreat of the German armies in France is known everywhere besides in the capital, and the comments of the more independent newspapers, cautious as they are, can leave no doubt in the minds of those who read between the lines.

Can't Cope With It.

The elaborate organization created by the German government to disseminate distorted news for their own purpose is not efficient enough to conceal all the facts from all the German people. So many tens of thousands have received a notification from the military authorities of the death on some distant battlefield of a son or a husband, so many hundreds of thousands have learned that one of their family has been wounded in action. The wounded soldiers, too, have come home, and they have talked, in whispers, perhaps, but still they have made their meaning clear. There are countless channels through which information has come into the interior of Germany, notwithstanding all efforts to conceal the real situation.

Losses Appalling.

The losses of the German armies have been appalling in their immensity. One of the features of the losses has been the proportion of

killed as compared with the number of wounded. While the allied armies have five or six wounded men for every soldier killed, the proportion of those killed among the German casualties is nearly one-half the total.

After a careful examination of all the available lists of German casualties, and after comparing and weighing up information derived from specially well informed quarters in Germany, it seems easy to estimate that about a quarter of a million of the pick of Germany's men have perished.

(Continued on page 6)

NUMEROUS SUCCESSES

Are Reported as Won by the Russians in Poland—German Prisoners and Artillery Taken

Washington, Oct. 29.—An official despatch, made public by the French Embassy here, tonight, announced that the Germans were retreating before the Russian armies in Poland and are now basing on Edlinsk, Radon and Ilza.

The Germans are said to have lost some prisoners and ammunition. In Galicia the combat continues in the whole front with success for the Russians.

In a series of operations along the frontier between Moselle and Vosges we were also able to dislodge some outposts of the enemy.

Prisoners were captured almost everywhere.