Pope Pius VI, first Bishop of the Island, and has had as successors Bishops Lambert, Scallan, Fleming, and the present learned and accomplished incumbent, Dr. Mullock. There is now a second Episcopal See-Strange as it may seem, Bishop Harbor Grace. O'Donnell's greatest difficulty was to induce the royal Admirals and Governors, of eighty years ago, to permit his flock to winter on the Island, instead of returning to Ireland or the American mainland. For his services in suppressing a mutiny among the troops under command of Colonel Skerret, this Bishop received a small annuity (£50 sterling for life), from the Imperial Government, and on resigning his See, in the 70th year of his age [1807], he was presented with a superb silver urn, with an appropriate inscription, which it was the privilege of the present writer to inspect, in possession of the Rev. Mr. O'Donnell, of Bradford, Yorkshire, [a nephew or grand-nephew of the Bishop], in 1865. Ever since Dr. O'Donnell's time, the Catholic Bishops have borne a very important part, not only in the moral government, but in the material advancement of the people. The 13,000 of a floating population in 1753, have become a fixed people of 130,000. The Irish Catholic laity have quite kept pace in education and influence with the increase of the Church.* Of these, we need only mention the Hon. L. O'Brien, who has been Administrator of the Province; Chief Justice Brady; the Hon. Mr. Kent, the former, and the Hon. Mr. Shea, the present Premier.

^{*} Two Lectures on Newfoundland, by the Right Rev. Dr. Mullock. New York, J. Mullally. 1860.