

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Premier Davie Explains Why Vancouver Cannot Have a Resident Judge.

Laws of England to be Incorporated in the Consolidated Acts of the Province.

TENTH DAY.

Wednesday, Nov. 28. The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Ribbet presented a petition from L. Erb and others relating to a crown grant held by them.

Mr. McPherson presented a petition from the Y. P. S. of C. E. of Zion Methodist church respecting Sunday observance.

Mr. J. H. Turner presented a petition bearing on the same matter. The petition of William Cartwright re Theis Island land grievance, was received.

Mr. Williams moved that the government should introduce legislation for the purpose of enforcing the residence of a supreme court judge at Vancouver. He said the present arrangement was inconvenient and unsatisfactory for both the legal gentlemen and litigants.

There was an act which provided that a supreme court judge should reside at Vancouver, and all they asked was that the provisions of the act be carried out.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the legislature had for fifteen years tried to have this done, but had not been successful. The act providing that judges should reside at different places had practically been a dead letter ever since it was passed.

Some of them had resided in the interior for some time, but all had finally gravitated to Victoria. An arrangement was made whereby one judge was to reside in Yale district, one in New Westminster and three in Victoria.

There was very little to do in Yale, so Judge Walkem left Yale and came to Victoria, Judge McCreicht remaining at Westminster, Judge Walkem, however, did not arrive once in a while when he was expected at Vancouver, but this was accounted for by inclement weather and the judges being at the court of appeal.

The same would be the case if a judge resided at Vancouver, as he would have to attend the court of appeal at Victoria. He asked that the resolution be held over, as the government have the matter under consideration.

Mr. Cotton thought the matter could be remedied by providing that the judge to be appointed to fill the vacancy should reside in Vancouver.

On motion of Mr. Sward the debate was adjourned for a week.

Mr. Sward asked the minister of finance: With regard to the Nakusp and Slocan railway company's bonds guaranteed by the province, who receives the difference between the selling price and the face value?

Hon. Mr. Turner—The province. Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the legal professions bill.

The bill not being on the orders of the day and Mr. Semlin objecting to proceeding, the second reading was adjourned.

On consideration of the report on the bill for the revision of the statutes Hon. Mr. Davie moved an amendment providing that should the lieutenant-governor-in-council see fit the laws of England applicable to the province should be incorporated in the consolidation. He said he had not yet had time to look thoroughly into the matter, and therefore it should be left to the government to ascertain if it was feasible.

Mr. Semlin thought all were in favor of a revision, but there was a question as to the cost. The amount mentioned yesterday by the attorney-general was certainly startling. He had no idea that it would cost that much.

The amendment was adopted and the bill was finally passed.

The formal resolution to grant a supply to Her Majesty was passed through committee. Mr. Eberts in the chair. It was decided that the committee sit again on Monday, but that depends upon whether the finance minister is ready with his budget speech.

A number of technical amendments

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

were made to the small debts bill when it came up on report.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved to strike out section 52 and insert "the magistrate may allow a fee not to exceed \$10 to any duly qualified barrister or solicitor as costs against the unsuccessful party, but when less than \$10 is recovered the plaintiff recovers no barrister's or solicitor's fees.

There was a long discussion on the amendment, some holding that the fee of \$10 was too large and others that a fee should also be allowed to an agent whether he is a lawyer or not. It was contended that if the amendment was passed it would make the small debts court an expensive place for collecting debts instead of a cheap one, as was proposed by the principle of the bill.

Hon. Mr. Davie made a plea for the lawyers, contending that the fee proposed in the amendment would be an encouragement to the young lawyers.

Mr. Cotton opposed the amendment. He had never before had his emotions torn up by such a conflicting debate as that which had just taken place.

The attorney-general had made a plea for the young lawyers, but he as a layman refused to be used as chaff to be thrown out to young chicks. Besides the fee might tend to scatter the young luminaries like tuberculosis or smallpox.

The amendment was lost on a division of 13 to 15.

The house went into committee on the workmen's wages bill. After considering and passing three clauses, which occupied most of the afternoon, the committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

The house adjourned at 5:45.

SARAH BERNHARDT. NOT ONLY THE GREATEST ACTRESS OF HER DAY BUT A WOMAN OF HIGH ATTAINMENT IN MANY OTHER BRANCHES OF ART.



Probably there is not a woman in the world to-day whose name is more familiar than that of Sarah Bernhardt; she needs no introduction to the Canadian people; therefore, we will simply quote what she has written about "Vin Mariani": "I have been delighted to find 'Vin Mariani' in all the large cities of the United States, and it has, as always, largely helped to give me that strength so necessary in the performance of the arduous duties which I have imposed upon myself. I never fail to praise its virtues to all my friends, and I heartily congratulate you upon the success which you so well deserve."

Dr. Cyrus Edison, chief of Health Department, New York, says that in cases of influenza (La Grippe) where patients suffer with high fever and catarrh in the head, the most effectual remedy is the generous diffusable tonic "Vin Mariani". All grocers and druggists keep it, but if you should not find it at your dealers write direct to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, and from them you will receive an album containing two photographs of many celebrities who have testified to the excellence of "Vin Mariani".

JAPAN IS PARTICULAR.

Count Ito Declines to Receive Commissioner Dietring.

London, Nov. 28.—The Tokio correspondent of the Central News telegraphs: "The Japanese have found at Port Arthur a chart which has enabled them to locate exactly and control all the mines in the harbor."

On November 20, previous to the storming of the forts, the Japanese placed one hundred siege and field guns in well chosen positions and rained shot and shell upon the Chinese entrenchments.

The bombardment made possible the success of the assault, in accordance with a telegram from Hiroshima, Dr. Hart, the principal surgeon at Chin Lien, will be released to report to the directors of the Hiroshima hospitals.

There was an engagement near Ma' Lien Ling on the 25th. The Kirin troops tried to break the Japanese right flank, but were repulsed. The Japanese loss was 48 killed and wounded.

A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says that Commissioner Dietring and his suite sailed from Tientsin to-day. Count Ito, the Japanese prime minister, declined to receive the commissioner, stating that he would only receive an envoy who had been directly appointed by the Chinese government at Peking, and would hold no communication with the viceroys' messenger.

From Tientsin the Central News hears that Li Hing Chang has gone to Pao-Ling-Poo, his usual winter residence, and the seat of the provincial government.

His departure has given rise to many false rumors to the effect that he has been degraded. The viceroys' friends say that this time is near when he will be summoned to Peking to save the country by his statesmanship.

The Times correspondent in Chefoo says: Admiral Fremantle and fifty British officers landed at Port Arthur on the 25th. Qung Taotai, of Port Arthur, brother of the Chinese minister to England, has gone to Tientsin. The reports of atrocities on both sides are confirmed.

The Japanese, after finding the mutilated bodies of several commandos, gave a quarter, there being an indiscriminate slaughter. Several Chinese soldiers and some tradesmen who tried to escape by sea were followed by torpedo boats and shot.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The Disease That at Present Causes So Much Trouble.

The Canadian Live Stock and Farm Journal in a recent issue has the following on the subject of tuberculosis:

So much has been written and said concerning this most insidious disease that a large proportion of cattle men are actually a quantity as to the future of that most important industry, cattle breeding. As an instance of the ignorance abroad concerning tuberculosis, not a few confound it with that dreaded disease, contagious pleuro-pneumonia, which is totally dissimilar in every respect. It is well to remember that there is nothing new in regard to tuberculosis or consumption. In the human family it is nearly as old as the race, while in cattle it has been known to exist ever since the great pioneers in cattle improvement began their work 150 years ago, and, doubtless, was known for centuries before that; in fact, as long as those having anything to do with cattle took enough interest in their work to know when stock under their care were affected.

Judging by the reports issued, cattle at the experiment stations at different points, both in Canada and the United States, have suffered worse than the private owners of either country. Most do not attribute this to one of two causes: either the officials in their zeal to diffuse knowledge by experiments have overstepped the mark, and slaughtered many healthy cattle which, by the Koch test, showed disease; or their herds have been subjected to singularly bad management. The wording of the reports, and what little information has leaked out, would lead us to think that the former is the more correct.

The fact is in many of these experiments there is often too hasty a disposition to jump at conclusions, by which quite as much harm as good may be done.

On the other hand, if experimental stations are to be of service, the managers and officials should be doubly careful to retain the confidence of the public, in whose interest they have been established. It is true that much of their time is employed in dealing with the mistakes of private owners, but their reports should be couched in language in which there is no uncertain sound, and written after all doubts are dispersed.

As before stated, tuberculosis is no new disease, yet many writers, among whom are some veterinary surgeons, have so magnified its ravages that breeders and farmers are greatly alarmed.

The motive of these professional gentlemen is too apparent, as they are evidently after the enrichment of their pockets to try to influence the government to appoint inspectors whose duty it will be to report on the health of private herds. It will be, of course, advantageous to their own pockets, but where the stockbreeders are to be the gainers it is difficult to conceive.

In the face of these and many similar instances, it will become those individuals who try to influence the government to appoint inspectors whose duty it will be to report on the health of private herds. It will be, of course, advantageous to their own pockets, but where the stockbreeders are to be the gainers it is difficult to conceive.

The marriage of Prince Adolph of Teck and Lady Margaret Grosvenor, daughter of the Duke of Westminster, announced to take place today, has been postponed until December 12th.

The funeral of Rubenstein took place in the Alexander Nevski church, St. Petersburg, to-day. Many delegates from musical societies followed the coffin of the great pianist from Peterhoff to St. Petersburg.

The executive council of the McCarthy wing of the Irish parliamentary party have agreed that members differing from the policy of the party shall be asked to resign.

The marriage of the czar was celebrated in Finland with great enthusiasm on Monday. The city of Helsingfors was profusely decorated and gala performances were held in the theatre in the evening. Business was suspended.

A paper says the German embassy is the centre of espionage in Paris. It has been stated that over a hundred naturalized French citizens are acting as spies in France. Their arrest has been demanded.

The Italian government has informed the British and United States governments of Italy's adhesion to the Behring sea sealing regulations.

The Nicaraguan government has been informed by the British minister, Mr. Goshing, that Great Britain has refused to recognize Nicaraguan sovereignty over the Mosquito tribe, and Mr. Goshing has asked to Port Limon asking that a British warship be sent to Bluefields in pursuance of instructions. Mr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister at Washington, advised the United States government of the British action, and was informed that Ambassador Bayard had been instructed to lay the matter before Lord Kimberley.

The late Princess Bismarck will be quietly buried at Varzin, but the date of the interment has not been fixed.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that the czar intends introducing a number of reforms, the principal of which contemplates the establishment of parliamentary representation.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE MARKETS.

Short Summary Covering Articles of Every Day Consumption.

Victoria still draws her chief supply of fresh meat from the interior of the province, although considerable light meat comes from the American side, most of the latter goes into the cold storage plant, which, with its bonding privileges, proves very convenient. Prices are low as there are many offerings in view of the close approach of winter. There will very likely be no advance until January and if the winter is anything like open Victoria will keep on consuming home-raised meats until March 1. Butter remains firm and Island made sells well. Fresh ranch eggs are way up readily retailing at 50 cents. The bulk of the supply is from the east. There are a lot of Island apples in and they retail at 2 cents. Oregon goes a cent better. There are some good eastern cranberries and Florida oranges in market and they do very well as far as sales are concerned. Japanese oranges are bringing 75 cents a box. The farmers who shipped poultry for the Thanksgiving trade did very well. The present supply of poultry is good. Flours are lower and will follow wheat. The new raisins, currants, citron and nuts for the holidays are coming in.

Retail prices are below:

Table with multiple columns listing market prices for various goods such as Flour, Wheat, Cornmeal, and other commodities.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

The London and Liverpool Police Anticipate a Renewal of Fenian Activity.

Prince Adolph of Teck Marries the Daughter of Duke of Westminster.

London, Nov. 28.—The police of this city and Liverpool are closely awaiting the developments of a renewal of the Fenian activity in both cities. The police are constantly shadowing Morley, Balfour and others prominent in Irish affairs in order to shield them from danger.

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THE PRESIDENT

United States Papers Four-H and Financial Condition Review

Washington, D. C. Cleveland this afternoon message to congress that body. The To the Congress of

The history of with other nations ally demonstrate

ally demonstrating policy free from national schemes entire honesty and

The termination Brazil has been favored of peace

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bor of Rio de Janeiro This precaution is to restrict the

strength between ment and the ins complications which

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purpose. Deplored between the two countries, and commercial intere

may be preserved a our citizens there s ed, I would not hes

for the purpose of extending and improving the corporation water works;

"And whereas the purchase of 1000 acres of water shed of Elk and Beaver lakes at a cost of \$80,000 is contemplated by the council in connection with said improvement;

"And whereas it is estimated by competent valuers that the cost of the 1000 acres aforesaid will greatly exceed \$80,000, and will not be less than \$125,000 before the purchase is completed;

"And whereas the acquiring of the said lands will not purify the water nor make either the odor or the taste more agreeable;

"Therefore be it resolved that the council rescinds all former instructions to the water commissioner and hereby requests the said water commissioner not to proceed with the purchase of lands surrounding Elk and Beaver lakes, except such portions as may be sufficient to enable the commissioner to clean up the borders of the said lakes and to enclose them with a fence, until such time as filter beds have been completed and all other necessary steps taken to ensure a cleaner and more wholesome supply of water during 1895 than the citizens are at present obtaining."

The municipal council of St. Petersburg have unanimously resolved to present bread and salt to the French ambassador to Russia. The ceremony is equivalent to the presentation of the freedom of the city.