St. John Chronicle,

AND COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE.

Volume XVI. Saint John, New-Brunswick, Friday, July 9, 1852. Number 44.

THE SAINT JOHN CHRONICLE,

Is published every Friday afternoon, by WILLIAM DURANT, at his Office in the Brick Building of L. H. Devever & Son, west side Prince Wm. street.

☞ Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamental,) Handbills, Blanks, and Printing generally, neatly executed.

TERMS OF THE CHRONICLE:—

12s. 6d. in Advance ;—15s. if not paid until the termination of the year ;

But as the Proprietor intends to discontinue, as far as practicable, the *Credit system*, and stop the practice of making *good subscribers* contribute for those who *never pay*, he offers the following

Inducements for Clubbing,

by which means parties will be able to procure a valuable Family and Business Newspaper at a CHEAPER RATE than any heretofore offered in this Province. He proposes to send

For $10 IN ADVANCE, 5 copies of the Chronicle, *to one address*, to any part of this or the Sister Provinces, for One Year ;

For $20 in advance, 11 copies for One Year ;

For $40 in advance, 24 copies for One Year ;

Mind ! IN ADVANCE, and to one address.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the discretion of the publisher.

All letters, orders, communications, &c., must be post paid, and addressed to

WILLIAM DURANT,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

George Hutchinson,
SURGEON DENTIST—PETERS' STREET.
[*opposite the residence of Dr. Paterson*]

CHARLES W. STOCKTON,
Attorney & Barrister at Law,
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

DOOLEY'S
Merchant's Exchange Hotel—Post Office Building,
State Street, BOSTON,
TERMS—ONE DOLLAR per day.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.
TORONTO, C. W., AGENCY.
Apply to CHARLES L. STREET.
November 21.

Notice.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers, under the Firms of "Allison and Spurr" here, and "James Dewolfe Spurr and Co." at Liverpool, G. B., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons having claims upon either of the above Firms are requested to render them for settlement; and all parties indebted will please make early payment to either of the undersigned.

EDWARD ALLISON,
JAMES DEWOLFE SPURR & CO.
By EDWARD ALLISON, *his Attorney*.
St. John, 1st March, 1852.

HAMMOND RIVER HOUSE.

THE Subscriber grateful for past patronage from the Travelling community, begs to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has lately removed his establishment to the above House, 13 miles from this City, 1 mile North of Hammond River Bridge, where he is prepared to entertain Travellers at all times and seasons.

DINNERS, &c. &c., got up at shortest notice. Constantly on hand, a choice supply of WINES, &c. &c.

Comfortable and commodious Stabling attached to the Premises, careful hostlers always in attendance.

WASHINGTON ALDEN.
February 3, 1849.

First Supply of NEW SPRING BOOTS & SHOES.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable SHOE Store.
Foster's Corner, Germain Street.

New Boots and Shoes.

Just received from London per Steamer via Boston:

LADIES English and French Satin SLIPPERS; Jenny Lind, Hungarian, Coronation, and Victoria Slippers and Walking Shoes; Ladies', Misses and Children's Prunella, Cashmere and Coburg BOOTS and Cossacks; Ladies', Misses and Children's SHOES, in great variety, with various other articles. (March 26.) S. K. FOSTER.

1852.
Spring Style of HATS.
C. D. EVERETT & SON

HAVE just received, per *Cunard* from Boston, their *Spring Style* of HAT BLOCKS, and are prepared to furnish Gentlemen with *Fashionable* HATS, of various qualities.

Our best Hats, which are equal to the best manufactured in the United States or elsewhere, are only 20s. each; other qualities proportionally low.

HATS and CAPS of all kinds constantly on hand. ☞ *Call and see the New Style.*

C. D. EVERETT & SON,
East side Market Square and
March 12. North side King-Street.

SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTORY.
GEORG WOODS,
West side Water Street, between the Ferry Landing and Fish Market,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
August 28, 1851.

New-Brunswick STEAM, SASH, DOOR, AND BLIND FACTORY,—[illegible] Street, St. John.

HAVING put up the best Machinery that can be procured for the manufacture of Doors, Sashes, Blinds and Window Frames, [illegible] the public [illegible].

May 7. JOHN E. TURNBULL.

CHAINS & ANCHORS.

[illegible] CHAINS, from 1 to 1 3-4 inch; Do. ANCHORS of all sizes.

Aug. 23. EDWARD ALLISON.

NOTICE.

A. McL. SEELY has removed his Office to the City [illegible] Building, over the Telegraph Office, and opposite the new Post Office, where he will continue the business of

TIMBER BROKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Having in May last resigned the Power of Attorney to RICHARD SEELY and D. V. ROBERTS, and the business and purchasing of Timber at Indian Town to GEO. W. ROBERTS, solicits for them that patronage so liberally bestowed [illegible]. May 7.

Insurance.

Mutual Insurance Company.

THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber. I. WOODWARD.

National Loan Fund LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY of London.

EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital, £500,000 sterling,

Exclusive of a Reserved Fund (Surplus Premiums) of £51,000 sterling.

BOARD OF LOCAL DIRECTORS AT ST. JOHN, N. B.
(Office Nelson street.)
ROBERT F. HAZEN, *Chairman*.
Edward Allison, Esq. William Wright, Esq.
John H. Gray, Esq.
Medical Examiner.—Wm. Bayard, Esq., M. D.

Advantages offered by this Society.

PERFECT SECURITY, arising from a large Capital totally independent of the Premium Fund.

LOANS.—Two-thirds of the Annual Premiums paid, or half the Premiums for the first five years, which half may remain on interest, to be deducted from the amount of the Policy at the death of the insured.

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM.—The rates of Premium are as low as any society of equal standing.

DIVISION OF PROFITS.—The Bonus in the Society are declared annually, and each year the Assured has the option of receiving the profits in CASH in reduction of Premium, or in addition to the sum insured.—The Bonus are permanent.

Premiums may be paid Annually, Half-Yearly, or Quarterly.

Insurance may be effected for one year, for five years, or for life, with or without participation in the profits of the society.

A liberal allowance for the surrender of policies.

Every information to the Society's Rates of Premium, mode of Insurance, and blank forms of application, may be had at the Office of the subscribers, or of the sub-Agents, who have Pamphlets for gratuitous distribution, and all documents required for effecting Insurance.

CALIFORNIA.—Parties proceeding to California can effect insurance on liberal terms.

SUB-AGENTS FOR NEW BRUNSWICK.

Bathurst: Theophilus Desbrisay, Esq.
Chatham: William Carman, junior, Esq.
Dorchester: Albert J. Smith, Esquire.
Dalhousie: William S. Smith, Esq.
Fredericton: J. Henry Phair, Esq.
Hampton: Samuel Hallett, Esq.
Hopewell: Thomas B. Moore, Esq.
Monkton (the Bend) Bliss Botsford, Esq.
Newcastle: Edward Williston, Esq.
Richibucto: William Bowser, Esq.
St. Andrews: George D. Street, Esq.
St. Stephens: W. T. Rose, Esq.
Shediac and Cocagne: Richard C. Scovil, Esq.
Woodstock: James Robertson, Esq.

WILLIAM J. STARR,
February, 1850. *Manager, St. John, N. B.*

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON Fire and Life Insurance Company.
[*Established in* 1836.]

Capital £2,000,000—in shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the liabilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New-Brunswick that the above-named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed Mr. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. JACK, at the Office of the *New Brunswick Marine Assurance Company*, also the pamphlets issued by the office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £500 will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.

EDWARD ALLISON.
Dated at St. John, N. B., }
4th August, 1851. }

No. 17, King Street.
CHEAP Hat, Cap, & Fur Store,

THE Subscribers will open their *New Store, No.* 17, *King Street*, on Saturday, May 1, with an extensive variety of new and fashionable GOODS imported by late arrivals, and manufactured expressly for this Establishment.

It being fitted up in the Modern Style and adapted to their trade, and as all articles will be marked at prices decidedly to the advantage of the purchaser; which combined will offer an additional inducement to our Customers and the public to continue their patronage. A Call is requested.

April 30, 1852. LOCKHART & CO.

THE AGAIN.

AS a number of my friends have requested me to re-open my BOARDING HOUSE, I have therefore concluded to do so; and will be most happy to accommodate any of my old friends, or any of my new ones, and do pledge myself to give them as good Food, &c., and as reasonable terms, as can be obtained at any other Hotel in the province.

JOHN B. TRAVIS.
Indian Town, February 6th, 1852.

For Sale or Lease,

And immediate Possession given:—

A SAW MILL, with one acre of Land adjoining, in upper Sheets, formerly owned by John C. [illegible] now in possession of H. C. Sanderson. Terms reasonable. Enquire of

Feb. 27. L. H. DEVEBER & SON.

TIMOTHY SEED.

150 BUSHELS, the growth of the County of York, in Two Bushel Bags, For Sale by JOHN KINNEAR,
Prince Wm. Street.

Garden and Flower Seeds.—The Subscriber has received per the *Mary Jones*, from London, a general assortment of Field, Garden and Flower SEEDS. Warranted the growth of 1852. (April 26.) S. L. TILLEY.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his business to the Store in the Waverly House, adjoining the store of B. O'Brien, King Street.

May 7. JOHN G. SHARP.

THE GREAT REMEDY.

Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed,

An never failing cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Shortness of Breath, &c.

The extraordinary celebrity which this simple, pleasing, and effectual medicine has attained, may be seen by the following proofs, or certificates, all from persons well known :—

MR. J. G. SHARP,—

Since you appointed me agent for the sale of your valuable Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed, I have been repeatedly informed by those who have used it, that it is without doubt one of the best medicines they have ever had, for the complaints in which it is recommended.

R. D. M'ARTHUR.

To Mr. J. G. Sharp—

SIR,—One of my children has been suffering *for years* under a severe Cough. The usual remedies were applied without effect. Having heard of Mr. J. G. Sharp's "*Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed,*" I obtained some, and after the use of about 6 oz., or one vial of this extraordinary mixture, the cure was complete.

J. G. CAMPBELL,
April 23, 1852, City of Saint John,

Mr. J. G. Sharp,

I had, a few weeks ago, a very bad cold. Being recommended to try *Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed*, I got a quarter dollar bottle, and found it not only a pleasant but a most useful and effective medicine. It is pleasing to take, and a first rate cure.

PATRICK POWER,
April, 23, 1852, City of Saint John,

For the last sixteen years I have suffered from Asthma so bad that I was often obliged to sit in bed to prevent suffocation. I tried every means, during that time, that the usual or ordinary medicines could produce, but without effect, until I obtained some of *Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed*, (which was recommended to me,) and after using two bottles, I found the relief so long sought for.

M. SMITH,
Studholm, Kings County, March, 1852,

Sold in bottles at 1s. 6d and 2s. 6d. each, at the stores of JOHN G. SHARP, King street; R. D. M'ARTHUR, Medical Hall, Kings square, and JOHN CHALONER, King street.

April 15.

NEW BOOKS.—The Necromancer, or Mysteries of the Court of Henry the VIIIth, by G. W. M. Reynolds; Lady Godiva or Peeping Tom of Coventry; Fortunes and Misfortunes of Harry Rocket Scapegrace; Craigalain Castle, or the Stolen Will, by Mrs. Gore; Kate Penrose, or Life in its Lessons, by Mrs. Hubback; Altamont, by the Hon. Mrs. Norton; A Peep at Number Five, by the Author of Sunny Side; Tom King, the Highwayman, by the Author of Dick Turpin; No. 2, Chambers' Pocket Miscellany; Tyler's Universal History, 2 Vols.; Allison's History of Europe, 1 Volume, abridged; Ollendorf's Spanish Gramer and Key; The Grumbler, by Miss E. Pickering; The Poetry of Science, or Studies of the Phenomena of Nature; Blackwood's Magazine for May; The Ingoldsby Legends, by Rev. R. H. Braham Byron's Complete Works, New Addition, (illustrated;) A further supply of Barness' Notes on the Book of Revelation.

May 4. B. O'BRIEN.

NOW LANDING.

M. FRANCIS & COUGHLAN are receiving per '*Favid*,' from London, and '*Admiral*,' from Boston, their *SPRING SUPPLY*, consisting of LADIES', GENTS., MISSES, YOUTHS' and Children's **BOOTS & SHOES** of all descriptions, and of the latest fashion; and feeling truly thankful to their friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of favors.—Their Stock is comprised of

Ladies, Silk, Prunella and cashmere Boots;
Do. SLIPPERS in White Satin, Kid and Morocco; Misses ditto;
Gentlemen's Patent Calf Morocco Legs, Prince George's BOOTS, best London make;
Do. *Oxonian SHOES*, Congress GAITERS, Calf and Morocco Boots and BOOTEES; Youths' and Boys' Boots, Bootees and Shoes, in great variety

—All of which they offer for Sale Wholesale and Retail at a *reduction* on their usual low prices—and as Mr. Francis (a practical man) has made the selection personally, they feel confident that their present Spring supply will give ample satisfaction.

N. B. Purchasers and Country dealers, would find it to their advantage to call at No. 13, Prince William Street, before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ A good assortment of DOMESTIC MANUFACTURED Work, constantly on hand.

April 30.

FARM at Musquash for sale :—

A VERY valuable and well situated FARM, at Musquash in the Parish of Lancaster, 15 miles from the City of Saint John, containing 460 acres in the whole—60 acres of which are Dyked Marsh, the remaining best quality Upland, about 100 acres being cleared and in excellent condition.—The Mail Road to St. Andrews and the United States runs through the property. It is situated in the Village of Musquash—bounded on one side by the River, and in a place well calculated both for farming purposes and a public establishment.

There is on the place, a large and convenient Dwelling House, in good repair; also, a small house, suitable for a tenant; a Blacksmith's Shop, and two large Barns, capable of containing 60 tons of hay besides cattle; and plenty of good water near the house.

The Farm and Establishment will be found on examination to be well worthy the attention of any persons inclined to purchase; and the probability is that the Western Railroad Depot will be at this spot.

The terms of payment will be made easy; and further particulars may be obtained on application to DUNCAN ROBERTSON, Esquire, Barrister at Law, St. John, or to the Proprietor on the premises.

May 21, 1852. WILLIAM FOGG.

Spring Importations of Boots and SHOES.

DAVID PATTERSON has much pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public, that he has just received per the ship Alciope, from Liverpool, and Steamer Admiral, from Boston, a large supply of Ladies, Misses, Boys, Children's, and Infants BOOTS and SHOES, in almost every style, too numerous to mention in an advertisement, the greater part having been manufactured to his order.

As the purchasers of Imported *Boots* and *Shoes* have considerable expense in having the rips sewed in them, those who wish to save purchasing at his store would find it to their advantage, as all goods that he warrants not to repair without any charge.

On Hand—A well assorted Stock of Gents' BOOTS and SHOES, various styles, of his own manufacture, which is so well known in this Province for the last twenty five years, as to require no comment at this time.

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BOOT,
Foster's Corner, King-street.

N. B.—Country Dealers supplied Wholesale at a small advance on cost and charges. May 7.

Number Seven, Dock-street.

The Subscriber has received ex the "Oburn" from Charente:

30 HHDS. best Old BRANDY, "J. Hennessee & Co., brand; 200 Cases Old BRANDY, 1 dozen each, Oaked "J. Denis Henry Mounie & Co." (May 28.) [illegible] ARMSTRONG.

POETRY.

DROOP NOT UPON YOUR WAY.

Ho! ye who start a noble scheme,
For general good designed—
Ye workers in a cause that tends
To benefit your kind—
Mark out the path ye fain would tread,
The game ye mean to play,
And if it be an honest one,
Keep steadfast on your way.

Although ye may not gain at once
The points ye most desire,
Be patient—time can wonders work—
Plod on, and do not tire ;
Obstructions, too, may crowd your path,
In threatening, stern array,
Yet flinch not ! fear not !—they may prove
Mere shadows in your way.

Then while there's work for you to do,
Stand not despairing by—
Let forward be the move ye make,
Let "Onward" be your cry ;
And then success has crowned your plans,
'Twill all your pains repay
To see the good your labour's done :
Then droop not on your way !

JOHN BARNS.

The Chronicle.

Saint John, July 9, 1852.

SAINT JOHN GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The semi-annual examination of this Seminary took place, according to advertisement on Tuesday last.—Present : the Hon. John H. Gray, Rev. W. Donald, A. M., and William Wright, Esq., Members of the Grammar School Board ; Rev. Mr. Brooke, of Fredericton ; Rev. Alex. Stewart, A. M. ; Rev. William Armstrong ; Rev. George Armstrong, A. M. ; Rev. Mr. Disbrow ; Dr. Le Baron Botsford, M. D., and a few of the parents. The examination in Greek embraced passages in *Homer* and *Anacreon* ; in Latin, passages in *Cicero de Senectut, Horace, Virgil, Cornelius Nepos, Eutropius*, and *Stodart's Delectus* ; in French, passages in *Traducteur Parisien* ; in Mathematics, the propositions upon which the calculations in plane trigonometry are based ; in Geography, questions on the situations of places in the four quarters of the world ; and in History, questions on the period of English History included between the Saxon Monarchy and the reign of Edward III. The Directors were kindly and ably assisted in the examination by the Rev. Mr. Stewart and the Rev. Mr. Brooke. The behaviour of the pupils during the proceedings was excellent, and the general correctness of their answers in the various branches gave unquestionable evidence of the thoroughness of the system pursued by the Principal. The Hon. Mr. Gray, in the absence of the Rev. the Rector and the Hon. Judge Parker, senior members of the Board, gave utterance, in eloquent an expressive language, to the feelings of satisfaction which had been imparted by the examination. Especially, he said, it was highly gratifying to witness the readiness and ease with which the question in geography and history were answered. After congratulating the pupils on their present attainments, and exhorting them to unremitting assiduity in the prosecution of their studies, as the only sure path to success in the business and avocations of life, he announced that prizes would be given, on the following day, to the most meritorious, according to a list, which would be handed to the Principal of the School. The distribution, accordingly, took place, on Wednesday forenoon, in the following order :—Master Brunswick Peters, of the 1st Greek and 1st Latin classes.

„ Robert Boyle, 2d Greek and 1st Latin do.
„ George Matthew, 1st Latin and French do.
„ William S. Berton, 2d Latin and French do.
„ William Jarvis, 3d Greek and 2d Latin do.
„ George Lovett, 3d Latin do.
„ William Hubbard, } 4th Latin do.
„ Frederick P. Robinson, }
„ Henry Bowyer, 5th Latin do.
„ Frederick Blatch, 6th Latin do.
„ Robert Matthew, 7th Latin do.
„ Robert Livingstone, 8th Latin do.

In addition to the above, according to a practice which he has invariably followed, to stimulate the youth committed to his charge, the Principal gave prizes, as follows :—

For excelling in the preparation and composition of the Weekly English Themes—Masters William Jarvis, Charles Clinton, and Frederck P. Robinson.

For excellence in the Latin Exercise prepared for the examination—Master George Johnston.

For the excelling in the Mathematical Department—Master Brunswick Peters.

For excelling in Geography, (decided by the voice of their fellow-scholars, who are scarcely inferior to themselves in this branch,)—Masters George Matthew, Brunswick Peters, and Henry Bowyer.

For excelling in Arithmetic, (decided by several special examinations,)—Masters William Jarvis, George Johnston, and Charles Clinton.

For excelling in History, (decided by the voice of his fellow-scholars, who are scarcely inferior to himself in this branch,)—Master Wm. S. Berton.

For application to their studies and such rapid improvement as led the Principal to promote them to higher classes in the Term—Master Charles Clinton, promoted from the 5th to the 4th class ; Master Henry Sears, promoted from the 7th to the 6th class ; and Master Wallace Crear, promoted from the 8th to the 7th class.

For regular attendance at early Morning School, and suitable preparation of their Latin lessons and exercises—Master John M'Kean, of the 5th class ; and Master John V. Thurgar, of the 7th class.

For general improvement—Masters James Sheraton and Courtenay Ranney.

During the distribution of the prizes, a small case, with a note, was silently handed by the Head Scholar to the Principal. The case, when opened, was found to contain a handsome gold pencil case, with the name, JAMES PATERSON, LL. D.," engraven upon it. The card was as follows :—

DR. PATERSON.

DEAR SIR,—We offer you this small token of our regard and esteem, and beg your acceptance of it for our sake. Although trifling, we hope it will prove as acceptable to you as if it were of more value. Wishing you a pleasant vacation, believe us to remain.

Your affectionate Scholars.

In reply, Dr. Paterson thanked them for the gift, which, he said, was quite unexpected. He assured them that though they called it trifling, it was not so in his eyes ; that he set a very high value upon it, as a token of their regard. In this sense, he said, it was as specious to him as any article, however valuable intrinsically, could be ; and he hoped that he might view the gift, and not only as demonstrative of the high sense they entertain of the anxious desire he has for their welfare and literary progress, but also as indicative of their determination to pursue, with unremitting ardour, the studies on which they had entered. In announcing that the vacation would continue to Monday the 2d of August next, he exhorted them not to pass the time altogether in idleness, but to devote a portion of each day to the revisal of their grammar and the preparation of those exercises in English composition which he had prescribed to them. And, reciprocating the kindly feeling they had expressed towards himself, he wishes them all a happy enjoyment of the holidays, at the conclusion of which he hoped to meet with them all again in the possession of good health, and animated with increased desire for study and the acquisition of knowledge.—(*Courier of Saturday.*)

A QUESTION FOR THE SCHOOLMEN.—What requires more philosophy than taking things as they come? Parting with things as they go.

☞ The following is the proclamation issued by the Queen, prohibiting the public exercise of Roman Catholic ceremonies elsewhere than in places of worship :—

BY THE QUEEN—A PROCLAMATION—VICT. R.

Whereas By the Act Parliament, passed in the 10th year of the reig of His laten Majesty, King George the Fourth, for the relief of His Majesty's Roman Catholic subjects, it is enacted, that no Roman Catholic ecclesiastic, nor any member of any religious orders, communities, or societies of the Church of Rome, bound by monastic or religious vows, should exercise any of the rites or ceremonies of the Roman Catholic Religion, or in private houses, And whereas it has been represented to us, that Roman Catholic ecclesiastics, wearing the habits of their orders, have exercised the rites and ceremonies of the Roman Catholic Religion in highways and places of public resort, with many persons in ceremonial dresses, bearing banners and objects, or symbols, of their worship, in procession, to the great scandal and annoyance of large numbers of our people, and to the manifest danger of the public peace : And whereas it has been represented to Us that such violation of the law has been committed near places of public Worship during the time Divine Service, and in such a manner as to disturb the congregation assembled therein : We have, therefore, thought it Our bounden duty, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this, Our Loyal Proclamation, solemnly warning all those whom it may concern, that, while We are resolved to protect Our Roman Catholic subjects in the undisturbed enjoyment of their legal rights and religious freedom, we are determined to prevent and repress the commission of all such offences as aforesaid, whereby the offenders may draw upon themselves the punishment attending the violation of the laws, and the peace and security of Our dominions may be endangered.

Given at our Court, at Buckingham Palace, this 15th day of June, in the year of our Lord 1852, and in the 15th year of our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

MISCELLANY.

ENIGMA.

[FOR THE CHRONICLE.]

I am Composed of 32 Letters,
My 1, 5, 11, 14, 11, 24, 19, 11. 5, Is the name of a Battle.
My 2, 3, 12, 5, 3, 2, Is the name of an English King.
My 3, 24, 13, 15, 20, Is the name of a Protestant Lord,
My 4, 11, 5, 11, 4, 21, 11, 9, Is the name of a noted Robber,
My 5, 6, 13, 24, 30 32, Is a Celebrated Martyr,
My 6, 26, 11, 23, 25, 24, 24, 11, Is the name of a Spanish Queen,
My 7, 11, 32, 24, 27, 16, Is an American General,
My 8, 12, 20, 15, 28, 3, 12, 7, Is the name of a Pope,
My 9, 11, 12, 4, 11, 24, 24, 11, 7, Is an inveterate enemy of the Jews,
My 10, 3, 24, 25, 20, Is the name of a Beautiful Woman,
My 11, 24, 22, 23, 25, 32, Is a Traveller who suffered Severely,
My 12, 3, 5, 15, Is a Cruel Persecutor,
My 13, 11, 12, 18, 17, 24, Is an Inspired Prophet,
My 14, 5, 3, 13, 17, 16, 18, 28, Is an English Duke,
My 15, 21, 13, 28, 11, 26, 31, 24, 30, Is the first Protestant Martyr,
My 16, 22, 28, 10, 11, 5, 13, Is an English Monarch,
My 17, 19, 21, 25, 16, 31, Is the first sole Monarch of Egland,
My 18, 26, 11, 18, 11, 10, Is an Ancient Seer,
My 19, 27, 24, 29, 11, 2, Is the name of a very Large Man,
My 20, 3, 24, 26, 27, 12, Is a Naval Commander,
My 21, 15, 32, 12, 30, Is a Commemorated Battle,
My 22, 26, 9, 11, 28, 10, 11, 5, Is one of the sons of an Ancient Patriarch,
My 23, 27, 32, 24, 25, Is the name of a Philosopher,
My 24, 3, 27, Is the name of a Pope,
My, 25, 24, 22, 26, 11, 4, 3, 1, 2, Is an Eminent Personage,
My 26, 28, 27, 31, 31, Is an English Poet,
My 27, 26, 9, 8, 11, 12, Is an Ancient Poet,
My 28, 29, 28, 30, 5, 15, Is a Distinguished Orator,
My 29, 12, 19, 24, 29, 9, Is a Bishop in one of the British Provinces,
My 30, 24, 18, 26, 10, 11, Is a Celebrated Prophet,
My 31, 22, 16, 9, 10, 11, 1, 2, 11, Is another name for Governor,
My 32, 30, 26, 1, 3, 5, 13, 11, 32, Is what we will never see,

My whole is an Institution, whose object is, the spiritual welfare of the human family.

Jerusalem, (Queen's County.) A. M.

NEW GALVANIC BATTERY.—During the week we have had an opportunity of witnessing the effects produced by a new galvanic battery lately patented by Mr. Martyn J. Roberts, a gentleman whose name is well known in the scientific world as having previously introduced several valuable applications of electricity. This gentleman has made the important discovery that certain metals, hitherto considered almost electrically inert, will, by the excitement of certain acids in a particular form generate a most powerful current of electricity, this combination of metals and acids, after having generated the electricity, becomes a product of immense demand and commercial value in our manufacture, and will realise considerably more than the first cost of the acids and metals, so that an unlimited supply of electricity is obtained without any expence.

In applying this discovery to practical purposes, a galvanic battery has been contrived as simple and efficient as can be desired, obviating the numerous objections that have been raised against the old forms. In the best of these, porous cells were used, the positive plates were amalgamated, and a double exciting fluid employed. In Mr. Roberts's invention porous cells are dispensed with, the positive plate is not amalgamated, a simple, exciting fluid is used ; the product obtained from the battery is insoluble ; consequently it falls to the bottom of the cell, leaving the supernatent fluid clear to act on the plate, which, by a perfect arrangement, remains strong ; by this, and a water regulation, the current of electricity may be maintained in full force for days and weeks together, without any change of fluid in the battery, there is also no chance of a deposit on the negative plate of any extraneous metal, which was a great evil in all the old forms—in the new one there is no metallic salt from which a metal can be precipitated.

The battery has been some months privately at work, and has been inspected by some of the most eminent scientific men of the present day, among which we may enumerate Professor Faraday, Sir David Brewster, &c., who have expressed their approbation of the invention in most unqualified terms. A light of great intensity and more uniform action is produced. The metals used are tin and platinum, and the liquid which acts upon them nitric acid. The combination formed by them is a product which when mixed with an alkali, is converted into a valuable mordant for dyeing purposes ; its sale pays the entire cost of electricity ; and, besides leaving a surplus profit, the invention may be applied to the production of heat, light, and motion to an indefinite extent.

The discovery of a new means of obtaining electricity, without cost, can only rank with that of steam, and may have a greater influence on society than even the discovery of that powerful engine, which gives motion only, while cheap electricity gives us light, heat and motion, and, what is of greater importance, the power of unlimited chemical decomposition. Its influence on the arts will be such as few at the present moment can conceive. Several valuable chemical processes have for years been in abeyance for want of cheap electricity, and now this desideratum is obtained, a great impetus will be given to the application of chemical science and the arts in general.

SPECIAL PREPARATION FOR DEATH.—Every wise man lives in the constant preparation for death. Hale, vigorous, strong though he be, he knows that he may meet death at any moment ; he therefore lives with his general preparation for death made, and daily continued in. Yet, when in God's Providence he feels, by the unearthly cold influence of death, that he (death) is stepping near to and about him, and he sees that not only, as ever, he *may* die soon, but now *must* die soon, there is a reality and solemnity given to dying, which he has never before so fully felt. It is not only a solemn, but also a magnificent event, to go from this world of matter to a world spirits—from this world of time to a world of eternity—from this world of mammon to the world of God—an untried change, to be *tried*—made once forever. The wise man, though he has made his general preparation for death, will, if time be given him therefor, review the whole work as a *special preparation*. Like the commander of a well appointed ship, kept steady for sea, who, before his last fast to land be loosed, and he fills away for the ocean, will make a special examination and preparation for his departure, to see if every thing is in good condition—no leak—no decayed stays and braces—no sprung spars—water and stores—papers and log book—quadrant and sextant—glass, charts and compass, all right ;—so do ye, before the silver cord of life be loosed from your body, and you *fill away* for eternity.—*Rev. E. M. P. Wells* (Price Lecture, 1852.)

FRUIT TREES BY THE ROAD SIDE.—The practice of setting out fruit trees by the roadside cannot be too highly recommended. In many parts of Europe this practice is general, and the fatigued traveller acknowledges the welltimed hospitality thus afforded him. The excuse is often made that the fruit will be stolen ; but if the practice were general, the amount of fruit taken by wayfarers, would only be what common hospitality would freely grant; in Germany every third tree, by custom, may be tabooed, the owner of the adjoining farm ties a piece of rag to one of the lower limbs of the tree, and no traveller will touch it. Travellers inform us that no reward will tempt a German stage driver to regale his passengers with fruit from a market tree—two out of three being left to his use if desired, renders the selected tree free from the chance of being used. The amount of fertilizing material continually wasted upon roads would be available by such a practice, and nothing but extreme selfishness will prevent the use of those materials for public benefit. Many of the larger sort of fruit trees are highly ornamental and afford fine shade, while the use of other trees alone, for shade, like the display of costly mansions only excited the poor to envy, without adding materially to their comfort or health.—*Working farmer.*

SHOWY ACCOMPLISHMENTS.—There are few greater mistakes than the prevailing dispositions among people in middling life to bring up their daughters as fine ladies, neglecting useful knowledge for showy accomplishments. "The notions," it has been justly observed, "which girls thus educated acquire of their own importance, is in an inverse, ratio to their true value. With just enough of fashionable refinement to disqualify them for the duties of their proper station, and render them ridiculous in a higher sphere, what are such fine ladies fit for ? Nothing, that I know of, but to be kept like wax figures in a glass case. Woe to the man that is linked to one of them ! If half the time and money wasted on the music, the dancing, the embroidery, were employed in teaching them the useful arts of making shirts and mending stockings, and managing household affairs, their present qualifications as wives and mothers would be increased four-fold."

SURMISE WITH CHARITY.—A kind-hearted lady was once reproved quite sharply by her friend for giving money to a stranger, who seemed to be very poor, when he asked for charity in the streets of Boston. 'Suppose he spends the money for rum?' said the censorious and suspicious friend. The quick and noble answer was, 'If you must '*suppose*' at all, why not '*suppose*' that he will spend the money for bread ? Why suppose what is evil about one of whom you are at liberty to suppose what is '*good and noble*?' That lady had a *true Christian* spirit.

IRON BOOK.—At the Renard Works, Prussia, sheet-iron is manufactured for such a degree of tenuity that the leaves can be used for paper. A bookbinder of Breslau has made an album of nothing else, the pages of which turn as flexibly as the finest fabric of linen rags. As yet no extensive application for this form of the metal has been found, but, as the manager says the material must precede the use for it ; perhaps books may hereafter be printed for the tropics on these metallic leaves, and defy the destructive power of ants of any colour or strength of forceps. We have only to invent a white ink, and the thing is done. Of the finest sort the machinery rolls 7040 square foot of what may be called leaf iron from 1 of metal.

THE TELEGRAPH.—The C. B. *News* says :—We are happy in being able to state that the Were has at length been placed across the Strait of Canso and that in a short time the community will be in communication with Halifax, &c. The success in the erection of the wire from the Mast of Cape Porcupine, which, is, including the mountain, 565 feet from the water to the Tower on the Cape Breton side, whose altitude is 314 from the level of the sea, is like creditable to the skill and perseverance of Mr. F. W. McKenzie, under whose sole direction and superintendence, this difficult undertaking was completed, on the 18th instant.

LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS.—Mr. R. Brown, of Sheffield, says that by using magnetised steel (which possesses greater power in attracting electricity than the ordinary kind), and greatly multiplying the points in the head of the conductor, the lighting conductor's power of attraction has been more than trebled, and its influence is consequently extended for some distance around the spot in which it is fixed.

REPLY OF THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON.—"The gallant Duke, lately met a young clergyman, who, being aware of his Grace's former residence in the East, and of his familiarity with the ignorance and obstinacy of the Hindoos in support of their false religion, gravely proposed the following question : Does not your Grace think it almost useless and extravagant to preach the gospel to the Hindoos ? The Duke immediately rejoined, 'Look, sir, to your marching orders : "Preach the gospel to every creature." '—(Mark xvi: 15.)

PATENT TILE AND PIPE MAKING MACHINE.—We were invited yesterday to witness the working of one of Mr. Hart's tile machines, at the Atlas Works, Borough-road, Southwark. This machine is one of a series intended for Italy, and its construction and principle has attracted a good deal of attention. It makes pipes, tiles, hollow and solid bricks, cornice work, and is capable of being readily adjusted to some twelve hundred different patterns. It is worked by a screw, and is simple to singularity throughout, and is indeed the very quakerism of mechanics. A man and a boy are capable of giving it a pressure of ten tons, and by a curious reversing or self-acting movement, no time is lost in the working of both ends, one man being employed in filling while the boy carries away. Thus, and with only moderate exertion, we saw tiles produce at the rate of eight miles for ten hours, and solid and hollow bricks, &c., with like rapidity. —*London Paper.*

CONVERSION FROM POPERY.—On Sunday week last six persons, under the spiritual guidance of the Rev. T. Scott, a Priest converted from Romanism, abjured the errors of Popery, and received the Holy Communion in St. Thomas's Church, Dublin. One of the converts had been a candidate for the Romish Priesthood, and two were schoolmasters. The *Clonmel Chronicle* contains an eloquent letter from the Rev. R. Wall, Roman Catholic Curate of Stickman, to his Bishop, Dr. Foran, of Waterford, in which he renounces his appointment as Priest on the ground of objections to the Church of Rome, which he supports throughout by reference to Holy Scriptures.