

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

In the mean time a suit for restitution of conjugal rights was pending between her and her husband...

PASSAGES, BY LADY BLESSINGTON.

Love.—Love in France is a comedy; in England a tragedy, in Italy an opera seria; and in Germany a melo-drama.

Wisdom.—It is in maturity, when the passions are calmed, and reason exerts her influence, that the attachments we form possess the most stability.

Life.—Life would be as insupportable without the prospect of death, as it would be without sleep.

The Poetry of Life.—The poetry of our lives is, like our religion, kept apart from our every day thoughts; neither influence us as they ought.

Ambitious People.—There are no persons capable of stooping so low as those who desire to rise in the world.

Vice and Virtue.—Vice is sometimes more courageous than virtue, because it has less to lose.

Declainers against the World.—They declaim most against the world who have most sinned against it; as people generally abuse those whom they have injured.

Kings and Beauties.—Kings never hear the voice of truth until they are dethroned, nor beauties until they have abdicated their charms.

Virtue.—It is more difficult to convince the vicious that virtue exists than to persuade the good that it is rare.

Advice.—Most people seem to imagine that advice, like physic, to do good must be disagreeable.

Coquettes.—Coquettes when old, like Penelope with her web, pass half the night in undoing the labours of the day.

Experience.—Experience has brought us little, if it has not instructed us to pity the errors of others and to amend our own.

Characters.—We never injure our own characters so much as when we attack those of others.

Women.—Those women who are most loved by their own sex are precisely such as are less sought by the other.

Life.—Life, like the diamond in a mine, is sometimes valueless to its owner until it becomes estimated by another.

Extraordinary Steeple Chase.—On Thursday week, an immense concourse of persons assembled in the Camp-field, Cork, to witness a novel pedestrian and equestrian match between Mr. Cotes, the celebrated pedestrian, who undertook to go on foot against a noted mare, the property of a sporting gentleman near Kinsale.

The rate of travelling on the London and Birmingham rail-road is 25 1/2 miles an hour, or 23 1/2 miles an hour, including stoppages.

UNITED STATES. Outrage in the Kentucky Purchase.—We learn from the last Paris Telegram, that Judge James, member of the Kentucky Senate, was shot a few days since at Columbus, on the Mississippi River, by Henson Binford, the brother of the unfortunate man who fell in an affray with James at Clinton, Ky. about eighteen months ago.



BY EXPRESS DESIRE, WILL BE GIVEN POSITIVELY THE LAST GRAND CONCERT, UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF COL. GOLDIE, C. B. BY MISS ST. LUKE FAMILY, consisting of MASTER ST. LUKE, the Youthful Ensignist! MISS SARAH ST. LUKE, & MR. ST. LUKE, THIS EVENING, (WEDNESDAY) 7TH AUGUST, AT THE ALBION HOTEL, Previous to their departure for Montreal, where they have a Concert advertised to take place on Friday evening, under the patronage of Lady Harcourt.

THE TRANSCRIPT. QUEBEC, WEDNESDAY, 7TH AUGUST.

There is no American mail due this day. New York papers of Thursday last were received yesterday. We have made some interesting extracts from them, relating to China and the West Indies, to which we refer our readers. We are afraid that a considerable length of time must elapse ere we receive further news from Europe.

Departure of the Steam Ships.—It will be seen from the following extract from the New-York Express, that the two "Leviathans of the deep" are again on the Atlantic steaming towards old England. The Great Western had one hundred and twenty passengers, the British Queen sixty-five.

"At 1 o'clock the Great Western left her Pier, and at nearly 2 o'clock, the British Queen followed after. The Great Western was off St. John's Island on the quarantine ground before the British Queen got out of the East River.

"Prodigious masses of people crowded the Battery, and the wharves and vessels on the East River. The number was legion—and the roofs of the houses were pretty well filled, not only in New-York, but in Brooklyn and Jersey City.

"There is but little doubt that these ships intend to try, the one to beat the other—and the People here during the day have become so much interested, that a large amount in bets is depending upon the result."

It would appear from the following, which we copy from the Montreal Courier, that Dr. Holmes stands a fair chance of meeting with sufficient Yankee "sympathy" to enable him to evade a trial in this country. Perhaps Brother Jonathan has succeeded, by means of some species of mystification—vulgarily denominated HOBNOB—in converting the crime charged against Dr. H. into a political offence!

application to the Government of the United States for the giving up of Dr. Holmes, came on for hearing before the Supreme Court of the United States, at Montpelier, on Saturday morning, the 30th ultimo. The arguments of counsel in support of the application, and on behalf of the murderer, occupied the whole of that day, and the forenoon of the following Monday. Those who were present during the hearing of the case, say that talents of the first order were displayed by the opposing counsel, and the masses of authorities that were cited in support of the arguments of the respective speakers, reflect the highest credit on their legal acquirements and unwearied research. The case was taken *ex delibere* by the Court, and no judgment was given, up to the time Captain Brown left. The Court will rise on Tuesday or Wednesday next, previous to which, it is expected, its decision will be given. It is generally believed among legal gentlemen, unconnected with the case, that the Court will refuse the application.

"Holmes is allowed to walk about the town accompanied by a constable."

The following are the concluding remarks of a very sensible and energetic article in the London Morning Herald on the subject of the new Police Bill, recently introduced before the Imperial Parliament. We regret that our limited space will not allow of our publishing the article entire, both on account of its general excellence and its appositeness to our own times and circumstances:—

"For the first time in the history of this country, it is now proposed to give a power of arrest to police officers, without warrant, in cases where such officers neither see a felony or breach of the peace committed, but act upon their own suspicion only, that the party whom they apprehend entertains a design of committing a felony or breach of the peace. We call this a monstrous power to entrust to policemen, and only worthy of the system of Bourbonnism, from which the plan of a centralised police is borrowed. Are Englishmen prepared to surrender the safeguards of personal liberty, which have so long been the pride and boast of their country, and to submit their persons to the outrages of a Gallician tyranny, to which their brave forefathers would as soon have submitted as to low their free-born necks to the yoke of France itself? That Englishmen should become slaves under any circumstances is bad enough, but that they should become slaves in imitation of man-debauching French policy, which they have ever despised, would be the last degree of national humiliation.

"Englishmen! they are professed Liberals,—they are, or rather were, loud and vehement declaimers in favor of public liberty, who dare to propose to the British Parliament that a police slave of the government shall have the power, by law, of seizing any British subject by the throat, and dragging him to a bastille or state-prison, without a warrant—without a crime committed, but merely on the suspicion of the liveried lackey of the Home Office that the person so summarily deprived of personal liberty entertains some evil design. We do not hesitate to say, that if the people of England are prepared to submit to such a tyranny as this, they are fit for the yoke of any slavery, however oppressive and degrading."

Last night, the St. Luke Family held their second musical soiree, at the Albion Hotel, under the patronage of Col. and Mrs. Shaw; and notwithstanding the extremely unfavorable state of the weather, the spacious room in which it was given, was respectably filled.—The concert opened with an agreeable trio, composed by Mr. St. Luke, which was ably sustained. Master St. Luke, who led, displays great genius; his intonation is good, his execution rapid, and his distances were taken with remarkable precision. In his performance of Mayseder's concerto, especially in his double stopping and slow movements, we discovered a young musician of great promise. Miss St. Luke, who sang several pretty songs, has a Mezzo Soprano voice of beautiful quality. Her ballad of "Whistle, and I'll come to thee, my love," was given in an extremely natural and graceful manner. Mr. St. Luke is a violin player of no ordinary ability, and he has evidently had considerable experience in conducting public performances. The finale duet with his daughter was sung in a truly comic style. The concert was short, but went off with much spirit.

Mr. St. Luk will, by particular desire, give a third and last concert, this evening, under the patronage of Col. Goldie, of the 11th Regiment. We understand that it is Mr. St. Luke's intention to leave for Montreal tonight where he will give a concert on Friday under the patronage of Lady Harcourt.

MISSING VESSEL.—The brig Othenburg, of and from Stockton, for Quebec, with a general cargo, was spoken on the 3rd June last, by the Frederick Young, Dixon. The Othenburg had then been out twenty-seven days, and consequently (not having yet arrived here) has been upwards of three months on her voyage, if she has not unfortunately foundered. The Frederick Young arrived at this port on the 25th June last from Newcastle, but Capt. Dixon did not think at that time of reporting the Othenburg. On the return of his vessel from Montreal, Capt. D. found that the Othenburg had not arrived and communicated the above intelligence.

On Monday afternoon, hail of the size of musket bullets fell for a considerable time at Fossambault, Jacques Cartier, and for some minutes gave the country a wintry aspect. A similar unusual circumstance occurred at LaSalette and Cap Santé on Sunday last. At the latter place the ground was covered with the hail to the depth of two inches. It fell without wind, and consequently did little or no damage to the crops.

THE CROPS.—Extract from a letter from an extensive farmer at St. Antoine, Richelieu River, dated 29th July, 1839.—"The appearance of barley and oats very fine, the early wheat is totally destroyed, but the wheat sowed late is beautiful, and the majority of the farmers sowed late, so may expect an average crop."

The Montreal Correspondence of Neilson's Gazette states that a review is to take place at Laprairie, on Thursday (to-morrow). The 7th Hussars, King's Dragoon Guards, 80th Light Infantry, part of the 11th, and Royal Artillery, will be present. The Command Laprairie is about the best place in Lower Canada for a military review on a large scale.

WEST INDIES.—Letters from Grenada to the 12th of June, received at Bermuda, state that the crops there will fall one-third short of the quality shipped last year, and that it is apprehended that next year's crop will be still more than the present one.

The Editor of the Grenada Free Press has been committed to prison, by order of Judge Sanderson, for commenting on his conduct in a judicial capacity.

The House of Assembly of the island has resolved that "they consider the continuance of Mr. Sanderson in the office of Chief Justice of the island, as injurious to the best interests of the community."

IMPORTANT FROM CANTON.—March 12th 1839.—The Hong Merchants have to-day communicated to the chamber a proclamation from the 'Kum Chai,' requiring that their opium now outside be brought up to Canton and burned; after which he will make a presentation to the 'Son of Heaven,' begging that his compassion may be extended to the barbarians, and some remuneration be made for it. He also requires that each individual resident shall give a bond substituting himself to the penalty of the Chinese law (death) in case he shall in any way engage in trafficking in opium. Three days were allowed for decision, after which time, if these several conditions are not fully acquiesced in, the former trade must and will be closed for ever. The former will not be the case, and though they will undoubtedly be a suspension for some time, it can hardly be supposed that Mr. Lu will carry his measures to such an extremity as would undoubtedly cause serious disturbances among the working classes in this place.

We learn further by other letters that we have already published, that there was when the Omega sailed, an actual stoppage of all trade with foreigners, with some prospect of violence. The Omega hardly escaped a Linguist having been sent down to bring her back, who, however, did not arrive in time. Two English ships were carried back. No foreigners were allowed to leave Canton, and on the 23d. March, a posse of soldiers entered the factory of Dent & Co. demanding Mr. Dent, because he had not left the country as ordered by the Emperor.

The Hudson River Chronicle says, "We are not disposed to withhold from Mr. Van Buren

any of the glory he and therefore, though to our place, we stand his faithful followers; he seemed highly gratified by our visit. Sing-Sing again these sufficiently equal his great too. On his son was appointed to umbrella, after the Chinese Emperor kill, boys address speeches which they occasion, which so much he gave them five dollars service."

"We are satisfied, that Mr. Van Buren and we hope there is no county with so vile a by an application of the trial hands. We do not his countrymen with may be answered that them would be all since most of these 1 mouthed.—N. Y. paper"

Montreal, 5th Aug appearance on our but whose public career is success. It was the discovered and fostered, of whom she was success in England, America, has fully confirmed expect a full and fashionable the youthful stranger Courier.

It is stated in a County of Hastings, separate District, Lie has christened it, the —It is positively assured cannot believe Sir G ridiculous a thing. V name chosen by the pe

From the By We understand, from authority, that the who expected to reach the Qver during the present of three rafts, has already Falls, and these last are they will be down in circumstance unparalleled, and clearly show the gaining of time, which a of slides and other imp passing the lumber ex tments are as yet in a formed at the expense being constructed from charge of Government a

SHIP INTELLIGENCE PORT OF ARRIVAL Aug Bark Industry, Barrett, 1 ballast, 3 cabin at Sch. Albion, Belfast Montreal, sugar.

CLEARED Aug Bark Victory, Pocket, H Brig Robert, Brodie, Ne Brig Johna, Fox, Sande

VESSELS NOW LOADING Aug Abeyrathwith, Arrive, Ma Bristol, Ann, Adkinson, 1 do John & Mary, do do John, Pemberton do Lord Canterbury, do David, Symes & R B Belfast, Robt. A. Peake, do John Bull, T. H. (Cork, Oondago, Price, do Marion, Price, N Chatham, Twenty, do, Pa Cardigan, Douglas, Sym Cardiff, Gaudians, Pemb do Manlius, Jones, C do Catherine & Hann Dublin, St. James, Price do Seahorse, Gilman Donegal, Robert, Richardson, do do Tom, do do Lady Douglas do do Terry, Peaboe Gloucester, Lord Ramsay Hartlepool, John Clifton,