RICAN NEWS NOTES onicle of Events in the Great Republic.

on, Jan. 4.-No official notibeen made to the members ean claims commission that ion for the extension of the ts legal existence has been degovernment of Chile. The l act of the commission when the 9th of last October was a communication to the two ts calling their attention to the six months was a brief period to transact the business comit. It is intimated that if the tates government is desirous tension of the career of the its attitude towards that proas changed since the subject proached, at which time and sentatives of the United States ted to be opposed to the extenavorable consideration thereof nanifested only since December which date, according to the the treaty, no claims could be docket then showed three ed against the United States ine against Chile. The govthe latter country is also said indergone a change of opinion the same date with regard to ency and desirability of giving sion further time. For where previously the understanding would authorize her ministe gree to an extension, now i he deems six months ample ne commission to do its work of the failure to extend the commission, in the opin-connected with it, will be to d any hope of determination ms not fully submitted by Jan

Wis., Jan. 5.-Nearly rown out of work by the closof the Ashland blast furnace being based upon slack sale ces. It is understood that opwill not be resumed for five nless there should be a decided ent in existing conditions in th

ancisco, Jan. 5.-The revenu rwin, which was due last Sat rived at the entrance of the is morning about 11 o'clock not enter; but lay to off the enough to send a boat ashore atches for Washington and ored off Sausalito, whence she proceeded to the Mare Yard. A United Press reboat met the cutter off the endeavored to board her, but sed. His enquiries as to were going on at Honolula All hands had eviswered. eived the strictest injunctions on that point, and not a word got out of anybody. The only e news at first was given by e crew, who said over the side rter: "There is a big row on Honolulu!" The Corwin lav ito for about half an hour, and e the revenue cutter Hartle to her, From the appearance mer she must have been pressthe run up, and the chance is not more than ten days left Honolulu. Her star bunkers were apparently she had a decided list to the navy yard the cutter wil commission and will be rethe custom house authorities. an is at Mare Island fully and provisioned, and if more

rancisco, Jan. 5.-Viscount de chief of the foreign department dwinter fair, has received word French minister that the per the home government has ted to French artists to transpictures from Chicago to San Gov. McConnell of Idaho raphed that Idaho has decided pace in the exposition. She will ining exhibit and an exhibit of ulture and agriculture as well. rs who had charge of the Ferat Chicago have arrived here the work at the Firth wheel. utive committee have granted ion for what is to be known as hern Plantation," which will space of 150 feet, and where life will be faithfully repre-

is required at Honolulu she

ot ready and dispatched in ar

rancisco, Jan. 5.-The suit of eckels against his father, Claus and his brothers, Adolph and Spreckels, and the Hawaiian ial Company, has been arrang suit was brought ceveral o for the purpose of obtaining nting and the complaint was vith threatened exposures. The alleged that he had been deout of his interest in the Haamercial Company by his who had denied him his right pation in the management. He red that a large amount of as due him. To-day a stipulafiled in court which was signthe parties to the suit, agree niss it. The court thereupon he dismissal, and it was struck alendar.



Mr. John Hungerford of the fine livery stable at the West Elmira, N. Y., says Hood's Sarsaba way ahead of anything he ever took

iver and Kidnevs he suffered for a long time, until he d's Sarsaparilla and was completely ther members of his family also take

d's Sarsaparilla ghly gratified with the benefit from it.

8 PILLS are a mild, gentle, pair

BRUTAL SOLDIERY

President Peixoto's Myrmidons at Pernambuce

SAID TO BE CRUEL AND BLOOD-THIRSTY

Cavalry Patrol the Streets Riding Down the Citizens.

The Infantry Lend a Ready Hand in the Ruffianly Business - Pernambuco is Solid for Admiral Mello-The People life. Soldiery.

Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 4.-There is no important change in the situation here. Rumors have reached the city that the town of Bage, in the state of Rie Grande hotel. do Sul, which has been besieged by the insurgents for about a month, had finally capitulated, but these rumors are not confirmed by official dispatches received The loyal garrison at Bage conists of 1,200 troops, while the force beinging the town numbers 2,000. The government officials place no reliance whatever in the reports of the surrender of Bage, though they admit that the garrison there has probably been weakened by the long siege to which it has been subjected, and that its numbers may have been lessened by the several engagements that have taken place. Orders have been issued by the minister of war for a force to proceed at once to the relief of the town. Acting under these orders General Hypolite, commanding a column of two thousand six hundred men, to-day left Livramento for Bage. At about the same time General Sampayo,

with three thousand men, left Cerro Chato, his destination also being Bage. This force, it is thought, will be more than strong enough to raise the siege. Livramento is 78 miles from Bage, while Cerro Chato is only 54 miles from the besieged town. Bage is an important place, and the government dispatches a strong force there in order to guard against any possibility of its falling into the hands of the insurgents.

Washington, Jan. 4.-State department officials, when asked in regard to an alleged dispatch from Montevideo assert ing that negotiations were in progress between President Peixoto and Mr. Thompson, United States minister to Brazil, to Australia, about the promotion of which end the Brazilian trouble by the intervention of the American fleet, said there was not a particle of truth in it. No such negotiations were going on or had ever been contemplated. The story was of a piece with the alleged capture of Rio and the resignation of Peixoto, em- a subsidy to the project by the imperial anating from the same source, some days

Montevideo, Jan. 5 .- News has jus been received here from the Rio Grande do Sul frontier that General Hippolyte has ahandoned the city of Santa Ana and all the Castilhista families there have left and gone to Riviera. Gen. Raffael Cabda, with 8,000 men, at to meet Hippolyte's forces and give thene battle

It is reported in Rio de Janeiro that the two cruisers Nitherohi and America. and two torpedo boats, have left Per-Lambuco for Montevideo to join Peixto's loyal ships here. They are expeced to arrive soon The resignation of Senor Chaves, Pe

ixoto's minister of marine, caused much comment. Coming as it did just when a great naval conflict was expected at any time, it did considerable damage to the government cause in public estimation. Rear Admiral Coalho Neto was appointed yesterday to fill the position. New York, Jan. 5 .- The following cable from the Brazilian minister of foreign affairs has just been received: Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 4.-The statements cir culated in Europe relative to the position of the rebel squadron under Saldanha da Gama are false. Impartial observers of the insurrection and foreigners resident in Brazil feel that the government of Marechal Floriano is perfectly strong, while Da Gama, even if he wished to land forces at any point on Rio bay, is unable to do so owing to lack of men. Statements inimical to the established government of Brazil are circulated in Europe, probably by speculators who desire, for their personal ends, to depreciate Brazil's credit. The report that Da Gama had succeeded in effecting a landing at the custom house in this city, which would enable him to support the safe landing of 8,000 troops, who are said to be daily expected from Santa Catarina, is also un-

Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 5.-Yellow fever season has set in here. Two cases of the disease and one death were reported to-Shore leave of all members of

been stopped. Lisbon, Jan. 5.—The fight that occurrzed at Rio Neigro, in the state of Santa Catharina, Brazil, between government forces and the insurgents, resulted in faon December 15th, 16th and 17th the nsurgent war ships Amazonas, Guanabara, Lamana, Tamadare and Jupiter bombarded Rio, many persons being kill-

ed and wounded. Washington, Jan. 5.-A telegram received at the navy department reports the arrival of the cruiser San Francisco at Bahia, Brazil, this morning. She will probably sail from Bahia to-day and proceed to Rio.

New York, Jan. 5 .- The Welsh bark Antic arrived from Pernambuco this Her captain says the soldiers of Pernambuco are a bloodthirsty lot and neglect no opportunity to exhibit their Cavalry and infantry patrol cruelty. the streets and ride down any groups of The whole town, he says, men they see. favorable to Mello, and would declare for him if it were not for fear of the

brutal soldiery. London, Jan. 5.-In the House to-day further questions were asked regarding situation at Rio and the protection afforded British interests. Hon. U. K. Shuttleworth; secretary of the admiralty, replied that England had a greater number of ships there than any other coun-

Sir Ashmend-Bartlett asked: "Do you imply that the British squadron at Rio him in the potter's field.

is stronger in point of armament than any other squadron there? I ask the question," he added, "because ships repesenting one of the naval powers there are twice as strong as the British ships. The secretary replied that the admiralty was of the opinion that the British force at Rio de Janeiro was sufficient to perform its duty.

HILL'S PARDON.

Commutation of Sentence. Ottawa, Jan. 5.-A telegram was re

Lord Aberdeen Signs the Order for

ceived by the state department from the governor-general at noon to-day from To-ronto stating that he had signed this forenoon an order in council commuting the death semtence passed on Philip Hill, The under secretary of state at Deterred by Fear of the Government once communicated this information to the sheriff of Brandon, and the lad will likely be apprised of the fact some time Eastern Canada,

Toronto, Jan. 5.-The Earl of Aberdeen arrived last night over the C.P.R. He inimediately drove to the Queen's hotel, where he will stay during his visit. To day his excellency was presented with an address by the board of trade. This evening he will be the guest of honor at the banquet of the board of trade in the pavilion, which has been so lavishly decorated as to be a scene of great splendor. The spacious gallery will be reserved for ladies, who are expected to appear in full evening dress. Quebec, Jan. 5 .- Prorogation is now impossible before Monday next. discussion on the Montreal bill is partly responsible for this. In the house this morning the question concerning the election of the mayor of Monrteal by the city council was thrown out on the motion of Mercier by a vote of 32 to 36. One of the supply bills passed this morning, but nothing else of much importance was done.

Plenty of Funds. Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Jan. 5.—The political situation is exciting. There is a strong popular sentiment against Pres ident Vasquez., It is believed part of the garrison here will join the rebels. The government is issuing glowing bulletins declaring that it has plenty of pecuniary resources for earrying on the war.

The British Pacific Cable. London, Jan. 5.-Sir Charles Tupper and Sandford Fleming, C. M. G., had made arrangements for an interview today with the Marquis of Ripon, secretary of state for the colonies, in regard to the British cable between Canada and Mr. Fleming interested himself in his late trip to the antipodes. The Marquis Ripon is unwell to-day, however,

and the conference had to be postponed.

There is great reason to believe that the

colonial secretary favors the granting of

government. Gould and the Cranks.

New York, Jan. 5.-Edison C. Chick, a writer for various publications under the nom de plume of "Poule," for some time connected with the Aldine and Cottage City Journal, has made his appearance at Lakewood, N. J., where George Gould is living at his winter home, as a claimant for \$100,000, which he says was promised to him by Mr. Gould to re-establish the Aldine. He made several unsuccessful attempts to see Mr. Gould and sent him two or three flighty notes. sane asylum three times, but that he never harmed any one, and never intends to. He displays a discharge frem the Morris Plains asylum.

George Gould said to-day that the story from Lakewood about the crank Check demanding \$100,000 is true. He considered the man harmlessly insane. Nothing will be done to deprive Check of his

Bonilla's Offer.

San Salvador, Jan. 5 .- Telegrams re eived here yesterday say that General Policarpo Bonilla offers all officers who now join him equal rank. He urges in proclamation that Honduras throw off he yoke of Vasquez. It is said 300 regu-Honduran cavalry have passed over Bonilla.

Crespo President of Venezuela. New York, Jan. 5.—The steamer Ven zuela, which arrived this morning from Venezuelan ports, reports all quiet at Caracas. A presidential election has just been held, and General Crespo has been elected president.

Postal Card Bombardment. Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.-No smail proportion of the members of both ouses of congress have been somewhat mystified by the deluge of postal cards that has poured in upon them during the past few days from their constitutents in one part of the country and another, foreign war ships now in the harbor has the writers of which urge them in strong language to oppose the passage of the Wilson bill and allow the Mc-Kinley tariff to remain unchanged. Inquiries have developed the fact that this method of influencing legislation had vor of the government soldiers. The in- its origin in a pronunciamento issued some weeks ago by the American Prosurgents lost forty killed and nineteen some weeks ago by the American Proprisoners. The date on which the entrective Tariff League, which called upgagement took place was not given. A on every patriotic citizen, rich or poor, number of guns and a quantity of mu- high or low, old or young, who is in fanitions of war were captured by the gov- for of lower wages and less comfort in ernment forces. The dispatch adds that life, to communicate by postal card with the congressman from his or her district to that effect. The response has been altogether too liberal for some of the congressmen who feel themselves compelled to read every missive that comes to them, and they are not reassured by the prospect that there will be no stop-

page in the flood for some ime. To Hypnotise Mrs Maybrick. New York, Jan. 6.-Prof. Alex. J. Mc-Ivor Tyndall, who claims he can discover the guilt or innocence of alleged criminby hypnotism, yesterday announced he would sail for England to-day to persuade the English authorities to allow him to hypnotize Mrs. Maybrick, who is serving a life sentence in England for the murder of her husband, and while in that condition forcing her to recall all she knows about her husband's death, so that her guilt or innocence may be demonstrated, Prof. Tyndall is the man who claims he can hyp-notize himself, remain apparently dead for days, and then come back to life. He offered to allow himself to be buried for 30 days in Chicago during the World's Fair, but the Chicago authorities told him there was no vacancy for

The Pittsburg Iron Master Explains His Views

ON THE EYE OF DEPARTURE FOR EGYPT

La Grippe Induced Him to Undertake the Voyage

But Having Recovered He Will Return Charity - Provision Made for Their Employment - Hopes for a Tariff That Will Suit Ail Parties.

New York, Jan. 5.-Among the passergers on the steamship Olympia, which sailed yesterday for Egypt, were Andrew Carnegie and Mrs. Carnegie. The millionaire iron master goes abroad by imperative instructions by his physician, with the view of shaking off a severe uttack of la grippe, which he contracted at Pittsburg several weeks ago. Dur ing his absence all the mills operated by his company will be kept running, although at reduced wages, the iron master taking the view that the men ought to be enabled to at least earn sufficient money to keep them from want during the hard months. While the condition of his health for several days past bas been such as to give considerable anxiety to his friends, Mr. Carnegie believes that a couple of weeks on the water and a few months' sojourn under the balmy skies of Egypt will restore him to his old-time vigor.

New York, Jan. 5.-Before sailing for Egypt Mr. Carnegie said he had originally been impelled to go abroad to recuperate from an attack of la grippe, but as the grippe had left him he felt that he was making his trip under false pretenses. It was not improbable, he said, that he might come back on the Columbia. Mr. Carnegie said he had decided to keep his mills open, principally because he wanted to give work to his men. He was convinced that the workers did not want charity, but an opportunity to earn a living. no hope of making money, but he thought he would lose very little, if any. Mr. Carnegie was inclined to think that congress would pass a tariff bill such as the Republicans and the Democrats would not attack. He thought it would be a measure in favor of many against the few and that it would be the result of the co-operation of the Democrats and the Republicans, pretty much in the the commons when on his birthday same way that they secured repeal of the Sherman silver bill.

Dr. Par hurst's Statement. New York, Jan. 5 .- The long-promised statement from Dr. Parkhurst detail ing the obstacles placed in his way in his endeavors to expose what he considers the corruption of the police force, 'denial derision and insult." On spector Byrnes and Inspector Williams he is particularly severe. Coming to the refusal of the extraordinary grand jury to find indictments against Williems and Schmidt-Berger, Dr. Parkhurst declares that their failure to do so was due to the influence of District Attorney Nicholl. To these charges Mr. Nicholl made a vigorous reply last night.

Vitriol Throwing. San Francisco, Jan. 5 .- Mrs. Theresa Shipman of Temescal was arrested last evening, charged with attempting to maciously injure Miss Ida Vaughan of this city by throwing a cupful of vitriol in her face. According to Miss Vaughan. when Mrs. Shipman threw the dangerous fluid it struck the floor and splashed back upon herself, burning her very se riously. Miss Vaughan was uninjured. Mrs. Shipman, however, declares it was Miss Vaughan who did the throwing. The matter was being investigated this morning.

San Francisco, Jan. 5.-The United States revenue cutter Corwin, which left here a month ago to-day, carrying special dispatches to Minister Willis at Honolulu, was sighted eight miles out, inward bound, at ten o'clock this morning

An Army of Relic Munters. Chicago, Jan. 5 .- Twenty South Pack

police have been sent to Jackson Park protect property against the invasion of relic hunters. This action was made ecessary by the wholesale raids of these The park commissioners will pests. have Midway Plaisance cleared of its buildings immediately. Persons who own property fronting on the street are protesting against any delay in taking down the high fence and the viaducts that led over to the drive.

California's Great Fair.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—Some idea of the number of people who may be expected in San Francisco on the official opening day can be gained from the fact that the executive committee is constantly in receipt of letters from different states asking that the date of the formal opening be furnished them at the earliest possible moment, as parties of their friends are arranging to come in company to the opening and wish know the day so that they may ready. As has already been stated, stated, much will depend on the rapidity with which the foreign exhibits arrive from Chicago and are properly installed. In all probability, however, Jan. 20th will be the day, though an authoritative announcement will be made at the earliest possible moment. M. J. Hennessy, who is connected with the Blarney castle, in the Midway Plaisance, Chicago, has applied to the executive committee for space in which to erect an Irish Inn, a fac-simile reproduction of the "Coach and Horse," Merrion, County Dublin. This inn was used as the half-way house, between Kingstown and Dublin over 50 years ago, before railways were introduced into Ireland. A suggestion has been made to the executive committee that on one day each week, preferably on Sunday, the price lifty wounded.

of admission should be reduced to 25 cents, as it has been during the preliminary period. The suggestion is made. the interest of the mechanic and laborer, to whom the charge of 50 center for himself, his wife, and possibly a family of several children, is quite an item of expense. This plan was adopted at the great London exhibition of 1851 one day in each week being known as "shilling day," and was eagerly taken advantage of by the laboring classes. At the same time the experiment proved to be highly satisfactory to the exhibition management. Another advantage gained was through the fact that the me chanics and artisans of the country were thus brought face to face with the educational features of the affair. The ex-Soon-His Men Want Work Not ecutive committee of the midwinter fair have taken the suggestion under consid eration.

> The Grand Old Man. London, Jan. 4.-Right, Hon. Mc Gladstone is visibly older than at the beginning of last year. He does not sit up nights as he did, and since the Trish question was temporarily shelved parliament exerts no such sustaining and ivigorating effect upon him as it on which account home rule will not be allowed to remain up a day longer than

is absolutely necessary.

Almost his only surviving school fellow at Eton, Lord Arthur Hervey, who is also bishop of Bath and Wells, has been recently been giving lots of rem iniscences. When the Duke of Wellington opened the Waterloo bridge and distributed commemorative medals to the select invited spectators this future hishon out his hand in the han and was sternly admonished by the duke to take only one. The house of commons contains only one member six years older tha Gladstone, Hon. Charles Villiers. who has sat 58 years for a single constituency. But when on rare occasions he visits the club, he can only go as far as the hall, owing to the stairs, and friends cluster around with ears close to his mouth to catch his whispered mumblings. Even older still is Admiral Jones of the Greenwich hospital, who bore part in the Walcheren expedition of 1809. Surely there is no other country where men live like this.

There has been observable during the past twelve months at marked softening of the feeling toward Mr. Gladstone on the part of the Tories. This change of feeling was well illustrated in the commons when, on the occasion of his birth-He had day, the opposition benches, under Mr. Balfour's leadership, joined the government's following in lustily cheering his appearance in the house. Such bitterness toward him as still exists is principally confined to the Unionists, who appear to have captured the house of lords, and will be able to use their majority as a weapon against Mr. Glad stone's powers, but he fairly conquered with his fine, spare, erect figure, sprightly step and kindly countenance, and resplendent with a bouquet in his button-No one could help shouting.

Washington, Jan. 4.-The report that the committee on Indian affairs of the house had recommended that all Inand setting forth the character of the dian agencies in the state of Washing evidence upon which he vainly sought to be abolished is without foundation. Even had such a report been made by liams and Capt. Schmidt-Berger was the committee, it would have had no mode public last night. In it Dr. Park- effect on the house, since the recomhurst declares the only response to his mendation of the commissioner on Incomplaint which he was able to get dian affairs would have far more t by cutting off the few thousand dollars allotted to the men who take care of the Indians in the State of Washington. He bases his views, which are personal and have not yet received the senction of any other member of the ommittee on Indian affairs, on a census eport made not long ago by Professor Donaldson, a special agent of the census oureau, on the condition of the North American Indians.

The theory advanced by Prof. Donald son is that when the Indians have been allotted lands in severalty and have been admitted to citizenship they should be treated as other citizens of the state in which they reside and all governmental restraint be removed from them. This is a very pretty theory, but any one who knows the condition of the Indian after he has received his allottment of / land will readily see how impracticable it would be to put such a theory into prac-The Indian bureau, which has at its head men of practical experience in dealing with Indians, laughs at the idea of abolishing these agencies. Assistant Commissioner Armstrong says that in nearly every case the Indians are worse off when they have received their lands n severalty than they were before until they have learned to till the soil. Even then they have troubles about which they appeal to the government, and it is much cheaper to maintain an agent to look after these matters than it would be to appoint a special commission to look up every individual complaint. is safe to say that there will be no abolishing of Indian agencies in Washington

this year. Death of a Hermit. St. Louis, Jan. 5 .- Mary McGrath, an aged recluse, was dug out of a mass of dirt and rubbish at her home in Clarke avenue last night and an hour later she Privation, brought about by inness and lack of attention was the cause. Mrs. McGrath owned real estate, the rentals of which amounted to nearly \$3000 a year. For the last five years she led the life of a hermit, never opening the front door or windows of her home. No person has ever been seen to enter her home, and her only companions were half a dozen dogs, several chickens some canaries and some cats. The room n which she lived had no furniture, and rubbish to a depth of nearly two feet covered the floor. She went to bed last night surrounded by her pets. A search by the police revealed a box containing deeds and other papers.

Bloodshed in Sicily.

Palermo, Jan. 5.-The establishment of martial law in Sicily has not had the desired effect, owing to the disorderly element. At Marino a bloody riot occurred to-day. A band estimated at 9000 started to loot the town; the troops fired upon them and 30 rioters were killed and

Montreal Electric Service Companies Declare War.

PROPERTY CAPTURED AND RESTRAINED

Injunctions, Warrants and Other Legal Artillery.

Brought to Bear by Both Sides-A Case of Trade Rivalry-Whiteway Party Seriously Charged by the Opposition Canadian Express Co. Bobbery-Terrible Railway Accident.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—The rivalry existing between the John A. Grosse electric service company and the Holmes electric protection company, reached a crisis last evening about 6.80, with the result that the John A. Grosse company's battery was captured and carried off by the enemy. The cause which led to the present friction, detes back to Dec. 1892. The Holmes company then took action against the Electric Service Company to prevent the latter using their alarm system. Shortly after another step in the action, a seizure was made in the galvanometer case used by the Electric Service Company. J. McDougall was placed in possession as guardian under an order of the court. The Merchants' Electric Co. was then formed, and by some means the new company got possession of the galvanometer without the guardian's consent. Recently the Merchants' pany transferred its business and plant to the John A. Grosse Electric Co. The plant transferred included the galvanometer case. Yesterday the Holmes company took out an injunction against Mr. Grosse forbidding him from using the case on the ground that his doing so was an evident evasion of the original injunction granted against the electric service. At the same time McDougall took out a writ of attachment to recover possession of the galvanometer of which he had been illegally deprived. This morning the bailiff, accompanied by a number of assistants went to Mr. Grosse's premises and seized the galvanometer in question. Mr. Grosse at once engaged a force of men to guard his customers' interests.

Eastern Canada.

Gabarus, N. S., Jan. 6.-Rev. D Sutherland a few days ago discovered at Gabarus lake one of the greatest beds of red hematic iron ore in the world. has been tested by Dr. Selwyn of Ottawa and is of excellent quality.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 6.—The inquest on the bodies of the four men drowned in the gold mine at Montague, at that place yesterday, was a disgraceful farce The foreman of the mine which was the scene of the disaster, was the foreman of the jury, and four other members of the jury were relatives of the victims," a proceeding in direct violation of the law. The coroner, Dr. Weeks, who was under the influence of liquor, and frequently left the jury room for more drink, announced that he was the representative of Queen Victoria, and therefore above the mere local laws of the country. from the officials of the police force was weight. The publication of this report When H. McInnes, who appeared for was the work of Congressman Holman, the relatives of the victims, and C. S. ex-watchdog of the treasury, who has been deposed from the place which he so management of the mine, protested long held as chairman of the committee against the intoxicated coroner's action, on appropriations, but who still retains that official threatened them with arrest the chairmanship of the committee on and refused to hear them. Inspector of Indian affairs. He is determined to make | Mines Gilpin suggested that the evidence a record somehow, and thinks he can do should be taken by a shorthand reporter, but the coroner replied that he allowed another man to mix his whiskey To a juryman one witness said that he had asked Clancy, one of the underground bosses to look out for the old workings, when Clancy replied; "There s no danger. We are too busy getting gold now to look out for that." The counsel retired long before the farce ended, and the jury finally brought in a verdict of accidental death.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 6.-Election po titions have been presented against the return of all the members of the Whiteway party at the late election, charging oribery and corruption. The opposition declares it possesses abundant evidence

o prove the charges. Montreal, Jan. 6.-The Canadian Express Company deny the rumor that their Ottawa office has been robbed. The recent departure of a junior clerk, it is au thoritatively stated, did not cause a cenof loss to the company.

At Coteau Landing, a village about 40 miles from here, there is a number of converging railway tracks. Last ght a young boy, named Poulette, aged 15, was crossing when he was knocked own by an engine and dreadfully mangled, sustaining injuries that resulted in his death early this morning at the hos-

A runaway horse attached to a sleigh dashed into a large plate glass window in the store of Tourangeau and Co., Craig street, wrecking it. Neither the horse or conveyance suffered any apparent in jury, the owner coming up at this time jumped in and drove off.

Gunpowder Mill Explodes. Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 6.-Four nen were killed and a number wounded this morning by the blowing up of the Laffin & Rand powder mill at Rifton. The explosion was heard for miles and he surrounding country shaken.

The Brazilian War. Washington, Jan. 6.-Secretary Herbert received a long cable message to-day from Captain Picking at Rio. It is understood the message reports no change

n the situation. Paris, Jan. 6.—The Journal des Debats publishes a dispatch sent from Rio tolay stating that the government has restablished the batteries in the Rio Forts. The dispatch adds that the people consider Peixoto has broken his engagement made on October 5th, and have signed a collective note to him demanding that in the event of a battle 48 hours' notice be given. Notice of an engagement

is expected. Montevideo, Jan. 6.-News has been received at Rio confirming the report recently cabled that Admiral Mello was vounded on the Aquidaban. It is also learned that he is suffering from "beri-

President Peixoto, displeased at the refusal of General Argillo to engage the gaged on both sides, and the decision will revolutionary forces in Rio Grande do establish an important precedent.

Sul, commanded by General Saraiva, has removed him from command of the army in the south. He has been superseded by Colpago. The steamer Malvines, from Santa Catharina, which arrived at Montevideo yesterday, carried as passengers many leaders of the revolutionary movement. The government troopship Ilapa arrived at Montevideo yesterday from Rio Grande. She carries a crew for the

WARRING REPUBLICS.

Brazilian warships Bahia and Tiraden-

tes which are still there.

Plenty of Bloodshed in the Central American Campaign.

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 6.-General Hemadora, in command of the Nicaraguan forces who are marching against the Honduran troops, is now intrenched near Los Angeles with his force, which numbers 1500 men. He captured Los Angeles after taking Yuscarran. Hemaddra proposes to march on Tegucigalpa, but will await a re-inforcement of \$00 Nicaruguans under Generals Uriarte and Quiterrez, which has started from Mata-galpa. It is also reported that 1300 soldiers with cannon have left Choluto to join him in the bombardment, which resulted in the fall of Choluteta. Nearly every house in the town was destroyed. Reports have been received that Vasquez is marching against the mbined forces and will give them batthe to save Tegucigalpa. In the battle of Choluteto the fighting lasted three hours. General Uriante with 400 troops arrived two hours after the city had fullen; his appearance created a panic. Three generals and more than 100 prisoners were captured in the fight. Many were killed on both sides. General Ortiz will endeavor to reach the forces before the battle of Tegucigalpa.

Tegucigalpa, Hondaras, Jan. 6.-It is believed President Vasquez, through the aid of the Louisiana Lottery Company, will fit out two armed vessels to carry the war into Nicaragua, the only country that has recognized Bonilla's government. Vasquez is less hopeful.

Gould Talks Hepefully.

New York, Jan. 6.-Referring to rumors that the Missouri Pacific Railway Company was about to seek the protect tion of the courts, which were current yesterday, George Gould declared there s absolutely no truth in the story of a receivership for the Missouri Pacific. Mr. Gould continued: "The floating debt is held by Mr. Sage and my father's estate, and won't give the company any trouble in future as it has not in the past. The earnings of the company have fallen off, as have those of almost every other company in the United States, but they are not off compared with most other companies. Our accounts for the year are not made up in full, but when they are, can predict much more accurately how we will come out. From approximate statements, as near as I an gather, I believe our net earnings will show a decrease of \$32,000. I expect to see our full interest earned.

Suing General Hernandez. New York, Jan. 6.—Mrs Jennie I.. Underhill of Brooklyn, began suit in the United States circuit court, in Brooklyn, yesterday for \$25,000 against General Jose Manuel Hernandez. Mrs. Under-hill lived with her husband in Cuidad Bolivia during 1892. She sets forth that in August of that year General Hernandez passed through that city with a band of insurgents, that her house was surrounded and she held prisoner for several days. She also claims her life hreatened by the general. General Her nandez denies all the allegations of the complaint. He says his acts were au thorized by his government.

Dr. Greig Shouted. Baltimore, Jan. 6.-Rev. Dr. D. B.

Greig, whose advocacy of Dr. Briggs' views and whose opposition to the rules of the synod have caused considerable talk in Presbyterian circles, created a scene in the meeting of the Presbytery yesterday when the committee formally reported the charges against him and asked the Presbytery to consider the case. Dr. Greig jumped to his feet and shouted that he questioned the honesty, integrity and responsibility of the mea When called who brought the charges. to order he retorted that he had papers with him to prove what he said. the papers were referred to the judiciary committee. The charges accuse him of conduct unbecoming a minister in threat ening members of the church, of violating the law of the church, and of endeavoring to turn a regular Presbyterien church into an independent faction.

Scrutinizing the Chinese. Portland, Ore., Jan. 5.-The examination of 38 Chinese passengers on board the steamer Signal, which arrived here yesterday morning from Vancouver, B. C., began this morning. The examination was conducted by Collector of Customs Black, assisted by Special Treasury Agent Schuyler, under the provisions of the McCreary exclusion act, as amended and approved on Nov. 3rd, 1893. Six of the Chinese passengers were examined this forenoon, the result being that 5 them were formally rejected by the ollector, the case of the sixth one being held in abeyance for further evidence

as to his right to land. American News.

Albany, N.Y., Jan. 6.-The Albany theatre, five stories, on South Pearl street, was destroyed and the city building aldjoining was damaged by day. The loss is estmated at \$150,000. Washington, Jan. 5 .- The postal monstrosities known as Columbian stamps are still on sale owing to the fact that, contrary to expectations, the post office department was unable to unload the stock on hand before the close of the year. The demand for stamps is now being filled entirely with the Columbian issue, and it is thought the supply will run out before the end of next week. The old red stamp will then once again reign supreme. The postmasters of leading cities report large sales of sets of Columbian stamps as souvenirs, and the officials of the department say that after the supply of stamps is exhausted the sets will command a premium that will increase with every succeeding year.

Washington, Jan. 5.-The famous palnetto case, in which the state of South Carolina seeks a trade mark on the liquors sold under its dispensary system, has the head of the docket of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia for argument to-day. The case comes up in the form of an appeal from the refusal of the department to grant a trade mark. An eminent array of counsel has been en-