body. Describe the origin and plan of treatment of Urinary Fistula and of Fistula in Ano.

3. Enumerate the various forms of Ulcer that occur on the Tongue. What are the main characters of the Malignant Ulcer? Describe the operations recommended by Syme, Rignoli, Nunneley, and Kocher.

4. A Compound Fracture of the Leg with protrusion of bone. Describe first dressing fully. If in doubt whether to amputate or not, what circumstances would guide your decision?

5. Give the clinical history and treatment of a case of Tubercle of the Testicle.

6. Name from within outwards the structures which fill the space between Poupart's ligament and the innominate bone. Describe fully the operation and after treatment of that form of strangulated Hernia occurring here.

7. In what cases would you perform Suprapubic Cystotomy, Perineal Section, and Internal Urethrotomy? Describe briefly each operation.

8. State concisely all you know about Sympathetic Ophthalmia.

9. Discuss fully the subject of Foreign bodies in the external auditory canal.

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE.

Examiners ..... { PROF. GEORGE ROSS. PROF. R. L. MACDONNELL.

1. Describe the specific lesions in Typhoid Fever.

2. Give the symptoms and treatment of Acute Pneumonia in a man of 70 years of age.

3. What affections may be mistaken for smallpox?
State briefly how the latter may be distinguished from each of them.

4. State the chief causes of hemorrhage from the stomach and the means of distinguishing them.

5. Describe the morbid appearances found in Tubercular Peritonitis.

6. Tricuspid regurgitation. Its causes and physical signs.

7. Describe fully the indications for treatment in a case of Acute Scarlatinal Nephritis. How are they to be met?

8. In what regions of the brain is it possible to operate for removal of a tumor, and in what other regions is such operation impossible?

9. How would you diagnose between a case of Acute Anterior Polio-Myelitis and one of Acute Multiple Neuritis?

10. Write a short account of the part taken by Alcoholism and Syphilis in the causation of disease of the Peripheral and Central Nervous System.

11. Diagnose the following case: A man, æt. 25, had a rigor followed by the usual symptoms of Acute Pneumonia. Physical examination showed the part affected to be the lower lobe of the left lung, and that the pleura