

- (b) new trends, means or methods of committing customs offences;
- (c) goods known to be the subject of customs offences, as well as transport and storage methods used in respect of those goods; and,
- (d) any other data, including aggregate and statistical data, that may assist the customs administrations with risk assessment.

2. On request, the requested Party shall, through its customs administration, and to the extent consistent with the domestic law and administrative procedures of the requested Party and within the limits of the requested Party's customs administrations' competence and available resources, provide the requesting Party with the following information:

- (a) whether goods that are imported into the territory of the requesting Party were lawfully exported from the territory of the requested Party;
- (b) whether goods that are exported from the territory of the requesting Party are lawfully imported into the territory of the requested Party, and the customs procedure, if any, under which the goods are placed.

3. A Party shall, through its customs administration, on request or on its own initiative, provide the other Party with information on planned, on-going or completed activities, if those activities constitute or appear to constitute a customs offence in the territory of the other Party.

ARTICLE 6

Inquiries and Investigations

1. The customs administration of a Party may, on the request of the customs administration of the other Party, conduct, in accordance with its domestic law and within the limits of their respective customs administrations' competence and available resources, any necessary inquiries, including the questioning of persons suspected of having committed a customs offence, as well as undertake verifications, inspections and enquiries in connection with the matters referred to in this Agreement.

2. The requested Party's customs administration shall communicate as soon as possible to the requesting Party's customs administration the results of these inquiries, verifications, inspections and enquiries.

3. A Party shall not make a request for inquiry to the other Party until it conducts its own investigation procedures and inspects the available relevant documentation.