D. Effect of Free Trade on Canadian Business Sectors and Regional Development

1. Effect on business sectors

Results for a series of questions that asked Canadians whether they think certain industries would do better or worse under a free trade agreement are depicted in Table 6. The table portrays results collected from surveys conducted in October, as well as data from the previous three waves done during November/December.

Table 6
EFFECT OF FREE TRADE ON CANADIAN BUSINESS

	BETTER			w	WORSE			NO EFFECT			CORRELATION GAMMA		
	I %	II %	III %	I %	II %	III %	I %	II %	III %	Ī	II	III	
Woo'd and paper products Oil and gas industry Fish and fish products Films, books and magazines Wine industry Agriculture and farming	56 41 37 29 33	47 55 42 35 26 36	57 43 41 31 35	35 47 47 58 57	44 34 44 48 58 53	33 44 42 56 55	10	7 9 11 15 9	7 8 11 15 9	.451 .575 .381 .330	.530 .475 .348 .362 .567	.540 .399 .237 .530	
Cars and car parts	31	30	36	59	56	50	9	11	12	.491	.496	.543	

Although to a lesser degree than in October, the wood and paper industry, and the oil and gas industry are the only two industries which a clear majority of Canadians expect to do better under the agreement. The data still indicate that Canadians expect the agriculture, wine, cars and car parts, and cultural industries to do worse under the FTA.

Two major differences from the October survey results are apparent in the data. First, the percentage of Canadians who feel that the wood and paper industry would be better off under a free trade agreement dropped from 59% in October to 48% in the first wave of the most recent survey (it rebounded modestly to 51% in the third wave). The number of Canadians who feel that the wood and paper industry would be worse off has risen to 41% in the third wave from 32% in October.