

CHUGH NOTE FOR BUSY MEN

General. Fether Vaughan is again ralling at the English woman suffragist as a creature who has leaped from her lofty position and taken her place in the arena with the common folk...

The Chicago Catholic University being erected by the Jesuit Fathers will be one of a group of ten buildings artistically arranged on a 16 acre tract of land at Devon and Lake Michigan...

Emerson—'Christianity has given as the Sabbath, the jubilee of the whole world, whose light brings welcome alike to the closet of the philosopher, into the garret of toil, and into the prison cell, and everywhere suggests, even to the vile, the dignity of spiritual being.'

The census of New Zealand, taken in 1906, but now just published in a large and interesting volume, gives a total population of 888,578, exclusive of the Maoris and the people of the recently annexed Pacific Islands...

Are you the son of a minister, or are some of your boy friends ministers' sons? It is a common saying that ministers' sons turn out badly. Well, don't you believe it...

There are 43 Protestant churches in Paris, and in the outskirts of the city 47 more.

The Home Missionary committee of the Presbytery of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, at its recent session, found that after 44 new fields had been provided with supplies, 25 ministerial overights, the demand for men being so great.

Church extension in Ottawa has become a necessity, and to meet this in part the Methodists at the capital are laying plans for an early Forward Movement along this line at an early date.

From the Presbyterian we learn that in their anxiety to provide church accommodation for the new arrivals in the west, large amounts have been borrowed, upon which there is now due over \$14,000 for interest, much of which is for arrears. The building fund committee has a serious problem to deal with.

SATURDAY SERMONETTE

GOOD CLOTHES.

This is not a tailor's ad., although the tailors' guild ought to pay for it; but it is a hint to the seedy, shabby people who can afford to dress better than they do, but are careless or lazy. It goes without saying that a man who regularly dresses well is fond of his job, so good dressing assures personal cleanliness. No sensible man would go to work dressed in a dirty body, or over unclean linen.

MONCTON DEFEATS ST. JOHN. MONCTON, N. B., Oct. 11.—A team of nine players from the St. John Golf Club played Moncton Golf Club here yesterday, the Moncton team winning by a score of twelve to four. The score was as follows: Moncton—Hooper, 1; Baskin, 0; Keasen, 0; Jack, 0; Miller, 0; Dr. Kenny, 0; Shylock, 0; Doherty, 1. St. John—Doherty, 0; Galloway, 0; Thompson, 3; P. Knight, 2; B. A. Williams, 2; J. McKeighan, 0; Roberts, 0; Porten, 2.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson.

not get fat, on a small salary. To be well dressed is to be dressed appropriately. A man is not well dressed who wears fine clothes at work which quickly soils them. To be well dressed (sometimes) is to wear very poor clothes.

Thaddius

JUDGE FORBES TALKS OF SYNOD MEETING

Church Hampered by Western Emigration FINANCES ARE GOOD

Wants Church to Fight Tuberculosis—Parsons as Stock Judges

Hon. J. G. Forbes, who last week attended the meeting of the Presbyterian Synod of the Maritime Provinces at Truro, talked to The Star yesterday of the work accomplished at the gathering.

There were about four hundred delegates present and the synod meeting was of a bright and breezy nature. On Tuesday evening an opening meeting was held and a sermon delivered by Rev. A. B. Dickie. Rev. Robert Cumming of Westville was elected moderator. The claims of the Presbyterian Witness were put before the synod. This paper, although published in the interests of the church, is a private enterprise. The managers intend to issue a special fiftyth anniversary number in December and the assistance of the church was solicited.

The Halifax Ladies' College is another institution which although under the protection of the church, is not controlled by it. Its management came in for severe criticism.

The work of French evangelisation was ably presented by Rev. Mr. Manson. The reports of the French Mission Society, who will be in St. John next week, addressed the synod for the purpose during the year.

Mr. Cooper of the British and Foreign Bible Society, who will be in St. John next week, addressed the synod on the work of the society. The method of appointing the standing committee of the church caused a lively discussion. It was felt that too many were appointed from the Halifax Presbytery and members of the other ten felt they had been slighted. The advantage of having the members accessible was recognized, but it was decided in the reorganization of the committee to make a more equitable arrangement.

Foreign missions were interestingly presented on Wednesday night by Rev. D. MacRae of Korea, Rev. Dr. Grant of Trinidad and Rev. Dr. Miller, the convener of the committee.

Home missions were presented by Dr. Feinberg of the Yukon Superintendant Ross and Mr. Sutherland, the convener. The report of the committee on moral and social reform caused quite an interesting debate. The majority of the committee advocated work along educational lines. Dr. McGill, on behalf of the minority, advocated more active work for social betterment and urged the church to join in the war on tuberculosis and other similar work.

The Sunday school report showed many new schools and increased attendance. All the funds were reported to be in excellent condition except the foreign mission fund. The activity of the laymen is hoped to better this.

An interesting feature of the meeting was the visit of about 250 of the delegates to the agricultural school and model farm, where many of the country parsons showed themselves expert judges of stock.

Although the church is doing good and active work, yet the advance made is not great, owing to the constant drain of emigration to the west. The synod will meet in St. David's church, St. John, next October.

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THE REFORMER WHOSE BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION WAS BANNED BY THE HOLY RUSSIAN SYNOD



It had been arranged that Count Tolstoy's 80th birthday should be regarded as a jubilee and celebrated with considerable circumstance. The Holy Synod, however, addressed an appeal to all believers to ignore the event. This appeal did not seek to minimize the great services rendered by Count Tolstoy to literature until his 70th year, but argued that his literary activity from that point onward had shown a great change of attitude, and that in it is displayed hostility to the Christian doctrine and the Orthodox church in general.

TOLD OF MISSIONS IN ASIA MINOR

Rev. T. J. Barker in German St. Church

Only Kuew of Three Mohammedans Converted and They Were Beheaded

Rev. T. J. Barker, who after an absence of eight years spent in mission work in Turkey, is now visiting his brother, G. M. Barker of this city, who was in Germany, at the Baptist church last night. He is a clear and forcible speaker and kept the close attention of the congregation for a full hour.

In opening, the speaker said that it was necessary to live for a while in a non-Christian land to appreciate the pleasure it gave him to meet again with a Christian congregation. His text was Matt. ix—28-29. The church only needs to stop and look at the multitude of heathen to be moved with compassion for them and to be impressed with the need of more laborers. To the objection sometimes given to foreign missions that there are enough heathen at home, he said they were heathen by choice.

Turning to his own field the speaker pointed out that in Asia Minor, where he labored, Mohammedanism was a predominant religion, although there were other religions among the various peoples, such as Armenians, etc. The conversion of a Mohammedan is very difficult. He only knew of three who had openly professed Christianity. These three were beheaded, as one of the tenets of the religion is that he who spares an apostate endangers his own soul. Many, however, believe secretly.

Comparing the two religions, he said that the devotion which the Mohammedans displayed might shame Christians. There is, however, a spirit about our worship which their lacks. Study of the Koran shows how much ignorance and sin their religion contains.

No doubt the recent political changes will make work easier among these people. At present, however, they devote themselves chiefly to the Armenians, who are a terribly oppressed people. The American mission board entered the country with great difficulty some time ago and the missionaries they worked under many difficulties. They were only tolerated on account of the influence of their home governments. However, they see brighter days ahead.

In the little city in the Taurus Mountains where he labored, the mission had been started by a woman after a long time spent on her first approach to the city. One of the leading features of their work was the founding of orphanages and educational institutions. Both of these are important in building up the church. The children returning to their home towns take with them the lessons of Christianity. In the interest where he works, the fact that many Europeans do not reach them is regarded as a fortunate circumstance, for on the coast the influence of the foreigners is frequently debasing.

The work among the people of the country was very encouraging. Crowds were easily gathered to hear the gospel and the people were so deeply interested that the missionary could not find time to teach all who wanted to hear.

Speaking of the difficulties of the work the speaker said that he had fallen into the hands of robbers and on one occasion he was almost killed. They had found, however, that the heathens more than balanced the hardships. He closed with an appeal to the congregation for the prayers and support for the work of missions.

WAR CLOUD IN THE BALKANS IS VANISHING

Servia Realizes She Can't Fight

WOULD DESTROY HER

Powers Await Result of Conference Going on in London

Belgrade, the storm centre in the present Balkan situation, has quieted down. After a long secret session the national assembly has taken no definite action with regard to making war upon Austria-Hungary. The city itself has quieted down, the people apparently realizing that war would mean the destruction of Servian nationality.

All the great powers are awaiting the report of the conference which have been going on at London and which will continue on Monday between M. Iswolsky, the Russian foreign minister, and Sir Edward Grey, the British secretary for foreign affairs. The King himself took part in the conference on Sunday, when he had as his guest at Buckingham Palace the representative of Russia, who also is completely informed on the French side.

A despatch from Gibraltar says that the British Atlantic fleet of six battleships is making ready to sail for Malta, from which the British Mediterranean fleet sailed a few days ago for the Aegean sea.

Paris hears that Great Britain is keeping Turkey advised every step of the negotiations going on between M. Iswolsky and Sir Edward Grey, to make the assent of the Porte secure, a final programme. It is expected, will be definitely outlined at London on Monday.

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TRAGEDY IN HOME OF ST. JOHN FAMILY

Mrs. Thos. Culverwell Attempts Suicide

And Woman Could Not Bear To See Him Die

Thomas J. Culverwell was for years a well known resident of this city, and some years ago moved to the United States, taking up his residence in Boston, where he went into business. His friends will learn with regret that he is not expected to live, having been ill for some time. The strain was so great on his wife that she attempted suicide.

The following is an article on the affair as taken from a Boston paper: Unwilling to see her husband die, Mrs. Margaret Culverwell of 3 Lincoln square, Roxbury, last night closed herself up in the sitting room of her house and inhaled gas from a tube.

While her husband on the next floor breathed his last, the woman tried every way in her power to follow him, and is now at the City Hospital, expected to die.

Her husband, Thomas J. Culverwell, aged 42 years, had been an invalid for some time with acute gastritis and a complication of stomach troubles. His malady took a serious turn at supper last evening.

Mrs. Culverwell sent her three children out on unimportant errands, and then watched the tube from her window with her husband struggling and attempted suicide.

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CROP ESTIMATES INDICATE AN EXCELLENT PRODUCTION

Wheat Will Probably Amount to 115,951,000 Bushels and Oats 267,651,000 Bushels—Wheat Yield of the Northwest Will Be 95,816,000

OTTAWA, Oct. 10.—The following statement of the estimated yield and quality of field crops in Canada has been given out by the census and statistics office. The returns are based upon actual threshing results so far as these have been obtained. The average yield of wheat is estimated at 37 1/2 bushels per acre, indicating a total production of 115,951,000 bushels. Oats 267,651,000 bushels. Barley, 29,3 bushels per acre; total production, 50,723,000 bushels and rye, 18,8 bushels per acre; total production, 1,913,000 bushels. Beans, 19, 182,000 bushels. Buckwheat, 23.3 bushels per acre; total production, 1,385,000. Mixed grains, 32.9 bushels per acre; total production, 19,113,000 bushels. Flaxseed, 11.3 bushels per acre; total production, 1,575,000 bushels and corn for husking, 57.4 bushels per acre; total production, 2,007,000 bushels. Potatoes average 16.4 bushels per acre, with total production, 73,228,000 bushels. Turnips and other roots, 39.7 bushels per acre; total production, 34,675,000 bushels.

THE YIELD OF WHEAT. The yield of wheat, as estimated from the official reports of the crop at the end of August is not maintained by the present threshing results. The total yield of wheat as now estimated being 115,951,000 bushels per acre less, or a distinction in the total production as then estimated of 9,039,000 bushels, but the drop is almost entirely due to the returns from the province of Saskatchewan and Manitoba, where climatic influences appear to have had greater effect upon the yield than were indicated by the appearance of the crops at the end of August. In Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta the estimated yield of wheat is 26,958,100 bushels of oats, 2,007,000 bushels, and of barley, 29,300,000 bushels.

Estimates of quality based upon threshing results are expressed as numerical percentages of a standard condition represented by 100 and the number would indicate that the grain has been well head and well shelled and have not been affected by frost, rust or smut, etc. to any appreciable extent.

Hay and clover are estimated at 1,400,000 tons per acre, the total yields being 11,442,000 tons, and fodder corn 10.9 bushels per acre; total production, 2,385,000 tons.

LEBLANC GIVEN GREAT OVATION

Popular Member For Kent Addresses Enthusiastic Audience

EMERSON SPEAKS

REXTON, Oct. 10.—The Liberal meeting which was held in the public hall here this evening was attended by a large and enthusiastic audience composed of people from different parts of the county. John Jardine occupied the chair. The first speaker was Hon. O. J. LeBlanc, who spoke in English and then in French. He referred to the intention of the Laurier government to purchase the branch railroads, which would be a great benefit to the people of Kent county. He emphatically denied the report made by Hon. D. V. Landry in this hall a week ago, that he (Mr. LeBlanc) had asked his constituents in St. Mary's to vote for the Laurier government on account of the leader being a Frenchman.

Hon. H. R. Emerson next addressed the meeting and for about an hour and a half ably discussed the questions of the day. He pointed out the great improvements made in Canada under Liberal rule. He charged the present administration with a week ago in the hall here by Hon. W. J. Bowser, attorney general of Vancouver.

John T. Hivok, editor of the Montserrat Transcript was next called upon and elegantly explained the great progress of Canada during Liberal rule. The speakers were warmly greeted and the meeting closed with three cheers for the King, three cheers for Laurier and three cheers for O. J. LeBlanc.

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ALBERT HEARS FINE SPEECHES

Address Enthusiastic Gathering

EXCELLENT REPORTS

HOPEWELL CAPE, N. B., Oct. 11.—A splendid series of meetings in the town of Hopewell, the Liberal candidate, which had been carried on for the past fortnight, was added to by a grand gathering in the public hall here last night, when stirring addresses were delivered by A. B. Copp, M.P.P. of Sackville, and Hon. C. J. Osmond. The hall was filled and enthusiastic applause testified to the appreciation of the audience for the telling remarks of the speakers, who scored point after point in favor of a great political party, which has done so much for Canada in the past twelve years.

S. C. Spencer was chairman. A. B. Copp was the first speaker. Mr. Copp got a splendid reception and proceeded to take up the relative merits of the two political parties, showing why with his magnificent record before him, the people should return to the power the present administration. THE PETTY CANVASSERS. The speaker dealt effectively with the petty and scandalous charges canvassed by the Conservatives, referring among other things to the charges against Dr. Pugsley, who had shown his true colors every day he had received had been imported, noisy and only his. In every Conservative whose blind eyes had seen the light. The speaker showed in a favorable manner the prosperity of the country under Liberal rule, the greater revenue, the cause of the increase in trade and generous expenditures the revenue warranted by the most important things of all, the reduction of taxation whereby the consumer who in 1896 paid \$18.78 on an average on every \$100 of goods imported, now paid only \$16.15. Immigration matters were dealt with, showing the fine policy of the government and the handling of the Forest-Conservative. Mr. Copp said the Liberal party was large enough to take in every Conservative whose blind eyes had seen the light. The speaker showed in a favorable manner the prosperity of the country under Liberal rule, the greater revenue, the cause of the increase in trade and generous expenditures the revenue warranted by the most important things of all, the reduction of taxation whereby the consumer who in 1896 paid \$18.78 on an average on every \$100 of goods imported, now paid only \$16.15. 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